

May 12, 1988

Office of the City Engineer
City Hall-Seventh Floor
455 North Main
Wichita, Kansas 67202

Subject: Base Flood Elevation
for Woodland at the Park Addn.

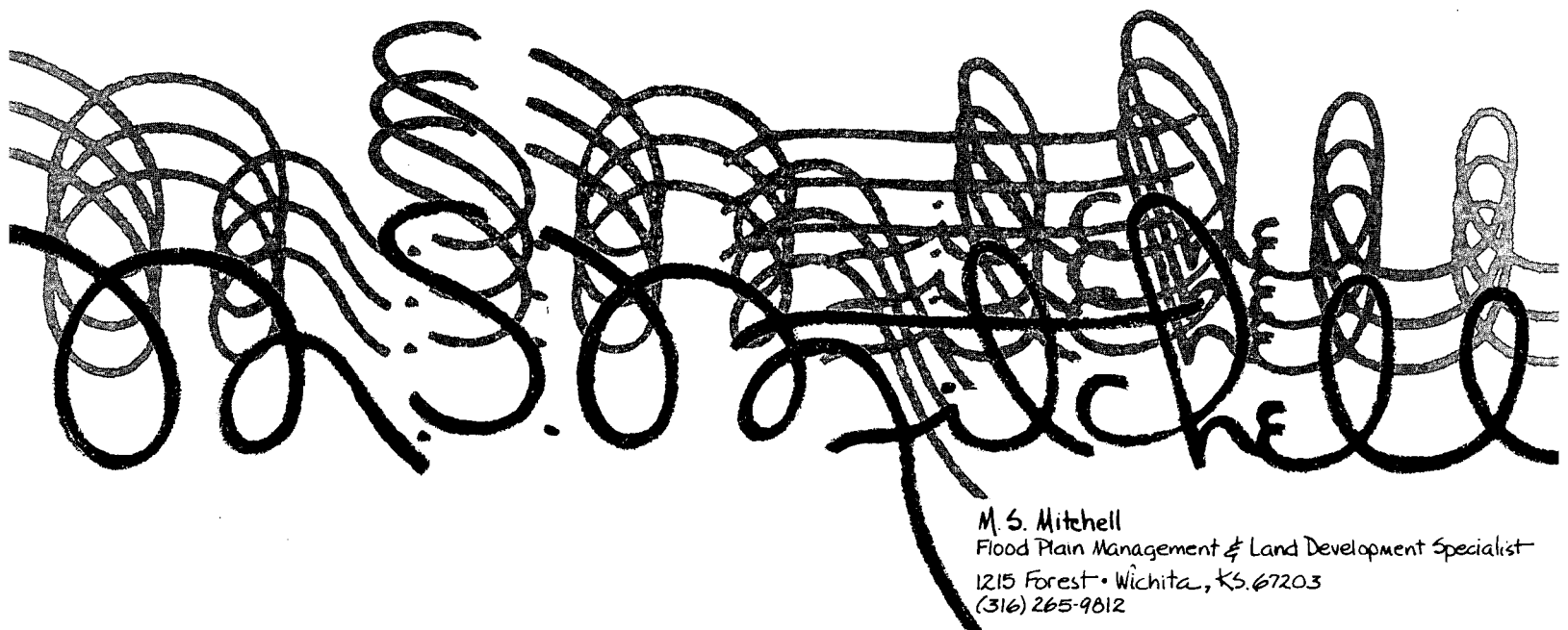
Attention: Ms. Vicky Huang

Dear Ms. Huang:

At the suggestion of Mr. Brent Wooten, of Baughman Company, I am writing you to point out an error on one of the cross section plots submitted with my report for subject addition. The plotted cross section for Station 335.0 shows the calculated Base Flood Elevation (BFE) to be 1306.89 (National Geodetic Vertical Datum - NGVD) which is correct and which agrees with the BFE calculated by MKEC; however, the elevation shown for the "With Floodway" condition is shown as 1308.3 which is incorrect. The correct water surface elevation for a calculated floodway width of 499 feet is 1307.9 which would also be the City of Wichita Regulatory Elevation under the ordinance requirement that the Regulatory Elevation be one foot higher than the BFE. When the NGVD elevation of 1307.9 is converted to City of Wichita elevation datum by subtracting 1187.4 a City Datum Regulatory Elevation of 120.5 results.

If you have any questions, please call me.

Yours truly,



M. S. Mitchell
Flood Plain Management & Land Development Specialist
1215 Forest • Wichita, KS. 67203
(316) 265-9812



BAUGHMAN COMPANY, P.A.

SURVEYING, ENGINEERING & CONSULTING
316/262-7271 • 315 ELLIS • WICHITA, KANSAS 67211

**CONFIRMATION
MEMO**

PROJECT Woodlands at the Park

JOB NO. _____
TO Vicki Huang, P.E.

FROM N. Brent Wooten, P.E.

REFERENCE Drainage Plan

DATE 4-26-88

COPIES TO:

Provided herein is the final drainage plan and exhibit for Woodland at the Park Addition. This plat is scheduled at the subdivision hearing for May 5, 1988.

Please review the plan and the attached calculations and advise if you should have any questions.

4/27/86
CB

Drainage for floodland @ the Park

1/4

From SCS "Soil Survey for Sedgewick County"
Soil Type = M2 = Milen Loam (Map 49)

Soil Type "B"

From C of K Attachment "D"; Drainage Criteria
and using Avg. lot size of $65' \times 120' = 0.2 \text{ AC}$

(Assume 1/4 Acre); Type B soil;

$$C_2 = 0.44$$

$$C_{100} = 0.61$$

For Yellowstone Court $Q = c i A$

$$DA = 2.4 \text{ AC}$$

$$i_2 = 3.63$$

$$C_2 = 0.44$$

$$Q_2 = (2.4)(3.63)(0.44) = 4.0 \text{ cfs}$$

$$i_{100} = 7.37$$

$$C_{100} = 0.61$$

$$Q_{100} = (2.4)(7.37)(0.61) = 10.8 \text{ cfs}$$

For Maxwell / Firwood / S2V2n12

$$DA = 6.7 \text{ AC}$$

$$i_2 = 3.63$$

$$C_2 = 0.44$$

$$Q_2 = (6.7)(3.63)(0.44) = 11.3 \text{ cfs}$$

$$i_{100} = 7.37$$

$$C_{100} = 0.61$$

$$Q_{100} = (6.7)(7.37)(0.61) = 30.1 \text{ cfs}$$

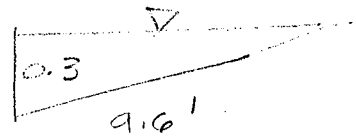
Check Initial Storm Depth for Yellowstone Ct.

$Q_2 = 4.0 \text{ cfs}$; assume 2.0 cfs / side maximum (North)

$$S = 0.005$$

$$n = 0.016$$

@ $0.3'$ (Roll Cb)



$$A = (0.3)(9.6)(1/2) = 1.44 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$WP = 9.6 + 0.3 = 9.9$$

$$R = 1.44 / 9.9 = 0.145$$

$$V = \frac{1.49}{0.016} (0.145)^{0.67} (0.005)^{1/2} = 1.8 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$Q_{AV211} = VA = 1.44(1.8) = 2.6 \text{ cfs}$$

Curb should hold the initial storm O.K.

4/27/88

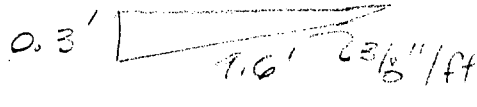
UB

2/4

for Maxwell/Fairway/Swanish

$$\text{slope} = \frac{128-120}{70} = 1.1\%$$

use 1% street slope, roll curb



$$A = 1.44 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$WP = 9.9'$$

$$V = 1.49 / 0.016 (0.145)^{0.67} (0.01)^{1/2} = 2.55 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$Q = VA = 2.55(1.44) = 3.7 \text{ cfs}$$

Initial storm here = 11.3 cfs

About 70% from the South = $0.7(11.3) = 7.9 \text{ cfs}$ Per curb = $7.9/2 = 3.95 \rightarrow 4.0 \text{ cfs}$.

A bit shy for initial storm, check w/ Neenah
Boundary Flo Calculator; Flo in triangular
gutter sections

slope	N	trans slope (3/8" ft)	D	Q (chart)	Calc
0.005	0.016	0.0313	0.3'	3.3 cfs	3.2 cfs
0.01	0.016	0.0313	0.3'	4.7 cfs	4.5 cfs

(Note) Neenah Equ = $Q = \frac{0.56}{N} Z D^{6/3} S^{1/2}$

D = Depth (ft)

Z = trans slope

Since gutter section using Manning Equ is close,
and using Neenah Equation both work well,
No other inlets are necessary for initial storm,
except those needed @ sump locations.

4/27/68
CB

Inlets @ Yellostone Ct.

3/4

For Initial Storm $Q_2 = 4.0$ cfs

Use 1A Inlets in sump condition.

Depth of sump = $0.3' + 2'' = 0.47'$ Deep

1A Inlet @ $0.47'$ Depth; $C_{2p} = 3.2$ cfs \rightarrow Use 2
(See Fig 1 for Inlet Capacity)

For 100 yr. storm; $Q_{100} = 10.8$ cfs

Depth = $0.3'$ (Cb.Ht) + $2''$ depression + $0.3'$ (Elw Elev)
Depth = $0.77'$

1A Inlet @ $D = 0.77'$; $Q = 6.9$ cfs

A_{q2in} ; Use 2 inlets or 1 long Inlet.

Use 4' 6" x 11' 6" Type 1A Inlet

Inlets @ Maxwell Street.

For Initial Storm; $Q_2 = 11.3$ cfs

$D_i = 0.47'$ (see Above) $Q = 3.2$ cfs

Need $11.3/3.2 = 3.5 \rightarrow 4$ inlets

For 100 yr. storm; $Q_{100} = 30.1$ cfs

$D_i = 0.77'$; $Q_{1A} = 6.9$ cfs

Need $30.1/6.9 = 4.3 \rightarrow$ Use 4 inlets

(Note; Elw Elevation Based on $0.3'$ minimum
needed above T.C.; should have more like
 0.4 to $0.5'$ depth available @ Elw.)

Use 2 - 4' 6" x 11' 6" Type 1A Inlets
one each side

Pipe Sizing: since both sumps @ 100
yr sump reqs, pipes must be sized
for 100 yr storm.

4/27/88
UB

4/4

@ Yellowstone Ct. $Q_{100} = 10.8 \text{ cfs}$
From "Design Dzt 4" Conc. Pipe Association
@ $Q = 12.1$; Use 18" @ 1.062

@ Maxwell ; $Q_{100} = 30.1 \text{ cfs}$

Cross pipe = use $1/2 \text{ flo} = 15 \text{ cfs}$
or 21" @ 0.8982
18" @ 2.042

Outlet Pipe @ 30.1 cfs
24" @ 1.772
30" @ 0.5392

@ Manhole Junction ; $Q_T = 30.1 + 10.8 = 40.9 \text{ cfs}$
30" @ 0.9952

Ditch section past outlet pipe

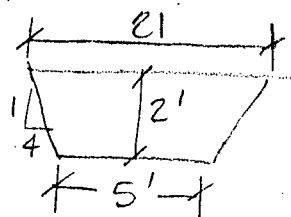
$$Q = 40.9 \text{ cfs}$$

slope = 0.0052 (Assumed)

$$n = 0.03 \text{ (grass)}$$

$$\text{Depth} = 2'$$

$$\text{Side slope} = 4/1$$



$$\text{Arc} = (21 + 5/2) \times 2 = 26 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{W.P.} = (2)(8.246) + 5 = 21.49$$

$$R = 26 / 21.49 = 1.21$$

$$V = \frac{1.49}{0.03} (1.21)^{0.67} (0.0052)^{1/2} = 3.99 \approx 4.0 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$Q = VA = (4)(26) = 104 \text{ cfs} \quad \text{O.K.}$$

for final design - see attached final
arrangement plan.

INLET CAPACITY vs DEPTH

CITY OF WICHITA
 TYPE IA CURB INLET
 5'-0" X 6" OPENING

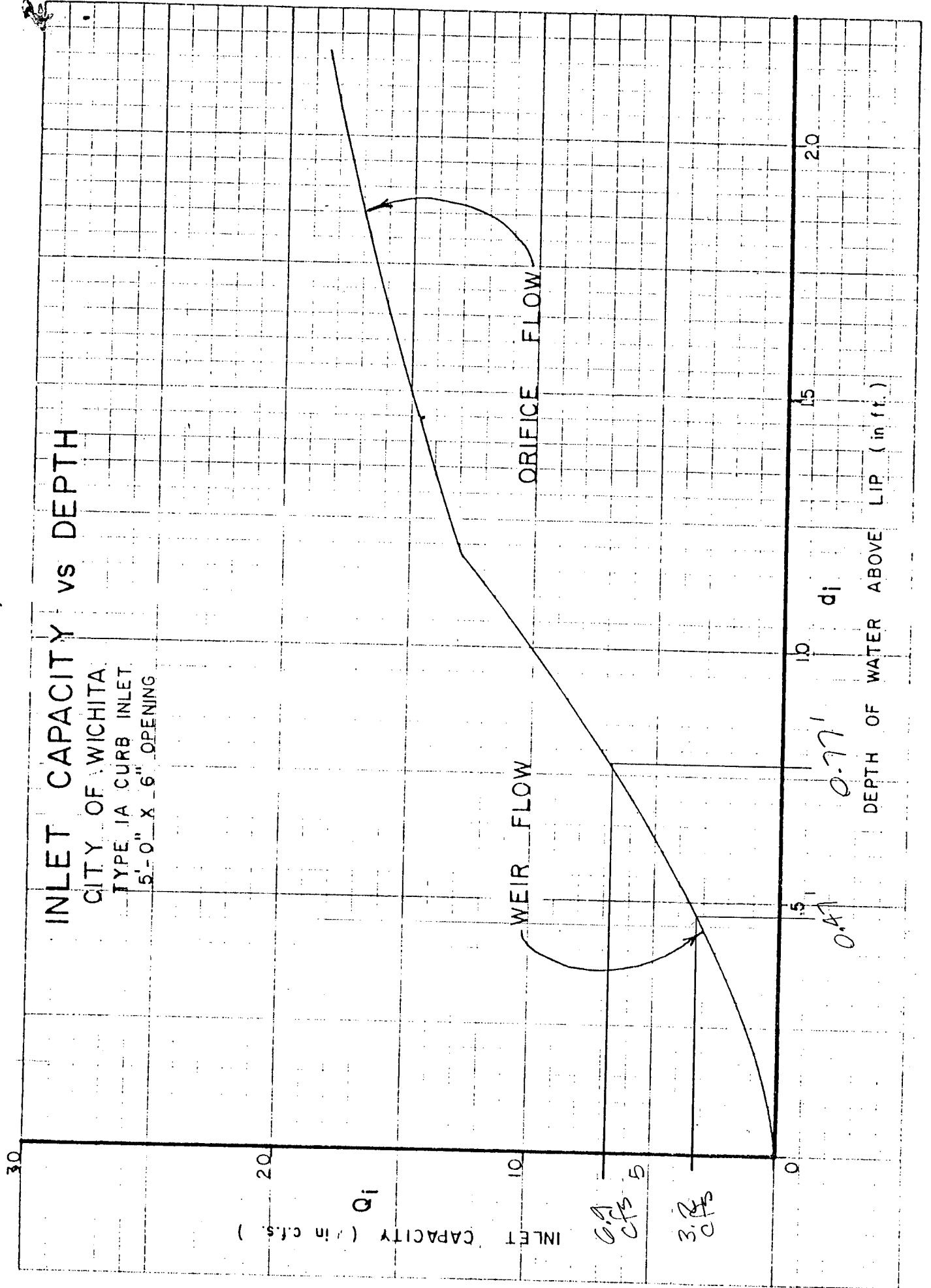


FIGURE 1