

Lat. 330, Four Mile Creek
SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS
to serve

MEADOWLAND ADDITION

CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS

James L. Armour, P.E. City Engineer

Project Number

468-83415

O.C.A. Number

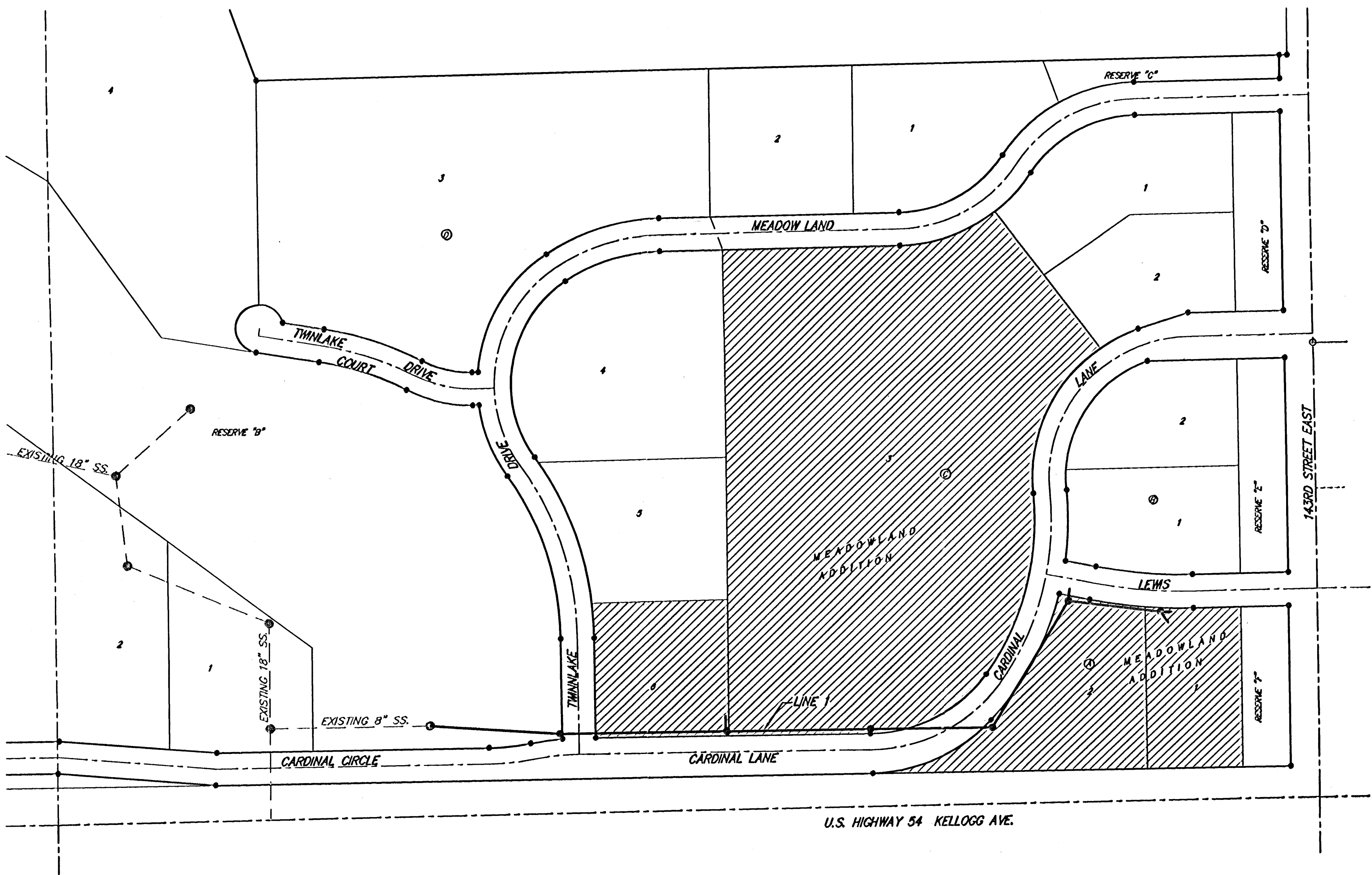
744150

Benchmark

"□" cut on traffic signal
light pole base, NW corner
of Kellogg & 143rd Street
East.
Elev. = 1318.61 NGVD
(131.21 City Datum)

Sheet Index

Title Sheet	1
Line 1	2-3
Standard Manhole Detail	4
Shallow Manhole Detail	5
Ring & Cover Detail	6
Riser Detail	7
Erosion Control Plan	8
Erosion Control Details	9-10
Coordinate Sheet	11
Copy of Plat	12



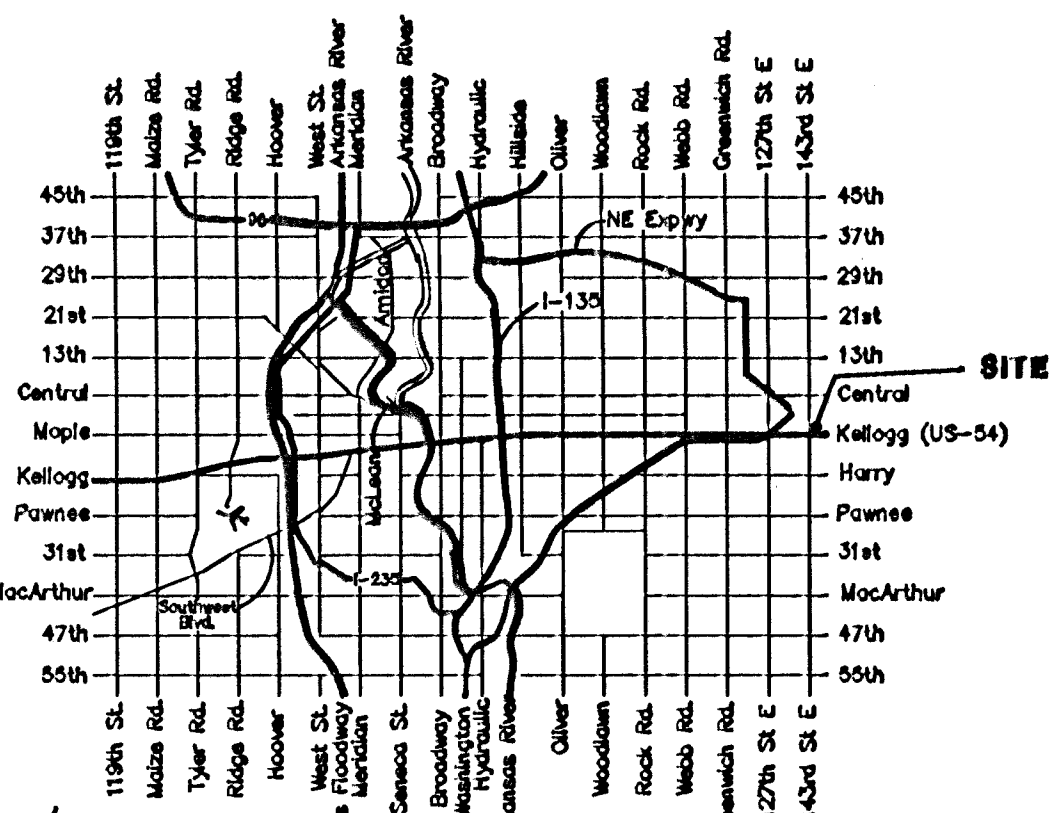
GENERAL NOTES:

- Contractor will be required to provide notice to utility companies a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours prior to any excavation, as follows:

Kansas One-Call	687-2470
-----------------	----------

The Contractor must notify the following in case of an emergency:

Cox Communications	262-4270
Kansas Gas Service	1-888-482-4950
Westar Energy	383-8650
Aquila Energy	1-800-303-0357
SBC	268-2245
City of Wichita Water Dept.	268-4563
City of Wichita Sewer Maint.	268-4024
City of Wichita Storm Sewer Maint.	268-4090
City of Wichita Traffic Maint.	268-4034
Conoco Pipeline Co.	1-800-231-2551
Southern Star Pipeline Co.	529-6600
Phillips Pipeline Co.	1-800-766-8230
Coffeyville Resources	755-4042
- Utility service lines, poles, valve boxes, meters, and structures are to be adjusted as necessary by others prior to construction unless the plans specifically call for their adjustment by the Contractor or unless the plans specifically identify a utility to be adjusted by its owner during construction. Existing utilities and their location, as shown on the plans, represent the best information obtainable for design. The Contractor will be required to work around existing utilities within the right-of-way which do not conflict with proposed construction.
- Rubble from the removal of miscellaneous structures and excess excavation which is to be wasted shall be disposed of on sites to be provided by the Contractor. These sites shall be approved by the Engineer as to suitability, appearance and site location. Locations, in the opinion of the Engineer, that will leave an unsightly appearance will not be approved. All disposal sites must be approved by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. Material either stockpiled or disposed of in a flood plain would require a Kansas State Board of Agriculture permit. Any material dumped in waters of the United States or wetlands is subject to U.S. Corps. of Engineers permitting regulations. Any material buried or stockpiled beyond approved construction limits would require additional archaeological investigations unless buried in a previously approved borrow location.
- Trees and shrubs in public right-of-way which are in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be removed by the Contractor with the Engineer's approval. Trees and shrubs which are not in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be saved and protected from damage.
- The Contractor shall give all property owners and/or tenants of developed property abutting the construction of this project a minimum of ten (10) days advance notice prior to start of construction.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for preserving property irons. The Contractor will be required to re-establish any property irons which are damaged or destroyed by his construction operations. Such irons shall be re-established by a licensed land surveyor in accordance with state laws.
- All existing and proposed erosion control measures including silt fencing, erosion control mat, straw bales, inlet barriers, and const. entrance shall be maintained throughout construction by the contractor and until project is accepted by the City of Wichita. The on-site engineer shall complete weekly reports on the status of erosion control measures. The contractor shall be required to comply with maintenance and/or replacement of erosion control measures as determined by the on-site engineer until project is accepted by City of Wichita. Maintenance and/or replacement of erosion control measures to be paid by L.S. bid item "Erosion Control BMP's."
- All excess excavation shall remain on-site and shall be stockpiled or spread at a location determined by the engineer.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining continuous flow of sewage through construction. Contractor's proposed method for maintaining sewage flow shall be approved by the Engineer. Cost of maintaining flow of sewage through construction will not be paid for directly and this cost shall be considered as subsidiary to the other pay items of work.
- When connecting to existing manhole or stub, the contractor shall reshape manhole bottom or adjust the existing stub's alignment or elevation as necessary. Cost shall be subsidiary to project.
- All areas disturbed during construction shall be seeded (Temporary Seeding).
- The developer for this project is Dan Taylor, and may be reached at (316) 634-3321.
- Contractor shall grade around exposed manholes at a 1:1 slope. Manholes set lower than existing grade shall have a 9" berm constructed around manhole to prevent infiltration into sanitary sewer system. Cost of dirt, labor, equipment, etc. to be incidental to cost of manhole. Easements shall be graded and area will be seeded by others as part of the mass grading plan.



BENCHMARK:

□ cut on traffic signal
light pole base, NW corner
of Kellogg & 143rd Street
East.
Elev. = 1318.61 NGVD
(131.21 City Datum)

Sta 0+07.3, Begin Line 1
Core into existing manhole. Extend
8" pipe east. Seal and grout
around pipe. Reshape invert if
necessary. Cost of coring, sealing,
grouting, and reshaping to be
incidental to cost of pipe.

Sta 2+79.2, Line 1
Construct std.
manhole.
Rim Elev. = 128.50

Sta 2+96.7 to Sta 3+41.7
Install 45.0 L.F. flowable fill
per City Specs.

Sta 8+30.0 to Sta 9+05.0
Install 75.0 L.F. 16" Steel R/C
Casing through shallow ravine.
Install per City specs.

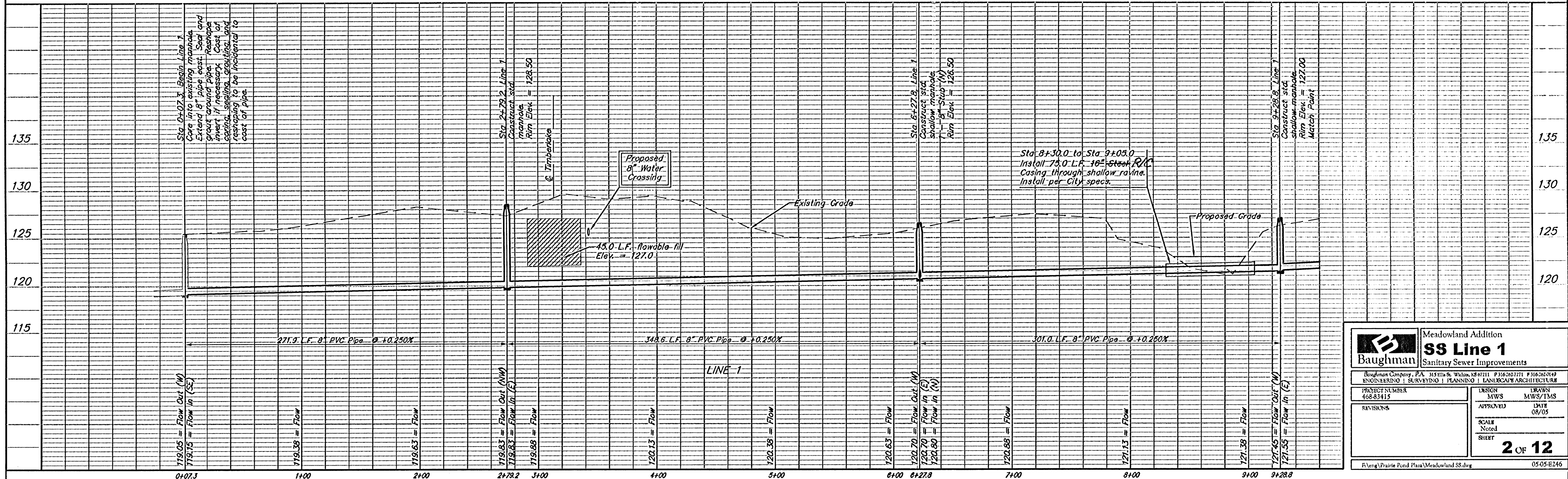
Sta 6+27.8, Line 1
Construct std.
shallow manhole.
1 - 8" Stub (N)
Rim Elev. = 126.50

Sta 9+28.8, Line 1
Construct std.
shallow manhole.
Rim Elev. = 127.00
Match Point

Contractor to place excess spoils in
bottom of ditch until level with proposed
grade. Fill approx. 100 feet of ditch.
No tree removal, just place dirt in ditch.
Pack in with equipment only. Incidental
to 'Site Clearing & Restoration'.

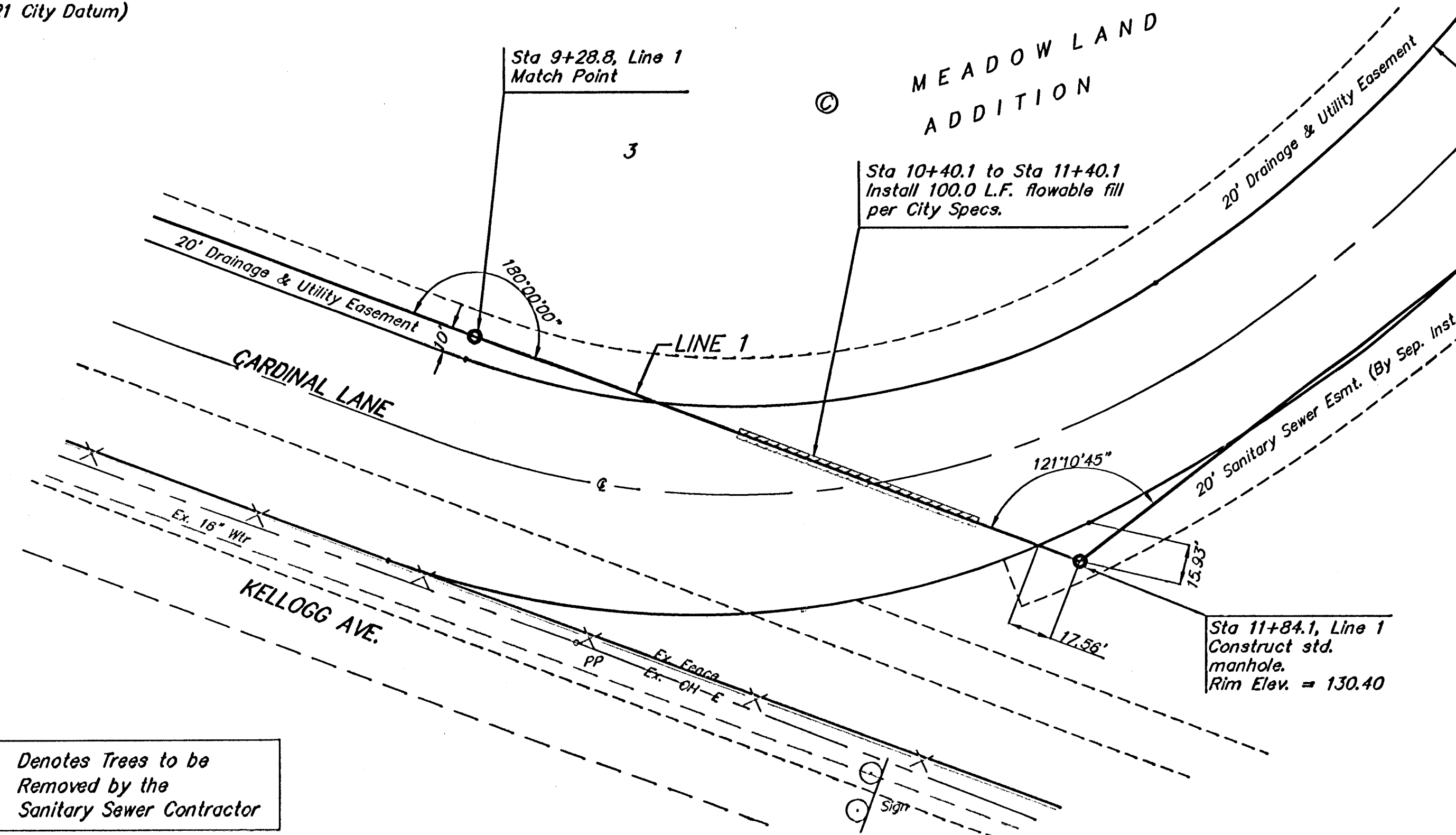
Scale: 1" = 40' Horizontal
1" = 5' Vertical
• = Iron

⊗ Denotes Trees to be
Removed by the
Sanitary Sewer Contractor



Baughman		Meadowland Addition	
		SS Line 1	
		Sanitary Sewer Improvements	
Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis & Wilson, St. Louis, MO 63101 P 316-262-7771 F 316-262-0149			
ENGINEERING SURVEYING PLANNING LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83415		DESIGN MWS	
REVISIONS		APPROVED DATE 08/05	
		SCALE Noted SHEET	
		2 OF 12	
F:\eng\Prairie Pond Plaza\Meadowland SS.dwg		05-05-E246	

BENCHMARK:
□ cut on traffic signal
light pole base, NW corner
of Kellogg & 143rd Street
East.
Elev. = 1318.61 NGVD
(131.21 City Datum)



Sta 14+97.8, Line 1
Construct std.
manhole.
1 - 8" Stub (N)
Rim Elev. = 138.60

MEADOWLAND
ADDITION

Sta 10+40.1 to Sta 11+40.1
Install 100.0 L.F. flowable fill
per City Specs.

Sta 11+84.1, Line 1
Construct std.
manhole.
Rim Elev. = 130.40

MEADOWLAND
ADDITION

Proposed
8" Water
Crossing

!!! CAUTION !!!
Coffeyville Resources Pipeline. Contact Randy
Finuf @ 755-4042 or 913-397-0243 (mobile)
prior to excavation around pipeline. Pipeline
Representative shall be on site while Contractor
is working around pipeline.

Sta 17+11.0, End Line 1
Construct std. manhole.
Rim Elev. = 139.10
1 - 8" Stub (E)
Match Point

CAUTION!
Ex. Coffeyville
Resources Pipeline
Crossing (Shallow)

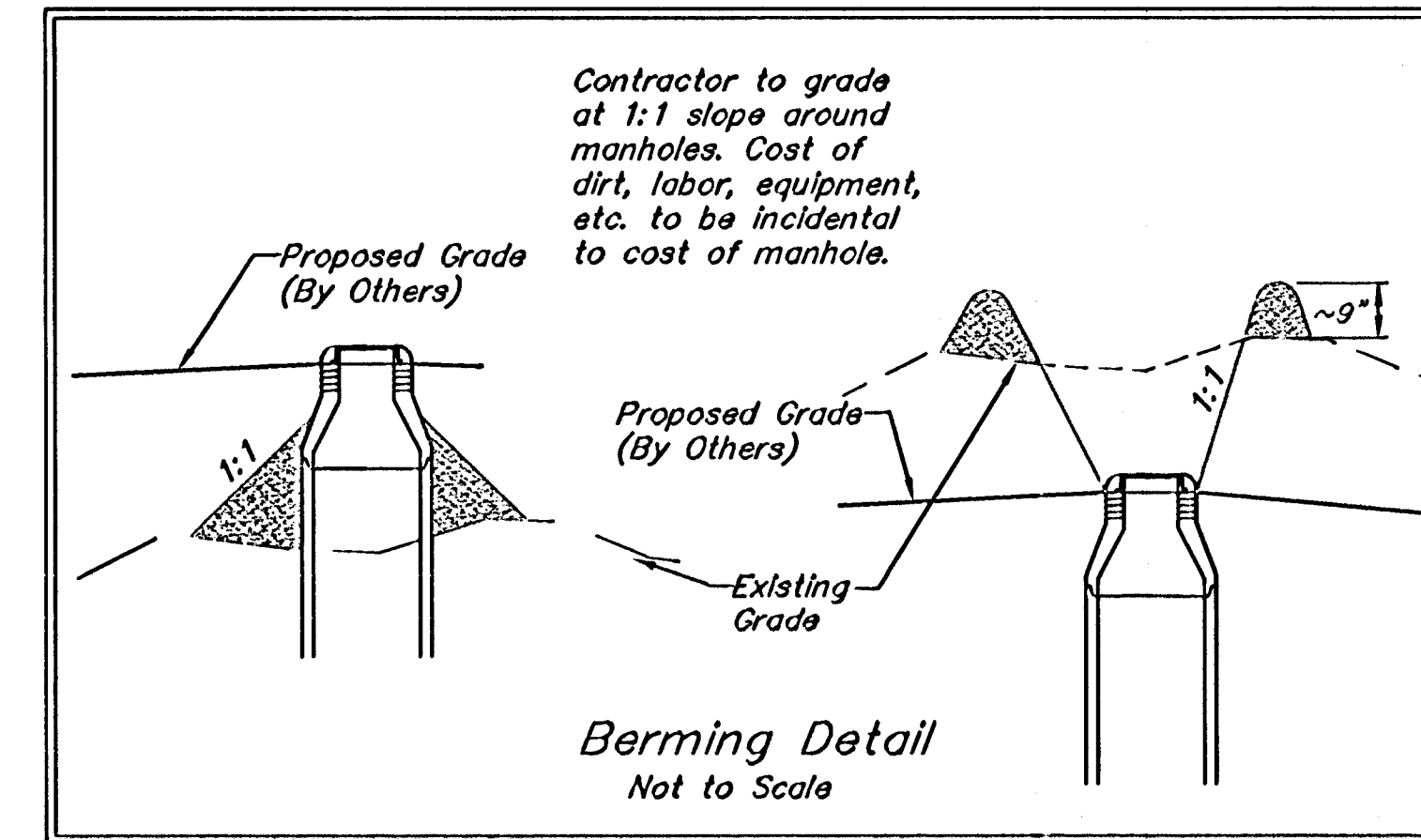
Riser #1

Scale: 1" = 40' Horizontal
1" = 5' Vertical
• = Iron

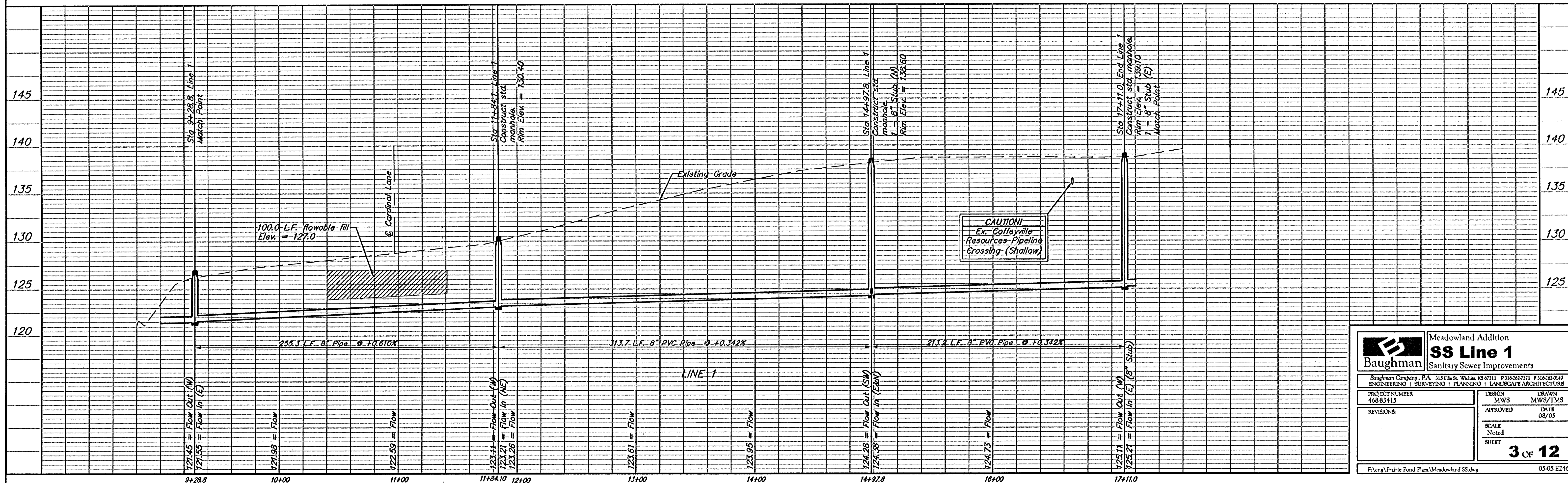
SEWER SERVICE TABLE

NUMBER	TYPE	LOCATION			STATION DIRECTION	FOR INFORMATION ONLY APPROXIMATE LENGTH 4" PIPE	
		LOT NO.	BLOCK NO.	LINE NO.		VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL
1	4" Stub	1	A	1	17+11.0/RL	11.5'	15.0'

NOTE: Vertical Riser Pipe shall be extended to 2' minimum above ground water elevation and 4' maximum below proposed ground elevation.



Berthing Detail
Not to Scale



Meadowland Addition
SS Line 1
Sanitary Sewer Improvements

PROJECT NUMBER
468-83415

DESIGN
MWS

REVISIONS

DRAWN
MWS/TMS

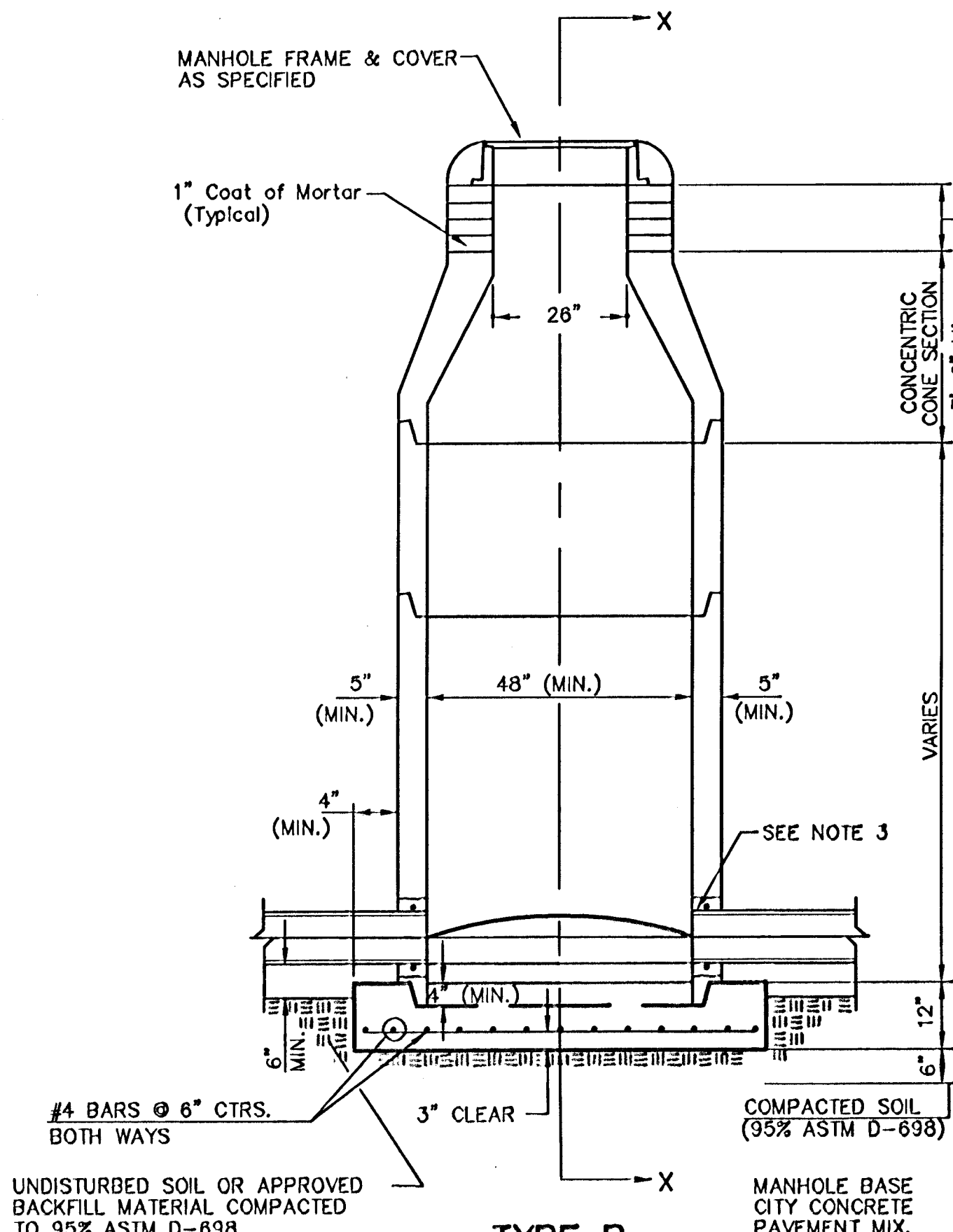
DATE
08/05

SCALE
Noted
SHEET

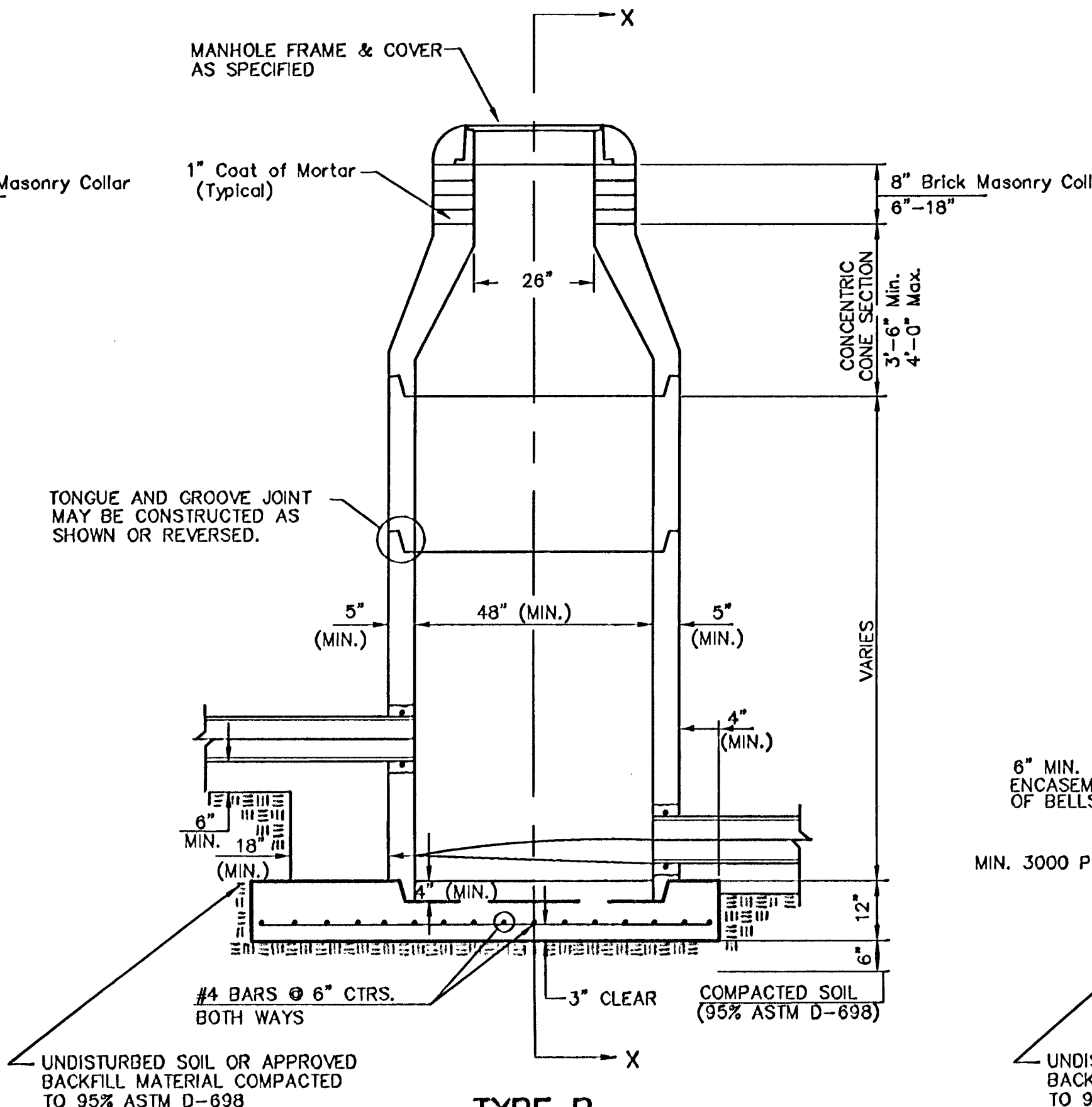
3 OF 12

05-05-E246

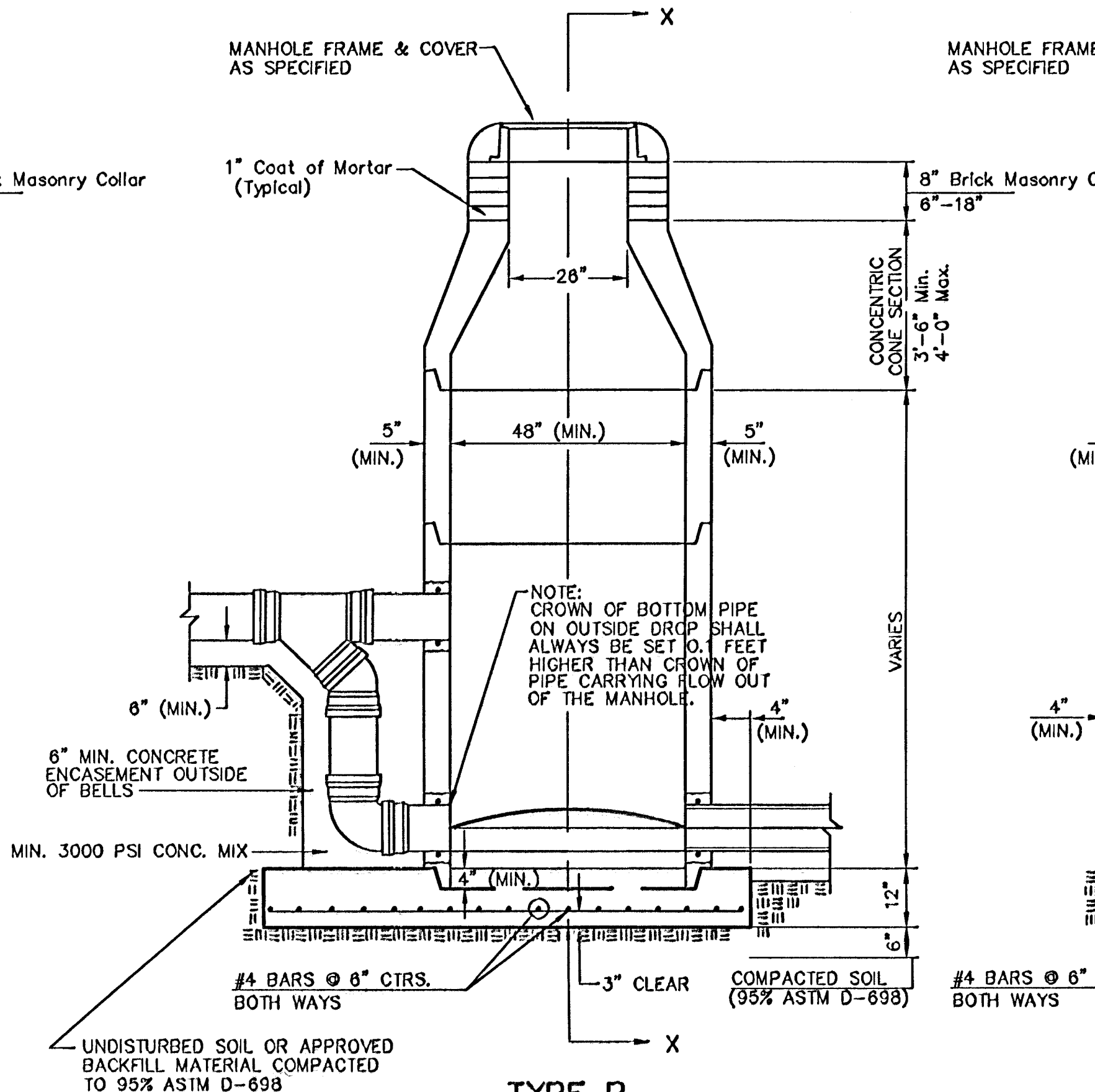
SEWER APPURTENANCES DETAILS



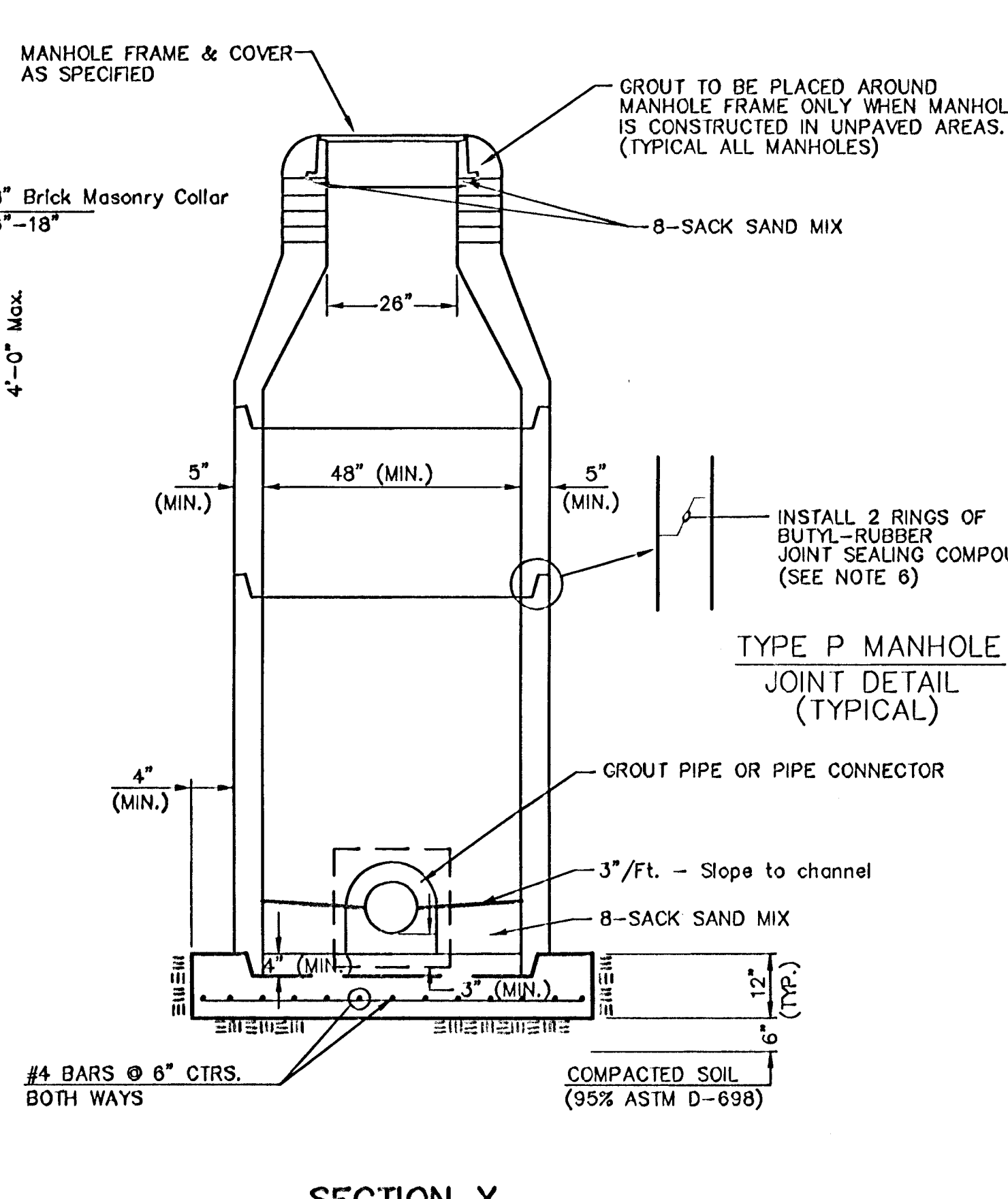
TYPE P
STANDARD MANHOLE



TYPE P
INSIDE DROP MANHOLE



TYPE P
OUTSIDE DROP MANHOLE

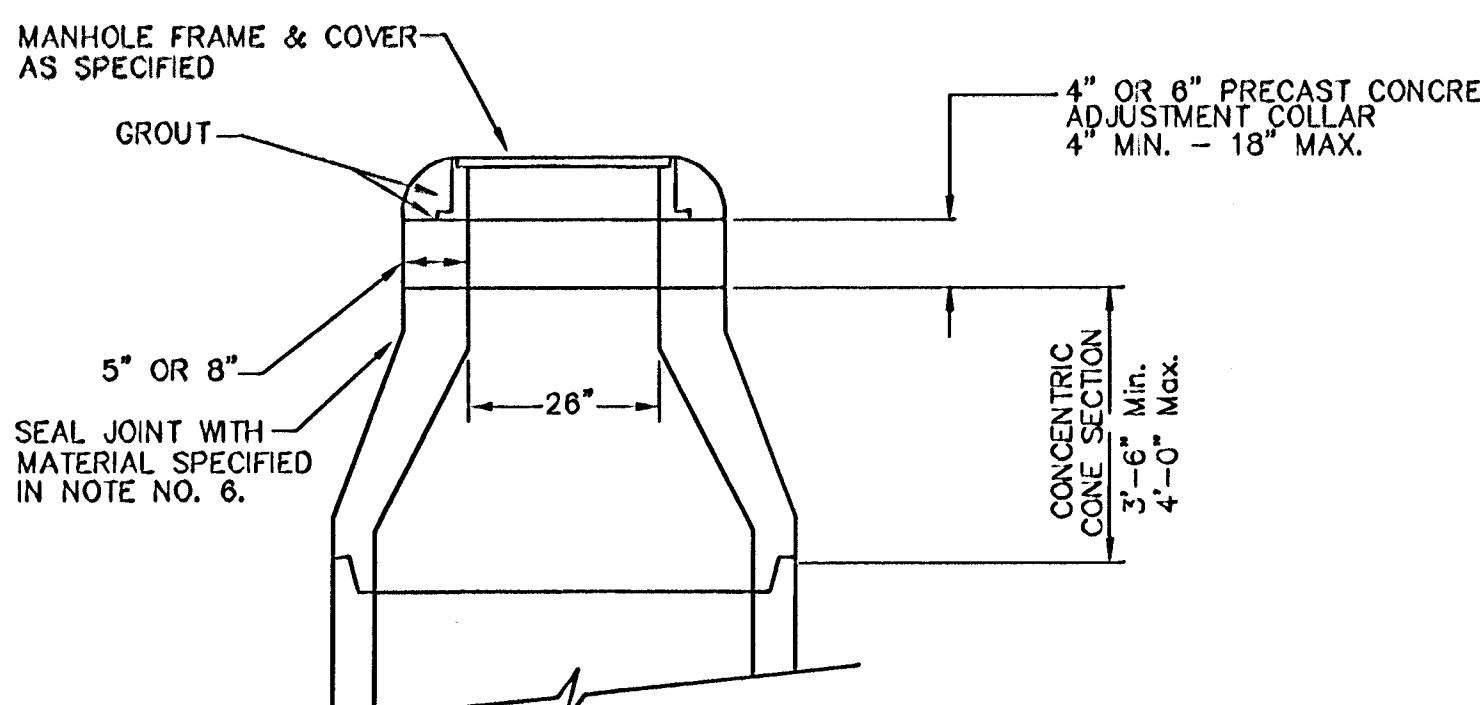


SECTION X
(TYPICAL)

- ### GENERAL NOTES
- #### PRECAST MANHOLE NOTES
1. ALL PRECAST CONCRETE MANHOLE SECTIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST REVISIONS OF A.S.T.M. C478 AS MODIFIED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS.
 2. NON-SHRINK GROUT SHALL BE NON-METALLIC TYPE.
 3. APPROVED FLEXIBLE WATERSTOP GASKETS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO JOINT THE SEWER TO THE MANHOLE WALL. WHEN A A.B.S. COMPOSITE PIPE OR P.V.C. PIPE IS USED, FOR OTHER TYPES OF PIPE THE SEWER SHALL BE GROUTED IN PLACE WITH NON-SHRINK GROUT. THE SEWER PIPE SHALL BE SUPPORTED WITH CONCRETE ENCASEMENT A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET FROM THE MANHOLE WALL AND TO THE FIRST JOINT FOR V.C.P. SUCH THAT THE JOINT REMAINS FLEXIBLE.
 4. ALL INSIDE SURFACES OF THE CONCRETE MANHOLE WHICH WOULD BE EXPOSED TO SEWER GAS SHALL BE COATED WITH 2 COATS TNE MEC SERIES 66 HI-BUILD EPOXOLINE, DRY THICKNESS OF 8 MILS (MIN.)
 5. EXTERIOR MANHOLE WALLS SHALL BE COATED WITH 1 COAT MOBILARMA 833 BITUMINOUS COATING.
 6. JOINT SEALING COMPOUND SHALL BE KENT SEAL NO. 2 OR APPROVED EQUAL.
 7. PRECAST MANHOLES SHALL BE SET AT LEAST 4 INCHES INTO THE MANHOLE BASE.
 8. TOP OF MANHOLE FLOOR SLAB SHALL BE AT LEAST 3 INCHES BELOW THE FLOW LINE OF THE OUTLET PIPE TO INSURE SUFFICIENT MINIMUM THICKNESS OF SHAPED INVERT.
 9. LIFTING HOLES SHALL BE FILLED WITH NON-SHRINK GROUT AND THE INTERIOR SURFACE COATED AS SPECIFIED.
 10. MORTAR USED IN MASONRY CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONTAIN 8 SACKS OF CEMENT PER CUBIC YARD. CONCRETE USED IN MANHOLE BASES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CONCRETE FOR CONCRETE PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AS SPECIFIED IN THE CITY STANDARD PAVING SPECIFICATIONS USING CITY CONCRETE PAVEMENT MIX WITHOUT AIR ENTRAINING ADMIXTURE. MORTAR SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE MANHOLE RING AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS WHEN MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED IN UNPAVED AREAS. MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED WHERE PIPE SIZES ARE SMALLER THAN 24" SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF 4". MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED WHERE PIPE SIZES ARE 24" OR LARGER SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF 5". COMPLETED MANHOLE SHALL BE WITHOUT LEAKS

11. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE MANHOLE BASES AND SHALL CONSIST OF NO. 4 BARS PLACED ON 6" CENTERS FOR BOTH DIRECTIONS. THE MANHOLE BASE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE PLACED AT LEAST 1" ABOVE THE BOTTOM OF THE MANHOLE. ALL COSTS FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR THE MANHOLE.
12. OPENINGS SHALL BE CUT INTO THE MANHOLE WALL WHEN OUTSIDE DROPS ARE REQUIRED ON EXISTING MANHOLES. SUCH OPENINGS CUT INTO EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE AS SMALL AS PRACTICAL TO FACILITATE INSTALLING AND GROUTING THE NEW PIPE IN PLACE. WATERSTOP GASKETS SHALL BE USED WITH P.V.C. AND A.B.S. COMPOSITE PIPE. THE NEW PIPE SHALL BE GROUTED INTO THE OPENING USING AN APPROVED NON-SHRINK GROUT TO FILL THE FULL MANHOLE WALL THICKNESS. THE EXTERIOR OF THE COMPLETE CONNECTION SHALL BE SEALED WITH AN APPROVED BITUMINOUS COATING SUCH THAT THE CONNECTION WILL BE WATER TIGHT. FLOOR OF MANHOLE SHALL BE MODIFIED TO FORM NEW FLOW CHANNEL FOR THE NEW CONNECTION AS INDICATED BY THE DRAWING. THIS WORK, INCLUDING MODIFICATION OF MANHOLE FLOOR, SHALL BE PAID AT THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR OUTSIDE DROW STACK CONSTRUCTED ON EXISTING MANHOLE.
13. THE FLOORS OF ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE SHAPED WITH FLOW CHANNELS SUCH THAT THE MANHOLES WILL BE SELF CLEANING AND FREE OF AREAS WHERE SOLIDS OR DEBRIS COULD BE TRAPPED. FLOW CHANNELS THROUGH THE MANHOLE FROM ALL INLET PIPES TO THE OUTLET PIPE. FLOW CHANNELS SHALL BE FORMED TO MATCH THE BOTTOM HALVES OF THE INFLOWING PIPES AND THE OUTFLOWING PIPE AS SHOWN BY THE DRAWINGS EXCEPT FOR INSIDE DROW MANHOLES. FLOW CHANNELS FOR INSIDE DROW MANHOLES SHALL BE FORMED AS INDICATED BY THE DRAWING. MANHOLE FLOORS SHALL HAVE SLOPES OF 3 INCHES PER FOOT IN THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FLOW CHANNELS SLOPED TOWARD THE FLOW CHANNELS. PIPES LAID THROUGH MANHOLES SHALL HAVE THE TOP HALF REMOVED TO NEAT LINES FOR THE FULL INSIDE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLE. MANHOLE FLOORS SHALL BE SHAPED AROUND THE BOTTOM HALF OF THE PIPE WHICH FORMS THE FLOW CHANNEL.
14. PIPES INSTALLED WITHIN THE EXCAVATION MADE FOR THE MANHOLE SHALL BE GRADED WITH CONCRETE TO THE LIMITS OF THE MANHOLE. WORKING PLATFORM WHEN CLAY PIPE IS USED, THE CRADLE SHALL EXTEND TO THE FIRST JOINT OUTSIDE THE MANHOLE. THE CRADLE SHALL BE TERMINATED AT THE CLAY PIPE JOINT IN A MANNER WHICH WILL MAINTAIN THE FLEXIBILITY OF THE JOINT. COST OF CRADLE WITHIN MANHOLE EXCAVATION OR TO CLAY PIPE JOINTS ADJACENT TO MANHOLE

15. MANHOLE COVER CASTINGS AND MANHOLE FRAME CASTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS AS INDICATED IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND AS SHOWN IN THE STANDARD DETAIL DRAWING.
16. THE VERTICAL DROP IN INSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL NOT EXCEED 2' FOR INFLOWING PIPES SIZED 12" OR SMALLER AND 2' FOR INFLOWING PIPES LARGER THAN 12". THE CROWNS OF INFLOWING PIPES SHALL NEVER BE SET LOWER THAN THE CROWN OF THE OUTFLOWING PIPE.
17. STANDARD MANHOLES AND STANDARD INSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL BE BUILT TO STANDARD MANHOLES FOR THE TYPE AND DIAMETER INDICATED. OUTSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL BE BUILT TO STANDARD OUTSIDE DROP MANHOLES FOR THE TYPE AND DIAMETER INDICATED. ALL MANHOLE DIAMETERS WILL BE 4' UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.
18. A BRICK MASONRY COLLAR SHALL BE INSTALLED BETWEEN THE CAST IRON FRAME AND THE CONCENTRIC CONE. THE COLLAR WILL HAVE 8" WALLS AND A VERTICAL HEIGHT OF 8" MINIMUM AND 18" MAXIMUM. A 1" COAT OF MORTAR WILL BE PLASTERED ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE COLLAR. THE USE OF PRE-CAST CONCRETE SPACERS FOR MANHOLE TOP ADJUSTMENT



ALTERNATE CONSTRUCTION IN UNPAVED AREAS



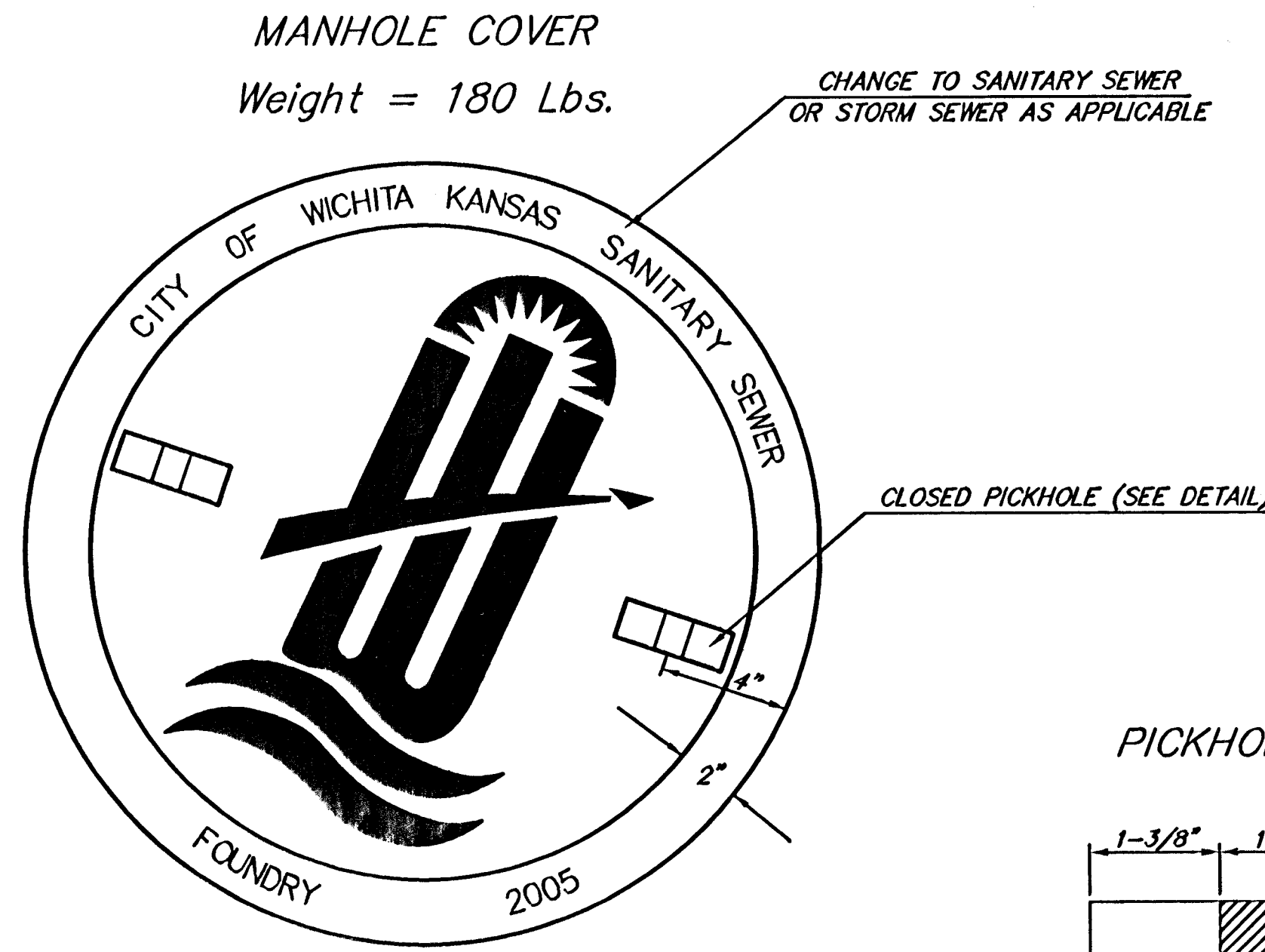
- ### GENERAL NOTES

1. Mortar used in masonry construction shall contain 8 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete used in manhole bases shall conform to the requirements of concrete for concrete pavement construction as specified in the city standard paving specifications using city concrete cement mix without air entraining admixture. Mortar shall be placed around the manhole ring as shown on the drawings when manholes are constructed in unpaved areas. Manholes constructed where pipe sizes are smaller than 24" shall have an inside diameter of 4'. Manholes constructed where pipe sizes are 24" or larger shall have an inside diameter of 5'. Completed manhole shall be without leaks and water tight.
2. Reinforcing steel shall be installed in the manhole shafts and shall consist of no. 4 bars placed on 8" centers in both directions. The manhole bottom reinforcement shall be placed 8" above the bottom of the manhole base. All costs for furnishing and installing reinforcing steel shall be included in the unit price bid for the manhole.
3. The floors of all manholes shall be shaped with flow channels such that the manholes will be self cleaning and free of areas where solids could be deposited as sewage flows through the manhole from all inlet pipes to the outlet pipe. Flow channels shall be formed to match the bottom halves of the inflowing pipes and the outflowing pipe as shown by the drawings. Manhole floors shall have slopes of 3 inches per foot in the areas outside the manhole where the slopes toward the flow channels. Pipes laid through manholes shall have the top half removed to neat lines for the full inside diameter of the manhole. Manhole floors shall then be shaped around the bottom half of the pipe which forms the flow channel.
4. Pipes installed within the excavation made for the manhole shall be cradled with concrete to the limits of the manhole excavation. When clay pipe is used, the cradle shall extend to the first joint outside the manhole. The cradle shall be terminated at the clay pipe joint in a manner which will maintain the flexibility of the joint. Cost of cradle within manhole excavation or to clay pipe joints adjacent to manhole shall be included in the unit price bid for the manhole.
5. Manhole cover castings and manhole frame castings shall conform to the requirements as indicated in the standard specifications and as shown in the standard detail drawings.
6. The crowns of inflowing pipes shall never be set lower than the crown of the outflowing pipe.
7. Standard shallow manholes type "P" and "C" shall be paid for at the unit price bid per each for the type and diameter indicated. All standard shallow manhole diameters will be 4' unless indicated otherwise.
8. All brick used in manhole construction shall meet Grade SW of ASTM C652 or C62-87.

STANDARD AND LIGHT WEIGHT MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER DETAIL

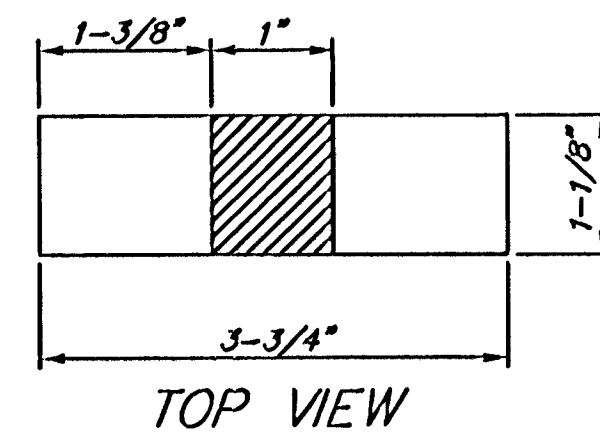
ADOPTED AS STANDARD DESIGN BY
CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS

LIGHT WEIGHT
MANHOLE FRAME
Weight = 161 Lbs.

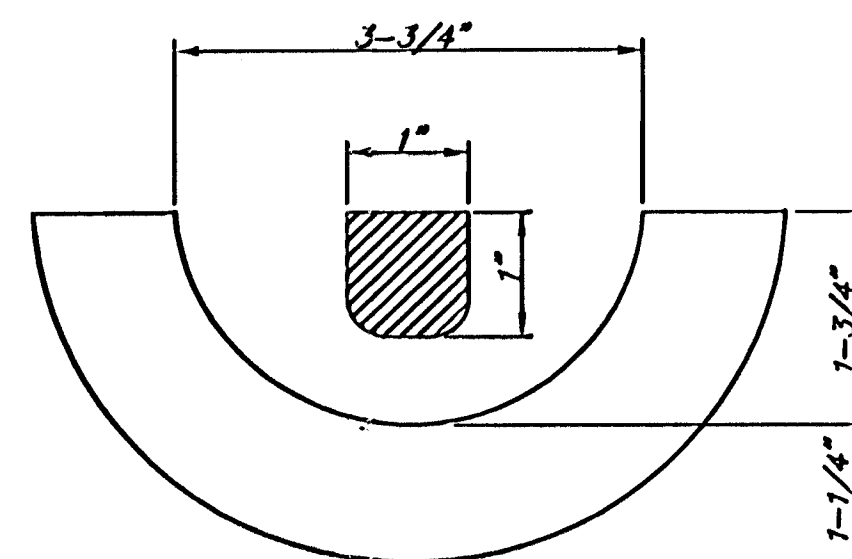


TOP VIEW

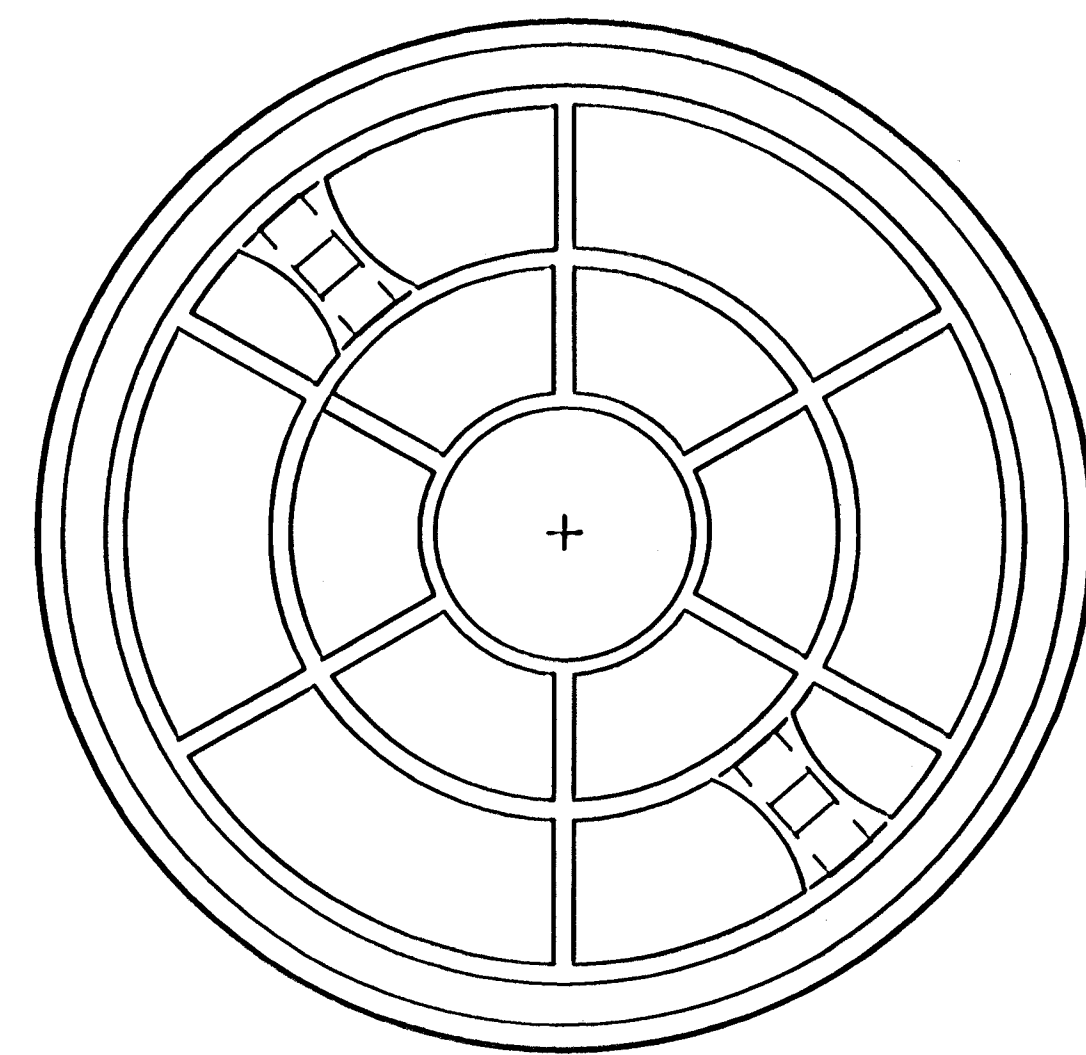
PICKHOLE DETAIL



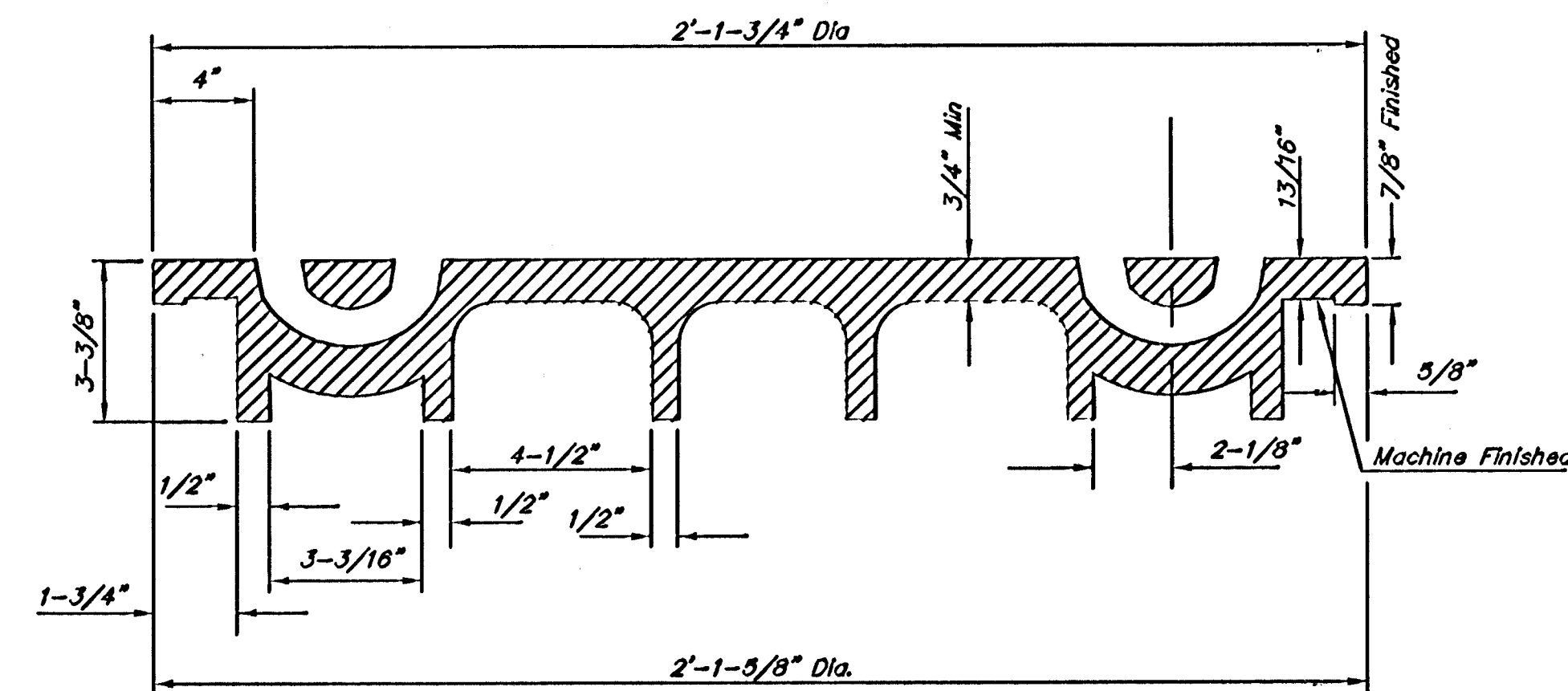
TOP VIEW



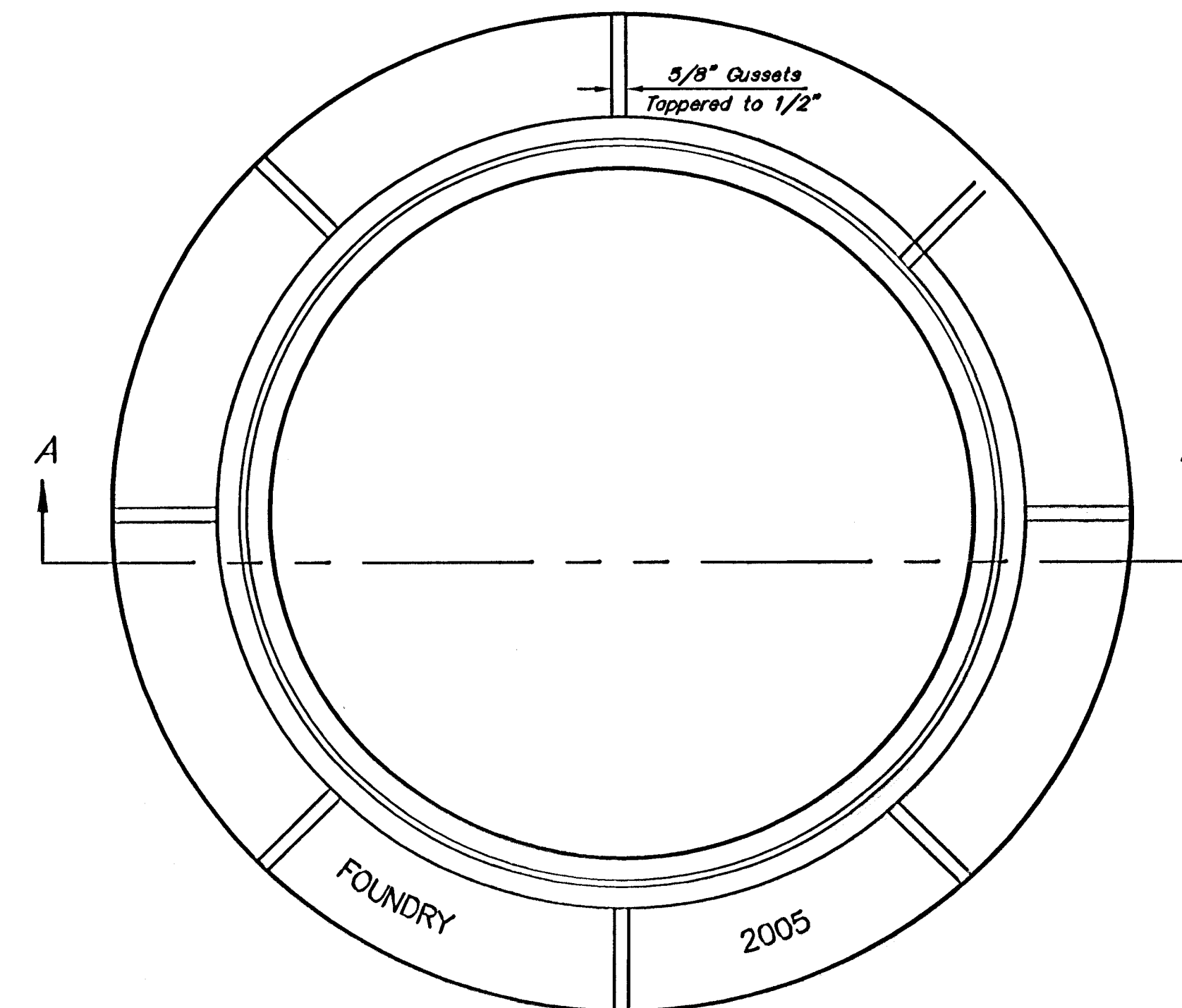
SECTION VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



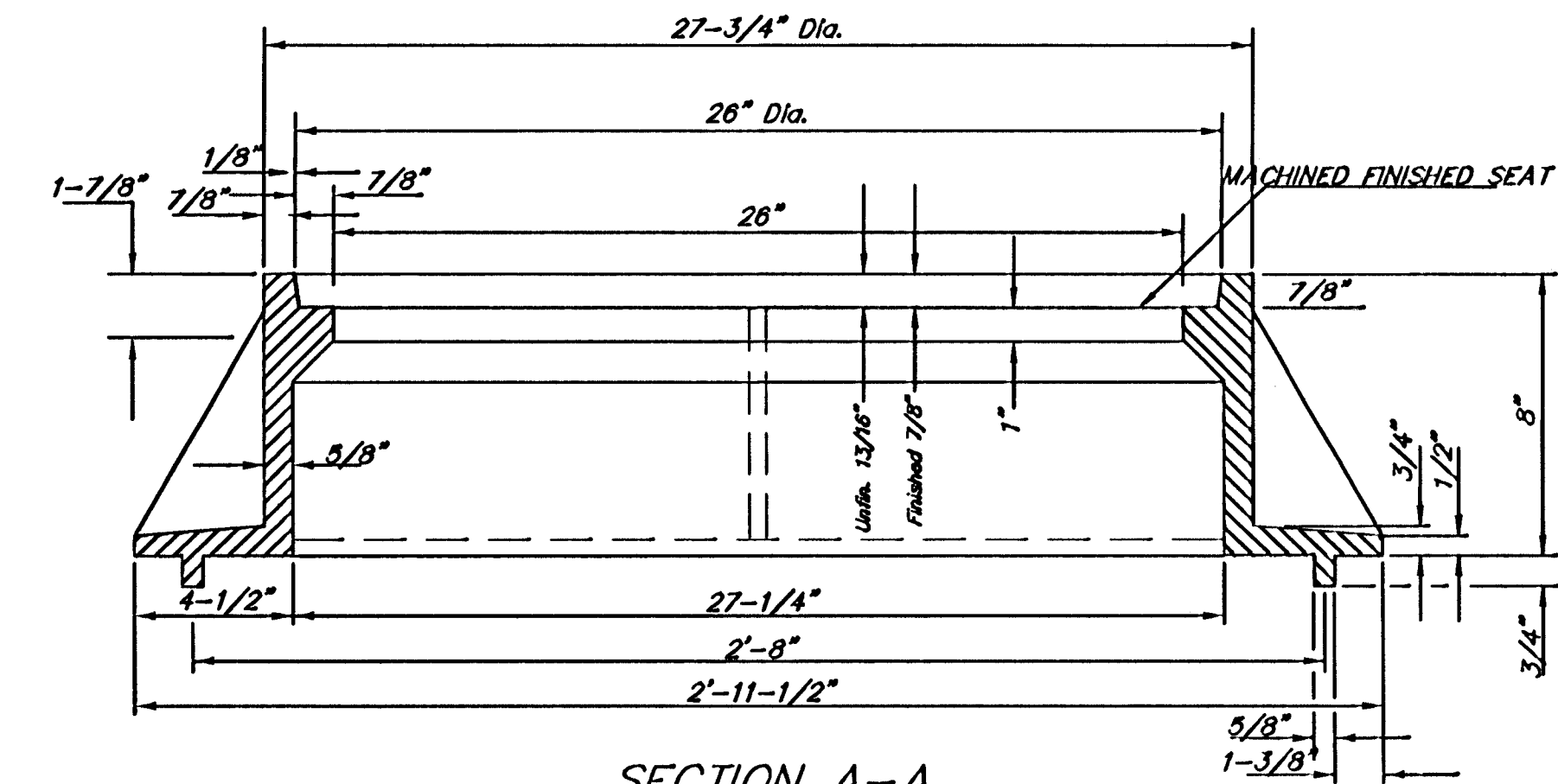
SECTION VIEW



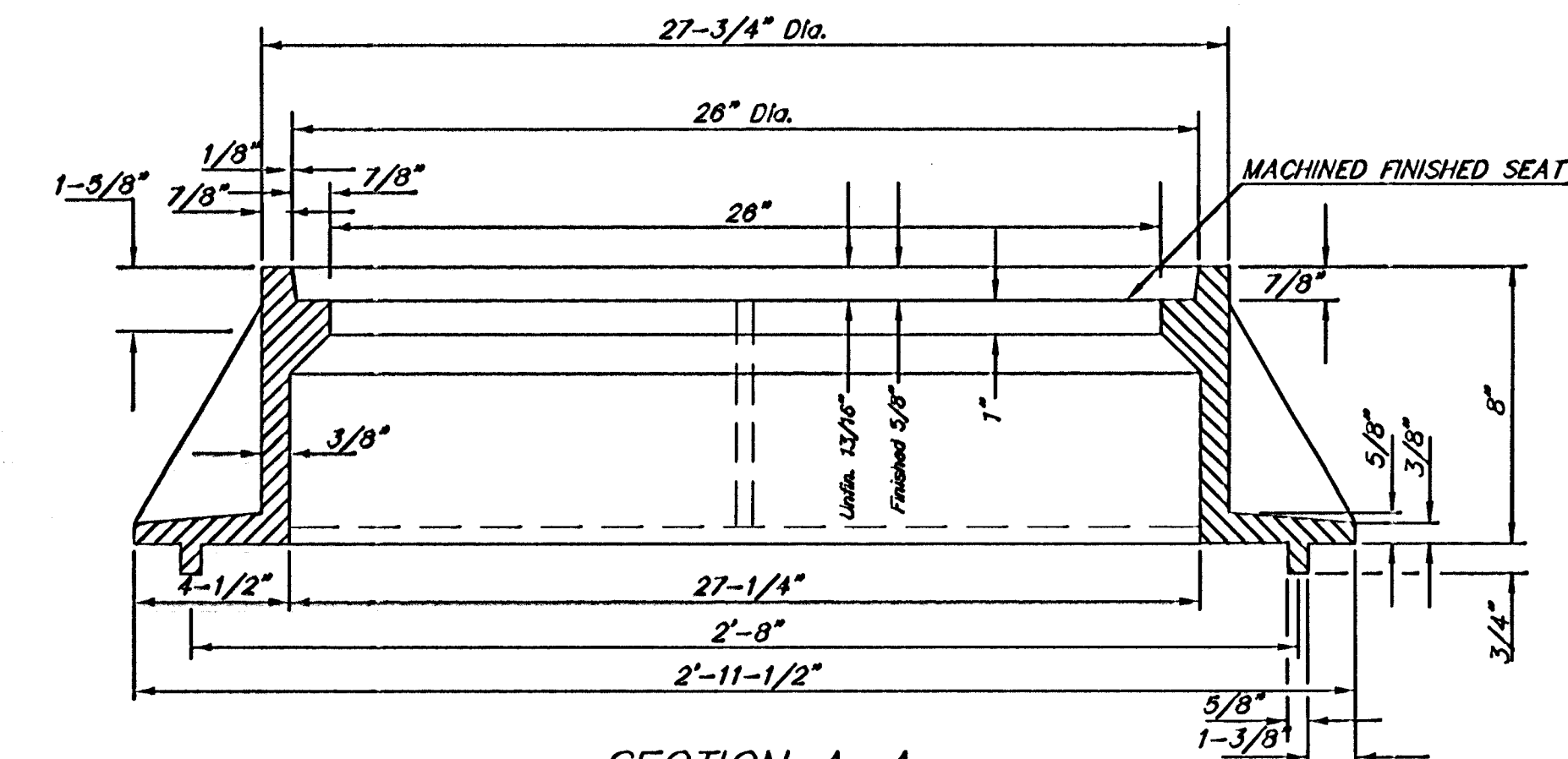
TOP VIEW

GENERAL NOTES

1. MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED USING GOOD QUALITY GRAY IRON CONFORMING TO CLASS 30 OF A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION A-48. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS SHOWN ON THE DETAILED DRAWINGS SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AND ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN MUST BE SPECIFICALLY APPROVED. THE FINISHED CASTINGS SHALL BE OF UNIFORM QUALITY, FREE FROM BLOWHOLES, POROSITY, HARD SPOTS, SHRINKAGE DISTORTIONS OR OTHER DEFECTS.
2. LIGHT WEIGHT MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL WEIGH A MINIMUM OF 180 POUNDS ON THE SOLID COVER AND 161 POUNDS ON THE MANHOLE RING. THIS IS A TOTAL OF 341 POUNDS ON A RING AND COVER SET. CASTINGS WEIGHING LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
3. STANDARD MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL WEIGH A MINIMUM OF 180 POUNDS ON THE SOLID COVER AND 430 POUNDS ON THE MANHOLE RING. THIS IS A TOTAL OF 610 POUNDS ON A RING AND COVER SET. CASTINGS WEIGHING LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
4. MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED SUCH THAT A COVER MANUFACTURED BY ANY ONE FOUNDRY WILL FIT INTERCHANGEABLY INTO A FRAME MANUFACTURED BY ANOTHER FOUNDRY AND STILL MEET ALLOWABLE CLEARANCES AND NON-ROCKING REQUIREMENTS. THIS WILL REQUIRE MANUFACTURING OF THE MATCHING FACES ON THE COVER AND THE FRAME TO CLOSE TOLERANCES.
5. THE OUTSIDE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE VERTICAL FACE OF THE COVER AND THE INSIDE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE VERTICAL FACE IN THE FRAME RECESS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT THE CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE COVER AND FRAME WILL NOT EXCEED 1/8" AT ANY POINT AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE COVER. THE SEATING SURFACES BETWEEN THE COVER AND FRAME SHALL BE MACHINED SUCH THAT THESE SEATING SURFACES SHALL MAKE FULL CONTACT FOR THEIR FULL CIRCUMFERENCE TO PRECLUDE THE COVER FROM ROCKING IN THE FRAME.
6. THE MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE MARKED WITH LETTERING INDICATING THE NAME OF THE MANUFACTURER AND THE YEAR WHEN THE COVER OR FRAME WAS CAST. THE COVER SHALL BE FURTHER IDENTIFIED WITH REGARDS TO OWNERSHIP USING LETTERS AT LEAST 1 INCH IN HEIGHT. THIS IDENTIFICATION SHALL BE "CITY OF WICHITA SANITARY SEWER", OR "CITY OF WICHITA STORM SEWER". THE TEXTURE OF THE TOP SURFACE OF THE COVER SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN A CHECKERED PATTERN DESIGN AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS. SMOOTH BLOCKOUTS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO HIGHLIGHT THE LETTERING ON THE COVER SURFACE. THE TOTAL AREA OF SMOOTH SURFACE BLOCKOUT SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AREA AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWING. POSITIONING OF SMOOTH BLOCKOUTS AND LETTERING MAY VARY FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE DETAILED DRAWING.
7. MANHOLE FRAME WITHOUT MUDRING TO BE USED ONLY ON RECONSTRUCTION PROJECTS WHERE ADDITIONAL CLEARANCE IS NEEDED.



SECTION A-A
STANDARD
MANHOLE FRAME
Weight = 250 Lbs.



SECTION A-A
LIGHT WEIGHT
MANHOLE FRAME
Weight = 161 Lbs.

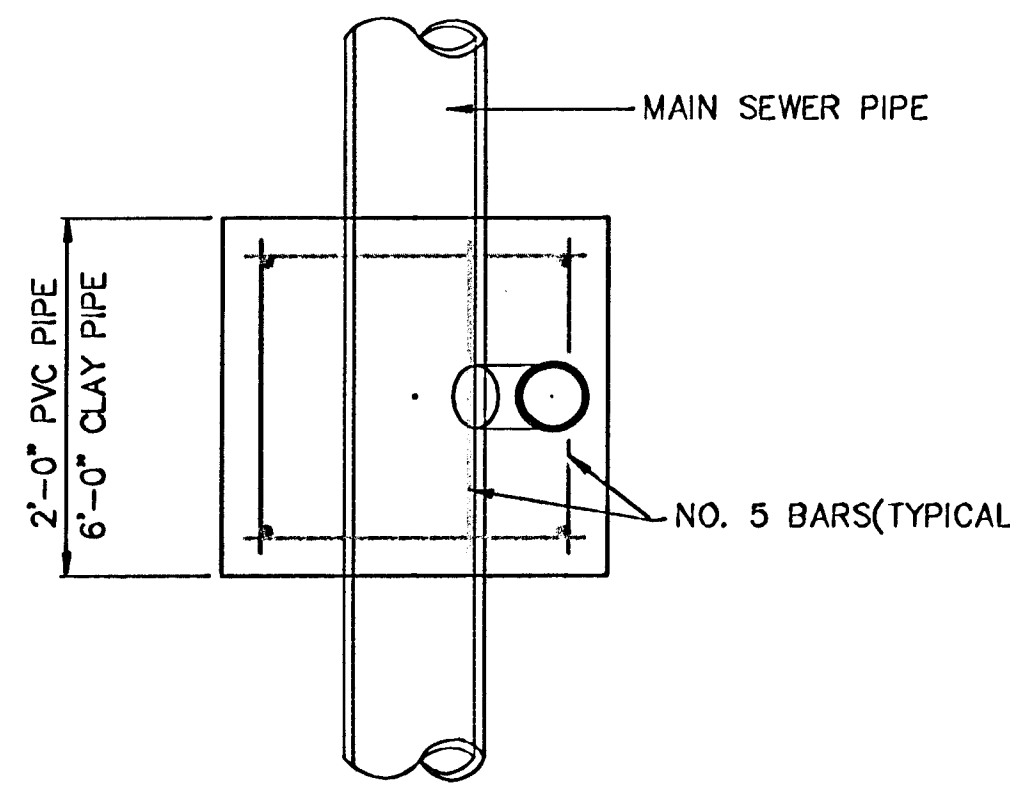
**STANDARD & LIGHT WEIGHT
MANHOLE FRAME
AND COVER**

CITY ENGINEER
JAMES L. ARMOUR, P.E. CITY ENGINEER

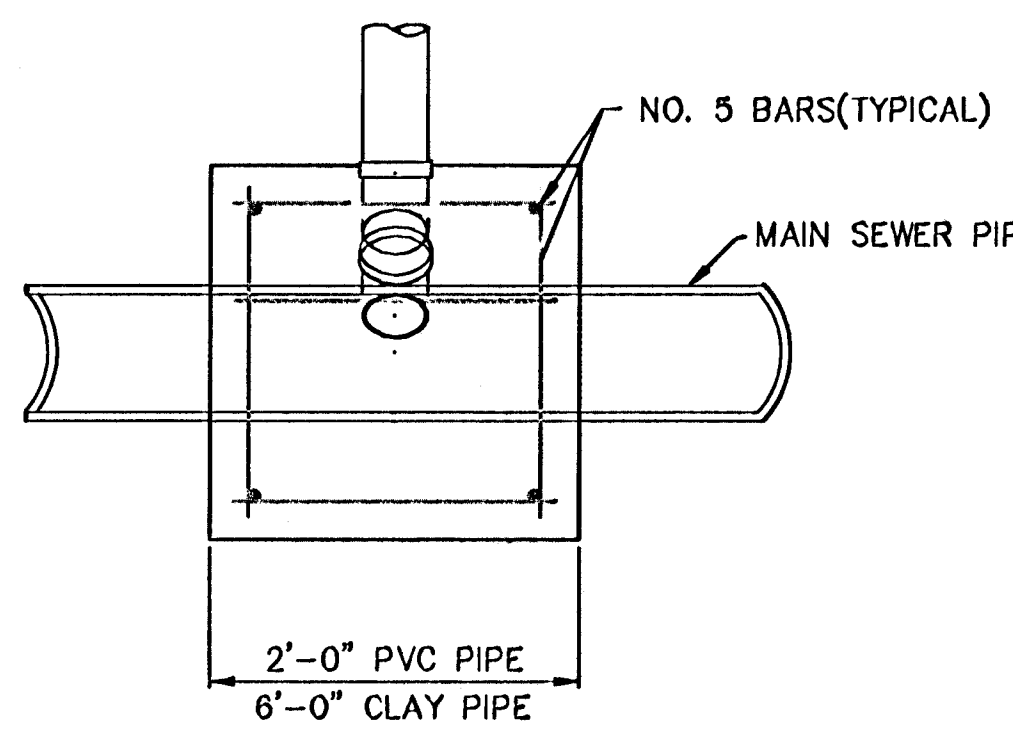
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83415	OCA NUMBER 744150	DATE 08/04
CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE CITY HALL - SEVENTH FLOOR 425 NORTH MAIN STREET WICHITA, KANSAS 67202-1620 (316) 268-4501 (316) 268-2114 FAX		DESIGN COW
DRAWN COW		SHEET 6 OF 12

REV. 3-13-02, MCG

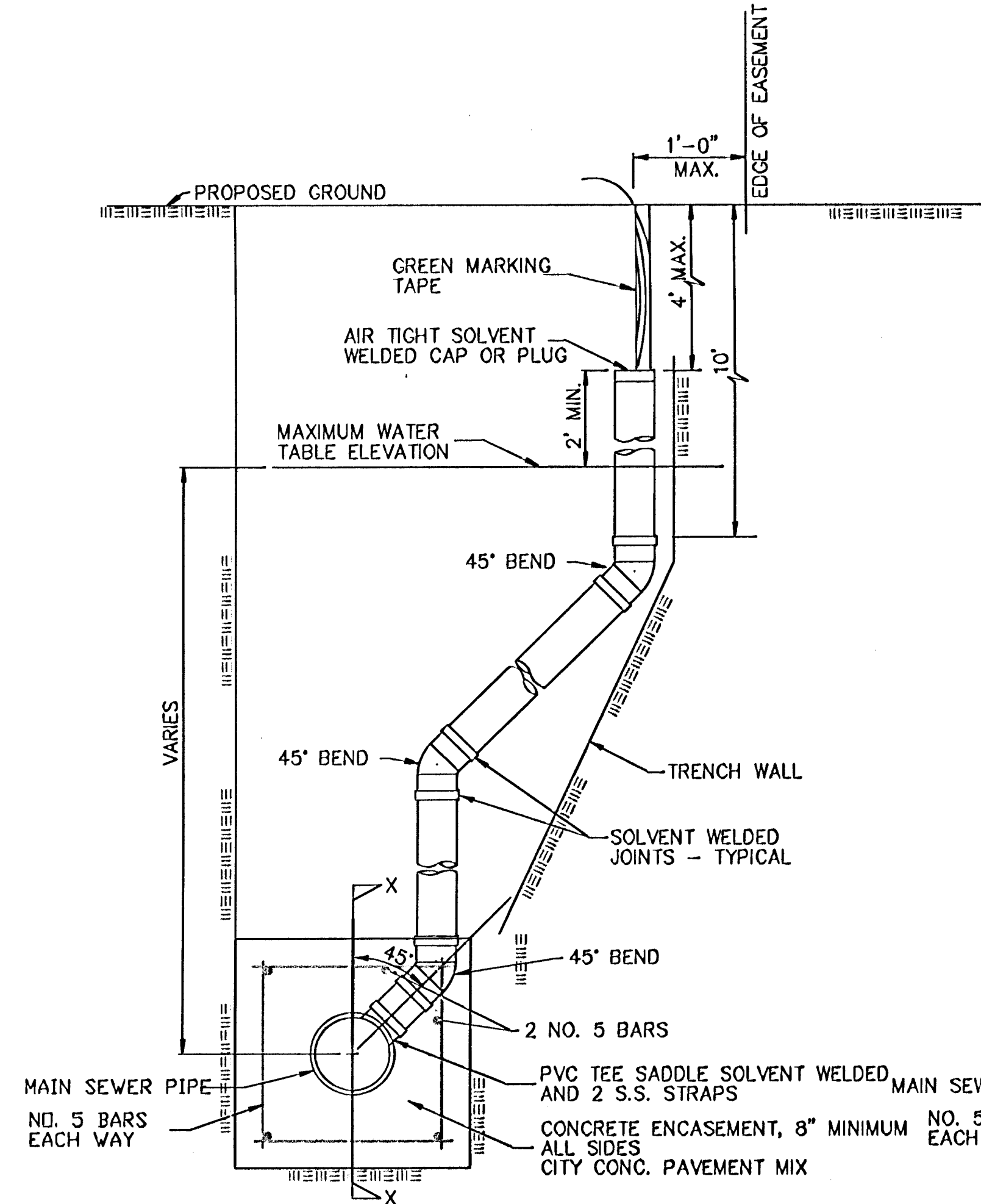
VERTICAL RISER DETAILS
ADOPTED AS STANDARD DESIGN
BY
CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS
OCTOBER 1992



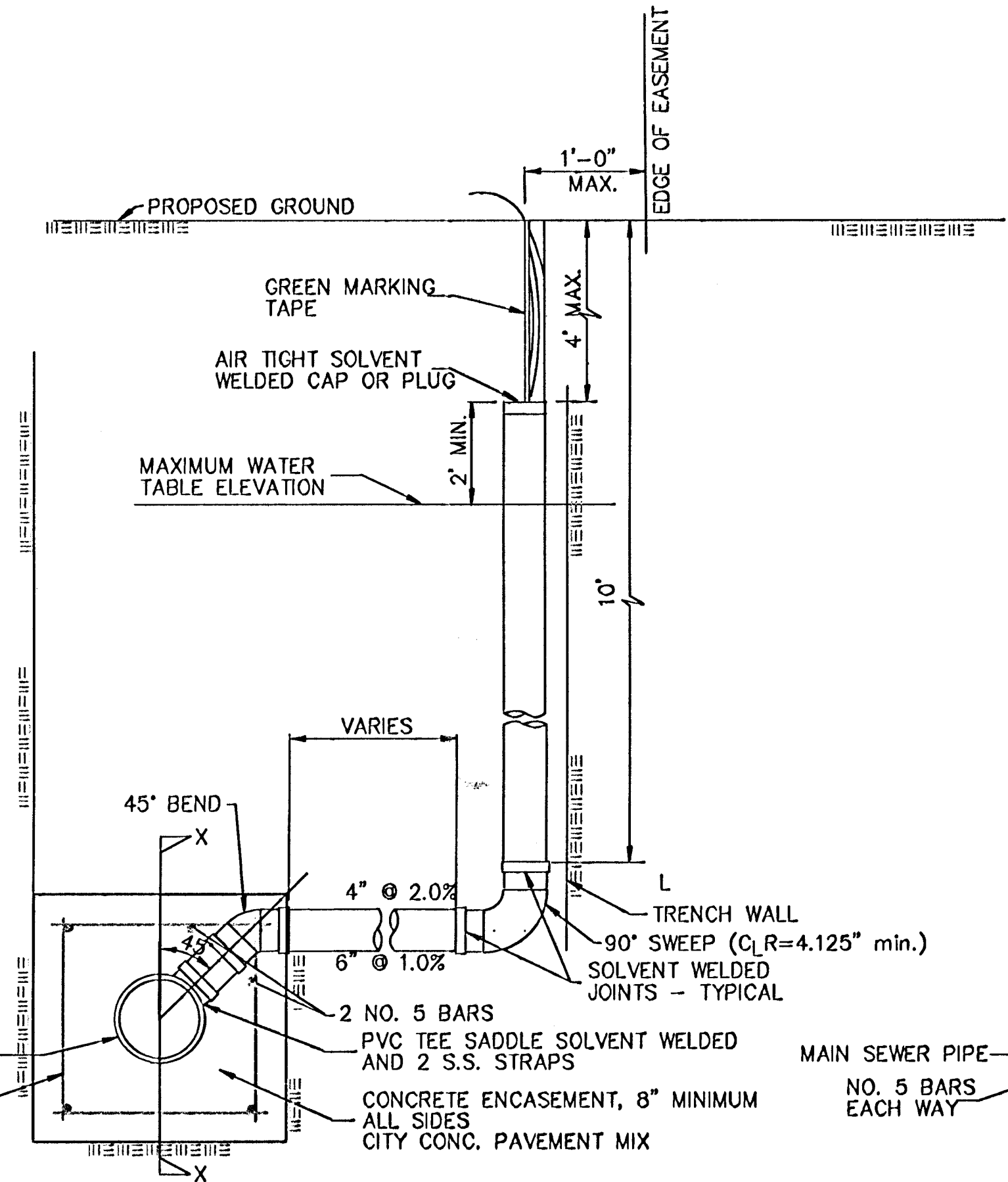
TYPICAL PLAN VIEW



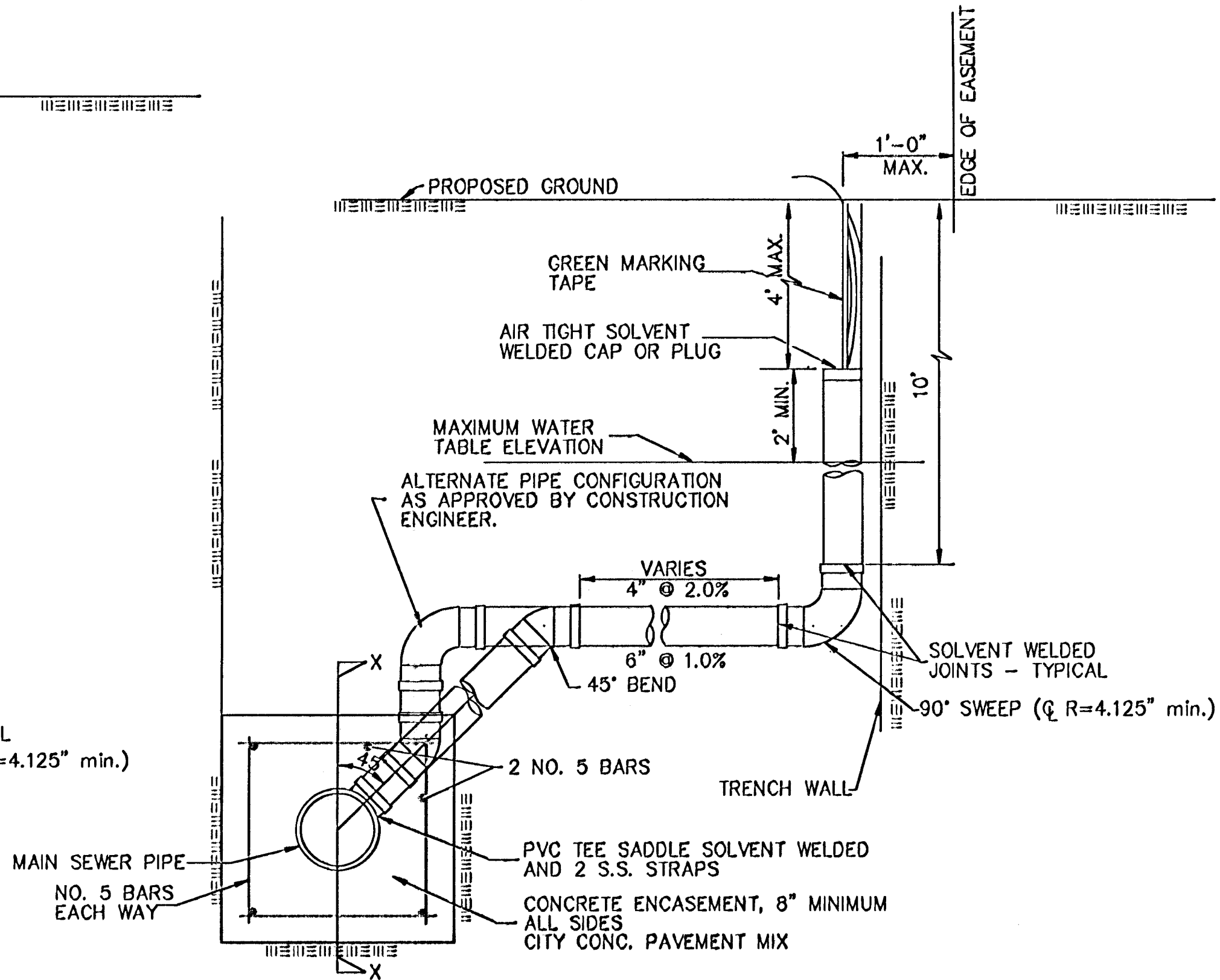
TYPICAL SECTION X-X



METHOD "A"



METHOD "B"



METHOD "C"

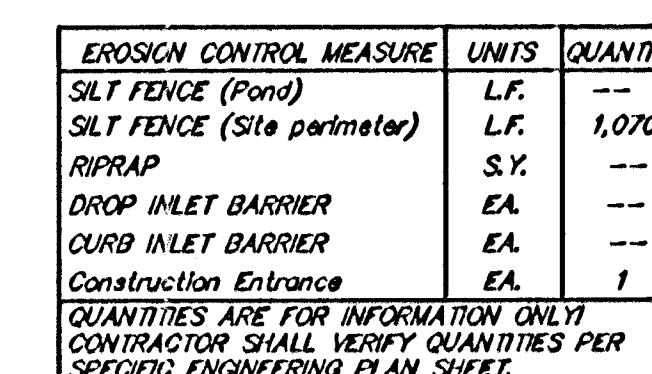
NOTE: RISER PIPE REQUIREMENTS AT MANHOLE STUBS SHALL BE SIMILAR TO THOSE SHOWN ABOVE.

GENERAL NOTES

1. RISERS. Risers shall be installed to serve all lots or tracts where the sanitary sewer main is below the water table. Risers shall also be installed to serve all lots and tracts where the sanitary sewer main depth is greater than 12 feet below the proposed ground elevation. Installation of risers because of field conditions shall be as approved by the Construction Engineer. The location of the risers to serve developed property shall be approved by the property owner and the Construction Engineer.
2. PIPE STUBS. Pipe stubs shall be installed in manholes where locations of manholes will provide satisfactory service connection as determined by the Construction Engineer. The vertical distance between the flowline of the manhole pipe stub and the flowline of the sanitary sewer main out of the manhole shall not exceed 2 feet. Risers shall be utilized at manhole pipe stubs as indicated in Note 1. Manhole pipe stubs shall be set such that the top of the stub is not lower than the top of the sanitary sewer main.
3. SIZING. Pipe stubs and risers shall be sized according to the plans and riser table where risers are indicated by the plans. Where risers or pipe stubs are required because of field conditions, the risers and stubs shall be six-inch diameter for commercial or industrial properties and 4" or 6" diameter for residential properties, based on lot size and sanitary sewer main depth. Sizing of risers and stubs shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
4. RISER OR STUB MATERIAL. Risers and stubs shall be constructed of Schedule 40 PVC Pipe, meeting the requirements of the latest revision of A.S.T.M. All pipe joints shall be solvent welded.
5. REINFORCED CONCRETE ENCASEMENT. Riser connections to clay pipe sanitary sewers shall be reinforced concrete encased both ways from the riser centerline. The reinforced concrete encasement shall extend three feet from the riser centerline or stop at the first sanitary sewer pipe joint within three feet of the riser centerline. Riser connections to PVC Sanitary Sewer mains shall be reinforced concrete encased one foot each way from the riser centerline. The concrete encasement shall be reinforced using reinforcing steel as shown in the appropriate drawing. The concrete shall conform to the City Standard Specifications for concrete pavement.
6. BEDDING. Bedding around the sanitary sewer riser shall be compacted Pipe Bedding Type 1 or 2. The bedding shall be placed and compacted from the depth of the sanitary sewer main to the top of the sanitary sewer riser pipe. Compacted Pipe Bedding Type 1 or 2 shall be required for all risers whether constructed in vertical wall or sloped wall trenches. Bedding material and construction practices shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
7. SUPPORT OF RISERS. Sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be supported during trench backfill. The riser pipe shall be held in a vertical position at all times until trench backfill and compaction has been completed. Contractor's methods for supporting and backfilling the riser pipe shall be approved by the Construction Engineer.
8. PLUGGING. The ends of the riser pipes and manhole stubs shall be plugged using an airtight solvent welded cap or plug. Cap or plug fittings shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation. Caps or plugs which do not provide an airtight seal will not be accepted.
9. TOP OF THE RISER PIPE. The top elevation of the sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be built per plan elevations, unless otherwise directed by the Construction Engineer. Where riser elevations are not shown on the plans, the top of the risers shall be set at an elevation four feet below the proposed ground surface. If ground water is encountered, the top of the riser pipe shall be set at an elevation two feet (min.) above the maximum water table elevation, regardless of the riser elevation shown on the plans.
10. MARKING. Locations of the ends of the sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be marked by fastening green colored plastic tape to the end of the riser. The tape shall be supported by a length of wooden 2 x 4, extending from the top of the riser pipe to the proposed ground surface. The green tape shall be visible and extend one foot above the proposed ground surface. The green tape shall be 4 mil Polyethylene film with a minimum width of three inches, specifically manufactured for the purpose of identification of underground sewers.
11. LOCATION MEASURES. The project inspector shall record and document the location of all risers constructed as measured from the nearest manhole, indicating the direction from the manhole, the direction and distance from the main, riser size, and elevation of the top of the riser.
12. RISER LOCATION. The riser shall be located per plan if shown. If not shown on the plan, the riser shall be located at the center of the lot, within one foot of the property side of the easement for the lot being served. All riser locations shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
13. PAYMENT. "Sanitary sewer risers" shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for all pipe, fittings, marking tape, length of trench, backfill, labor, site restoration, and any other items necessary to complete the work.

"Manhole stubs" shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which shall be full compensation for all labor, material, and incidentals necessary to complete the work including all pipe, fittings, reinforced concrete encasement, and all other items as required and listed for "Sanitary Sewer Risers".

Baughman		CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS	
Riser Details			
Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis & Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-2627711 F 316-2626147			
ENGINEERING SURVEYING PLANNING LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83415	DESIGN STAFF	DRAWN STAFF	DATE
REVISIONS	APPROVED		
SCALE NONE		SHEET 7 OF 12	
L:\Data\A\Sewers\Details\RiserDd.dwg			



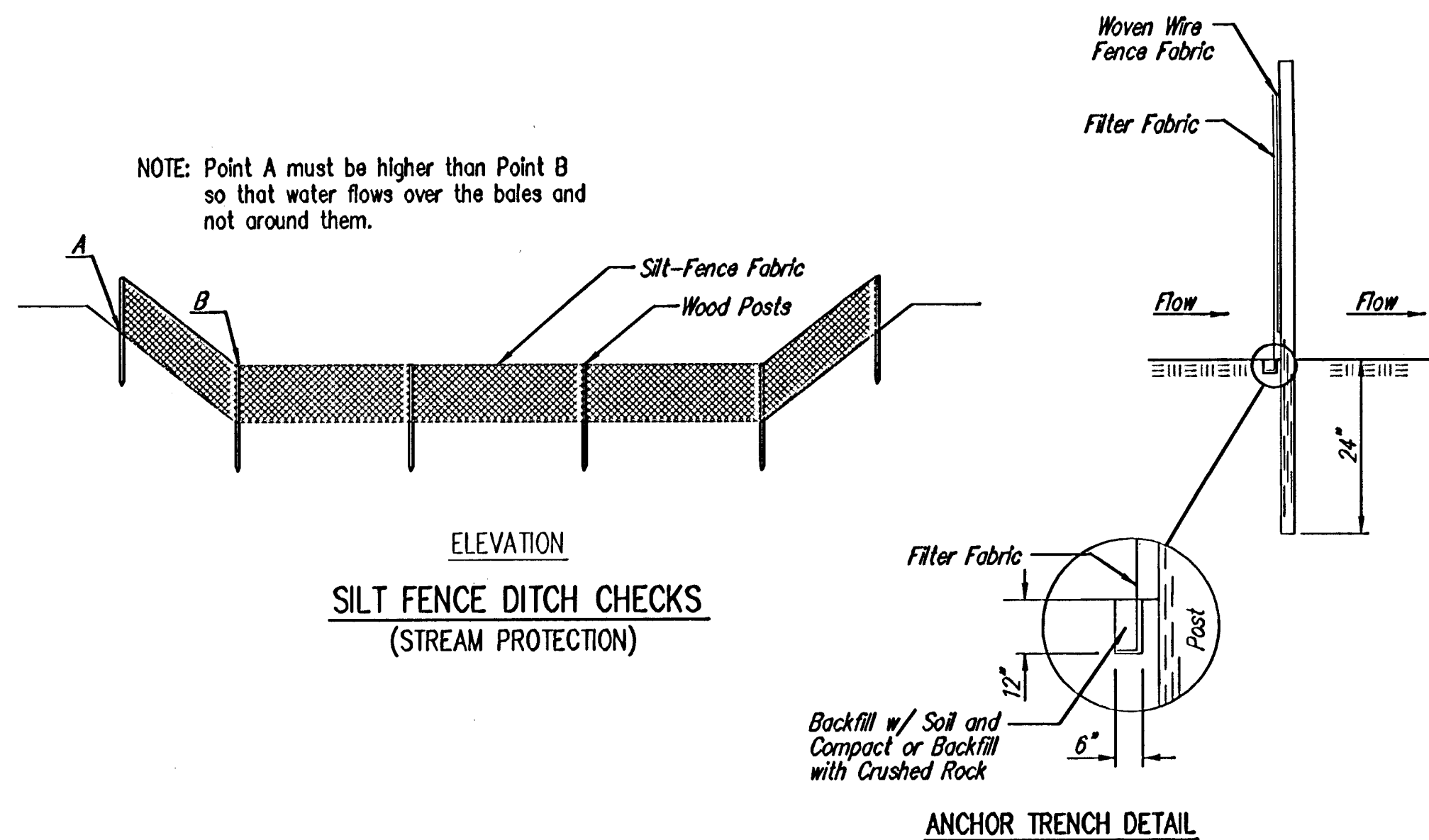
QUANTITIES ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY
CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY QUANTITIES PER
SPECIFIC ENGINEERING PLAN SHEET.

Remove trees ONLY as necessary for construction. Cost of removal to be incidental to lump sum bid item "Site Clearing & Restoration".

NOTE: Contractor shall remove & replace existing erosion control measures as necessary for construction. Contractor shall be required to maintain all on-site erosion control items until final acceptance by the City of Wichita.

Install one construction entrance onto existing paved roadway per detail, sheets 9-10.

	Meadowland Addition ENGINEERING CONTROL PLAN Baughman Company, P.A. 313 Eola & Wilcox, NE 67111 P:316.282.0147 F:316.282.0149 ENGINEERING & SURVEYING PLANNING LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">PROJECT NUMBER 46883415</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">REVISIONS</td> </tr> </table>	PROJECT NUMBER 46883415	REVISIONS	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">DESIGN MWS</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">DRAWN TMS</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">APPROVED</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">DATE 08/05</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="padding: 5px; text-align: center;">SCALE Noted SHEET</td> </tr> </table>	DESIGN MWS	DRAWN TMS	APPROVED	DATE 08/05	SCALE Noted SHEET	
PROJECT NUMBER 46883415									
REVISIONS									
DESIGN MWS	DRAWN TMS								
APPROVED	DATE 08/05								
SCALE Noted SHEET									



Material Specification:

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

Placement:

Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check, not over it. Silt fence ditch checks often fail when overtopped. Silt fence ditch checks should be placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. The silt fence should extend far enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the top of the low point of the fence. This prevents water from flowing around the check. Checks should not be placed in ditches where high flows are expected. Rock checks should be used instead. Silt fence should be placed in ditches with slopes of 6% or less. For slopes steeper than 6%, rock checks should be used.

The following table provides check spacing for a given ditch grade:

Ditch Check Ditch grade (%)	Spacing Check Spacing (feet)
0.5	200
1.0	200
2.0	100
3.0	65
4.0	50
5.0	40
6.0	30

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench perpendicular to the ditch flowline that is at least 12" deep by 6" wide. Extend the trench in a straight line along the entire length of the proposed ditch check. Place the soil on the upstream side of the trench for later use. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downstream side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upstream edge of the trench. Line two sides of the trench with the fabric as shown on detail. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt fence fabric should remain exposed. Lay the exposed silt fence on the upstream side of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downstream of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 24". Place posts no more than 4' apart. Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

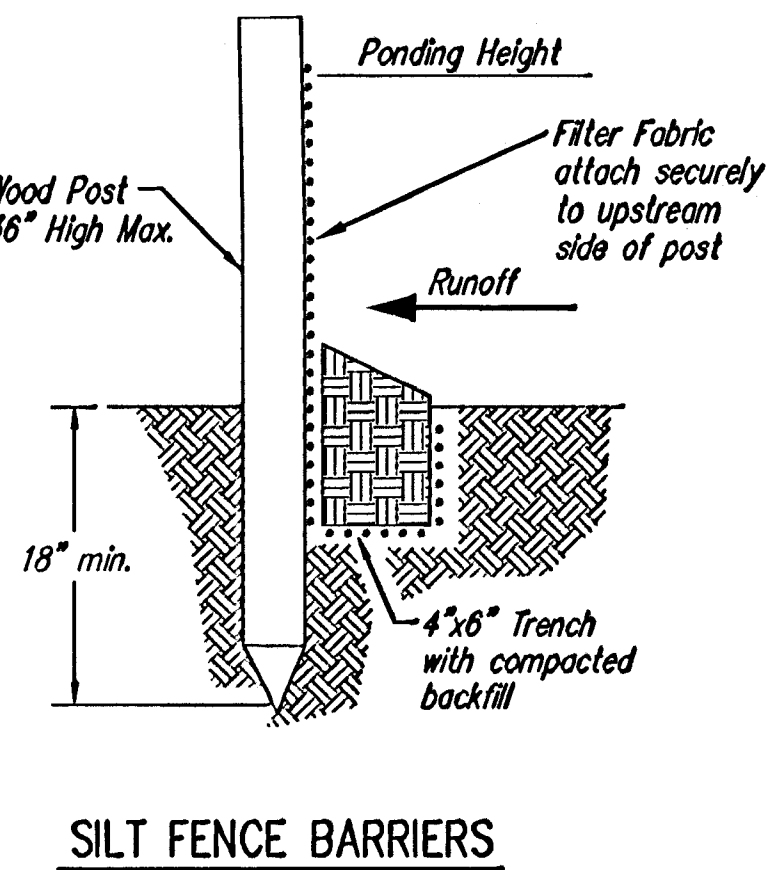
List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check—not over it. Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Silt fence installations quickly deteriorate when water overtops them. Do not place silt fence posts on the upstream side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not place a silt fence ditch check directly in front of a culvert outlet. It will not stand up to the concentrated flow. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in ditches that will likely experience high flows. They will not stand up to concentrated flow. Follow prescribed ditch check spacing guidelines. If spacing guidelines are exceeded, erosion will occur between the ditch checks. Do not allow water to flow around the ditch check. Make sure that the ditch check is long enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the low point on the top of the fence. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in channels with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the check is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Silt fence ditch checks should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Does water flow around the ditch check?
Does water flow under the ditch check?
Does the silt fence sag excessively?
Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the ditch check?



SILT FENCE BARRIERS

Material Specification:

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

Placement:

A slope barrier should be used at the toe of a slope when a ditch does not exist. The slope barrier should be placed on nearly level ground 5' to 10' away from the toe of a slope. The barrier is placed away from the toe of the slope to provide adequate storage for settling out sediment. When practicable, silt fence slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Silt fence slope barriers can also be placed along right-of-way fence lines to keep sediment from crossing onto adjacent property. When placed in this manner, the slope barrier will not likely follow contours.

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench the length of the planned slope barrier that is 6" deep by 4" wide. Make sure that the trench is excavated along a single contour. When practicable, slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Place the soil on the upslope side of the trench for later use. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downslope side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upslope edge. Line all three sides of the trench with the fabric. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt-fence fabric should remain exposed. Lay the exposed silt fence upslope of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downslope of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 18". Place posts no more than 4' apart. Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

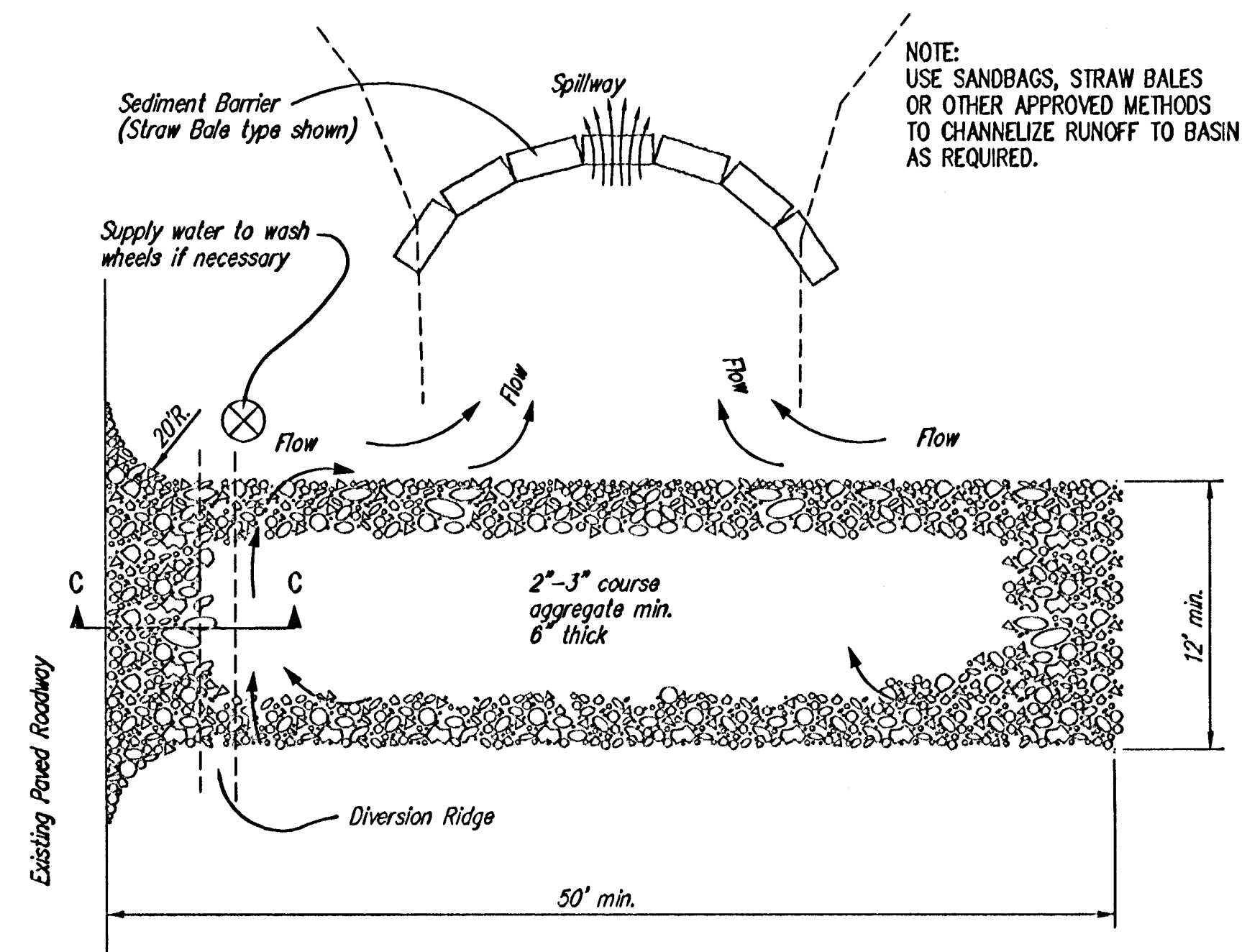
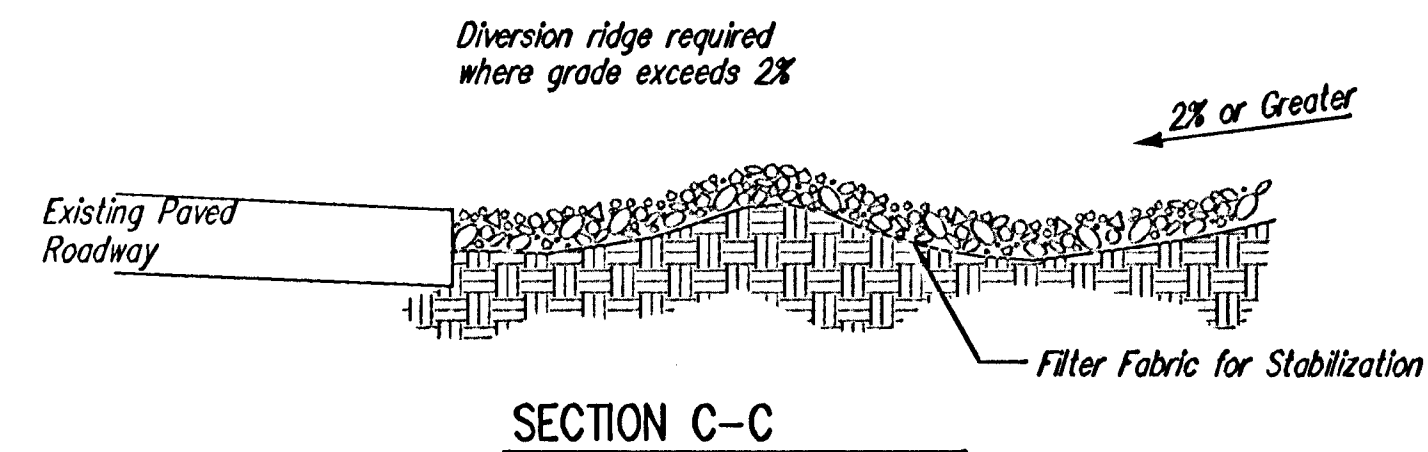
List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

When practicable, do not place silt fence slope barriers across contours. Slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. When the flow concentrates, it overtops the barrier and the silt fence slope barrier quickly deteriorates. Do not place silt-fence posts on the upslope side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not place silt fence slope barriers in areas with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the barrier is not sufficiently anchored, it will wash out. Silt fence slope barriers must be dug into the ground—silt fence at ground level does not work because water will flow underneath.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Silt fence slope barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Are there any points along the slope barrier where water is concentrating?
Does water flow under the slope barrier?
Do the silt fences sag excessively?
Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the slope barrier?

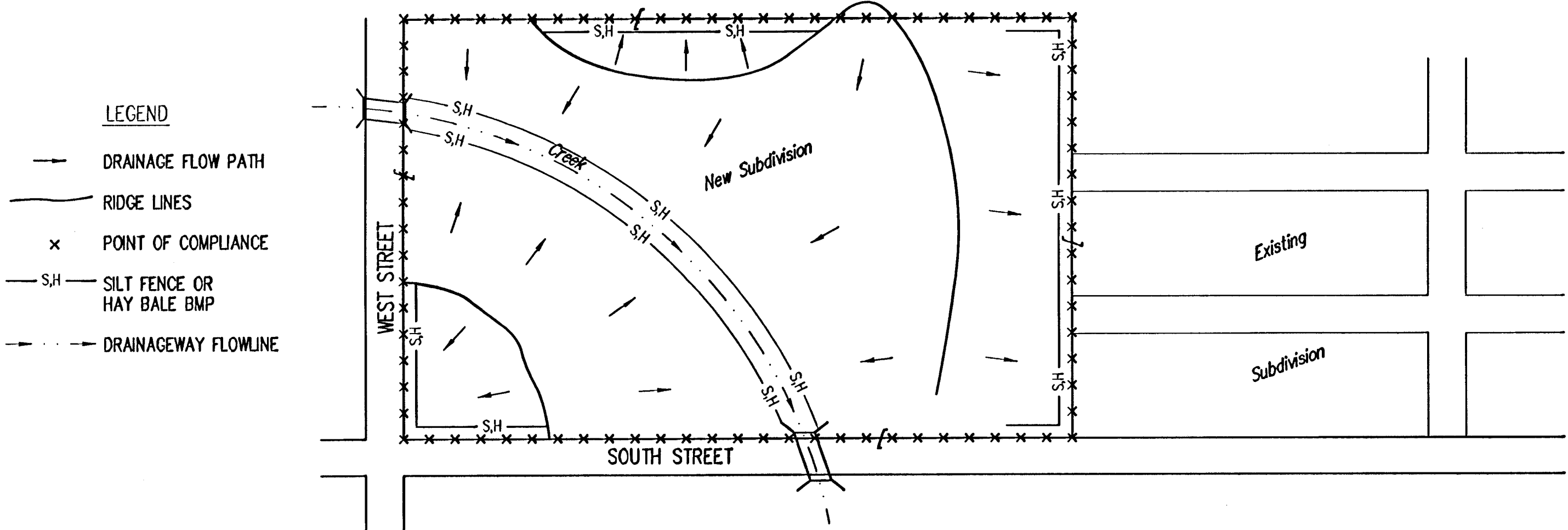


NOTES:

1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE TOP DRESSING, REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT.
2. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHALL BE CLEANED PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
3. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN, AS SHOWN ABOVE.
4. DRIVE ENTRANCES ONTO RESIDENTIAL LOTS WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO HAVE THE SEDIMENT BARRIER SHOWN, BUT WHEEL WASHING MAY BE REQUIRED IF STABILIZED ENTRANCE IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO KEEP MUD FROM BEING TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREET. ENTRANCE SHALL EXTEND FROM BACK OF CURB TO DWELLING.

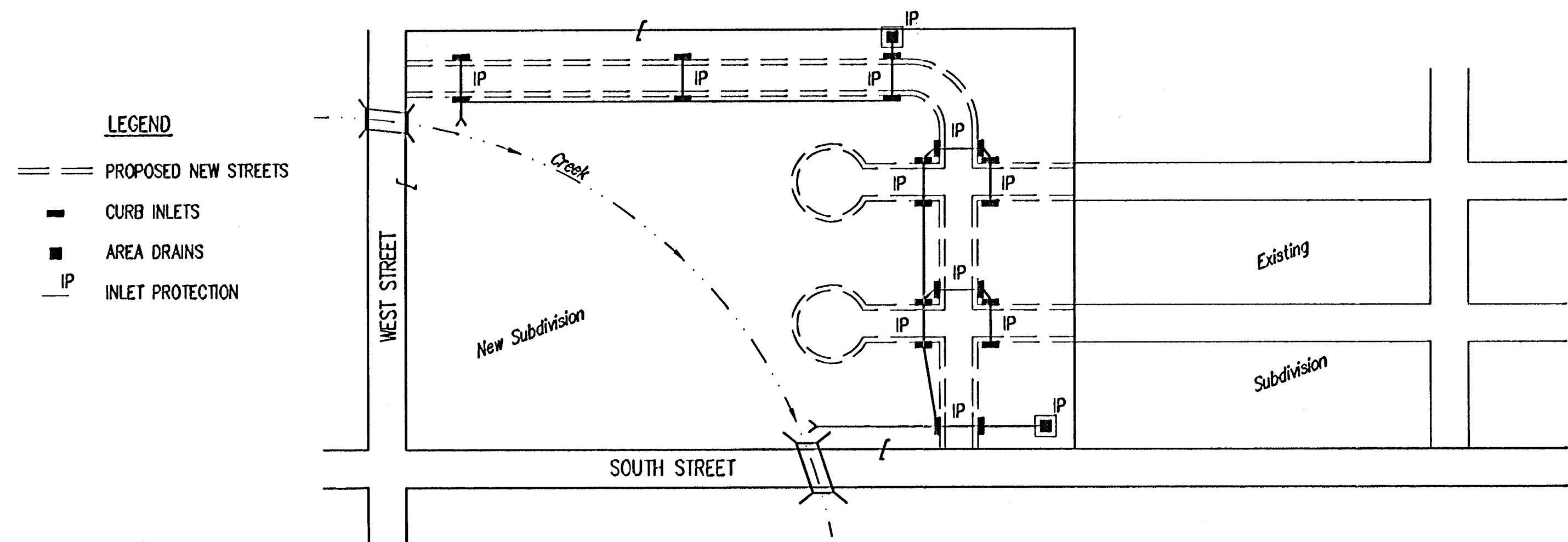
	SOIL EROSION BMP DETAILS	
	CHRISTOPHER M. CARRIER, P.E. STORM WATER ENGINEER	
	PROJECT NUMBER 468-83415	OCN NO. 744150
	DATE AUG 2005	SHEET 9 OF 12

PHASE 1 – INITIAL EARTHWORK AND UTILITIES (EXCEPT STORM SEWER)



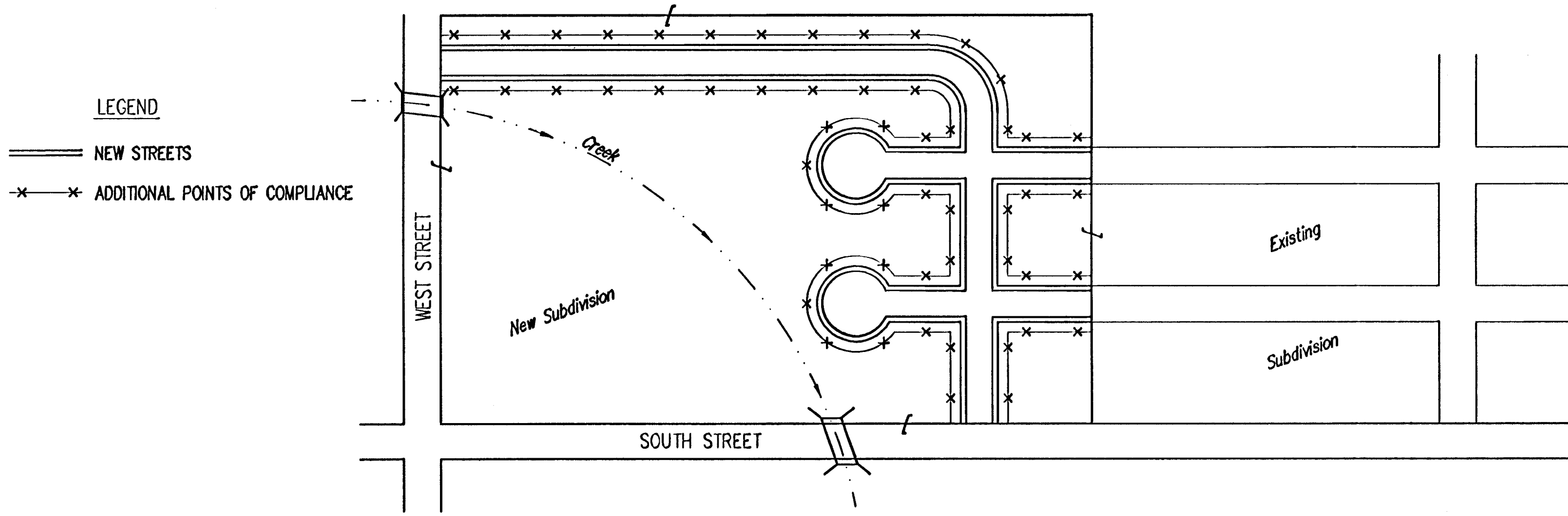
1. DURING THIS PHASE OF SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION, THE POINTS OF COMPLIANCE ARE THE PERIMETER BOUNDARIES AND ANY DRAINAGE WAYS OR STORM SEWERS DRAINING THROUGH OR FROM THE SITE. SHOULD LAKES BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE SUBDIVISION THAT WILL DISCHARGE DURING STORMS, THEY ARE ALSO A POINT OF COMPLIANCE.
2. HAYBALES OR SILT FENCE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED ALONG THE PROPERTY LINE WHERE ON SITE WATER CAN DRAIN OFF THE PROPERTY. THESE BMP'S WILL ALSO BE INSTALLED ALONG ANY DRAINAGE DITCH OR LAKE THAT CAN DISCHARGE.
3. SHOULD SILT OR SEDIMENT ENTER THE DITCHES OR GUTTERLINES ON THE ADJACENT BOUNDARY STREETS, APPROPRIATE BMP'S WILL BE PLACED WITHIN THE SUBDIVISION TO PREVENT THIS.
4. ANY MUD TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREETS WILL BE REMOVED AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY.
5. CONTRACTORS WORKING WITHIN THE SITE WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO USE INDIVIDUAL BMP'S AS LONG AS THOSE SPECIFIED ABOVE ARE IN PLACE AND EFFECTIVE. CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE BOUNDARY LINE STREETS OR ON ADJACENT PROPERTIES TO EXTEND UTILITIES ARE EXPECTED TO USE BMP'S AT THEIR WORK LOCATIONS, AS NEEDED.
6. UTILIZE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AT ENTRANCE AND EXIT ONTO ANY EXISTING PUBLIC STREETS.
7. THE SUBDIVISION DEVELOPER (OWNER) SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN THE ON-SITE BMP'S.

PHASE 2 – INSTALLATION OF STORM SEWER



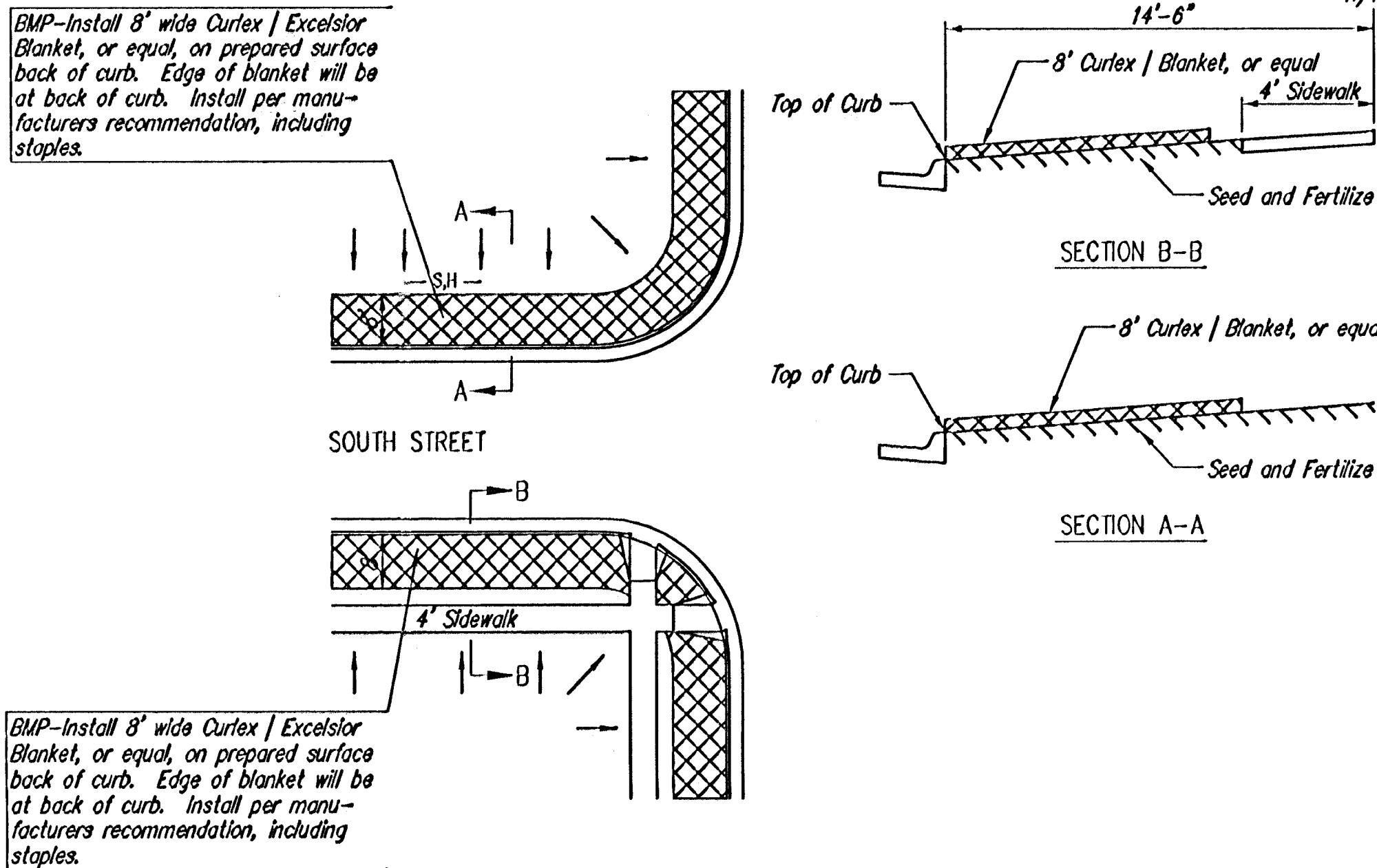
1. DURING THIS PHASE OF SUBDIVISION DEVELOPMENT, ALL BMP'S REQUIRED IN PHASE 1 SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND BE MAINTAINED.
2. AS NEW STORM SEWERS, WITH INLETS, ARE INSTALLED, THE STORM SEWERS MUST NOW BE PROTECTED SO ALL NEW INLETS BECOME POINTS OF COMPLIANCE.
3. AREA DRAINS – AS SOON AS WATER CAN FLOW INTO THESE DRAINS, HAYBALE OR SILT FENCE PROTECTION WILL BE INSTALLED AROUND THEM.
4. CURB OPENING INLETS – AS SOON AS WATER CAN FLOW INTO THESE DRAINS, INLET PROTECTION BMP'S MUST BE INSTALLED. SEE PHASE 3 – STREET CONSTRUCTION.
5. THE STORM SEWER CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING THESE BMP'S. IF WATER CANNOT FLOW INTO CURB INLETS UNTIL STREET CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE, THEN STREET CONTRACTOR WILL INSTALL INLET PROTECTION.
6. THE SUBDIVISION DEVELOPER WILL MAINTAIN THESE BMP'S ONCE INSTALLED.
7. ONCE ALL DISTURBED GROUND DRAINING TO AN INLET HAS BEEN RESTABILIZED WITH GRASS OR SOD, THE SUBDIVISION DEVELOPER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PERMANENTLY REMOVING THE INLET PROTECTION.

PHASE 3 – STREET CONSTRUCTION

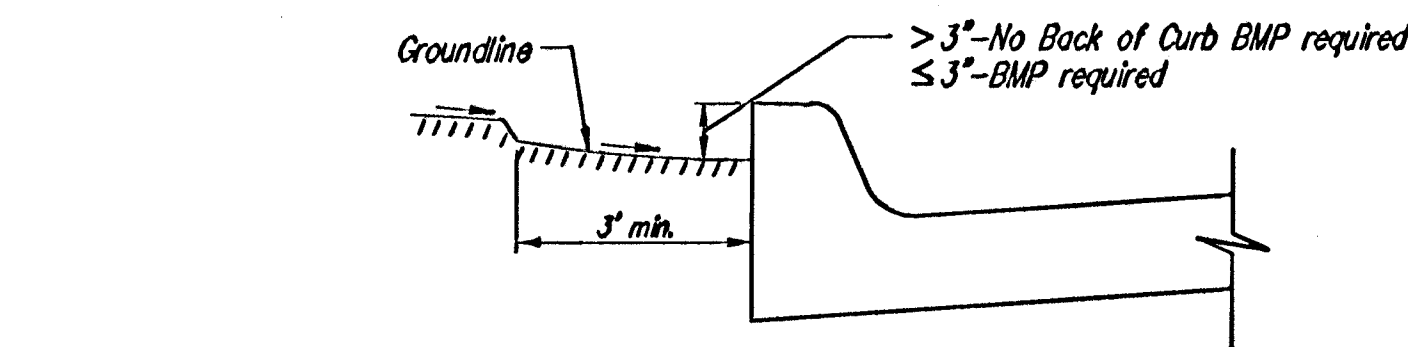


1. DURING THIS PHASE OF SUBDIVISION CONSTRUCTION, NEW STREETS ARE INSTALLED. ALL BMP'S INSTALLED DURING PHASE 1 AND 2 MUST STILL BE MAINTAINED. THE POINT OF COMPLIANCE NOW SHIFTS TO THE BACK OF CURB ALONG EACH STREET.
2. CURB OPENING INLET PROTECTION:
 - A. SUMP AREAS – INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED WHEN STREET SUBGRADE WORK IS COMPLETED.
 - B. NON-SUMP LOCATIONS – PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION AS SOON AS BASE COURSE ASPHALT IS INSTALLED, BEFORE THE SURFACE COURSE LIFT.
3. BMP'S WILL BE REQUIRED BACK OF CURB WHEREVER WATER CAN FLOW OVER THE CURB AND THE CURB HAS BEEN BACKFILLED TO WITHIN 3" OR LESS OF THE TOP OF CURB (SEE CURB BACKFILL DETAIL). FOR CURBS NOT YET ENTIRELY BACKFILLED (3" OR MORE BELOW TOP OF CURB), BMP'S WILL BE REQUIRED AT POINTS WHERE WATER BREAKS OVER CURB WHICH COULD RESULT IN THE PLACEMENT OF SEDIMENT IN THE CUTTER.
4. SEE DETAIL THIS SHEET ON BACK OF CURB PROTECTION.
5. THE BACK OF CURB PROTECTION SPECIFIED ON THIS PLAN MAY HAVE TO BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH HAYBALE OR SILT FENCE BMP'S AT LOCATIONS WHERE CONCENTRATED FLOW RESULTS IN SEDIMENT BEING CARRIED OVER THE EXCELSIOR MATS.
6. THE STREET CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING BACK OF CURB BMP'S.
7. THE INDIVIDUAL LOT OWNERS WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING THE BACK OF CURB BMP'S IN FRONT OF THEIR LOTS UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ADJACENT DISTURBED EARTH IS STABILIZED WITH GRASS OR SOD.

BMP-Install 8' wide Curlex / Excelsior Blanket, or equal, on prepared surface back of curb. Edge of blanket will be at back of curb. Install per manufacturer's recommendation, including staples.



BACK OF CURB PROTECTION DETAIL



CURB BACKFILL DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES:

1. THE INTENT OF ALL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (B.M.P.'S) IS TO PREVENT ERODED SOIL FROM ENTERING DITCHES, STORM SEWERS, OR ANY OTHER DRAINAGE FEATURE.
2. THIS SHEET IS INTENDED TO PROVIDE GUIDELINES AS TO WHAT TYPE OF BMP'S WILL BE INSTALLED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS. CONTRACTORS ARE EXPECTED TO BID PROJECTS ACCORDINGLY.
3. BMP'S SHALL BE MAINTAINED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS TO REMAIN EFFECTIVE. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE AS INDICATED ON THE BMP DETAIL SHEETS.
4. PERSONS DESTROYING BMP'S SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMMEDIATELY REPAIRING THEM OR INSTALLING SUITABLE REPLACEMENT BMP'S.
5. THE DEVELOPMENT OF ANY SUBDIVISION THAT DISTURBS 5 ACRES OR MORE WILL REQUIRE A FEDERAL/STATE NPDES STORMWATER PERMIT. THE PREPARATION OF A STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN IS REQUIRED. EROSION CONTROL BMP'S ARE REQUIRED. THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ARE THE MINIMUM STANDARDS TO BE SHOWN ON POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN.
6. FOR SUBDIVISIONS SMALLER THAN 5 ACRES, SOIL EROSION BMP'S ARE REQUIRED. ALSO, DEVELOPERS AND CONTRACTORS ARE ENCOURAGED TO DEVELOP POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS FOR EACH PROJECT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
7. FAILURE TO USE AND MAINTAIN BMP'S IS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 16.32 OF THE CITY CODE AND WILL SUBJECT THE SUBDIVISION DEVELOPER AND CONTRACTORS TO THE PENALTIES PROVIDED THEREIN.
8. THE APPLICATION OF BMP'S SHOWN ON THIS SHEET IS FOR SITUATIONS NORMALLY ENCOUNTERED. FROM TIME TO TIME, SITUATIONS WILL ARISE THAT MAY REQUIRE A DIFFERENT BMP OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN. BMP'S, OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN, MAY BE UTILIZED SO LONG AS THEY ARE EFFECTIVE AND MAINTAINED.
9. A STABILIZED EARTH SURFACE IS DEFINED AS ONE THAT IS HARD SURFACED WITH CONCRETE, ASPHALT, OR THE LIKE, OR ONE ON WHICH 70% OF THE GRASS HAS GERMINATED ON THE ENTIRE SURFACE.



SOIL EROSION BMP'S
SUBDIVISION
DEVELOPMENT
PROCESS

CHRISTOPHER M. CARRIER, P.E.
STORM WATER ENGINEER

PROJECT NUMBER
468-83415

OCA NO.
744150

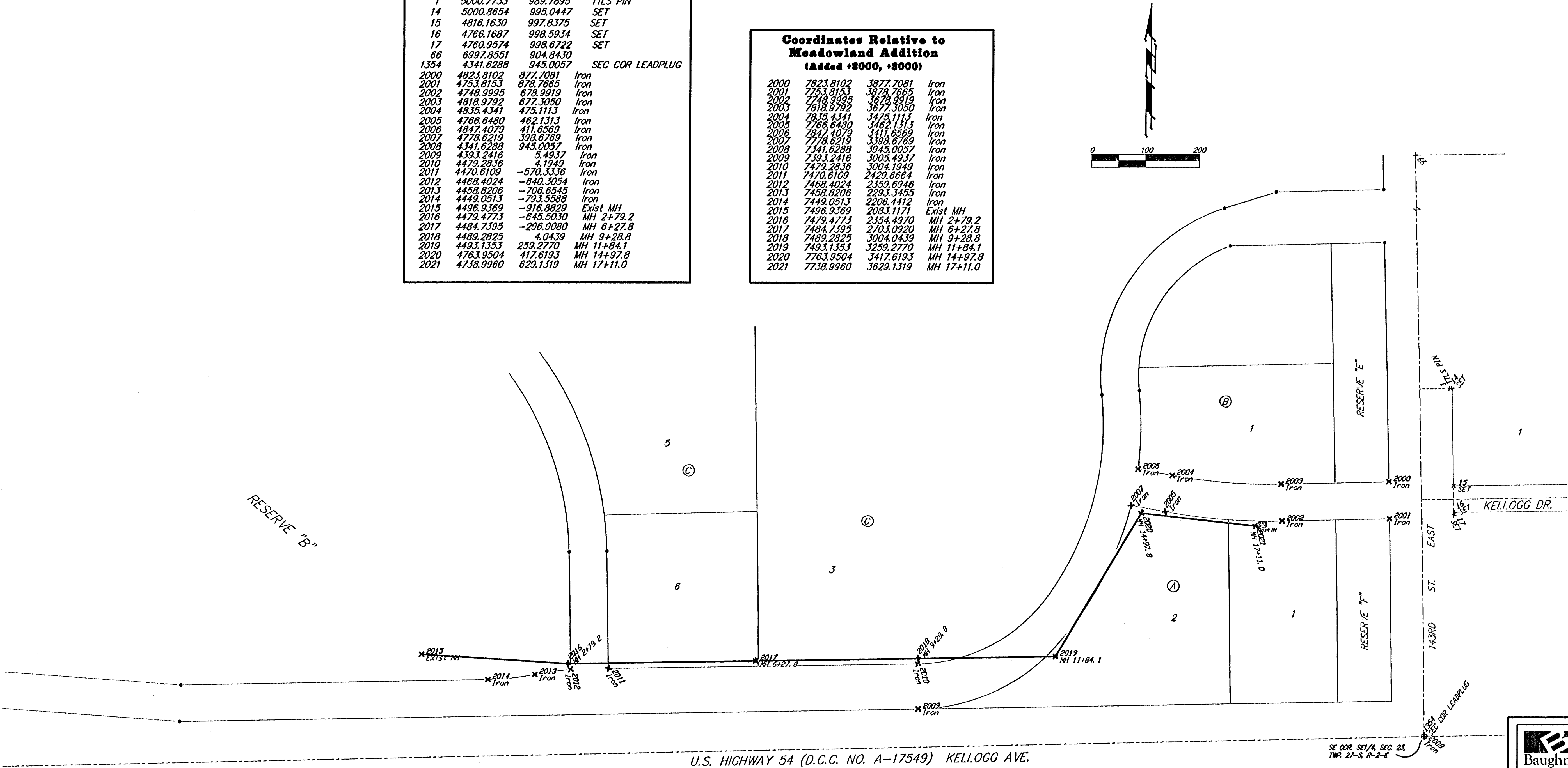
DATE
AUG 2005

SHEET 10 OF 12

MEADOWLAND ADDITION
WICHITA, SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

Coordinates Tied to Prairie Pond Plaza Addition			
1	5000.7733	989.7895	TLS PIN
14	5000.8654	995.0447	SET
15	4816.1630	997.8375	SET
16	4766.1687	998.5934	SET
17	4760.9574	998.6722	SET
66	6997.8551	904.8430	
1354	4341.6288	945.0057	SEC COR LEADPLUG
2000	4823.8102	877.7081	Iron
2001	4753.8153	878.7665	Iron
2002	4748.9995	678.9919	Iron
2003	4818.9792	677.3050	Iron
2004	4835.4341	475.1113	Iron
2005	4766.6480	462.1313	Iron
2006	4847.4079	411.6569	Iron
2007	4778.6219	398.6769	Iron
2008	4341.6288	945.0057	Iron
2009	4393.2416	5.4937	Iron
2010	4479.2836	4.1949	Iron
2011	4470.6109	-570.3336	Iron
2012	4468.4024	-640.3054	Iron
2013	4458.8206	-706.6545	Iron
2014	4449.0513	-793.5589	Iron
2015	4496.9369	-916.8829	Exist MH
2016	4479.4773	-645.5030	MH 2+79.2
2017	4484.7395	-296.9080	MH 6+27.8
2018	4489.2825	4.0439	MH 9+28.8
2019	4493.1353	259.2770	MH 11+84.1
2020	4763.9504	417.6193	MH 14+97.8
2021	4738.9960	629.1319	MH 17+11.0

Coordinates Relative to Meadowland Addition (Added +8000, +8000)			
2000	7823.8102	3877.7081	Iron
2001	7753.8153	3878.7665	Iron
2002	7748.9995	3678.9919	Iron
2003	7818.9792	3677.3050	Iron
2004	7835.4341	3475.1113	Iron
2005	7766.6480	3462.1313	Iron
2006	7847.4079	3411.6569	Iron
2007	7778.6219	3398.6769	Iron
2008	7341.6288	3943.0057	Iron
2009	7393.2416	3003.4937	Iron
2010	7479.2836	3004.1949	Iron
2011	7470.6109	2429.6664	Iron
2012	7468.4024	2359.6946	Iron
2013	7458.8206	2293.3455	Iron
2014	7449.0513	2206.4412	Iron
2015	7496.9369	2083.1171	Exist MH
2016	7479.4773	2354.4970	MH 2+79.2
2017	7484.7395	2703.0920	MH 6+27.8
2018	7489.2825	3004.0439	MH 9+28.8
2019	7493.1353	3259.2770	MH 11+84.1
2020	7763.9504	3417.6193	MH 14+97.8
2021	7738.9960	3629.1319	MH 17+11.0





Meadowland Addition
**Sanitary Sewer
Coordinates**
Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-263-7771 F 316-263-6149
ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

PROJECT NUMBER
468-83415

REVISIONS

DESIGN
MWS

APPROVED

SCALE
NTS

SHEET

DRAWN
MWS

DATE
10/05

11 OF 12

F:\eng\Prairie Pond Plaza\Prat_coord.dwg 0505-E246

MEADOWLAND ADDITION WICHITA, SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

NOTE:
PIPELINE EASEMENT GRANTED TO COOPERATIVE REFINERY
ASSOCIATION OVER THE S1/2 OF SEC. 23, T1P. 27-S, R-2-E,
(MISC. BOOK 241, PAGE 177), AND PARTIAL RELEASE OF RIGHT
OF WAY TO RELEASE THE S1/4 OF SAID SEC. 23, (T1P. 241,
PAGE 1335). (NOW ASSIGNED TO FARMLAND INDUSTRIES).

NOTE:
ADDITIONAL BUILDING SETBACK
REQUIREMENTS PER COMMUNITY
UNIT PLAN DP-248

NOTE:
THE GUY AND ANCHOR EASEMENT, (MISC. BOOK 223, PAGE 382),
AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN HAS AN UNDERMINED WIDTH, LENGTH,
AND DIRECTION. THE SYMBOLS REPRESENTED ON THIS PLAN
ARE BASED ON THE LOCATION CALL-OUTS AS DESCRIBED IN SAID
GUY AND ANCHOR EASEMENT, (MISC. BOOK 223, PAGE 382).

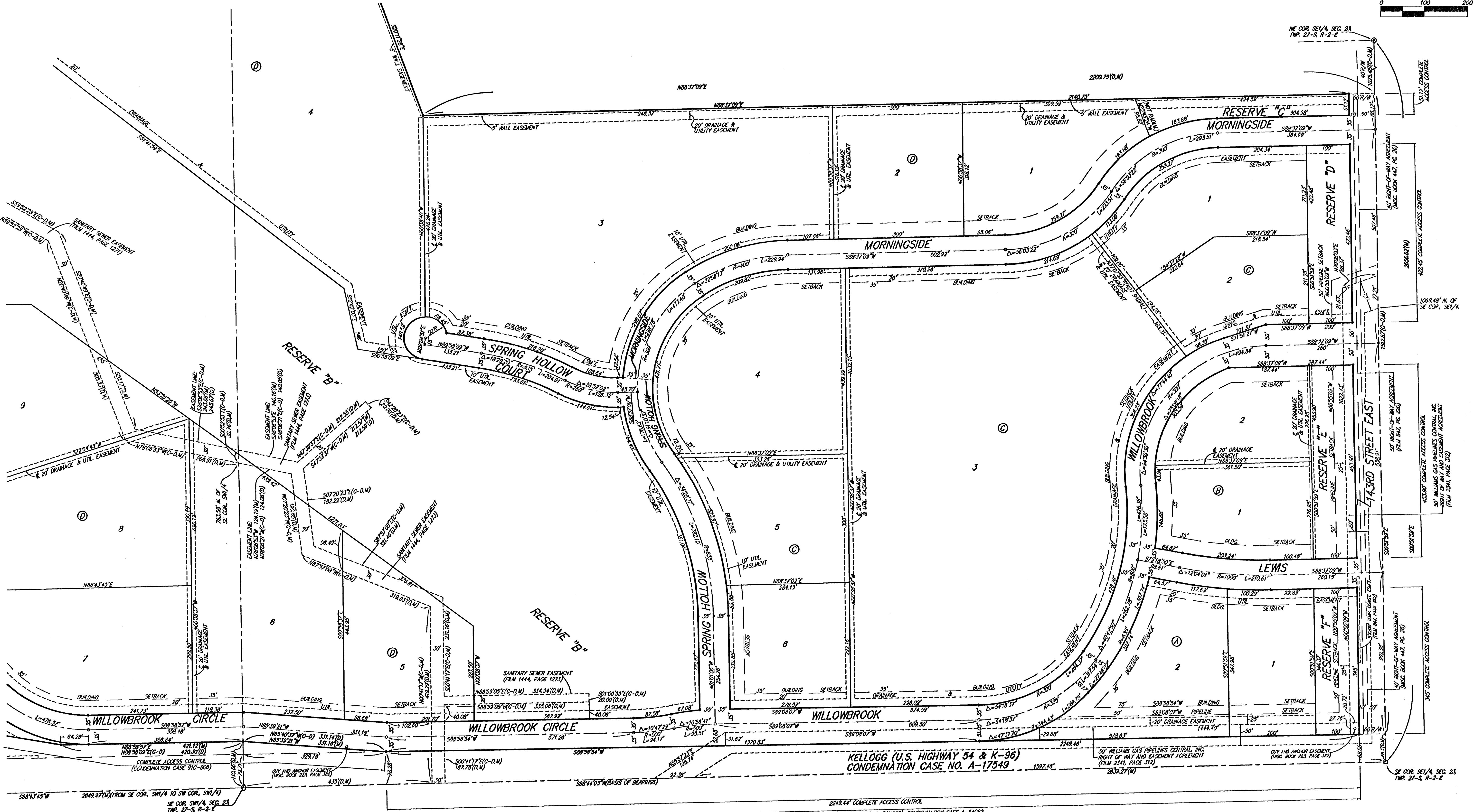
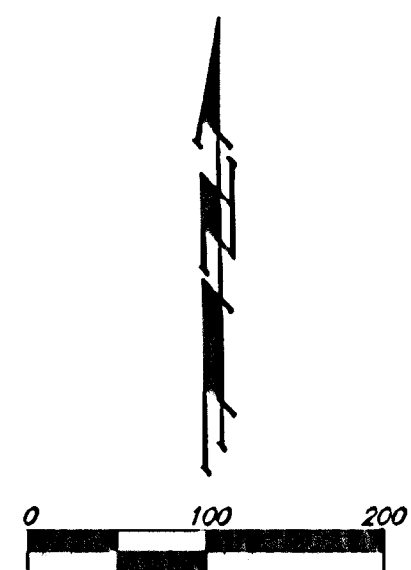
NOTE:
A DRAINAGE PLAN HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR THIS SUBDIVISION AND IS
ON FILE WITH THE CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS. DRAINAGE INTENT SHALL
REMAIN AS DESCRIBED OR AS MODIFIED WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY
ENGINEER OF THE CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS. NO OBSTRUCTIONS WHICH
IMPEDE THE FLOW OF THIS DRAINAGE PLAN SHALL BE ALLOWED.

(M) = MEASURED
(D) = DESCRIBED
(P) = PLATTED
(C) = CALCULATED
(C-D) = CALCULATED PER PLATTED INFO
(C-D) = CALCULATED PER DEED INFO

• = #4 REBAR W/ "BAUGHMAN" CAP (SET)
⊙ = #6 REBAR (FOUND)
⊗ = 1" IRON IN TRINGLE (FOUND)
⊠ = 7" K" NAIL & WASHER (FOUND)
⊡ = LEAD PLUG IN CONCRETE (FOUND)
⊕ = #6 REBAR IN TRINGLE (FOUND)
⊖ = #6 REBAR W/ 1/2" 1124" CAP (FOUND)
⊗ = #4 REBAR W/ "SRB" CAP (FOUND)

BENCHMARK:
"1" CUT ON TRAFFIC SIGNAL LIGHT POLE BASE,
NW CORNER OF KELLOGG & 143RD STREET EAST.
ELEV. = 1318.61 NGVD (131.21 CITY DATUM)
"1" CUT ON EAST HUBBARD AT K.T.A. BRIDGE
& 12TH STREET EAST.
ELEV. = 1358.50 NGVD (171.10 CITY DATUM)

MINIMUM BUILDING PAD ELEVATIONS FOR LOWEST OPENING TO THE STRUCTURES		ELEVATION	
LOT	BLOCK	CITY DATUM	NGVD
1	D	1328.0	1328.0
2	D	1328.0	1328.0
3	D	1328.0	1328.0
4	D	1328.0	1328.0
5	D	1328.0	1328.0
6	D	1328.0	1328.0
7	D	1328.0	1328.0
8	D	1328.0	1328.0
9	D	1328.0	1328.0
10	D	1328.0	1328.0
11	D	1328.0	1328.0



KELLOGG (U.S. HIGHWAY 54 & K-96)
CONDEMNATION CASE NO. A-17549

COMPLETE ACCESS CONTROL (EXCEPT FARM ENTRANCES), CONDEMNATION CASE A-54089

18-13-03-05