

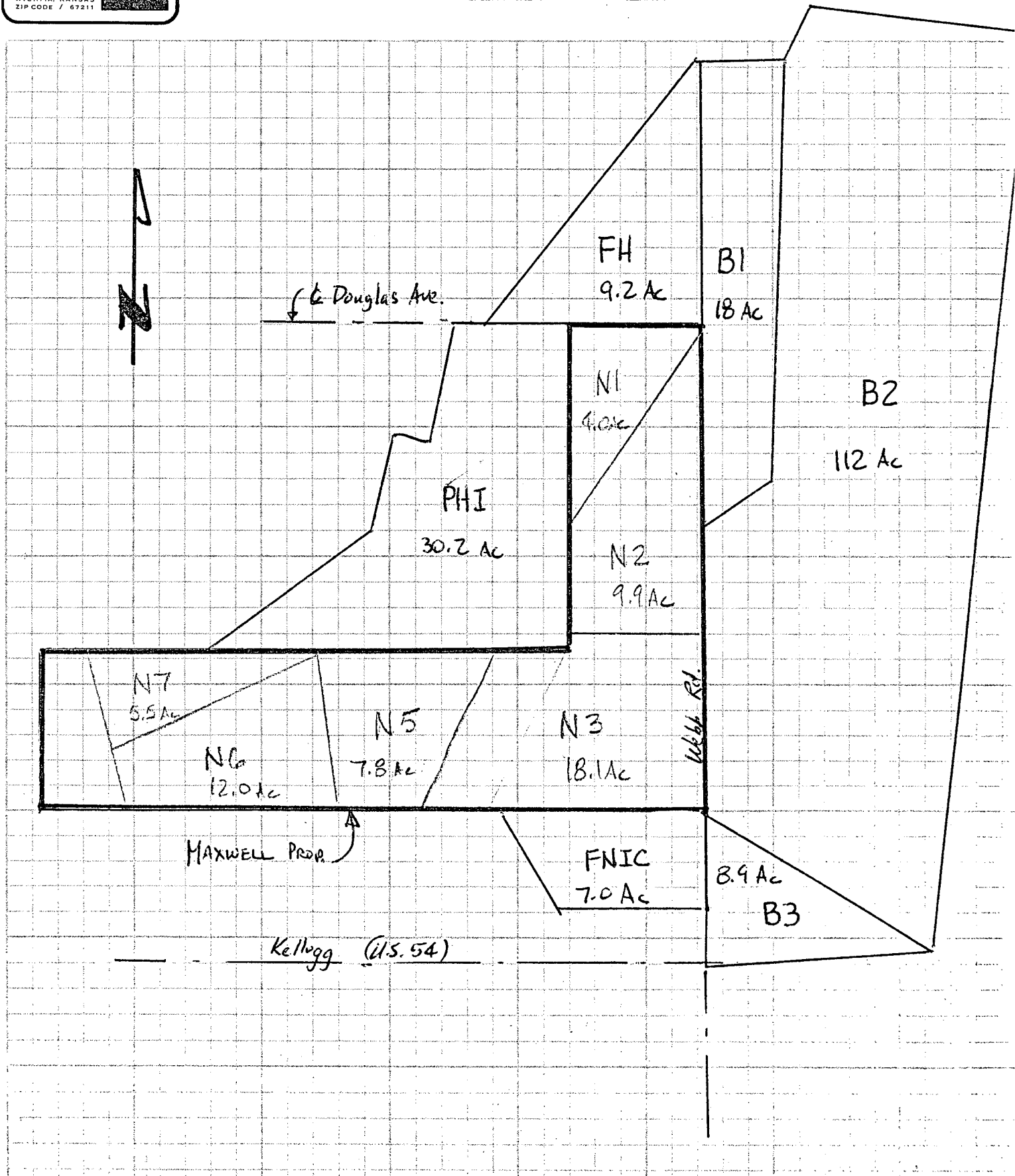


Date 6/21/82 MWB Page _____ of _____

1A/16

Project MAXWELL

Item EXISTING CONDITION DRAINAGE AREA MAP





Date 4/16/82 NAB Page 2 of
 Project MAYNELL
 Item EXISTING D's

2A/
16

Equations Used

$$S = \frac{1000}{L} - 10$$

$$P = \frac{(P - 0.25)^2}{(P + 0.85)}$$

$$\text{Lag} = \frac{L^{0.8}(S+1)^{0.7}}{1900L^2}$$

$$t_c = \frac{(L)(F_{imp})(F_{mu})(\text{Lag})}{0.6}$$

$$q_p = q_n P_d$$

Minimum t_c for calculation is

$$0.2 \text{ hr} = 12 \text{ min.}$$

t_c is calculated from subarea outlet to point of design, and rounded off to the nearest

$$0.25 \text{ hr.}$$

S = max. poss. retention (in)

Q_n = runoff in inches

Lag = lag time, hr

t_c = time of conc, min

q_n = peak discharge peak cfs/achin

q_p = peak runoff rate

P = 24 hr rainfall (5-yr = 4.6", 100-yr = 7.8")

Y = watershed slope, %

L = hydraulic length, ft



3A / 16

AREA B1

D.A. = 18.0 Ac

D Soil

Est. 40% Imp. CN=98
 60% Turf CN=80

$CN = (0.4)(98) + (0.6)(80) = 87$ ✓

201/82 $P_{100} = 7.8''$
 $P_5 = 4.6''$

$S = 1.49''$ ✓

$Q_{100} = 6.26''$ ✓ $Q_5 = 3.19''$ ✓

$L = 1300'$

$Y = \frac{1382 - 1357}{1600} = 1.4\%$

H.L.M. = 1300' % H.L.M. = 13/15 = 87%

$F_{H.L.M.} = 0.65$ $F_{imp} = 0.82$

Lag = 0.34 hr ✓

$T_c = 17 \text{ min} = 0.29 \text{ hr} \Rightarrow 0.3 \text{ hr}$ ✓
 $T_t = 0$

$q_p = \frac{658 \text{ cfs}}{18 \text{ min}}$

$q_{p100} = \frac{658}{640} \times 18 \times 6.26 = 122 \text{ cfs}$ ✓
 115^B

$q_{p5} = \frac{658}{640} \times 18 \times 3.19 = 62 \text{ cfs}$ ✓
 59^B

AREA B2

D.A. = 112.0 Ac

D Soil

10% Imp CN=98
 90% Turf CN=80

$CN = 98 \times 0.1 + 90 \times 80 = 81.8 \Rightarrow \text{USE B2}$

$S = 2.20''$ ✓

$Q_{100} = 5.67''$ ✓

$Q_5 = 2.72''$ ✓

$L = 3500'$

$Y = \frac{1382 - 1352}{3500} = 0.85\%$ ✓

H.L.M. = 0% (Open ditches)

$F_{H.L.M.} = 1.0$ $F_{imp} = 0.95$

Lag = 0.69 hr ✓

$T_c = 84 \text{ min} = 1.39 \text{ hr} \Rightarrow \text{use } 1.5 \text{ hr}$ ✓

$T_t = 0$
 $q_p = 236 \text{ cfs/mi}^2/\text{in}$ ✓

$q_{p100} = \frac{236}{640} \times 112 \times 5.67 = 234 \text{ cfs}$ ✓

$q_{p5} = \frac{236}{640} \times 112 \times 2.72 = 112 \text{ cfs}$ ✓

Check 1.25 hr

$q_{p100} = \frac{271}{640} \times 112 \times 5.67 = 269 \text{ cfs}$
 (15% more)

USE $q_{p100} = 250 \text{ cfs}$ $q_{p5} = 120 \text{ cfs}$



Date 4-28-82 MWB Page 1 of 1

Project Maxwell Prop

Item Revised B3 Existing

4A/
16

From field inspection 4/28/82
revise B3 to ~~to~~ 90% impervious.

$$DA = 9 \text{ Acres}$$

D Soil

$$10\% \text{ Turf } CN = 80$$

$$90\% \text{ Imp } CN = 98$$

$$CN = 0.1 \times 80 + 0.9 \times 98 = 96$$

$$S = 0.42 \text{''}$$

$$P_{100} = 7.8 \text{''} \quad P_5 = 4.6 \text{''} \quad P_2 = 3.5 \text{''}$$

$$Q_{100} = 7.32 \text{''} \quad Q_5 = 4.14 \text{''} \quad Q_2 = 3.04 \text{''}$$

$$L = 1200'$$

$$Y = \frac{1375 - 1358}{1200} = 1.4\%$$

$$\% \text{ HLM} = 100\%$$

$$F_{\text{imp}} = 0.78 \text{ } 0.80$$

$$F_{\text{HLM}} = ~~0.5~~ 0.78$$

$$\text{Lag} = 0.16 \text{ hr}$$

$$T_c = 10.2 \text{ min} \Rightarrow \text{use } 0.2 \text{ hr}$$

$$q_p = 1.24 \text{ cfs/ac/in}$$

$$q_{p100} = 1.24 \times 7.32 \times 9 = 82 \text{ cfs}$$

$$q_{p5} = 1.24 \times 4.14 \times 9 = 46 \text{ cfs}$$

$$q_{p2} = 1.24 \times 3.04 \times 9 = 34$$



Date 4/28/82 MWB Page 1 of 1
Project Maxwell Prop.
Item Revised FNIC Existing.

5A/16

~~D.A.~~
Based on field survey inspection
4/28/82, add 125' x 550' to
area

$$DA = 7 + \frac{125 \times 550}{43560} = 8.6 \text{ ac}$$

Est. imp area = 75%

D Soil

$$CN = 0.75 \times 98 + 0.25 \times 80 = 94$$

$$S = 0.64 \text{ in}$$

$$P_{100} = 7.8'' \quad P_5 = 4.6'' \quad P_2 = 3.5''$$

$$Q_{100} = 7.08'' \quad Q_5 = 3.91'' \quad Q_2 = 3.04''$$

$$L = 750'$$

$$\text{HLM} = \text{100\%}$$

$$F_{HLM} = 0.72 \quad F_{imp} = 0.77$$

Estimate 2% = Y

$$\text{Lag} = 0.10 \text{ hr}$$

$$T_c = 6 \text{ min}$$

$$\text{Use } T_c = 12 \text{ minute} = 0.2 \text{ hr}$$

$$\text{Let } T_t = 0 \quad q_p = 1.24 \text{ cfs/ac/in}$$

$$q_{p100} = 1.24 \times 7.08 \times 8.6 = 76 \text{ cfs}$$

$$q_{p5} = 1.24 \times 3.91 \times 8.6 = 42 \text{ cfs}$$

$$q_{p2} = 1.24 \times 3.04 \times 8.6 = 32 \text{ cfs}$$



Date 4/15/82 MMB Page 5 of
 Project MAXWELL 78414-2
 Item EXISTING COND. Q'S

GA
1/6

AREA FH

Area = 9.2 Ac

D Soil

4/4 Ac-lot = CN: 87

S = 1.49"

Q₁₀₀ = 6.25" Q₅ = 3.19"

L = 1400'

Y = $\frac{1382 - 1359}{1400} = 1.6\%$

Assume % HLM = 50% F_{HLM} = 0.78

% Imp = 38% F_{imp} = 0.82

Lag = 0.26 hr

T_c = 17 min ⇒ USE 0.3 hr

If T_t = 0

q_a = 658 cfs/mi²/in (by interpolation)

q_{p100} = $\frac{658}{640} \times 9.2 \times 6.25 = 59$ cfs

q_{p5} = $\frac{658}{640} \times 9.2 \times 3.19 = 30$ cfs

AREA PHI

Area = 30.2 Ac

D Soil

40% Imp CN = 98
 60% Turf CN = 80

CN = 0.4 x 98 + 0.6 x 80 = 87

S = 1.49"

Q₁₀₀ = 6.25" Q₅ = 3.19"

Y = $\frac{11'}{425'} = 2.5\%$ (Avg. land slope)

Assume HLM = 50% F_{HLM} = 0.78

% Imp = 40% F_{imp} = 0.82

L = 1500'

Lag = 0.09 hr

T_c = 5.8 min ⇒ USE 0.1 hr

BUT min. t_c = 15 min ⇒ USE 0.25 hr

q_a = $\frac{796 + 658}{2} = 727$ cfs/mi²/in

q_{p100} = $6.25 \times 30.2 \times \frac{727}{640} = 214$ cfs

q_{p5} = $3.19 \times 30.2 \times \frac{727}{640} = 109$ cfs

OK



Date 4/15/82 MWB Page 6 of
 Project MAXWELL PROP
 Item EXISTING COND Q.

7A/16

AREA N1

Area = 4.0 Ac.

D Soil

CN = 80

S = 2.50"

$P_{100} = 7.8"$

$P_5 = 4.6"$

$Q_{100} = 5.44"$

$Q_5 = 2.54"$

$L = 700'$

$Y = 1.65\%$

Lag = 0.19 hr

$T_c = 18.6 \text{ min}$ USE 0.3 hr

Based on $T_c = 0$

$q_{p100} = \frac{658}{640} \times 4 \times 5.44 = 22 \text{ cfs}$

$q_{p5} = \frac{658}{640} \times 4 \times 2.54 = 10 \text{ cfs}$

AREA N2

Area = $\frac{(550 + 970)}{2} (570) = 9.9 \text{ ac.}$
43560

D Soil

CN = 80

S = 2.50"

$Q_{100} = 5.44"$ $Q_5 = 2.54"$

$L = 1200'$

$Y = 1.6\%$

Lag = 0.29 hr

$T_c = 29 \text{ min} \Rightarrow 0.5 \text{ hr}$

Based on $T_c = 0$

$q_{p100} = \frac{496}{640} \times 9.9 \times 5.44 = 42 \text{ cfs}$

$q_{p5} = " \times " \times 2.54 = 19.5 \text{ cfs}$

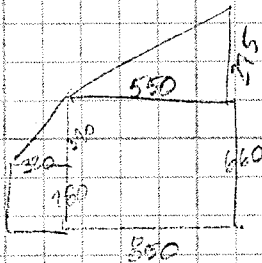


Date 4/15/82 MAB Page 7 of _____
 Project MAXWELL PROP
 Item EXISTING COND. Q

8A
16

AREA N3

Area = 18.1 Ac



D Soil

CN = 80

S = 2.50"

$Q_{100} = 5.44"$ $Q_5 = 2.54"$

$l = 800'$

$Y = 2.4\%$

Lag = 0.17 hr

$T_c = 17 \text{ min} \Rightarrow 0.3 \text{ hr}$

Based on $T_t = 0$

$$Q_{P100} = \frac{658}{640} \times 18.1 \times 5.44 = 101 \text{ cfs}$$

$$Q_{P5} = \frac{658}{640} \times 18.1 \times 2.54 = 47 \text{ cfs}$$

AREA N5

Area = 7.8 Ac

D Soil

CN = 80

S = 2.50"

$Q_{100} = 5.44"$ $Q_5 = 2.54"$

$l = 825'$

$Y = 3\%$

Lag = 0.16 hr

$T_c = 16 \text{ min} \Rightarrow 0.25 \text{ hr}$

Based on $T_t = 0$

$$Q_{P100} = \frac{658}{640} \times 7.8 \times 5.44 = 44 \text{ cfs}$$

$$Q_{P5} = " \times " \times 2.54" = 20 \text{ cfs}$$



Date 4/20/82 MMB Page 8 of _____

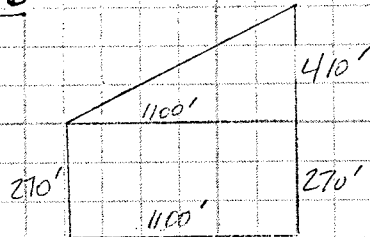
Project Maxwell Prop.

Item Existing Concl. Q

9A
16

AREA N6

DA = 12.0 ac



D Soil

CN=80

S = 2.50"

P₁₀₀ = 7.8" P₅ = 4.6"

Q₁₀₀ = 5.44" Q₅ = 2.54"

Y = 2.75%

L = 750'

Lag = 0.15 hr

T_c = 15 min → 0.25 hr

BASED ON T_t = 0

q_a = $\frac{658}{640}$ cfs/ac/in = 1.03 cfs/ac/in

q_{P100} = 1.03 x 12 x 5.44 = 67 cfs

q_{P5} = " x " x 2.54 = 31 cfs

AREA N7

DA = $\frac{1}{2} \times 1050' \times 460' = 5.5$ ac.
43560

D Soil

CN=80

S = 2.50"

P₁₀₀ = 7.8" P₅ = 4.6"

Q₁₀₀ = 5.44" Q₅ = 2.54"

Y = 1.33%

L = 375'

Lag = 0.13 hr

T_c = 13 min = 0.21 hr

Based on T_t = 0

q_a = $\frac{727}{640}$ cfs/ac/in = 1.14 cfs/ac/in

q_{P100} = 1.14 x 5.5 x 5.44 = 34 cfs

q_{P5} = " x " x 2.54 = 16 cfs

MAXWELL ADDITION

EXISTING CONDITION

TR 55 Form 1 - Hydrograph Computations - Basic Data SHT 1 of 2

Table VI-2

Subarea	Drainage Area, mi^2	y_1	CN^2	$PPIA, \%$	HLM, $\%$	l, ft
B1	$18.0Ac = 0.03$	1.4%	87	40%	72%	1800'
B2	$112.0Ac = 0.18$	0.85%	82	10%	0%	3500'
B3	$8.9Ac = 0.01$	1.4%	96	90%	100%	1200'
FH	$9.2Ac = 0.01$	2.16%	87	38%	50%	1400'
PHI	$30.2Ac = 0.05$	2.5%	87	40%	50%	1500'
FNIC	$8.6Ac = 0.01$	2%	89	75%	100%	750'
N1	$4.0Ac = 0.01$	1.65%	80	0%	0%	700'
N2	$9.9Ac = 0.015$	1.6%				1200'
N3	$18.1Ac = 0.03$	2.4%				800'
N5	$7.8Ac = 0.01$	3%				825'

1 y_1 = average watershed land slope, %
 2 CN = runoff curve number
 3 $PPIA$ = percent impervious area, %
 4 HLM = percent of hydraulic length modified, %
 5 l = hydraulic length of watershed, ft., distance from the point of design up the channel until it disappears when normal to the contours up to the divide.

MAXWELL IRREP.

4/2/82

10A

Maxwell Addition
 Existing Cond.

SHT 1 OF 2

TR 55 Form 2 - Hydrograph Computations - Time of Concentration, Travel Time and Runoff

Table VI-3

Area	L Basin Lag, hrs	F _{HLM} ¹	F _{IMP} ²	T _c ³ hr	Length of Channel, ft	Average velocity ft/sec	T _t min	100-Yr Design Precip., in	100-Yr Q, in.	$5C=DA \cdot Q,$ mi ² -in
B1	0.34	0.65	0.82	0.3	2650	5	8.8 0.15 hr	7.8	6.26	0.18
B2	0.69	1.0	0.95	1.5	2200	5	7.3 = 0.12 hr		5.67	0.99
B3	0.16	0.78	0.8	0.2	2650	5	8.8 = 0.15 min		7.32	0.10
FH	0.26	0.78	0.82	0.3	2600	5	0.15		6.25	0.09
PHI	0.09	0.78	0.82	0.1	800	5	3 = 0.04 hr		6.25	0.29
FNIC	0.10	0.72	0.77	0.2	3300'	5	7.67 = 0.13 hr		7.08	0.10
N1	0.19	1.0	1.0	0.3	2100'	5	7 = 0.12 hr		5.44	0.034
N2	0.29			0.5	1800'	5	6 = 0.10 hr			0.084
N3	0.17			0.3	1800'	5	6 = 0.10 hr			0.154
N5	0.16			0.25	1150'	5	3.8 = 0.06 hr			0.066

VI-27

*Minimum t_c = 15 min.

Correction Factor for hydraulic length modified from Fig. 3-4, p. 3-8, TR 55
 Correction Factor for imperviousness from Fig. 3-5, p. 3-9, TR 55

$C = 1.67 \cdot L \cdot F_{HLM} \cdot F_{IMP}$

This runoff obtained from Fig. 3-12, p. 3-35, FHWA Manual or Table 2-1, p. 2-3, TR 55 for the design storm precipitation

12A
 1/6

EXISTING CONDITIONS

TR 55 Form 2 - Hydrograph Computations - Time of Concentration, Travel Time and Runoff

File VI-3

Area	L Basin Lag, hrs	F _{HLM} ¹	F _{IMP} ²	T _C ³	Length of Channel, ft	Average velocity	T _t min	100-yr Design Precip., in	100-yr Q ₄ , in.	⁵ C=DA·Q, mi ² -in
N6	0.15	1.0	1.0	0.25	300'	5	1.0 = 0.02hr	7.8	5.44	0.102
N7	0.13	1.0	1.0	0.21	0	-	0	7.8	5.44	0.046

VI-27

Correction Factor for hydraulic length modified from Fig. 3-4, p. 3-8, TR 55
 Correction Factor for imperviousness from Fig. 3-5, p. 3-9, TR 55
 $T_C = 1.67 \cdot L \cdot F_{HLM} \cdot F_{IMP}$
 Q is runoff obtained from Fig. 3-12, p. 3-35, FHWA Manual or Table 2-1, p. 2-3, TR 55 for the design storm precipitation
 This coefficient will be used in TR 55 Form 3.

13A
1/16

MAXWELL ADDITION

SHT 10PZ

EXISTING COND 100-YR

TR 55 Form 3 - Hydrograph Computations

Table VI-4

Subarea	hr T_c	hr T_t	m^2/in C	Subarea hydrographs, cfs														
				11.0 hrs.	11.5 hrs.	12.0 hrs.	12.4 hrs.	12.6 hrs.	12.8 hrs.	13.0 hrs.	13.2 hrs.	13.5 hrs.	14.0 hrs.	14.5 hrs.	15.0 hrs.	16.0 hrs.	18.0 hrs.	20.0 hrs.
B1	0.3	0.25	0.18	3	6	50	77	42	26	17	14	11	8	7	6	5	3	3
BZ	1.5	0	0.99	10	18	81	190	225	234	223	199	151	98	68	50	32	20	16
BS	0.2	0.25	0.10	2	3	40	32	16	11	8	7	5	4	3	3	2	2	1
FH	0.3	0.25	0.09	2	3	25	39	21	13	9	7	5	4	3	3	2	2	1
PHI	0.1	0	0.29	7	15	138	35	25	20	19	15	14	11	10	8	7	5	4
FNIC	0.3	0	0.10	2	4	66	18	12	9	7	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	1
NI	0.3	0	0.034	1	1	22	6	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
NZ	0.5	0	0.084	2	3	36	26	16	11	8	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	1
N3	0.3	0	0.154	3	7	101	28	19	13	11	9	8	6	5	5	4	3	2
N5 Total	0.25	0	0.066	2	3	42	9	7	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1

VI-28

1r DA x Q, mi2 - in, from Form 2

14A
1/16

MANUAL APPROVAL
EXISTING COND 100-YR

SHT 2-05-2

TR 55 Form 3 - Hydrograph Computations

Subarea	hr T_c	hr T_t	mi ² -in C ¹	Subarea hydrographs, cfs															
				11.0 hrs.	11.5 hrs.	12.0 hrs.	12.4 hrs.	12.6 hrs.	12.8 hrs.	13.0 hrs.	13.2 hrs.	13.5 hrs.	14.0 hrs.	14.5 hrs.	15.0 hrs.	16.0 hrs.	18.0 hrs.	20.0 hrs.	
N6	0.25	0	0.102	2	5	65	12	11	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	
N7	0.2	0	0.046	1	2	29	6	5	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	
TOTAL			REVISED	35	69	669	468	398	351	342	275	244	147	109	87	62	42	33	
TOTAL				37	70	695	478	403	356	318	278	216	149	110	88	62	44	33	
Total																			

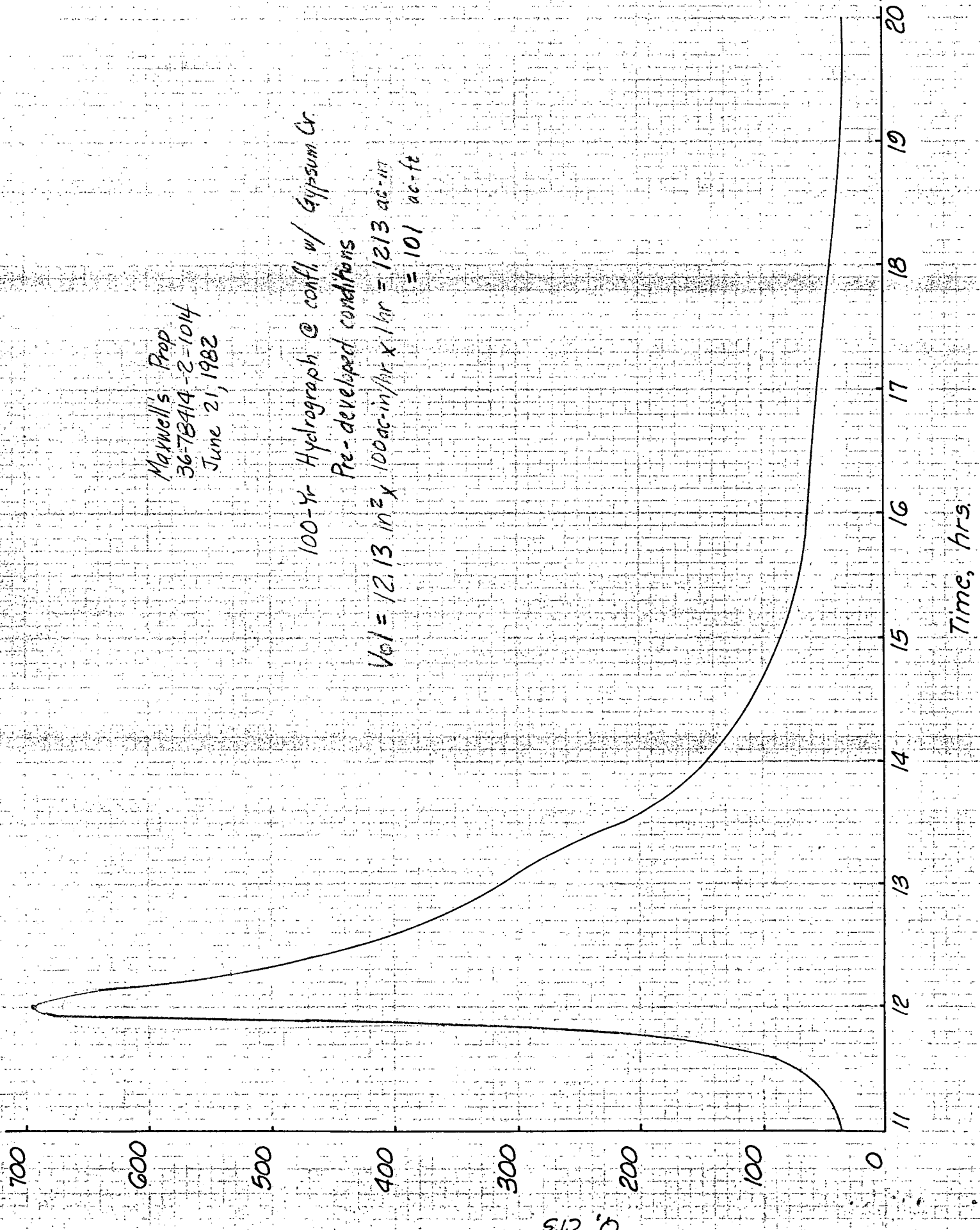
VI-28

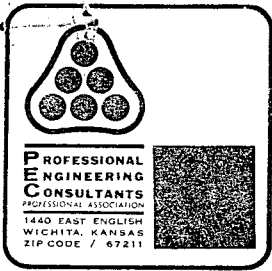
15A

Maxwell's Prop
36-78414-2-1014
June 21, 1982

100-Yr Hydrograph @ confluence w/ Gypsum Cr
Pre-developed conditions

$$\text{Vol} = 12.13 \text{ in}^2 \times 100 \text{ ac-in/hr} \times 1 \text{ hr} = 1213 \text{ ac-in} \\ = 101 \text{ ac-ft}$$





Date 6-22-82 MWB Page _____ of _____

10/11

Project MAXWELL ADDITION

Item HYDRAULIC DESIGN

ASSUMPTIONS

1. PIPE FLOW IN PRESSURE FLOW, I.E., H.G.L. ELEV IS HIGHER THAN TOP OF PIPE.
2. INLET CAPACITY IS SUFFICIENT TO INTERCEPT FLOW AND CONVEY IT TO PIPE
- 3.



Date 6-22-82 MWB Page _____ of _____

Project MAXWELL ADDITION

Item HYDRAULIC DESIGN

24/11

NODES 120-100

Intercepts flow beneath Douglas Avenue.

$Q_{100} = 59 \text{ cfs}$ from Area FH

Area 2MIV & IW will sheet flow overland and outfall into PHE Addition Floodway Reserve.

Computer printout for hydraulics follows. Conduits are designed for 100-year flow.



Date 6-22-62 MMB Page _____ of _____

Project MAXWELL ADDITION

Item HYDRAULIC DESIGN

AC/11

NODES 240-200

NODE 240 INTERCEPTS FLOW FROM AREA B1 & 1E.

NODE 230 INTERCEPTS FLOW FROM AREA B2 & 2E, & A PORTION FROM AREA B3.

HYDROLOGY SUMMARY

<u>SUBAREA</u>	<u>AREA, AC.</u>	<u>Q₁₀₀, CFS</u>	<u>T_C, min</u>
B1	18.0	122	17
B2	112.0	234	84
1E	1.6	14	15
2E	5.0	45	15
B3*	9.0	75	15

* B3 drains into Webb into SWS 106 & north in E. ditch of Webb Road. Existing 18" pipe across Webb has capacity = 75 cfs. For B3, Q₁₀₀ = 82 cfs. Therefore, 82 - 7 = 75 cfs is the flow amount noted in the table.

On the following pages are a hydrograph combination table for peak flows and a computer printout for hydraulics calculation.

The hydrograph indicates Q_p = 79 for node 240. We'll use the higher value for Area B1 if Q₁₀₀ = 122 cfs.

The conduits are designed to carry 100-yr flow,

TR 55 Form 3 - Hydrograph Computations

Table VI-4

Subarea	T_c	T_t	C^1	Subarea hydrographs, cfs															
				11.0 hrs.	11.5 hrs.	12.0 hrs.	12.4 hrs.	12.6 hrs.	12.8 hrs.	13.0 hrs.	13.2 hrs.	13.5 hrs.	14.0 hrs.	14.5 hrs.	15.0 hrs.	16.0 hrs.	18.0 hrs.	20.0 hrs.	
B1	0.3	0.25	0.18	3	6	50	77	42	26	17	14	11	8	7	6	5	3	3	
1E	0.2	0	0.02	0	1	12	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	
Node 240				3	7	62	79	46	27	18	15	12	9	8	7	5	3	3	
B2	1.5	0	0.99	10	18	81	190	225	234	223	199	151	98	68	50	32	20	16	
2E	0.2	0	0.06	1	3	36	8	6	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	
63	0.2	0.25	0.10	2	3	40	32	16	11	8	7	5	4	3	3	2	2	1	
Node 230				13	24	157	230	247	249	235	209	159	104	73	55	35	23	18	
1E																			

VI-28

50/11



Date 6/22/82 MB Page _____ of _____
 Project MAXWELL ADDITION 36-78414-2-1014
 Item HYDRAULIC DESIGN

7C/11

NODES 300-210

Node 200 intercepts flow from SWS 106. SWS 106 is a 36" RCP on 0.32% slope. We will continue to use 36" RCP at much steeper grade ($\approx 1.25\%$), which will increase the capacity. Additional flow in excess of capacity will sheet flow through drives, etc., to floodway.

NODES 330/320 collect flow from Area 4E.

INLET(S) 330 drains 82% of the area, and inlet(s) 320 drain 18% of the area.

SUMMARY

	<u>Q₁, cfs</u>	<u>Q₂, cfs</u>
FNIC	42 + 7*	32 cfs + 7*
4E	33	24

* Add 7 cfs for X-road flow from B3.

HYDRAULICS OUTPUT FOLLOWS

THE SYSTEM HAS SLIGHTLY INSUFFICIENT CAPACITY FOR 5-YR. SYSTEM WILL OPERATE BETWEEN 2-YR & 5-YR DESIGN STORMS. EXCESS WILL BE HANDLED OVERLAND BETWEEN BUILDINGS (IN DRIVES, FLOORS, ETC.



Date 6/22/82 MB Page _____ of _____

Project MAXWELL ADDITION

Item HYDRAULIC DESIGN

100/11

NODES 420-400

DESIGN FOR 5-YR FLOW

AREA 4-W ONLY

$$Q_5 = 21 \text{ cfs}$$

NODE 420 drains 80% of area

NODE 400 drains 20% of area

HYDRAULICS OUTLINE ON NEXT PAGE.

90/11

NODES 350-210

5-YR

MWB

6/22/82

* * * H Y D R A U L I C S * * *

NODE	HYD-SLOPE (FT/FT)	FRICITION (FT)	BEND (FT)	TRANSITION (FT)	MANHOLE (FT)	DEFLECTION (FT)	JUNCTION (FT)	TOTAL (FT)	HYD-GL ELEVATION	DESIRED ELEVATION	DIFF.
350	.00540	1.1334	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.1334	168.0650	171.0000	2.94
340	.00540	1.4572	0.0000	0.0000	.0373	.3731	.0270	1.8946	166.9316	170.0000	3.07
330	.00559	.2236	0.0000	.0203	0.0000	0.0000	.9543	1.1982	165.0369	165.0000	-.04
320	.00649	1.0383	0.0000	.0152	0.0000	.4747	.3358	1.8640	163.8387	165.0000	1.16
310	.00649	2.3361	0.0000	0.0000	.0551	.5509	.0325	2.9747	161.9747	166.0000	4.03
210	0.00000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	159.0000	162.0000	3.00

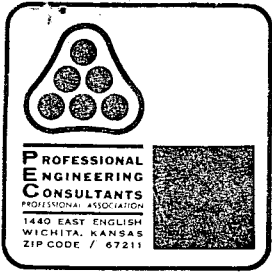
82/11

PROJECT 36-78414-2-1014 MAXWELL ADDITION DRAINAGE PLAN
NODES 350-210 MWS 6/22/82

STORM FREQUENCY = 5-YEAR

* * * H Y D R O L O G Y * *

*****		*****		*****		*****		*****		*****		*****	
*****		*****		*****		*****		*****		*****		*****	
TRIBUTARY AREA	HYDROLOGY SUMMATION	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA	CONDUIT DATA
NODE TO C	AREA (AC)	SLOPE (%)	LENGTH (FT)	TC (MIN)	I (0)	Q (0)	SUM Q	SIZE	VELOCITY (FT/SEC)	LENGTH (FT)	TT (MIN)	TT+TC	(MIN)
350 340	.90	8.60	0.00	0.0	15.00	5.22	49.00	36"	6.93	210.00	.50	15.50	
340 330	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36"	6.93	270.00	.65	16.15	
330 320	.90	5.40	0.00	0.0	15.00	5.22	27.23	42"	7.82	40.00	.09	16.24	
320 310	.90	1.20	0.00	0.0	15.00	5.22	6.00	42"	8.42	160.00	.32	16.56	
310 210	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	42"	8.42	360.00	.71	17.27	



Date 6/23/82 MAS Page 1D of 8
Project MAXWELL ADDITION 36-78414-2-1014
Item RETENTION POND.

REQUIREMENTS

STORAGE VOL ABOVE STATIC POOL = 7 AC-FT

MAX. DISCHARGE RATE AT H.W. LEVEL = 695 CFS

SET STATIC POOL = EXISTING RL = 140.0 I

SET BOTTOM OF POND AT 135.0 W/ 2:1 SIDE SLOPES

TRY TO MAINTAIN EXISTING 145.0 CONTOUR, $\frac{1}{2}$ SLOPE AT 4:1 TO EDGE WATER.

SET DESIGN HIGH WATER AT 145.0 I. (CAN GO UP TO 148 I)

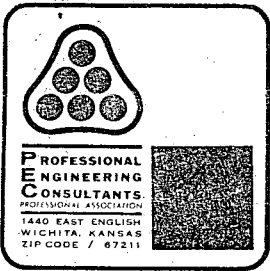
(NOTE: GYPSUM CREEK H.W. LEVEL = 148.7)

SURF. AREA AT 140.0 (STATIC POOL) = 1.14 AC

SURF. AREA " 145.0 = 1.93 AC

VOLUME = $\frac{1.14 + 1.93}{2} (5) = 7.68$ AC-FT

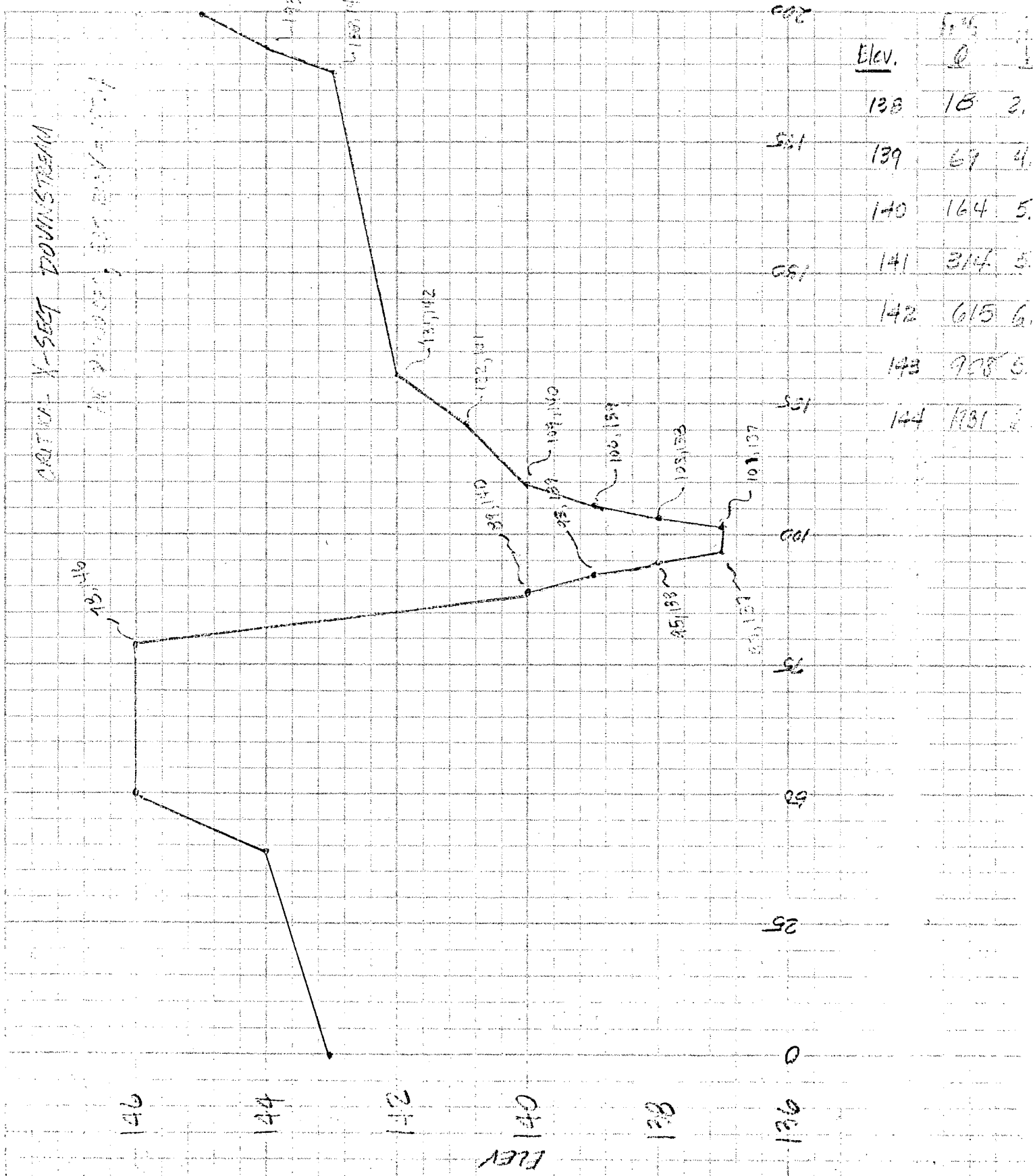
IF HEAD REQUIREMENT CAN BE KEPT IN 5 FT I RANGE, SHOULD
WORK WELL

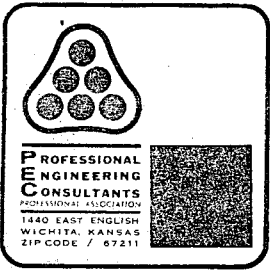


Date 6/23/82 MWB Page 20 of 8

Project MAXWELL ADDITION 36-78444-2-1014

Item RETENTION POND





Date 6/23/82 Page 30 of 8
 Project MAXWELL ADDITION 36-78411-2-1011
 Item DETENTION POND

DETERMINE PIPE SIZE:

Assumptions:

H. ELEV = 110
 H.W. ELEV = 115 Q = 695
 T.W. ELEV = 112.4

$H = 2.6 \text{ FT} = \text{HW} - \text{TW}$

DIA.	INLET CONTROL		OUTLET CONTROL	
	Q/PIPE	NO. REQ'D.	Q/PIPE	NO. REQ'D
48	105	7	125	6
42	88	8	95	8
36	70	10	65	11

7-4x4 RCB

DETERMINE RCB SIZE:

ASSUME 4' DEPTH

Inlet control: $\frac{Q}{B} = 30 \text{ cfs}$

$B = 23'$

6-4x4 RCB OR 4-6x4 RCB OR 3-8x4 RCB

Outlet control: $A = 65 \text{ ft}^2$

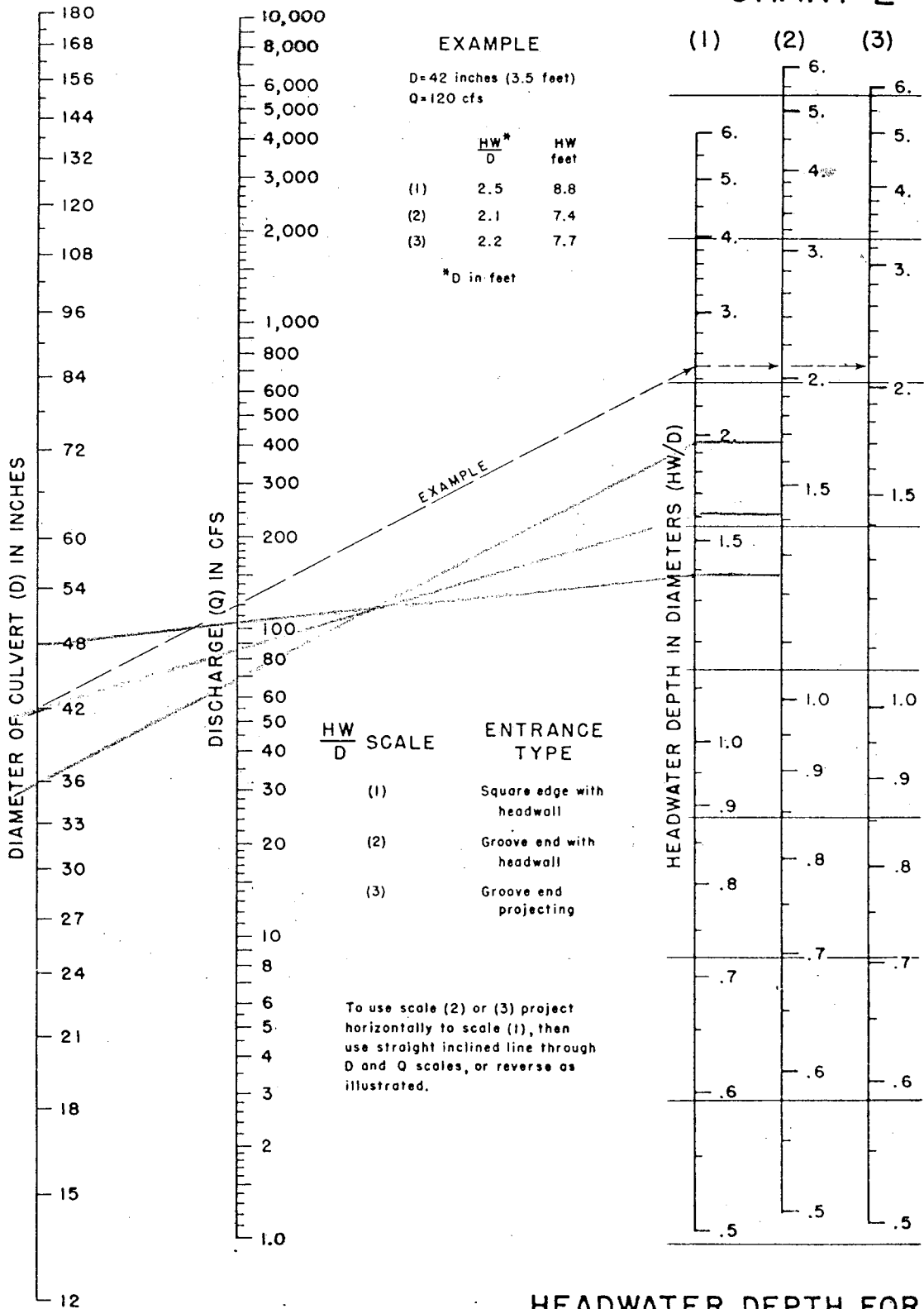
4-4x4 RCB

OR

2-8x4 RCB

4/8

CHART 2



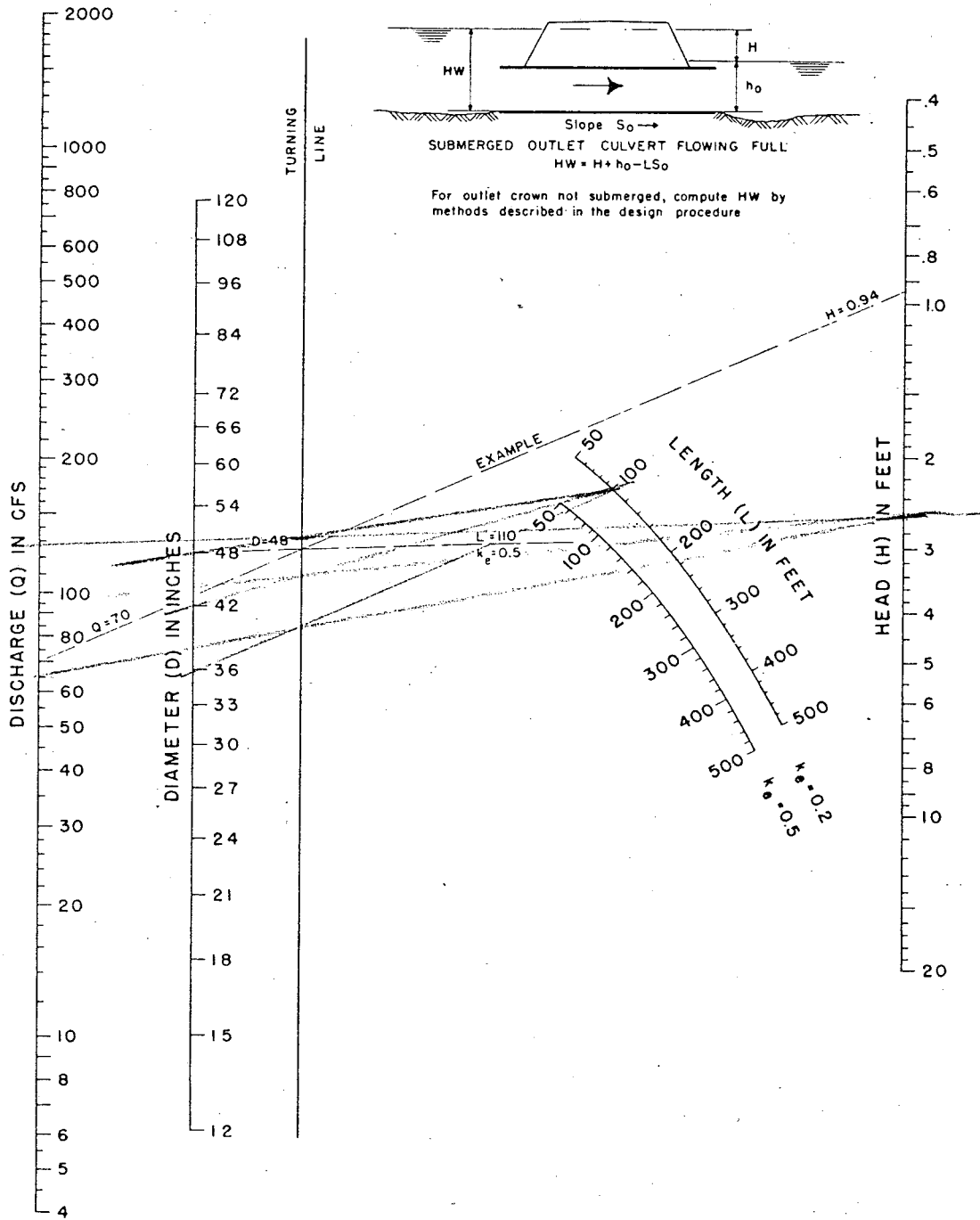
HEADWATER DEPTH FOR CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS WITH INLET CONTROL

HEADWATER SCALES 2&3
REVISED MAY 1964

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN. 1963

CHART 9

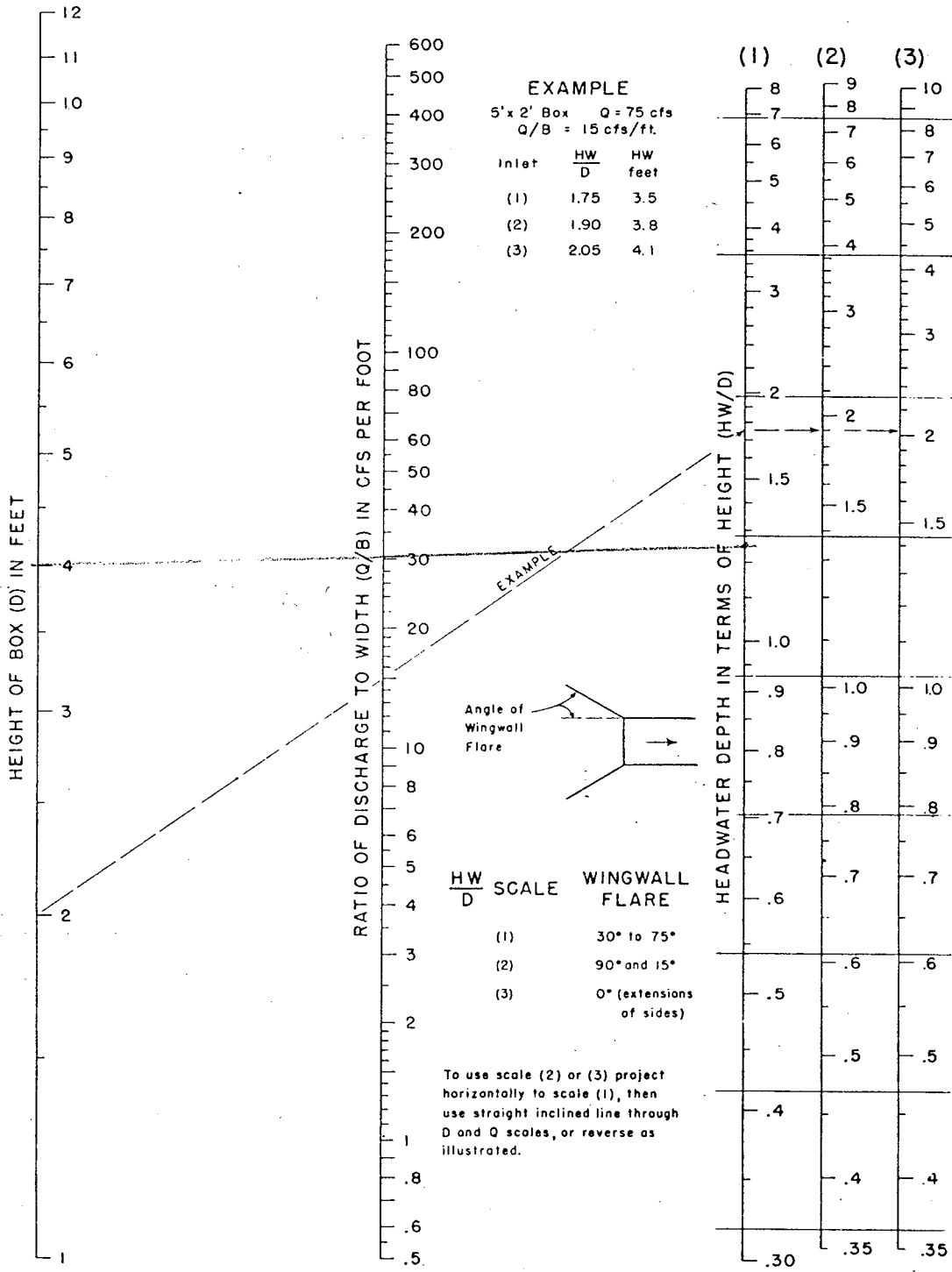
5D/B



**HEAD FOR
 CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS
 FLOWING FULL
 $n = 0.012$**

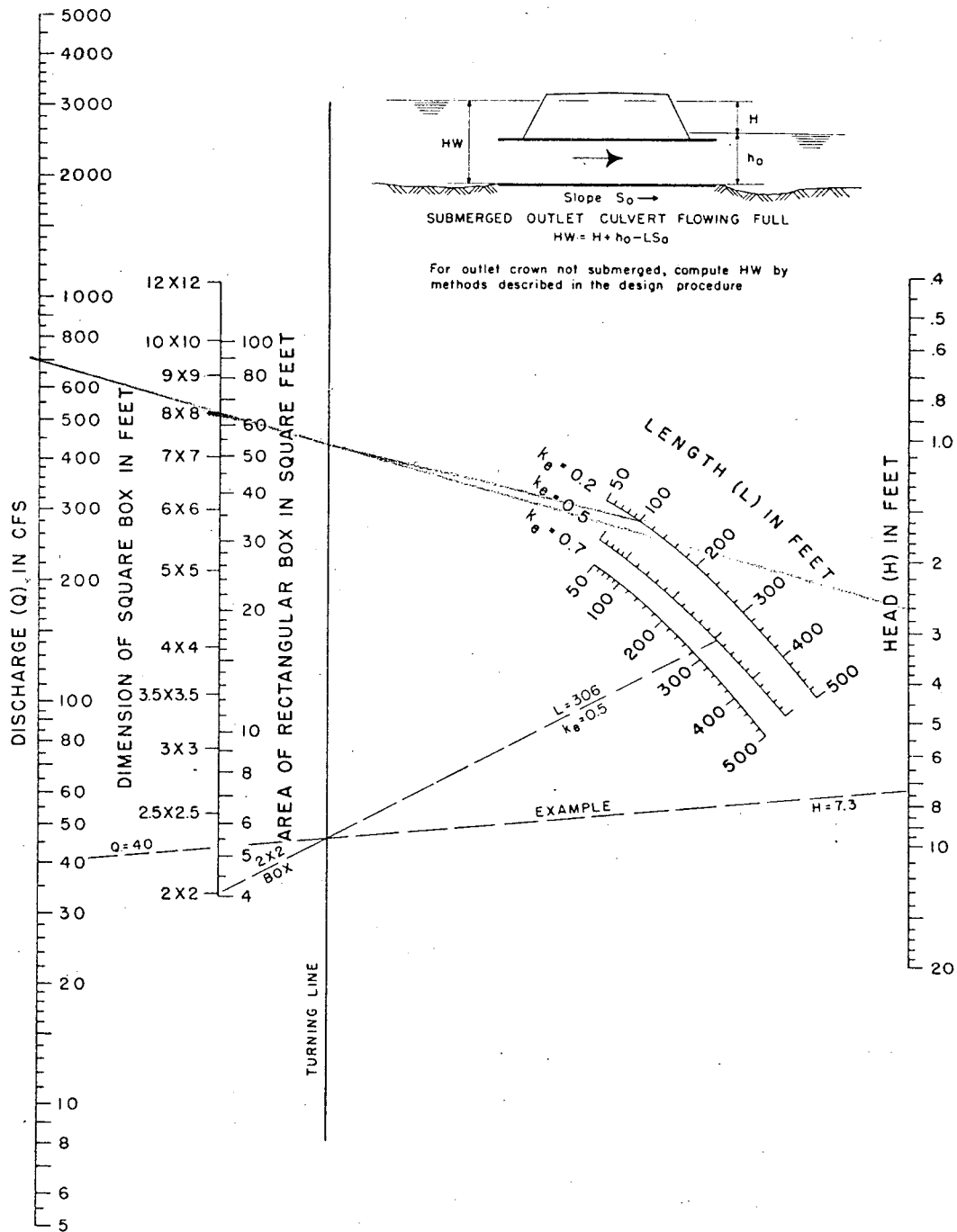
CHART I

6/3

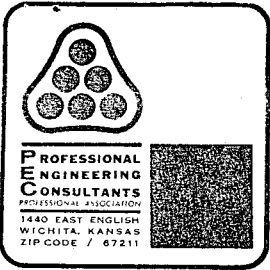


HEADWATER DEPTH FOR BOX CULVERTS WITH INLET CONTROL

7/8



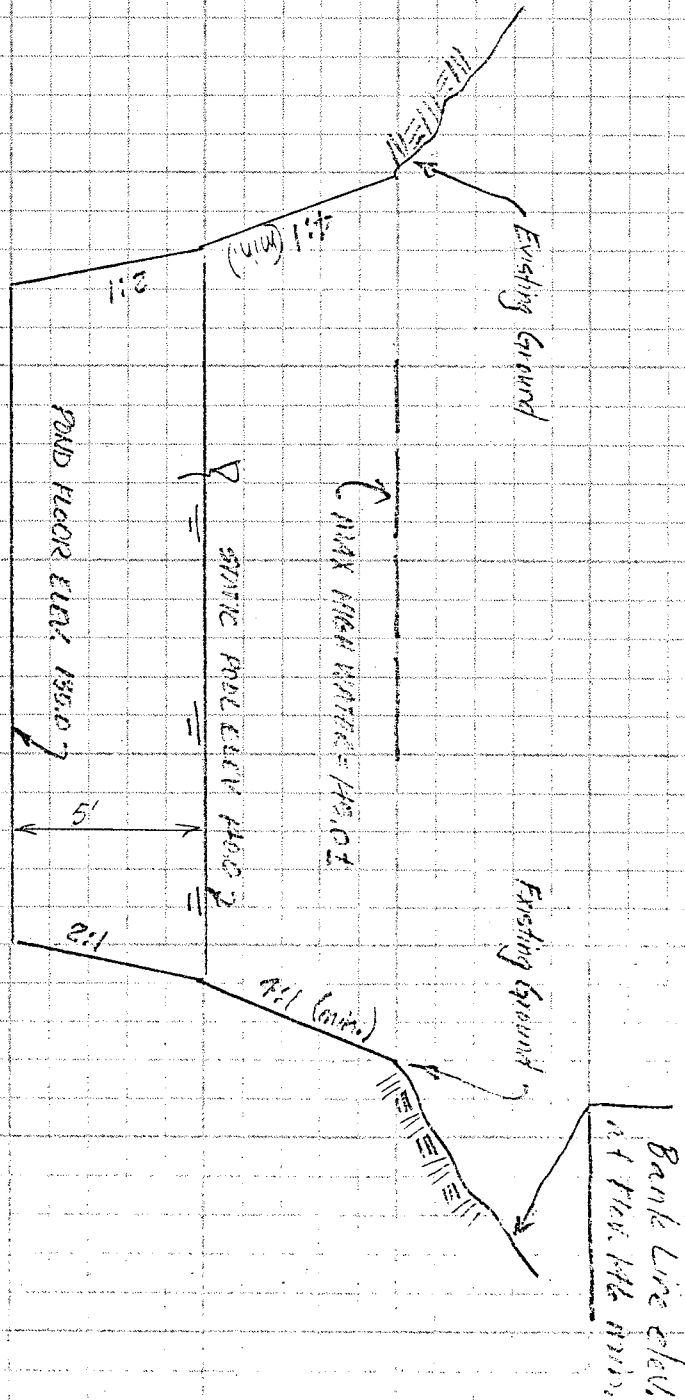
HEAD FOR
CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS
FLOWING FULL
 $n = 0.012$



Date 6/23/82 MWB Page 8 of
 Project MAXWELL ADDITION 36-78414-2-1014
 Item RETENTION POND

8D/B

TYPICAL SECTION
 Excavated Pit Pond



Detention Volume = 7,665 cu. ft.
 Max. Raising Rate = 695 cfs