

CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR STREET AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
TO
WEST LEARJET WAY
AND
PARALLEL SERVICE ROAD
FOR

BOMBARDIER LEARJET

WICHITA, KANSAS

PROJECT NO. 472 83845

OCA 706873

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- Utility service lines, poles, valve boxes, meters and etc. are to be adjusted as necessary by others prior to or during construction unless the plans specifically call for their adjustment by the Contractor. Existing utilities and their location, as shown on the plans, represent the best information obtainable for design. The Contractor will be required to work around existing utilities within the right-of-way which do not conflict with proposed construction.
 - A saw cut of at least one-half the depth of existing surface courses or one-fourth the depth of the existing total pavement thickness shall be provided at locations where proposed construction abuts an existing surface course or pavement for which partial removal of that surface or pavement is required. Sawed joint to facilitate removal within three (3) feet of existing joints will not be permitted, and for such instances the limits of removal shall extend to the existing joint. Such saw cuts will not be paid for directly and this cost shall be considered as subsidiary to the project costs.
 - Rubble from the removal of miscellaneous structures and excess excavation which is to be wasted shall be disposed of on sites to be provided by the Contractor. These sites shall be approved by the Engineer as to suitability, appearance and site location. Locations that, in the opinion of the Engineer, will leave an unsightly appearance will not be approved.
- All disposal sites must be approved by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. Material either stockpiled or disposed of in a flood plain would require a Kansas State Board of Agriculture permit. Any material dumped in waters of the United States or wetlands is subject to U.S. Corps. of Engineers permitting regulations. Any material buried or stockpiled beyond approved construction limits would require additional archaeological investigations unless buried in a previously approved borrow location.
- Trees and shrubs in public right-of-way which are in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be removed by the Contractor with the Engineer's approval. Trees and shrubs which are not in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be saved and protected from damage.
 - The Contractor shall be responsible for preserving property irons. The Contractor will be required to reestablish any property irons which are damaged or destroyed by his construction operations. Such irons shall be reestablished by a licensed land surveyor in accordance with state laws.
 - All transition curb paid for as Roll Type Curb.
 - Trees are to be removed only as needed. The cost is subsidiary to street construction costs.
 - All disturbed areas shall be seeded with Permanent Seeding (K-31). (See Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan)

UTILITY OWNERS

SBC
154 N. Broadway
Wichita, KS 67202
316-268-2601

Kansas Gas Service
1021 E. 26th Street N.
Wichita, KS 67219
316-832-3122

Cox Communications
801 E. Douglas
Wichita, KS 67202
316-262-4270

Westar
1900 E. Central
Wichita, KS 67214
316-261-6824

Wichita Water Department
455 N. Main 8th Floor
Wichita, KS 67202
316-268-4555

Wichita Airport Authority
2173 Air Cargo Road
Wichita, KS 67209
316-946-4700

Aquila
1-800-303-0357

Koch Gateway Pipeline
PO Box 1478
Houston, TX 77251-1478

Peoples Gas
3845 West Harry
Wichita, KS 67213
316-941-1657



TOTAL PROJECT LENGTH: 2,293.19'

APRIL 2004

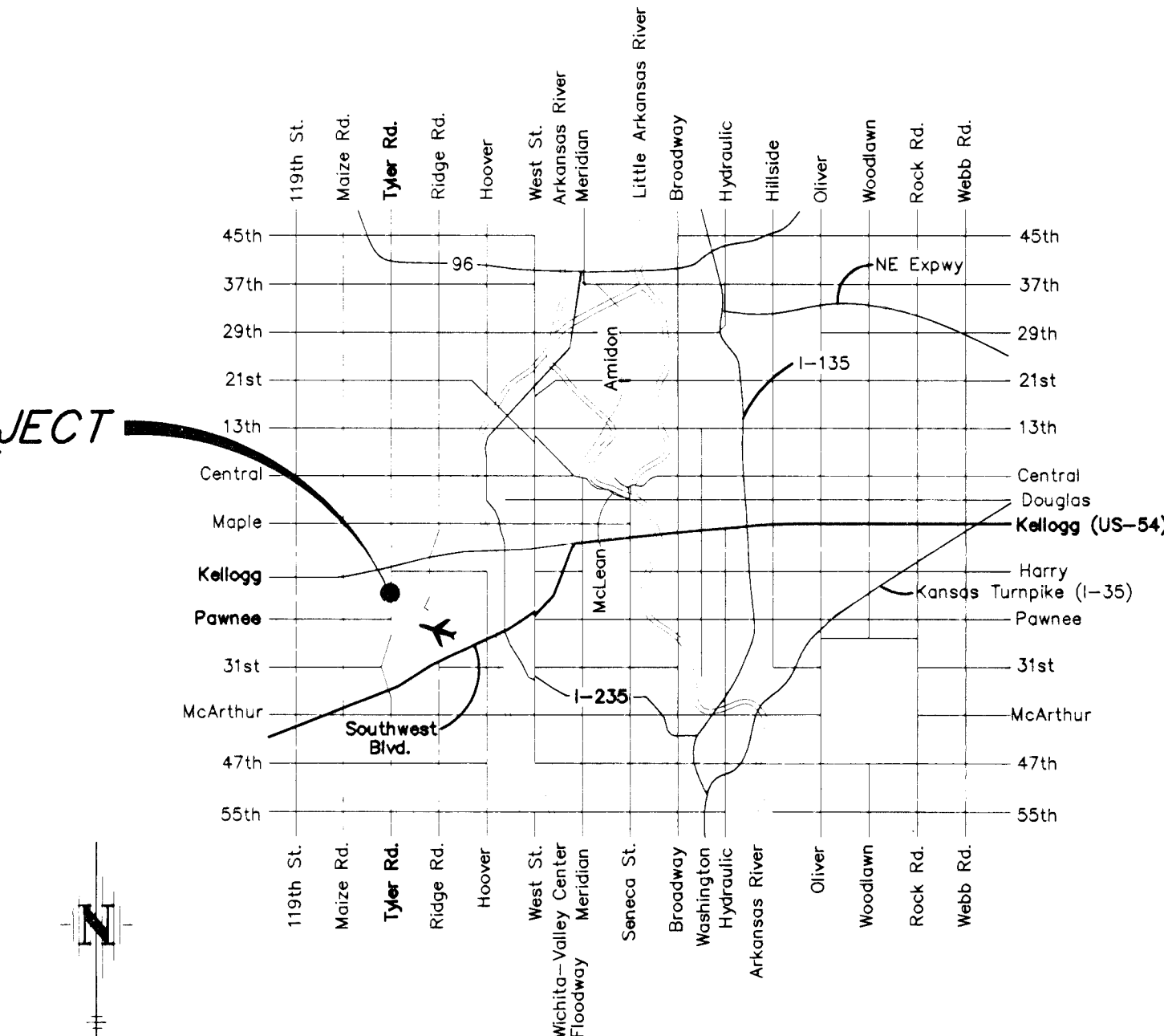
PLANS PREPARED
BY



POE & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444

STA. 27+44.00,
END PROJECT

PROJECT
SITE



Scale 1" = 200'



BENCH MARKS

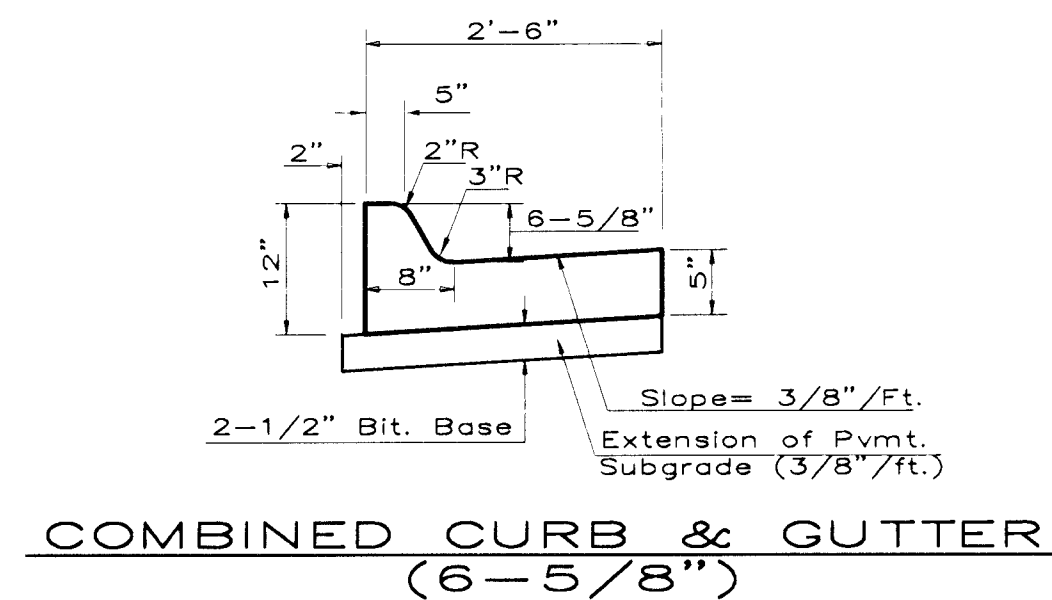
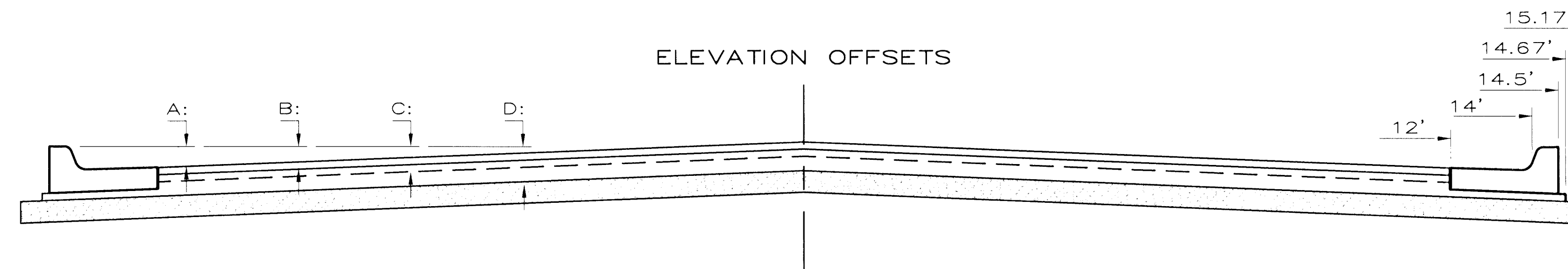
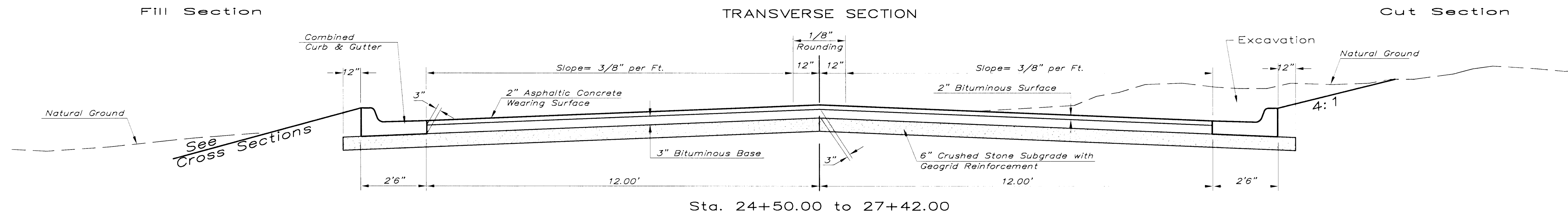
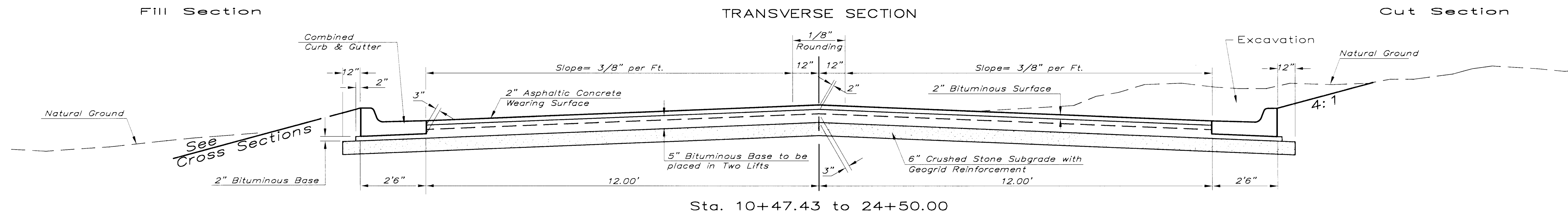
BENCHMARK #3

"□" Cut on concrete light pole on
S. side of Lear Jet Way on E. Side of
entrance to Customer Service Building
Elev. 145.91

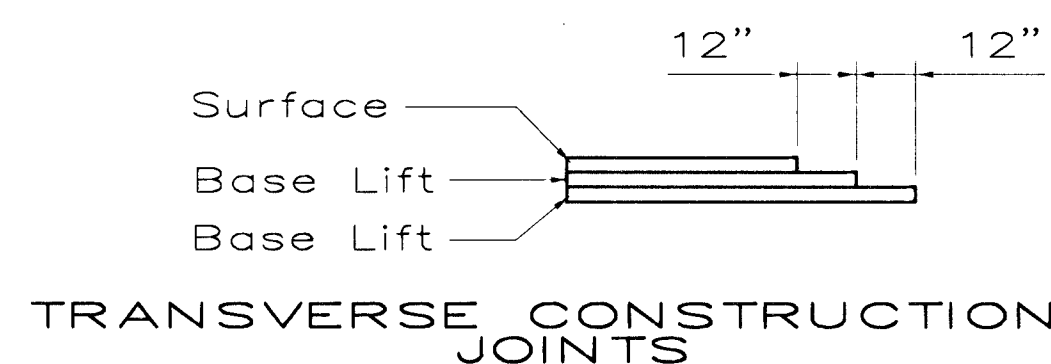
BENCHMARK #4

"+" Cut on S.E. corner of
area inlet 107' N. of Centerline
Lear Jet Way and 42' E. of Centerline Tyler
Elev. 140.37

TYPICAL 29' B-B PAVEMENT DETAILS



		DISTANCE FROM CENTERLINE (LT. & RT.)											
		0'	2'	4'	6'	7'	8'	10'	12'	14'	14.5'	14.67'	15.1'
A:	Top of Curbs to Top of Surface Lift	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.33	0.36	0.43	0.49	—	—	—	—
B:	Top of Curbs to Top of Upper Base Lift	0.30	0.35	0.41	0.47	0.50	0.53	0.60	0.66	—	—	—	—



Transverse construction joints shall be constructed in flexible base pavements at locations where pavement joints existing flexible base pavement as shown by the detail. All costs associated with the construction of the transverse joint shall be included in the bid price for Square Yards 7" ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (5" BITUMINOUS BASE).

General Notes

THE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT BETWEEN THE
COMBINED CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE PAID AS
SQUARE YARDS OF 7" ASPHALTIC CONCRETE W/
(5" BITUMINOUS BASE) OR SQUARE YARDS OF 5"
ASPHALTIC CONCRETE W/(3" BITUMINOUS BASE.)

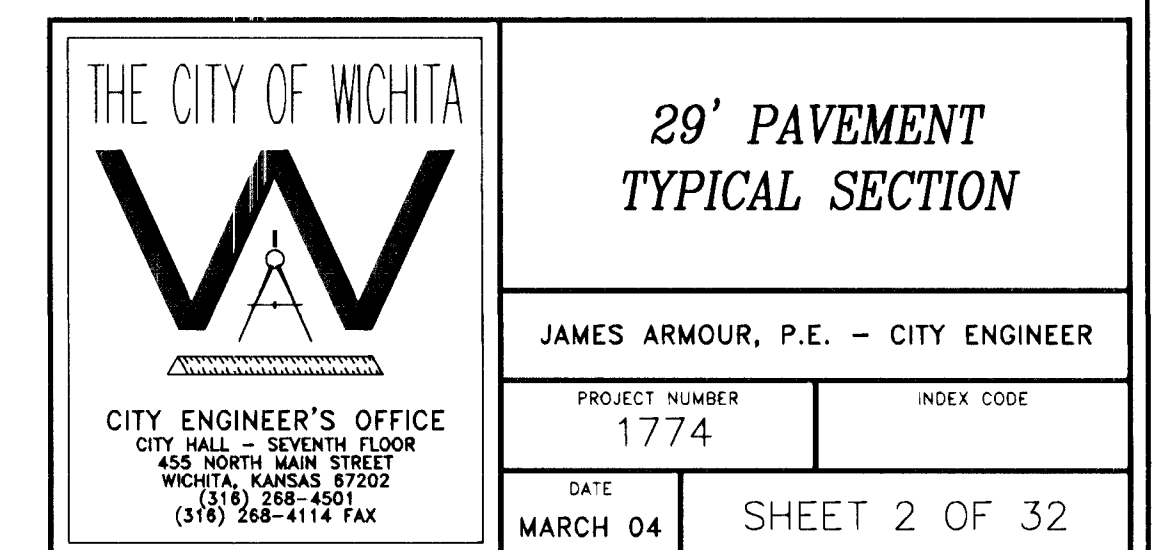
THE BITUMINOUS BASE UNDER AND BEHIND THE COMB. CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE PAID AS SQUARE YARDS OF 2 1/2" BITUMINOUS BASE.

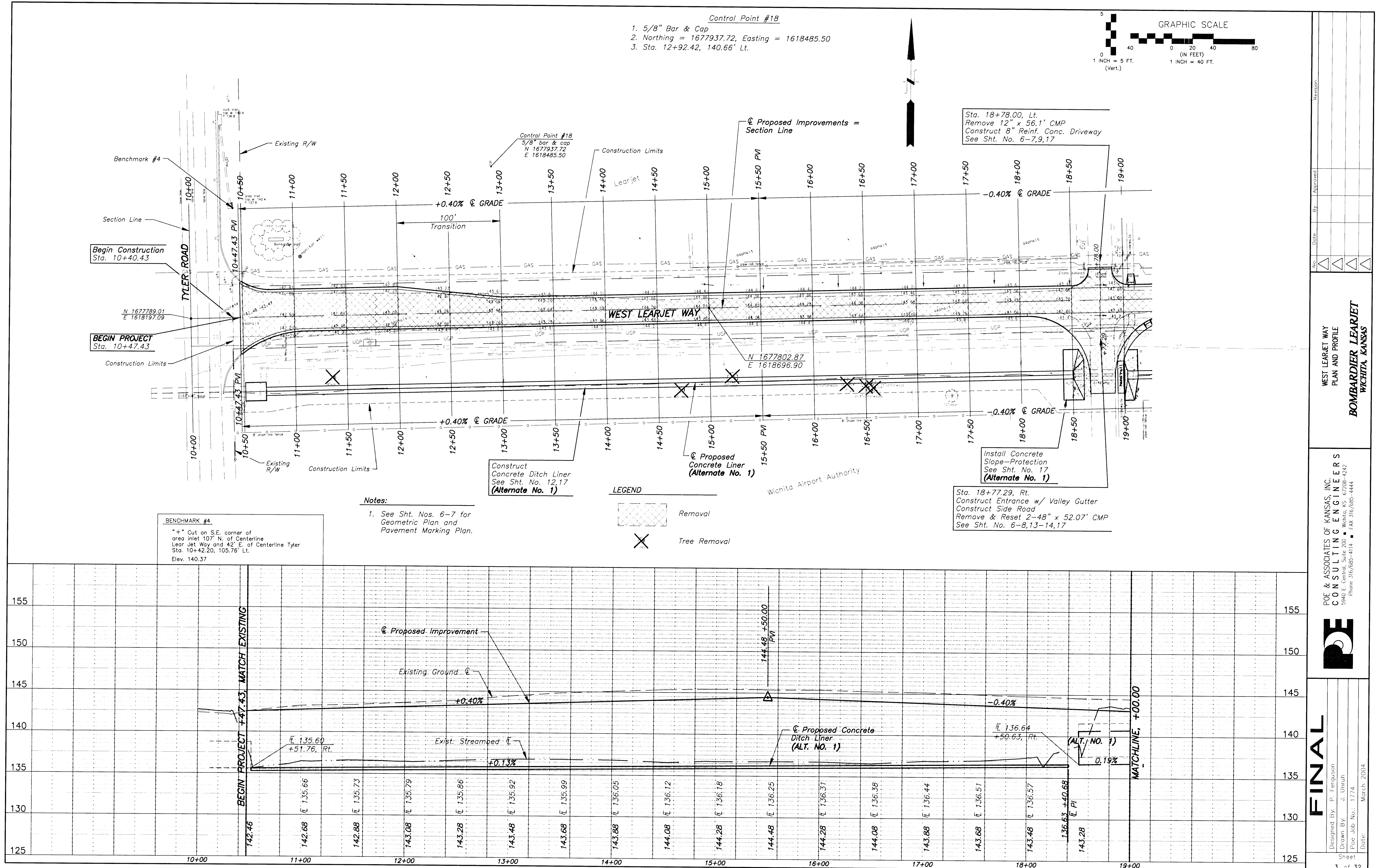
A TACK COAT OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT (SC-1H OR CSS-1H) SHALL BE APPLIED AT AN APPROXIMATE RATE OF 0.05 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD BETWEEN EACH LIFT OF ASPHALTIC MATERIAL.

BITUMINOUS BASE AND ASPHALTIC CONCRETE WEARING SURFACE SHALL BE PLACED WITH A LAYDOWN MACHINE HAVING AUTOMATIC CONTROLS FOR LINE AND GRADE.

CONSTRUCTION JOINTS IN EACH LIFT SHALL BE STAGGERED A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF ONE (1) FOOT FROM JOINTS IN PRECEDING LIFTS AND PLACED SO THAT A JOINT WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ON THE CENTERLINE OF THE TOP LIFT.

CONTRACTOR TO BID ONLY ONE SUBGRADE TREATMENT ALTERNATE WHEN ALTERNATES ARE PROVIDED IN THE PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT. THE ALTERNATE CHOSEN BY THE SUCCESSFUL BIDDER SHALL BE USED IN CONSTRUCTING THIS PROJECT.





Revision

Approved

Date

No.

WEST LEARJET WAY
PLAN AND PROFILE

**BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS**

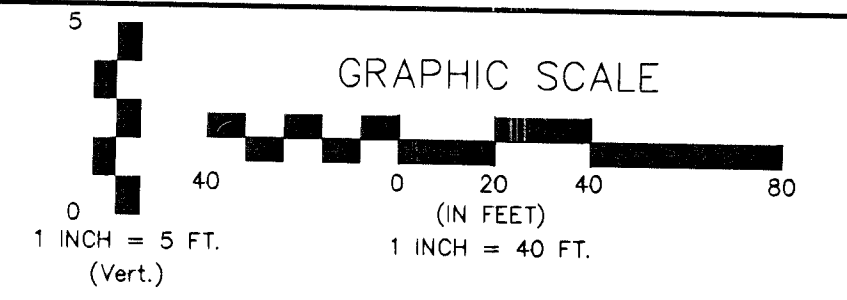
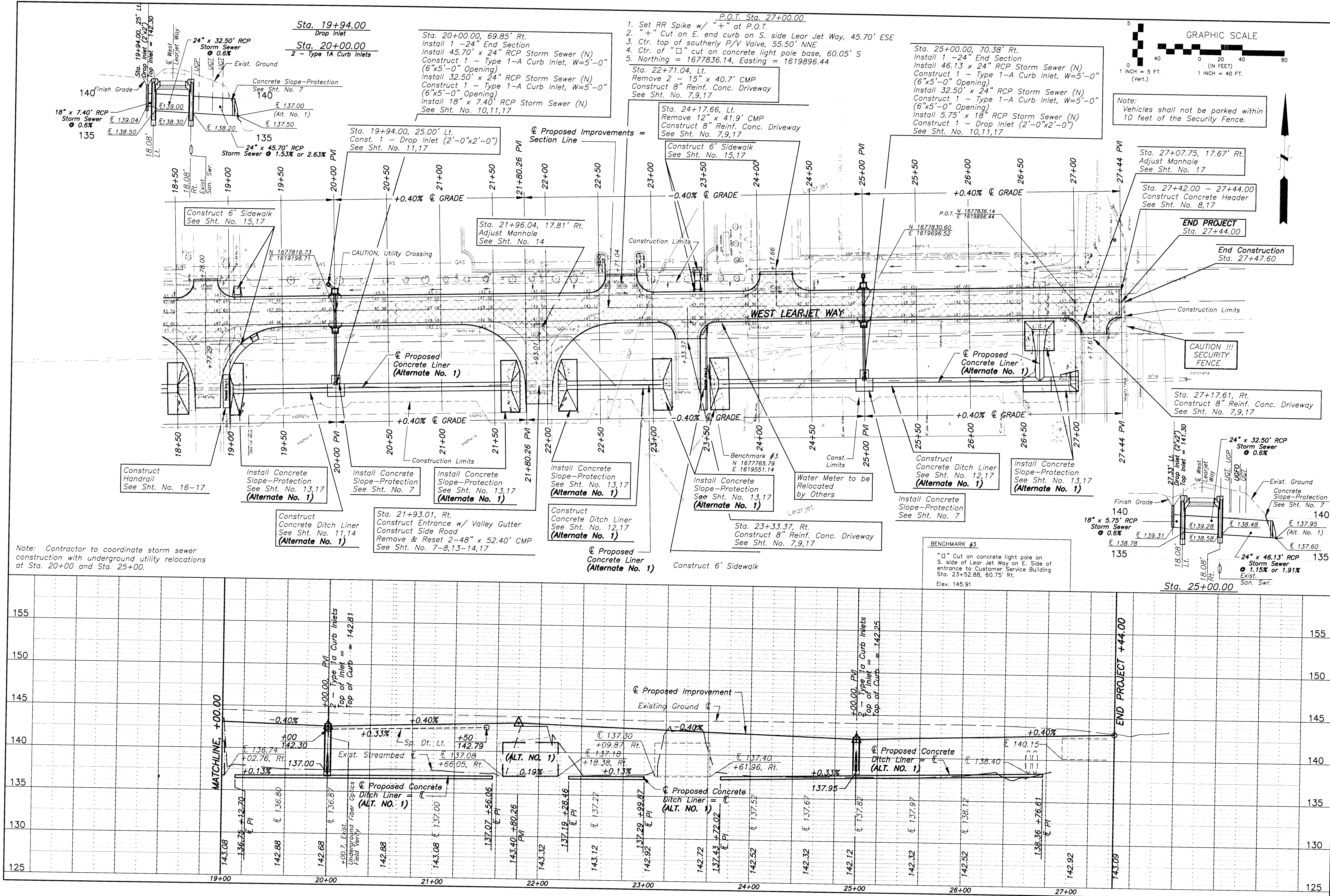
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444

PE

FINAL

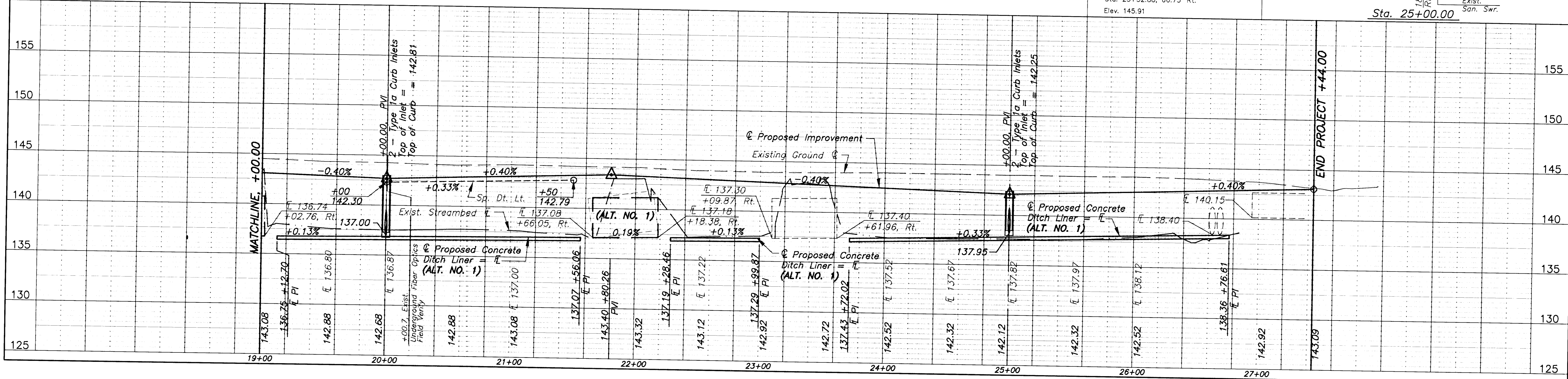
Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Ulrich
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

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Note:
Vehicles shall not be parked within
10 feet of the Security Fence.

Note: Contractor to coordinate storm sewer
construction with underground utility relocations
at Sta. 20+00 and Sta. 25+00.



Revision

Approved

By

Date

No.

WEST LEARJET WAY
PLAN AND PROFILE

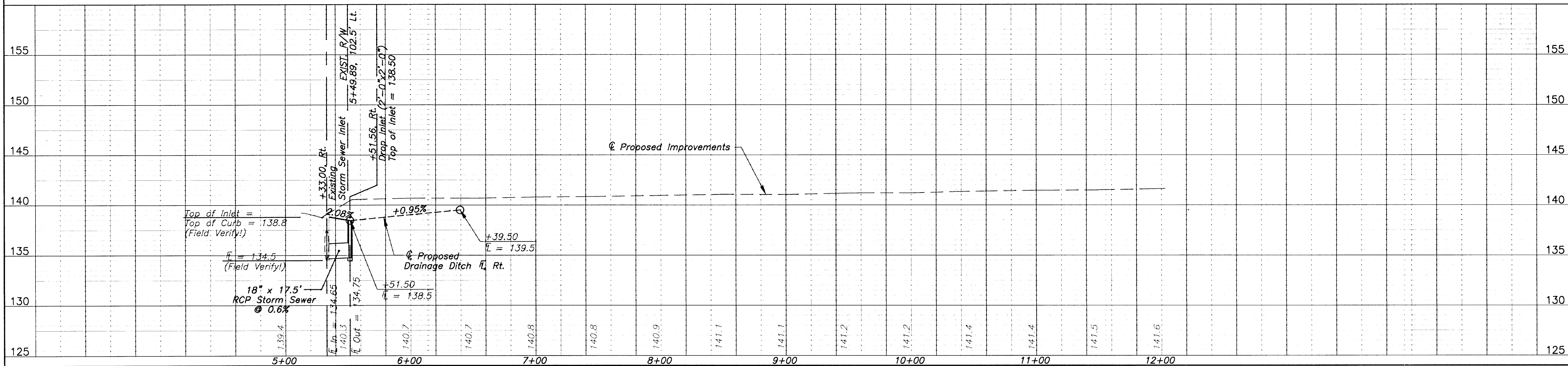
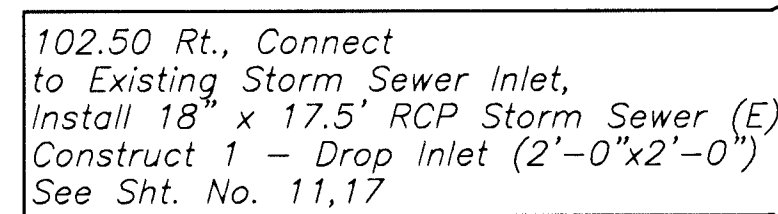
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

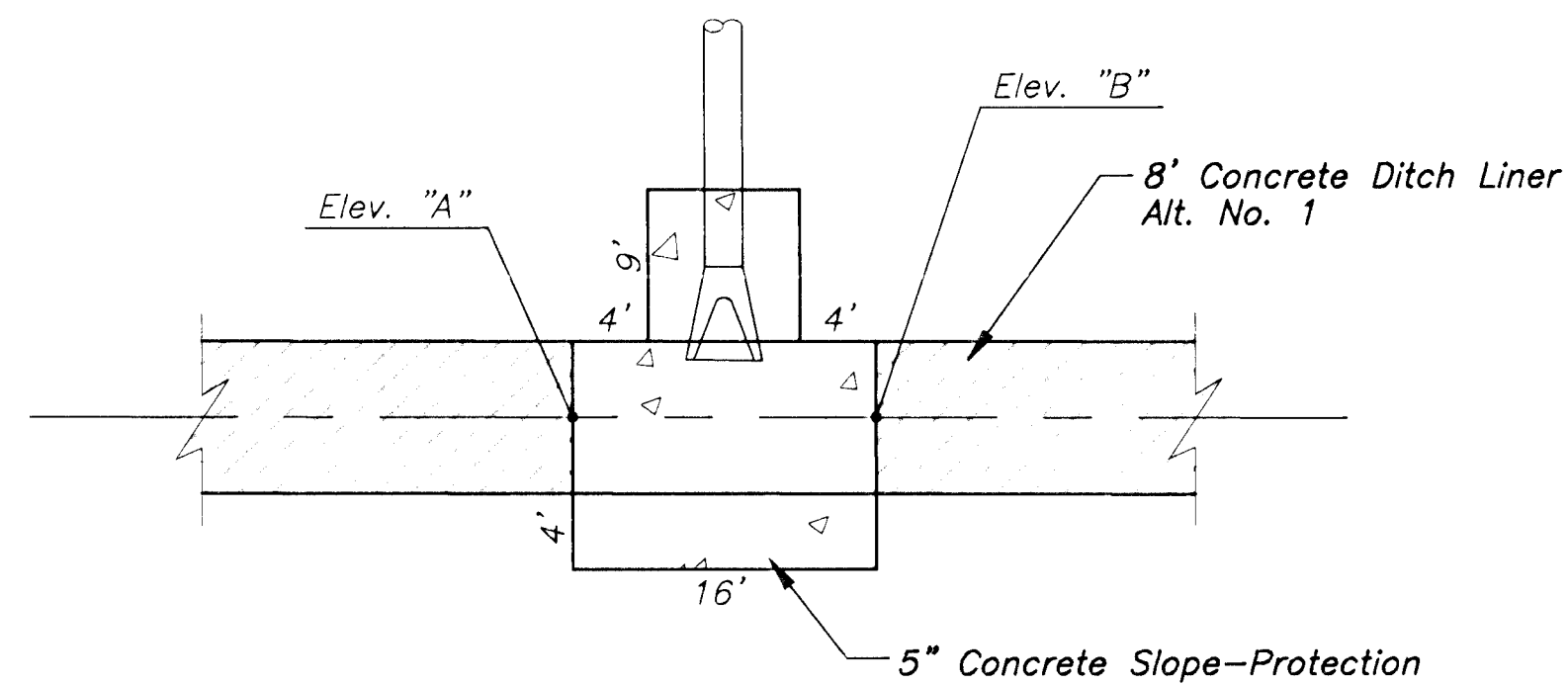
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Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444

FINAL

Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

Sheet
4 of 32





NOTE:

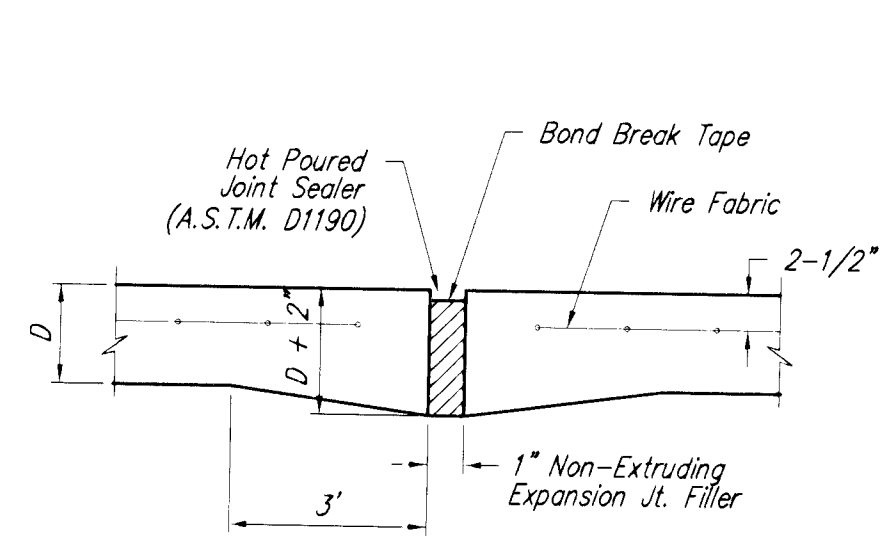
Concrete Slope-Protection at outfall of storm sewer at Sta. 20+00.00 and Sta. 25+00.00 shall be constructed to match existing grades if Alternate No. 1 is NOT executed. If Alternate No. 1 IS executed, Concrete Slope-Protection shall be constructed to meet proposed Ditch Liner grades. (See Table this Sheet.)

FINAL



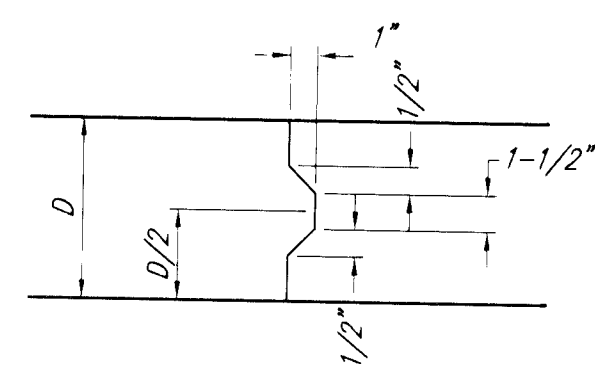
Designed By:	P. Ferguson
Drawn By:	J. Unruh
Poe Job No.:	1774
Date:	March 2004

Date: March 2004

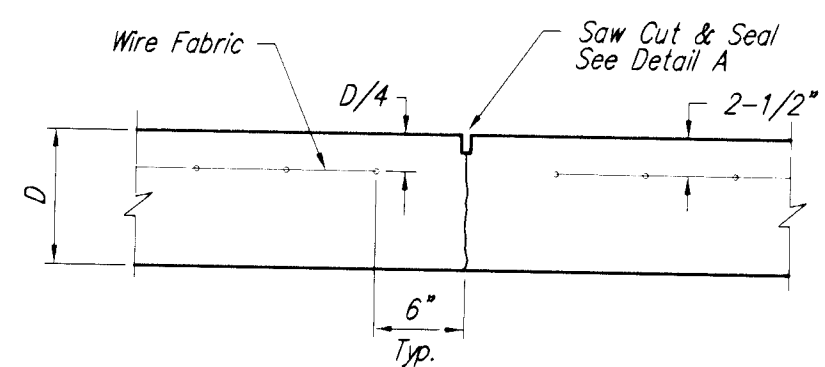


EXPANSION JOINT

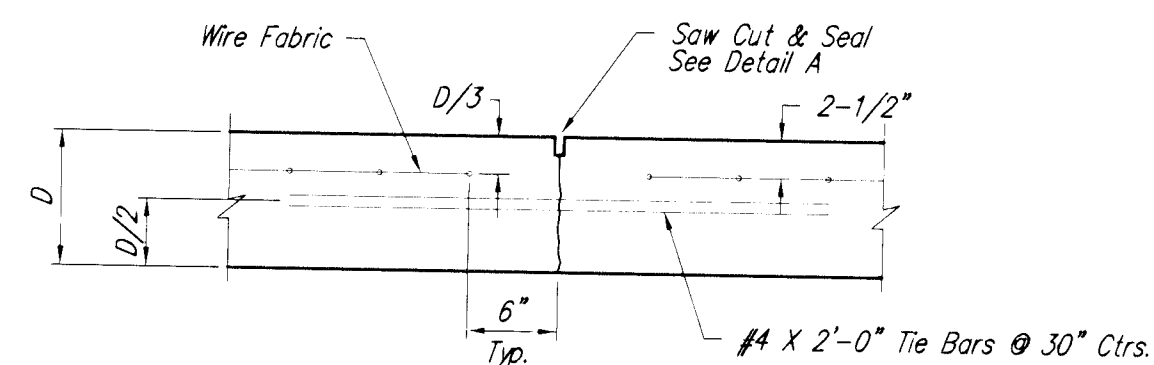
NOTE: Extra Thickness to be Subsidiary to Price of Square Yards Pavement



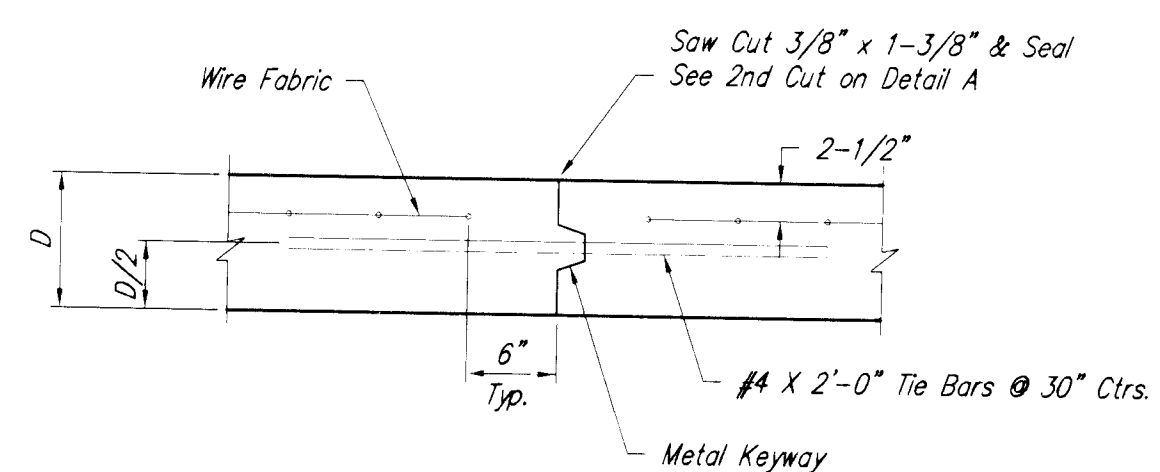
KEYWAY DETAIL



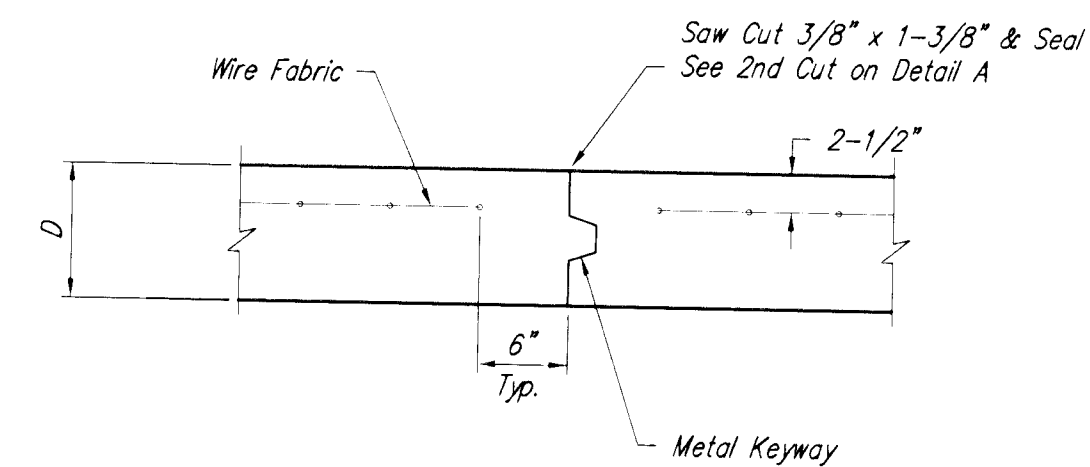
CONTRACTION JOINT DETAIL (C.J.)



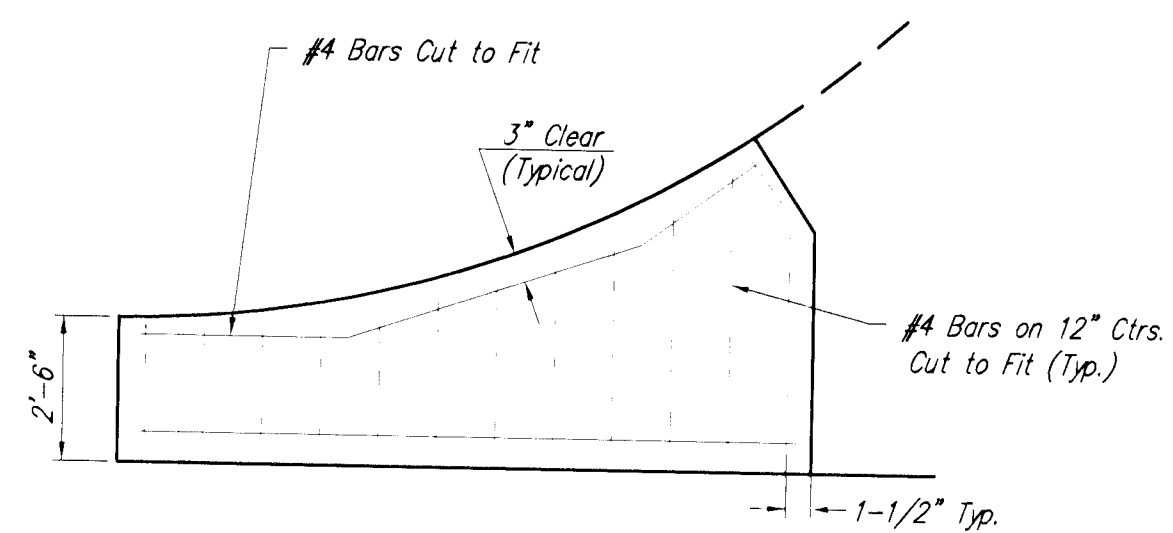
LONGITUDINAL JOINT DETAIL (L.J.)



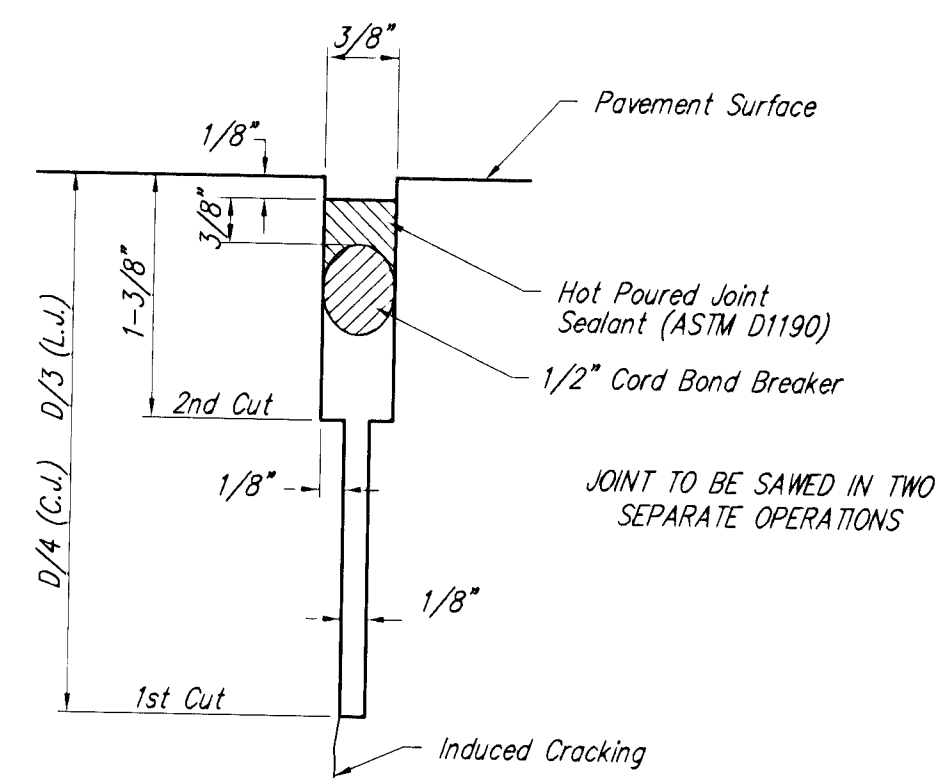
OPTIONAL LONGITUDINAL JOINT DETAIL (L.J.)



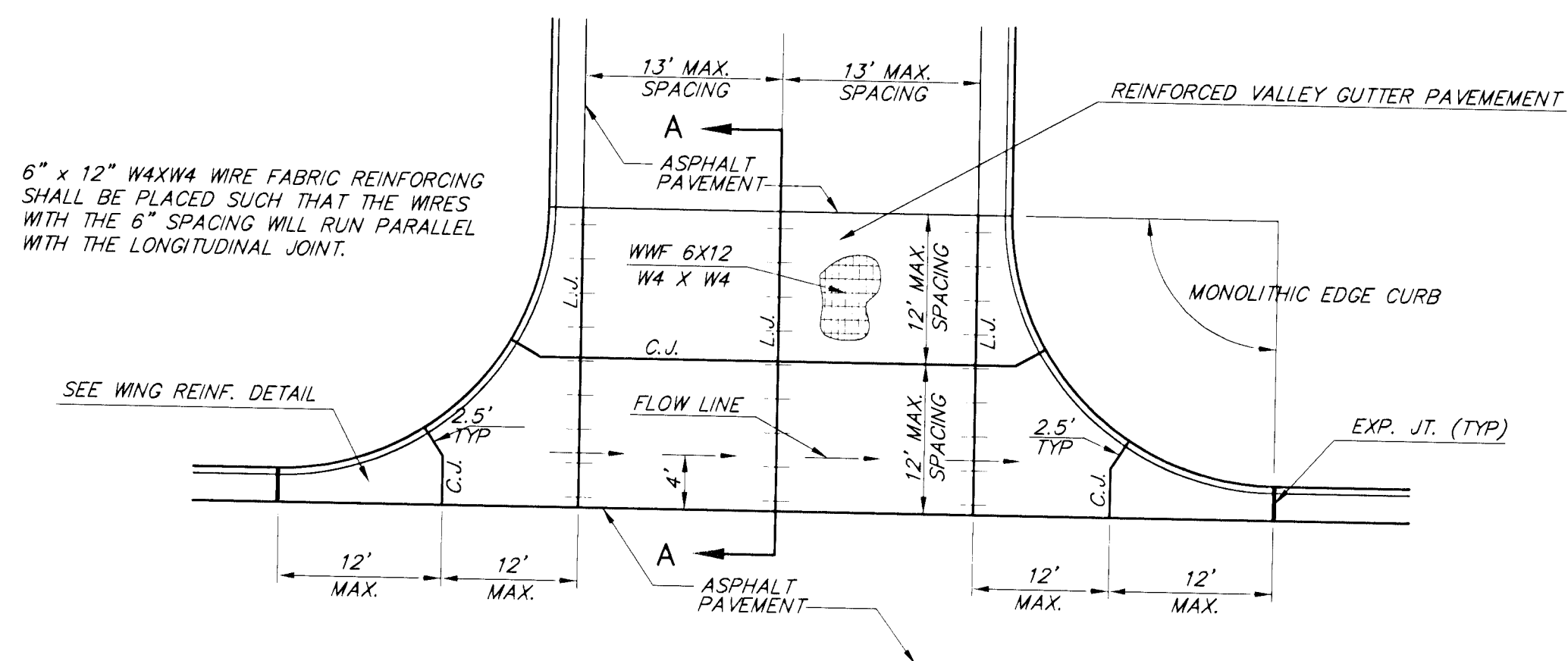
OPTIONAL CONTRACTION JOINT



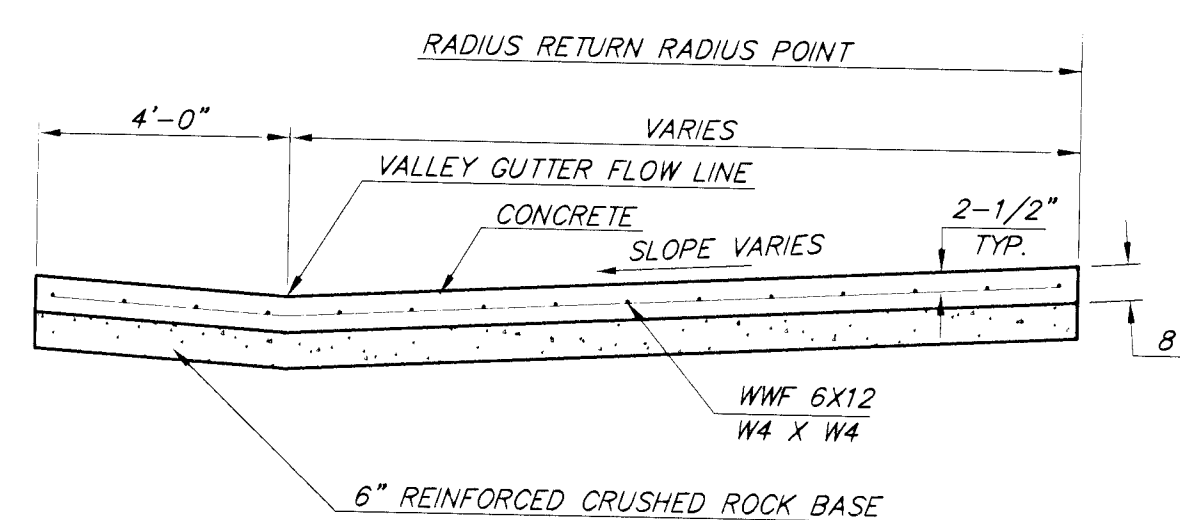
WING REINFORCING DETAIL



SAW JOINT DETAIL



PLAN



SECTION A-A

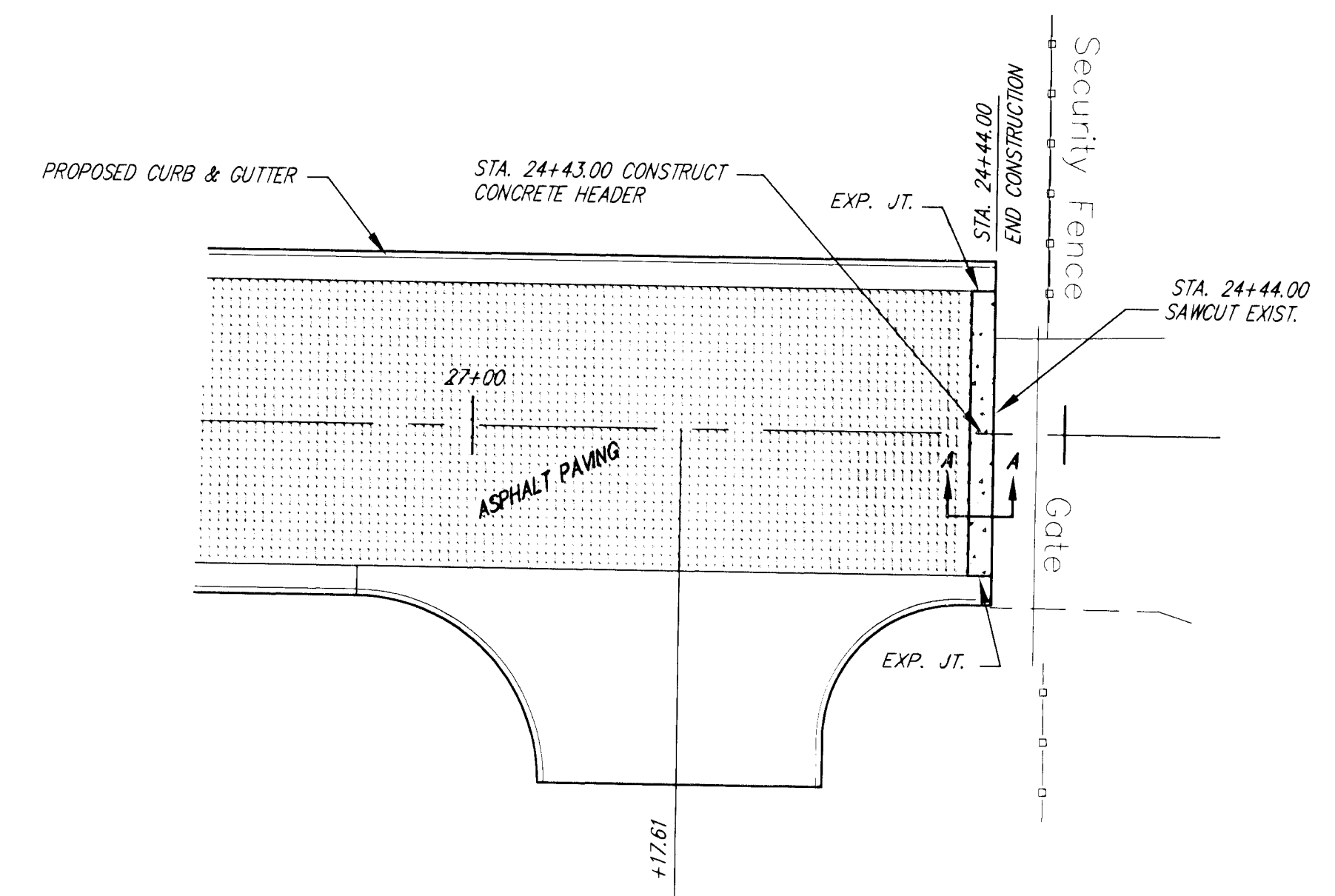
REINFORCED VALLEY GUTTER DETAIL

CONCRETE HEADER NOTES

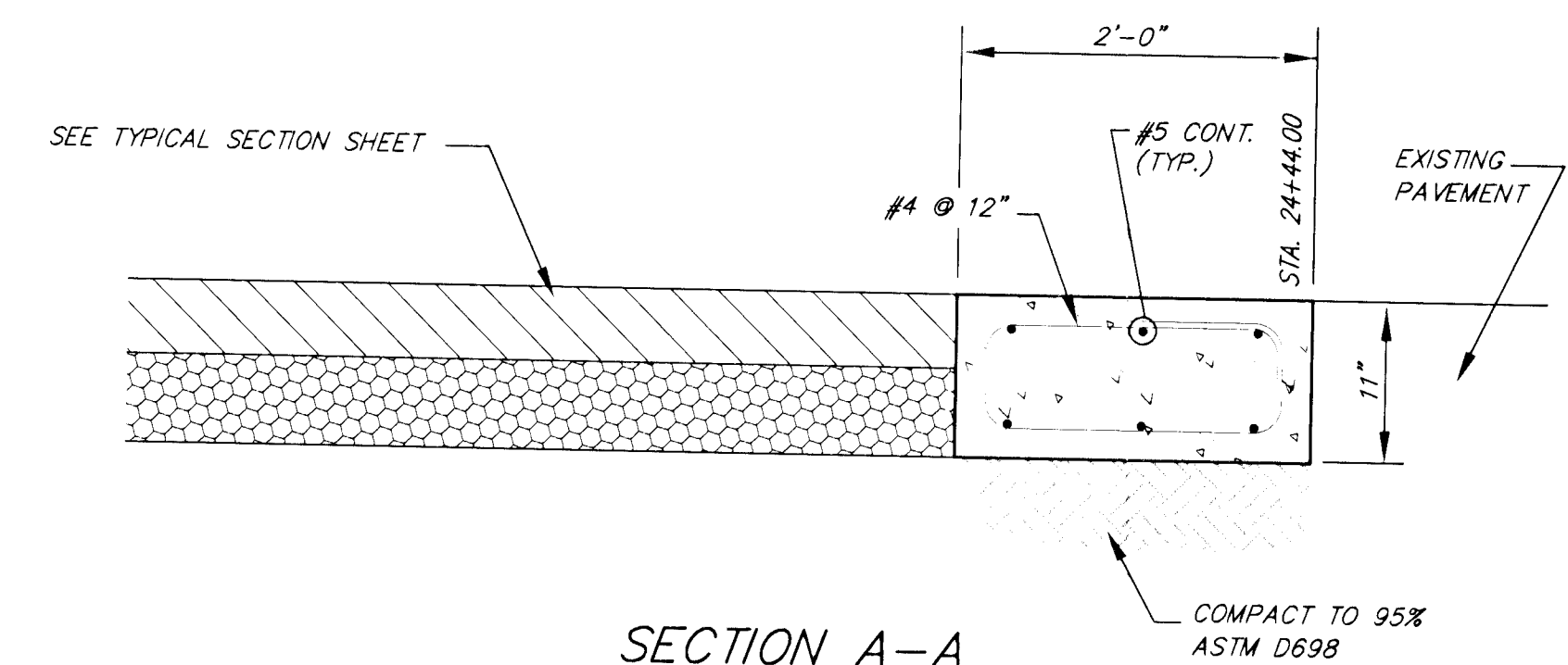
CONCRETE: CONCRETE SHALL BE AS PER CITY OF WICHITA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONCRETE PAVING MIX EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 P.S.I. LIGHT BROOM FINISH SURFACE.

REINFORCING STEEL: ALL DIMENSIONS RELATIVE TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTERLINE OF BAR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL CLEARANCES SHALL BE 2" UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION A615 GRADE 60.

PAYMENT: CONCRETE HEADER SHALL BE PAID FOR AT THE UNIT PRICE BID PER EACH IN PLACE INCLUDING CONCRETE, REINFORCING STEEL, EXCAVATION ALL OTHER MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS, LABOR, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND INCIDENTALS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK.



PLAN

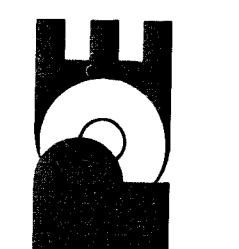


SECTION A-A

CONCRETE HEADER DETAIL

WEST LEARET WAY
VALLEY GUTTER/CONCRETE HEADER DETAILS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

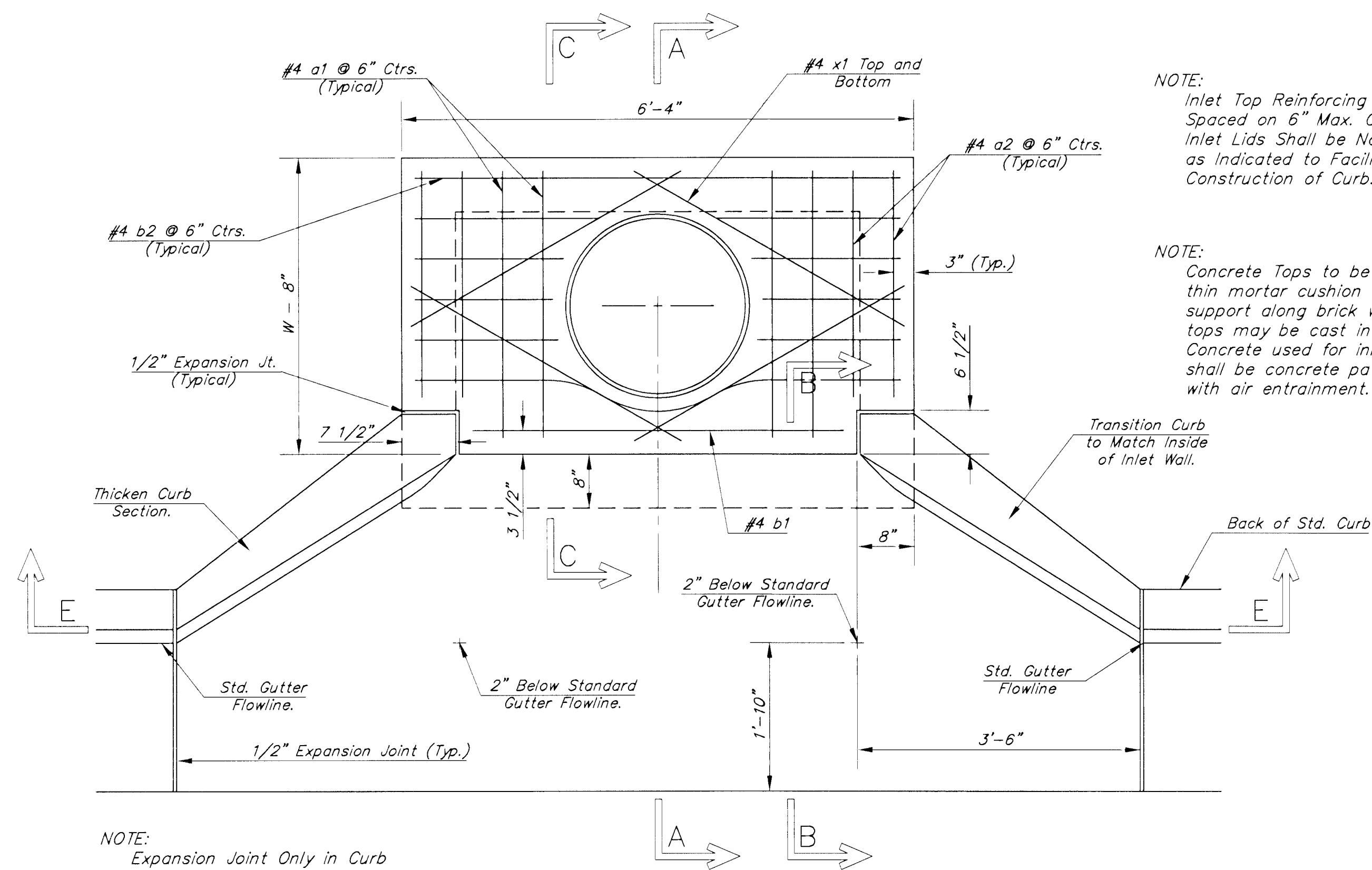
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/865-4114 • FAX 316/865-4444



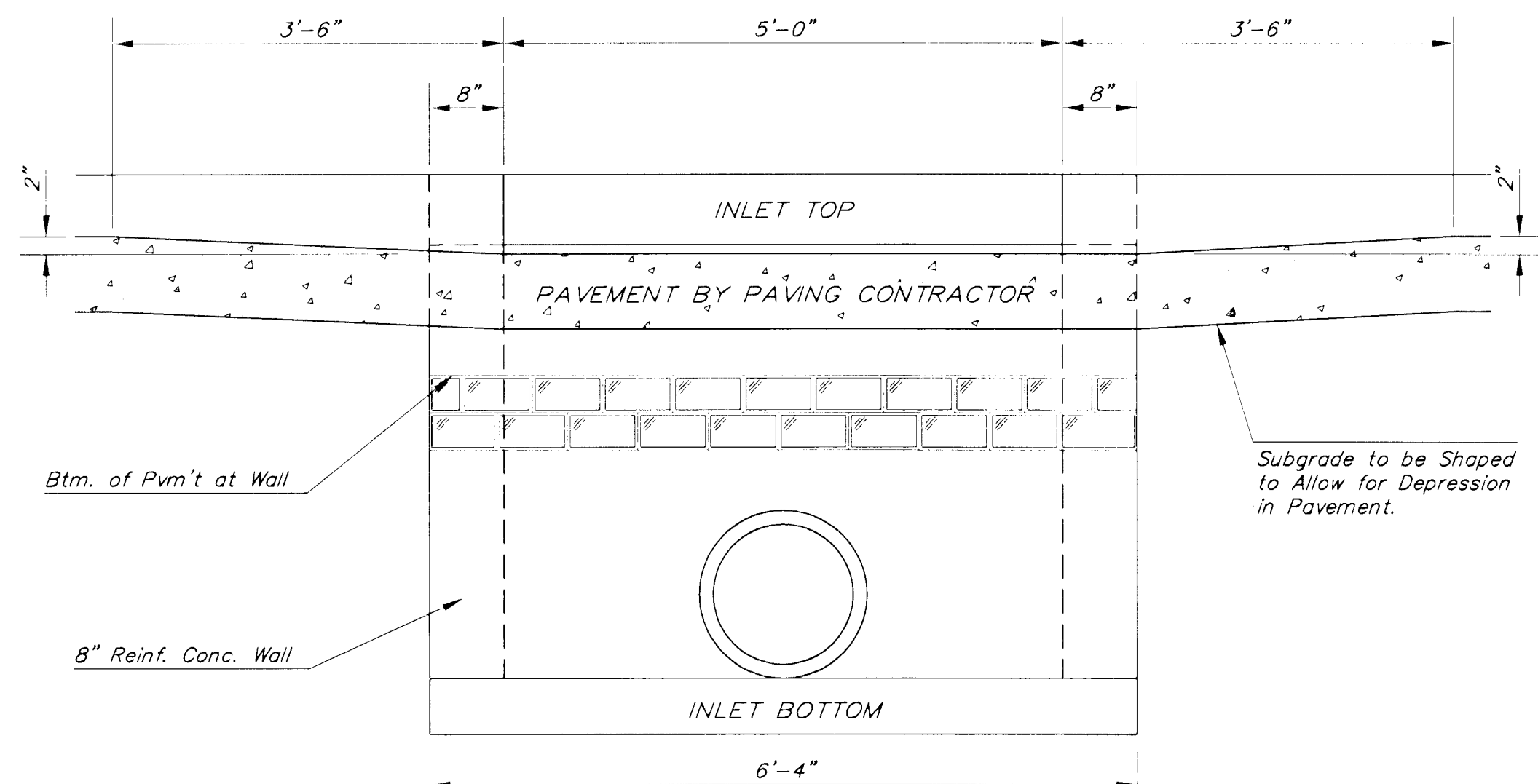
FINAL

Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Umich
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

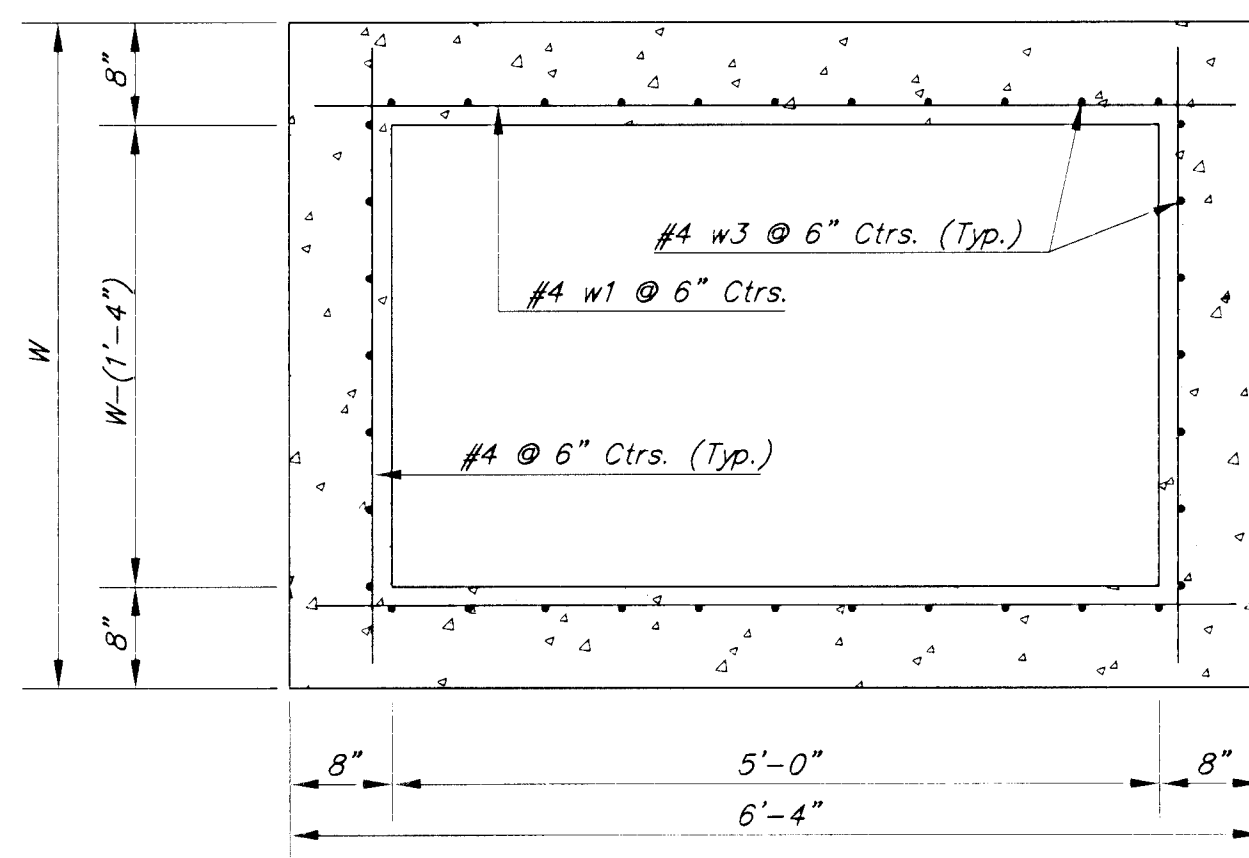
SHEET 9 OF 32



PLAN



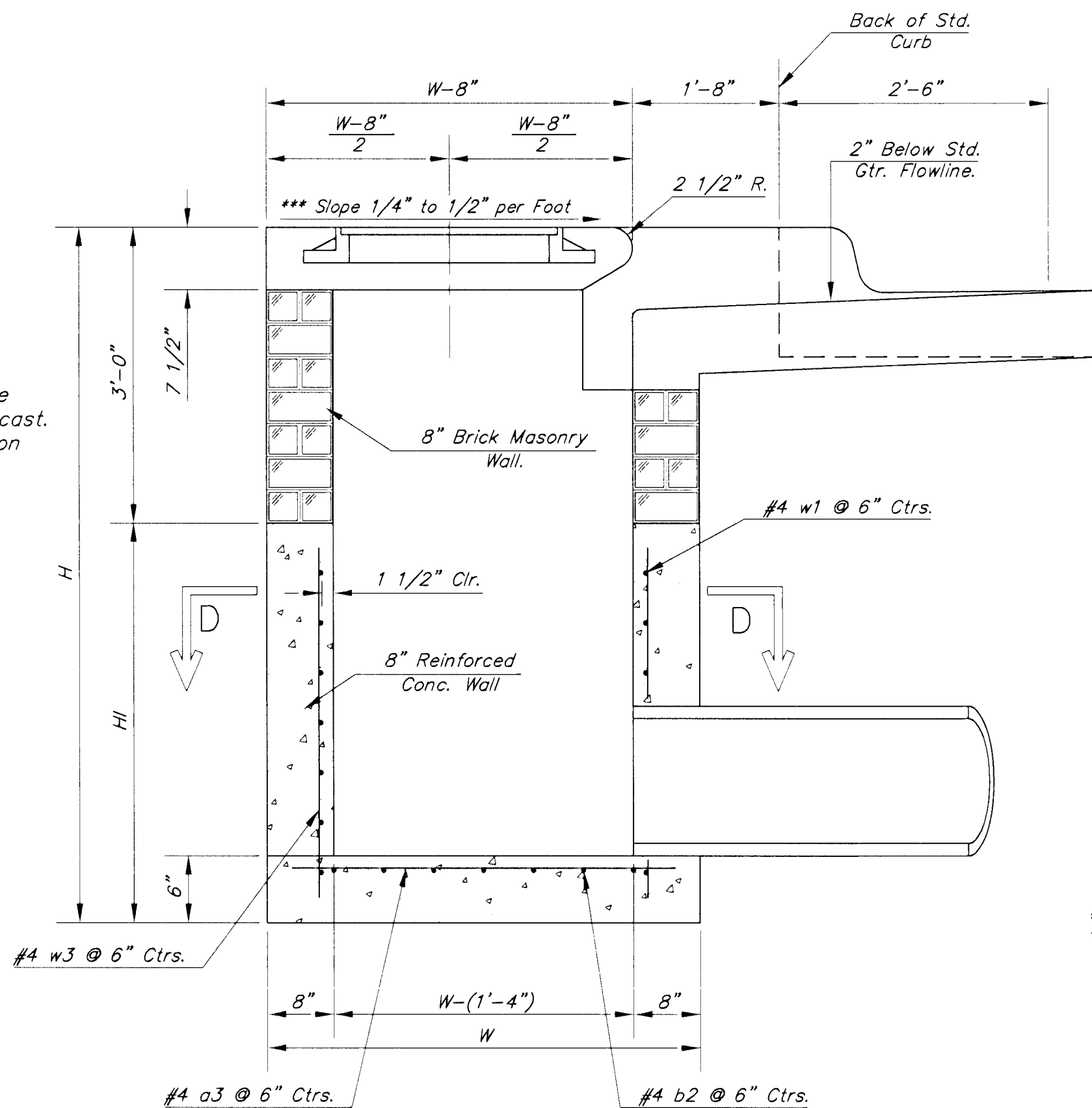
SECTION E-E



SECTION D-D

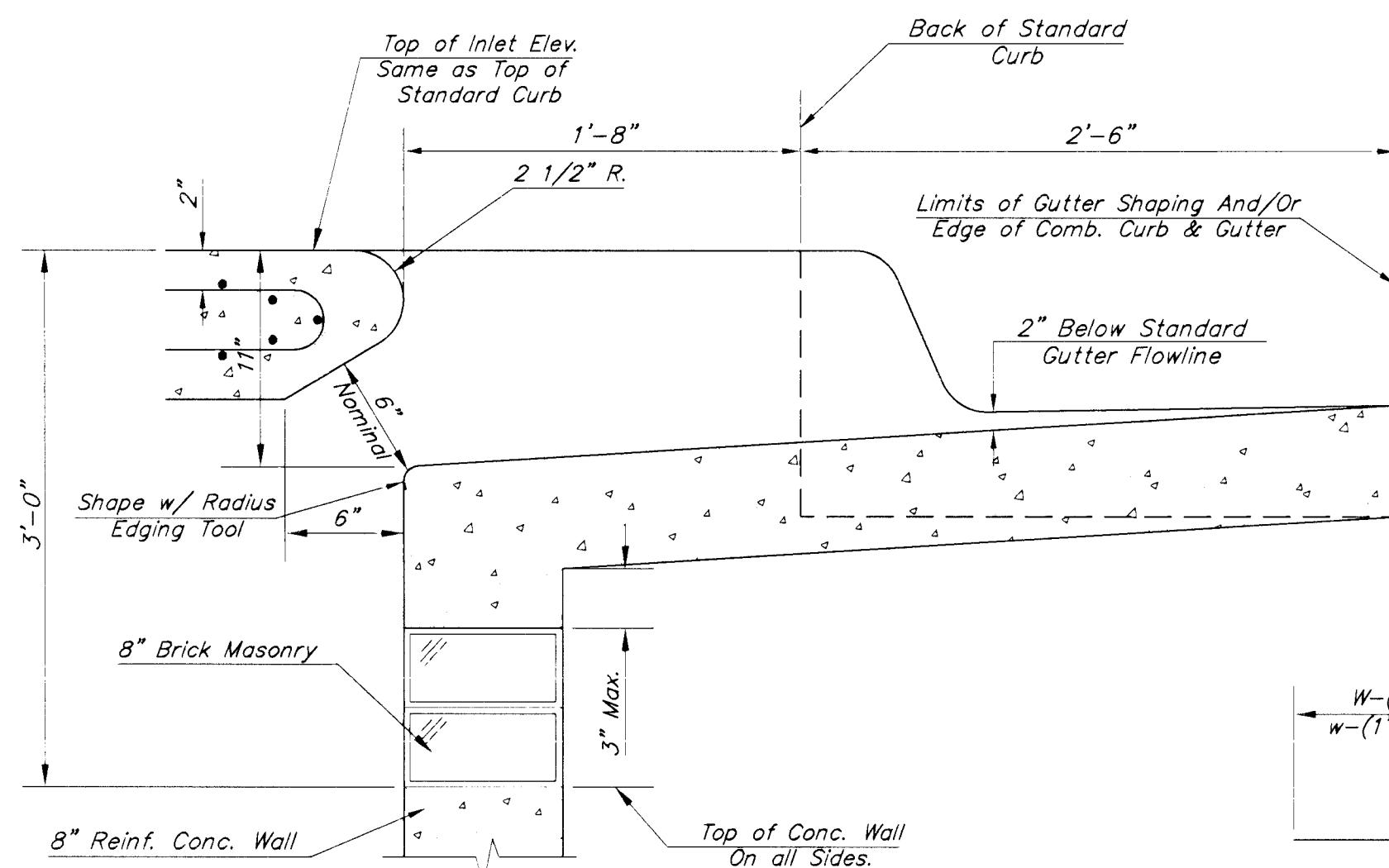
NOTE: Inlet Top Reinforcing shall be Spaced on 6" Max. Centers. Inlet Lids Shall be Notched Out as Indicated to Facilitate Construction of Curb.

NOTE: Concrete Tops to be installed on thin mortar cushion to insure full support along brick walls. Concrete tops may be cast in place or precast. Concrete used for inlet construction shall be concrete pavement mix with air entrainment.

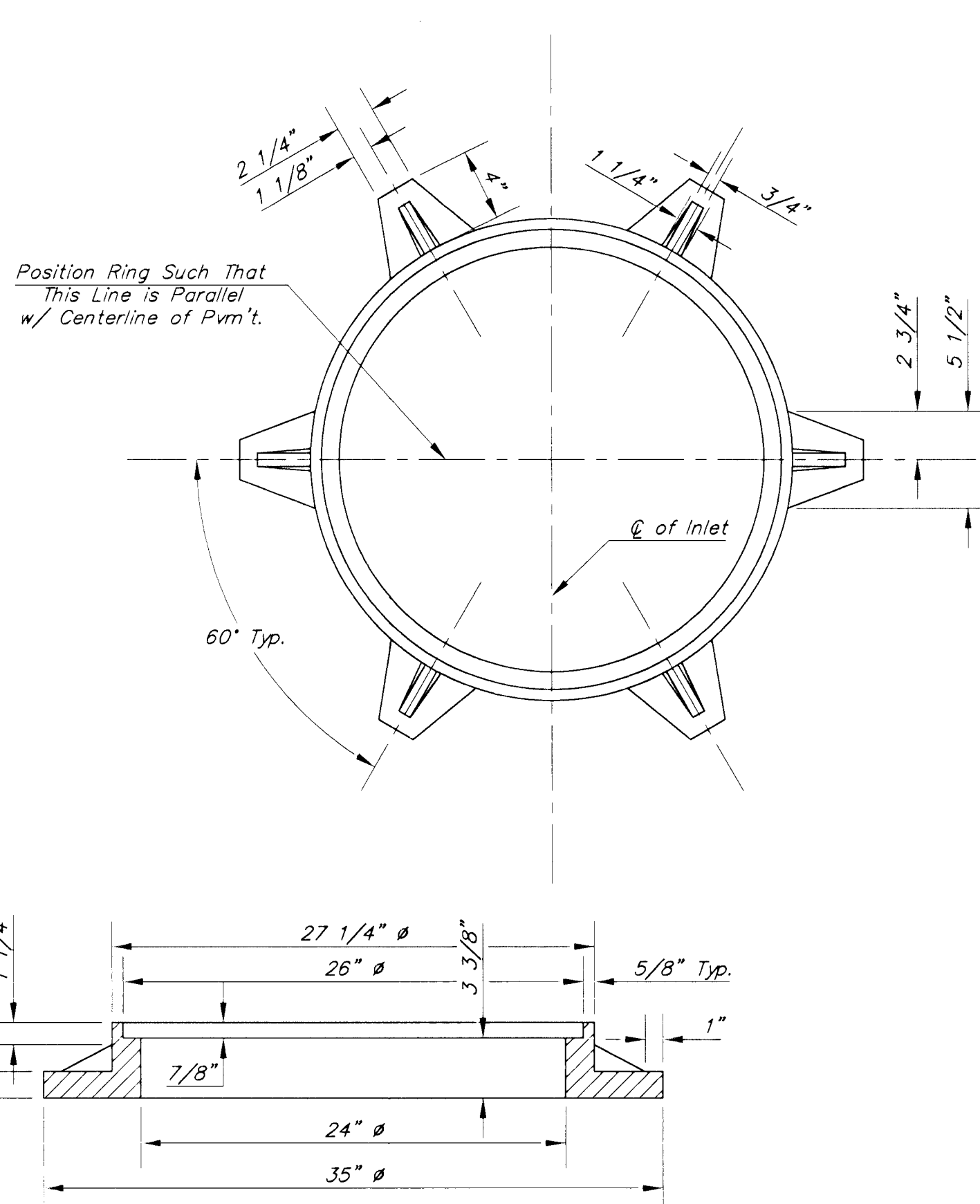


SECTION A-A

***NOTE: Slope of Inlet tops to Match Sidewalk or Parking Slopes within Limits Indicated.



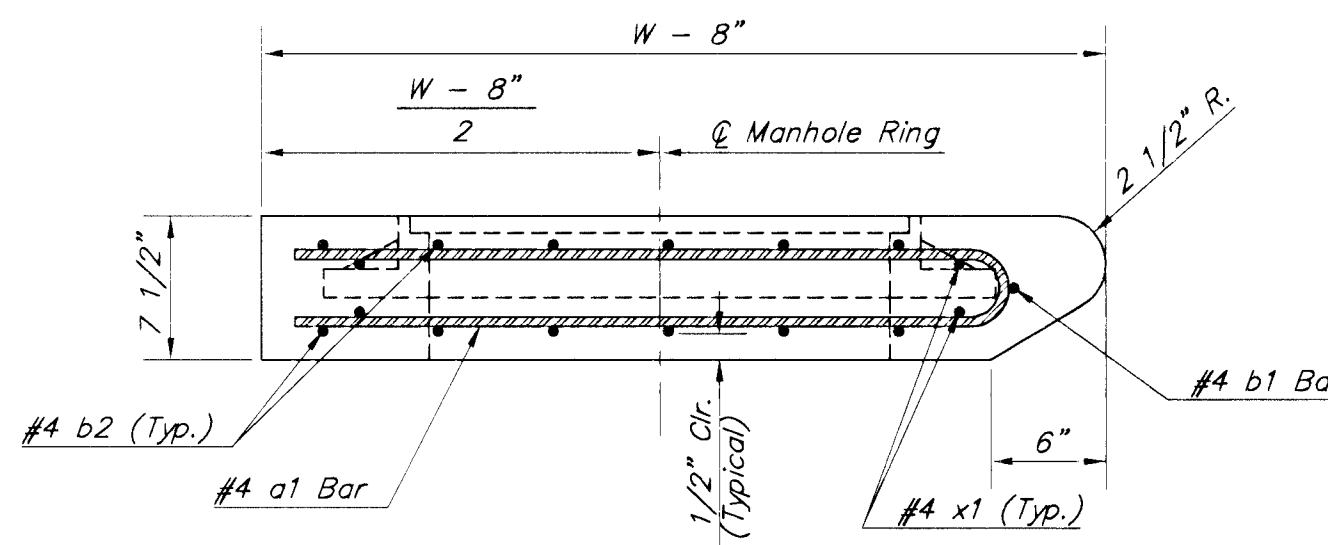
SECTION B-B



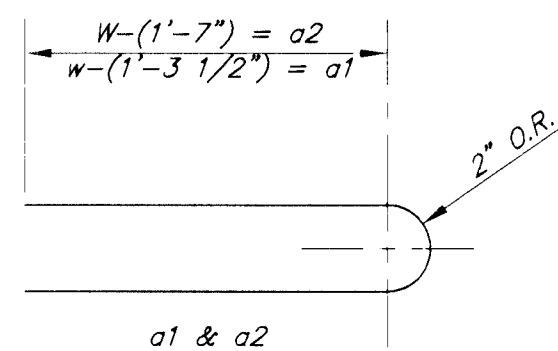
MANHOLE RING AND COVER

Weight = 180 Lbs.

*See City of Wichita Standard Manhole Ring and Cover Detail Sheet for Cover Details to Be Used With Inlet Frame.



SECTION A-A



BENDING DIAGRAM

PRECAST SLAB AND FLOOR REINFORCING											
		W = 4'-4"		W = 5'-4"		W = 6'-4"		W = 7'-4"		W = 8'-4"	
MARK	SIZE	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH
* a1	#4	6	6'-7"	6	8'-7"	6	10'-7"	6	12'-7"	6	14'-7"
a2	#4	4	6'-0"	4	8'-0"	4	10'-0"	4	12'-0"	4	14'-0"
a3	#4	13	4'-1"	13	5'-1"	13	6'-1"	13	7'-1"	13	8'-1"
b1	#4	1	4'-9"	1	4'-9"	1	4'-9"	1	4'-9"	1	4'-9"
* b2	#4	23	6'-1"	29	6'-1"	35	6'-1"	41	6'-1"	47	6'-1"
x1	#4	8	3'-10"	8	4'-2"	8	4'-6"	8	4'-10"	8	5'-2"
WALL REINFORCING											
		W = 4'-4"		W = 5'-4"		W = 6'-4"		W = 7'-4"		W = 8'-4"	
MARK	SIZE	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH	NO.	LENGTH
w1	#4	①	6'-1"	①	6'-1"	①	6'-1"	①	6'-1"	①	6'-1"
w2	#4	①	4'-1"	①	5'-1"	①	6'-1"	①	7'-1"	①	8'-1"
w3	#4	32	②	36	②	40	②	44	②	48	②

* Field Bend or Cut Reinforcing as Required for Clearance.

① 4 (Hl - 12") (Hl - 21") Rounded down to nearest 0.5'

② Hl - 3"

NOTE: Contractor shall have the option of constructing 8" brick masonry walls between the concrete inlet base and top on this inlet when W=6'-4" and H=7'-0" or less.

Additional curb and gutter construction necessary to connect set-back inlet to pavement will be paid for at the unit price bid for each inlet hookup.

Inlet invert shall be shaped with 8 sack sand mix concrete to create flow channels and to increase hydraulic efficiency such that the inlet will be self-cleaning between all inlet and/or outlet pipes.

The ends of all pipes installed in inlets shall be cut off flush with the inside face of the inlet wall

THE CITY OF WICHITA

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE
CITY HALL - SEVENTH FLOOR
455 NORTH MAIN STREET
WICHITA, KANSAS 67202
(316) 268-4501
(316) 268-4114 FAX

**STANDARD TYPE 1-A
CURB INLET**

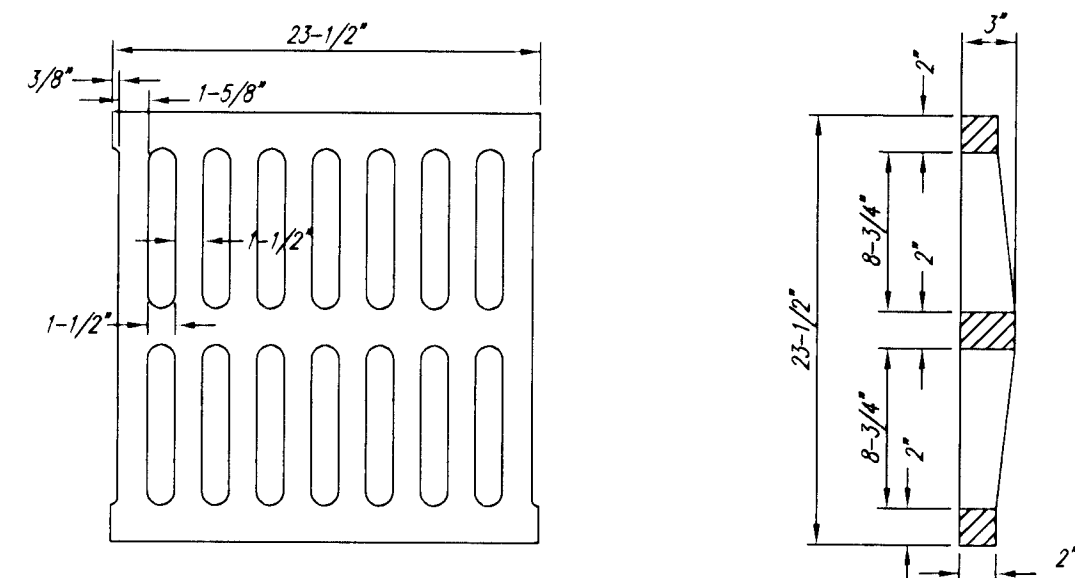
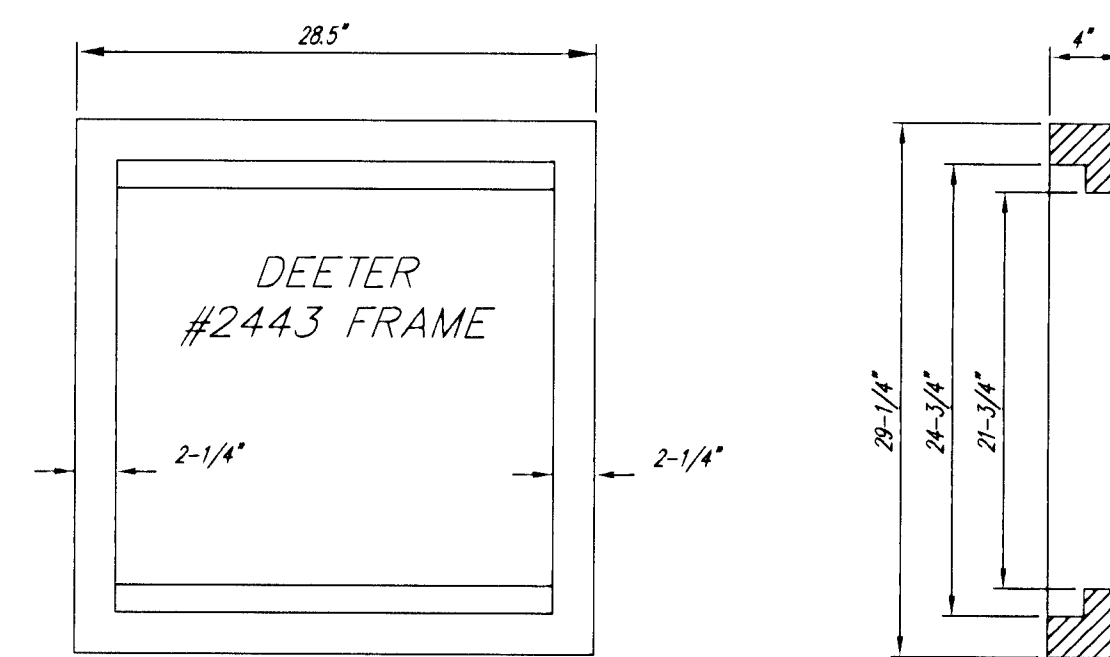
OPENING = 6" x 5'-0"

JAMES ARMOUR, P.E. - CITY ENGINEER

PROJECT NUMBER
1774

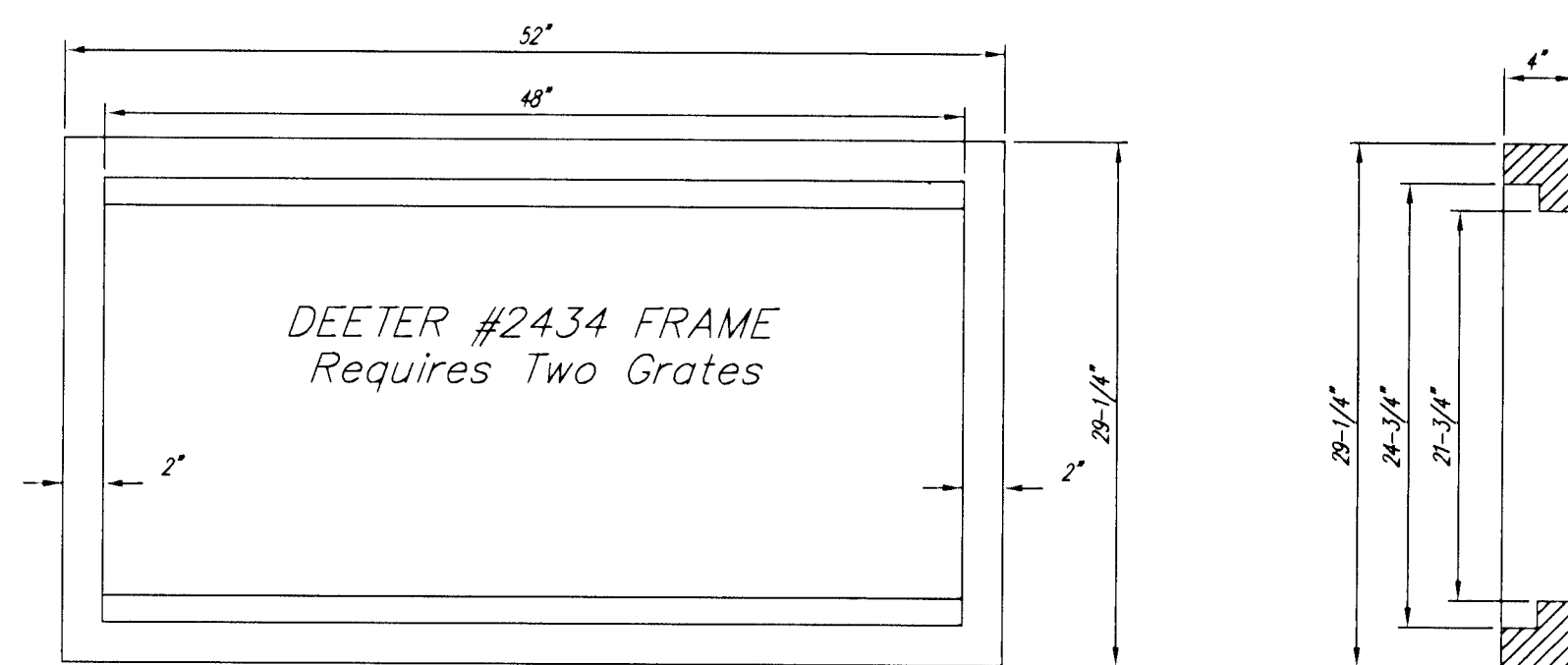
DATE
MARCH 04

INDEX CODE
SHEET 10 OF 32



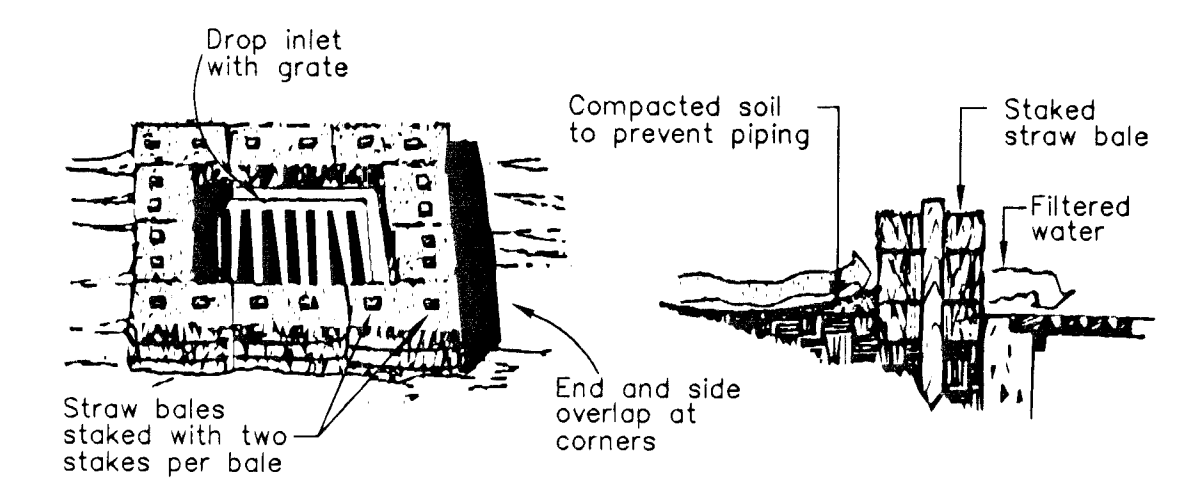
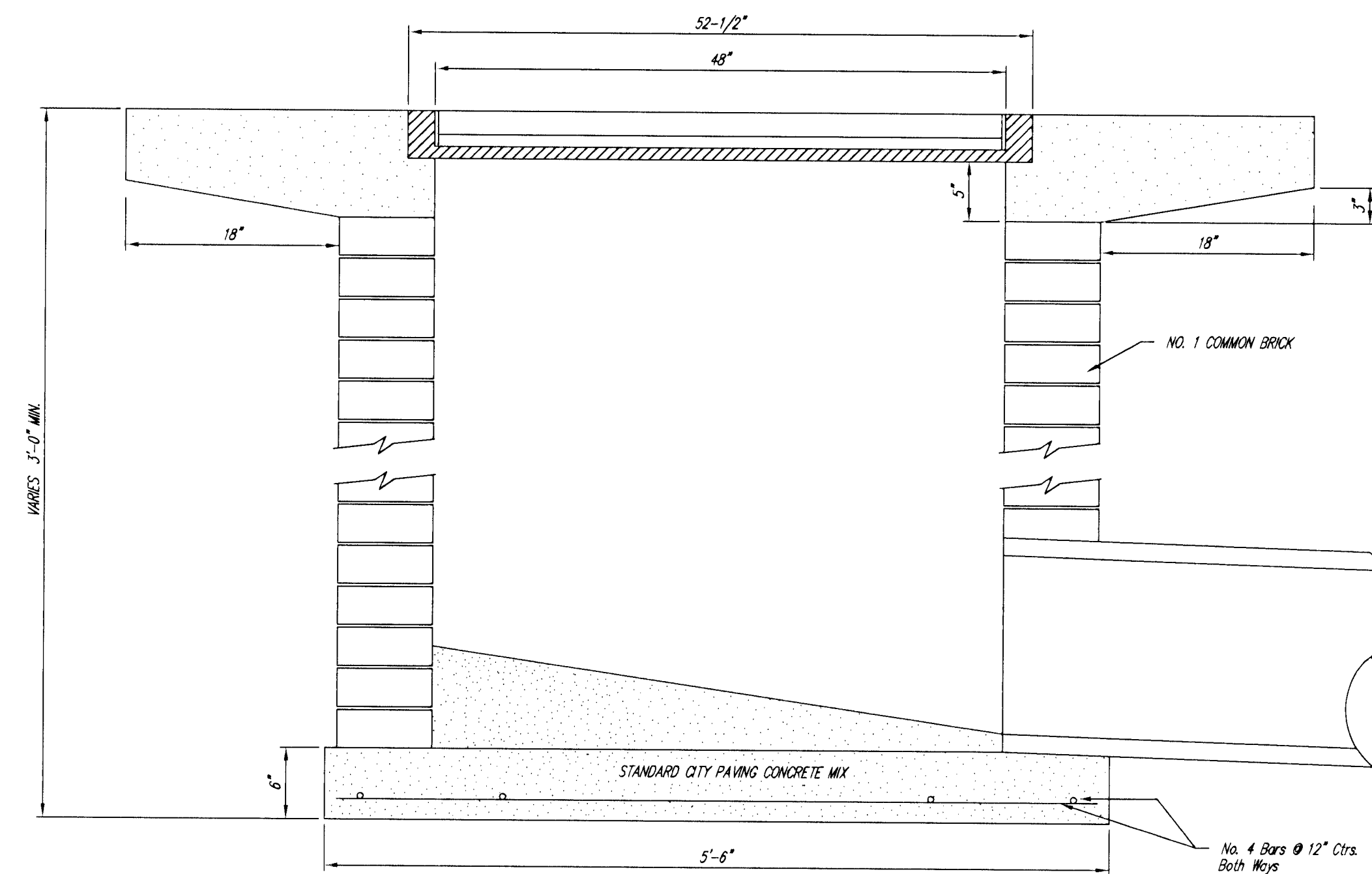
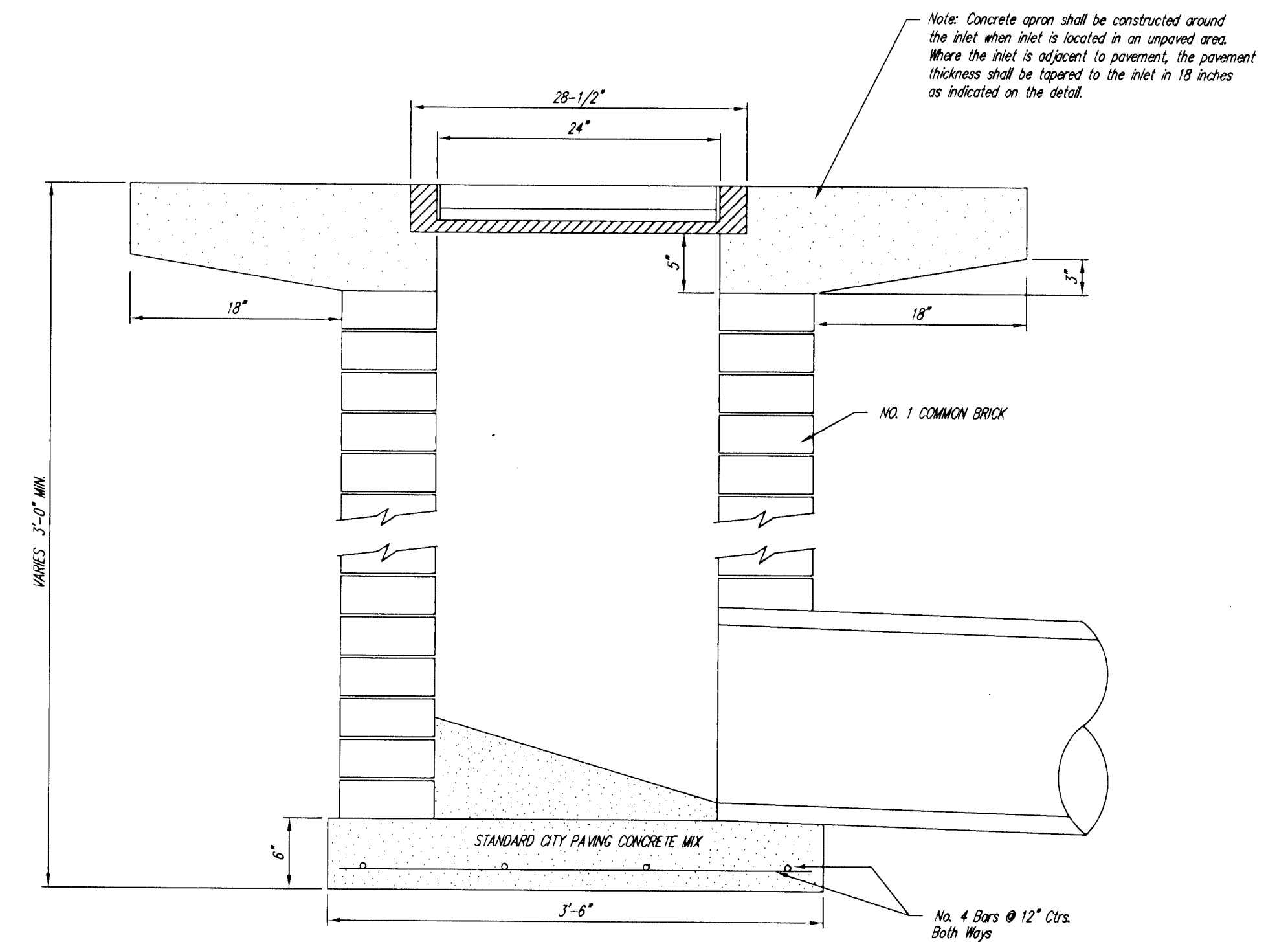
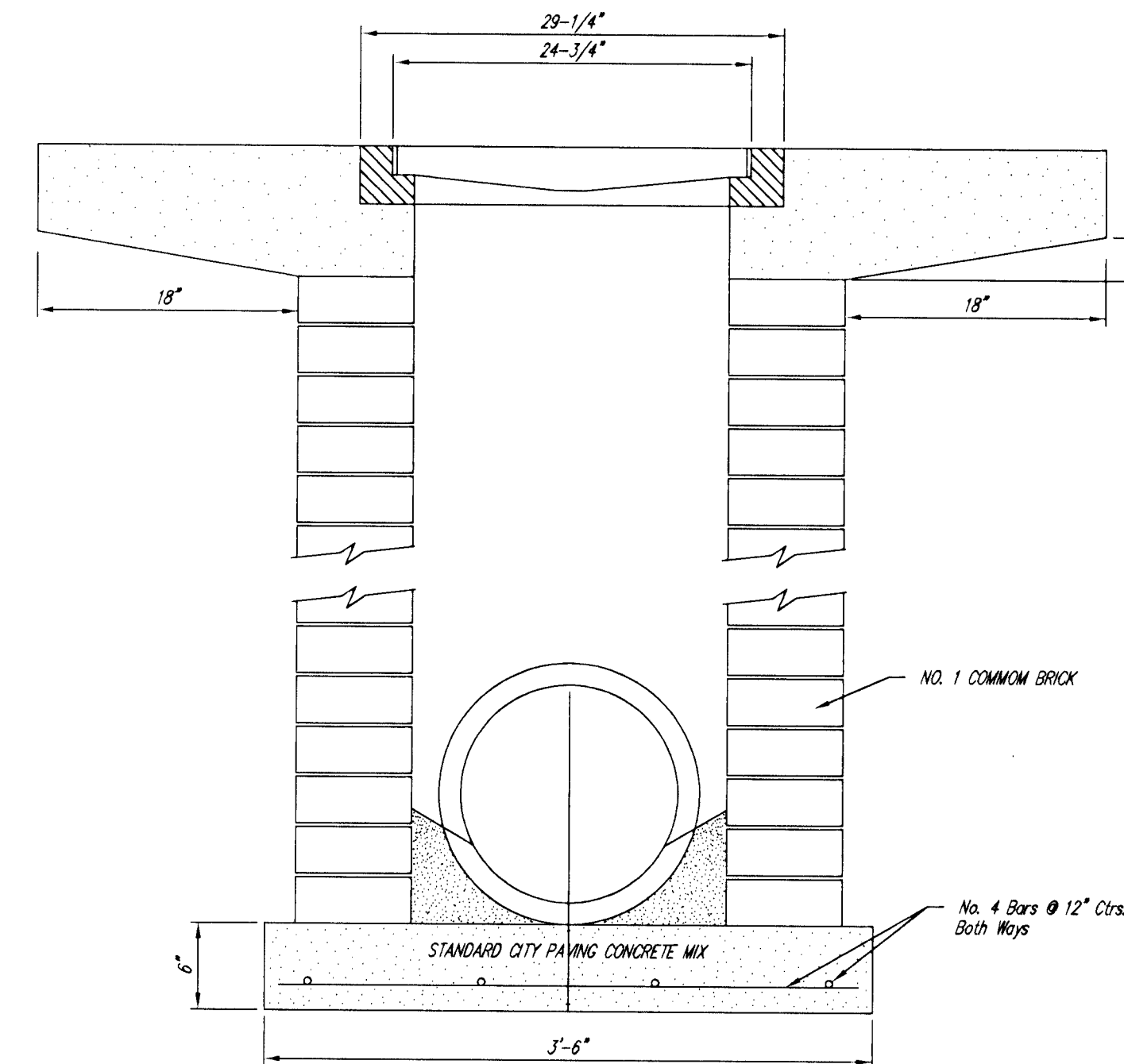
DEETER #2433 GRATE

24" x 24" Frame and Grate Detail



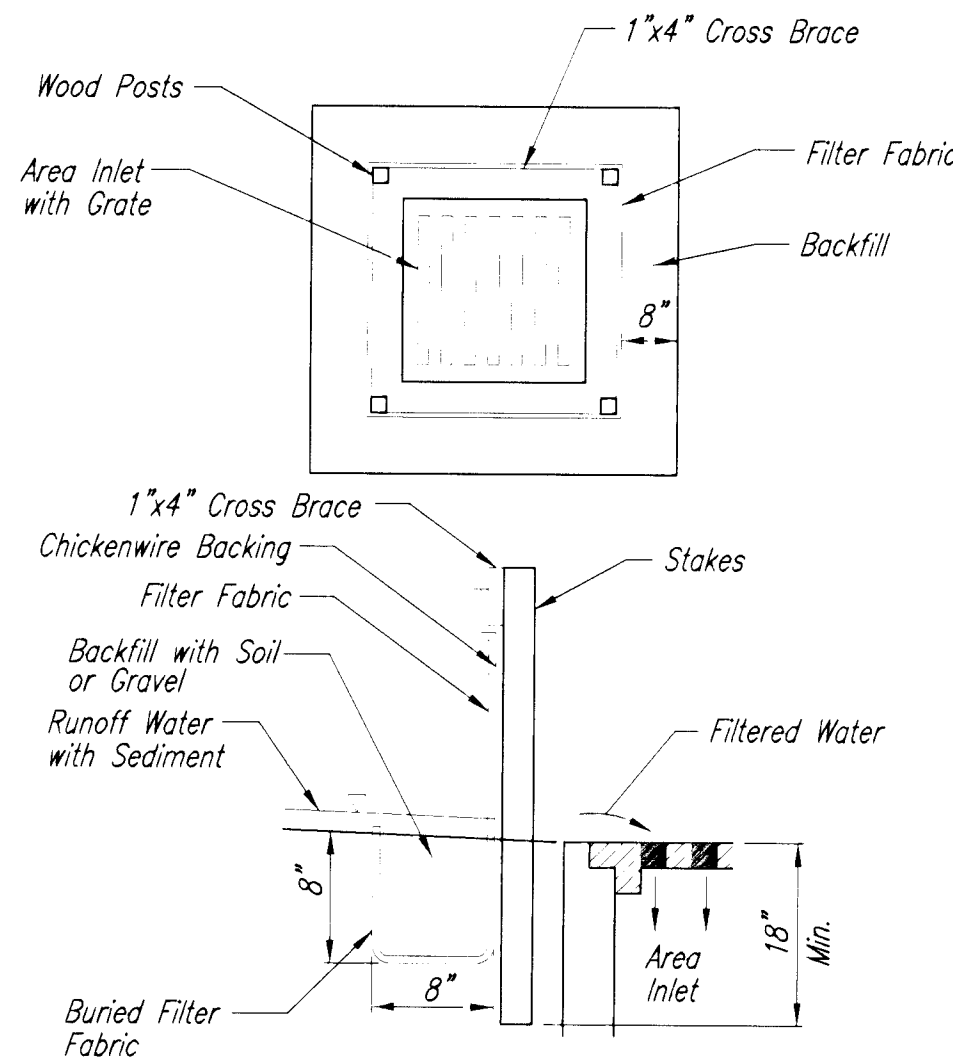
Double 24" x 24" Frame Detail

NOTE: Grates shall be imprinted on the top surface with "CITY OF WICHITA" using letters at least 1" in height. Other marking methods may be approved by the engineer.



HAY BALE SEDIMENT BARRIER

HAY BALE BARRIER & DROP INLET	
2' X 2 1/2' X 4'	
JAMES ARMOUR P.E. - CITY ENGINEER	
PROJECT NUMBER	INDEX CODE
1774	
DATE	
MARCH 04	SHEET 11 OF 32



SILT FENCE BARRIERS FOR AREA INLETS
(INLET PROTECTION)

Material Specification:

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The wire or polymeric mesh backing used to help support the silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4" long. The material used to frame the tops of the posts should be 1" by 4" boards. Silt fence fabric and support backing should be attached to the wooden posts and frame with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

Placement:

Place a silt fence drop inlet barrier in a location where it is unlikely to be overtopped. Water should flow through silt fence, not over it. Silt fence barriers for area inlets often fail when repeatedly overtopped. When used as a barrier for area inlets, silt fence fabric and posts must be supported at the top by a wooden frame. When a silt fence barrier for area inlets is located near an inlet that has steep approach slopes, the storage capacity behind the barrier is drastically reduced. Timely removal of sediment must occur for a barrier to operate properly in this location.

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench around the perimeter of the area inlet that is at least 8" deep by 8" wide. Drive posts to a depth of at least 18" around the perimeter of the area inlet. The distance between posts should be 4' or less. If the distance between two adjacent corner posts is more than 4', add another post(s) between them. Connect the tops of all the posts with a wooden frame made of 1" by 4" boards. Use nails or screws for fastening. Attach the wire or polymeric-mesh backing to the outside of the post/frame structure with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric long enough to wrap around the perimeter of the area inlet. Add more length for overlapping the fabric joint. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench, starting at the outside edge of the trench. Line all three sides of the trench with the fabric. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt fence fabric should remain exposed. Attach the silt fence to the outside of the post/frame structure with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails. The joint should be overlapped to the next post.

Note: When a silt fence barrier for area inlet is placed in a shallow median ditch, make sure that the top of the barrier is not higher than the paved road. In this configuration, water may spread onto the roadway causing a hazardous condition.

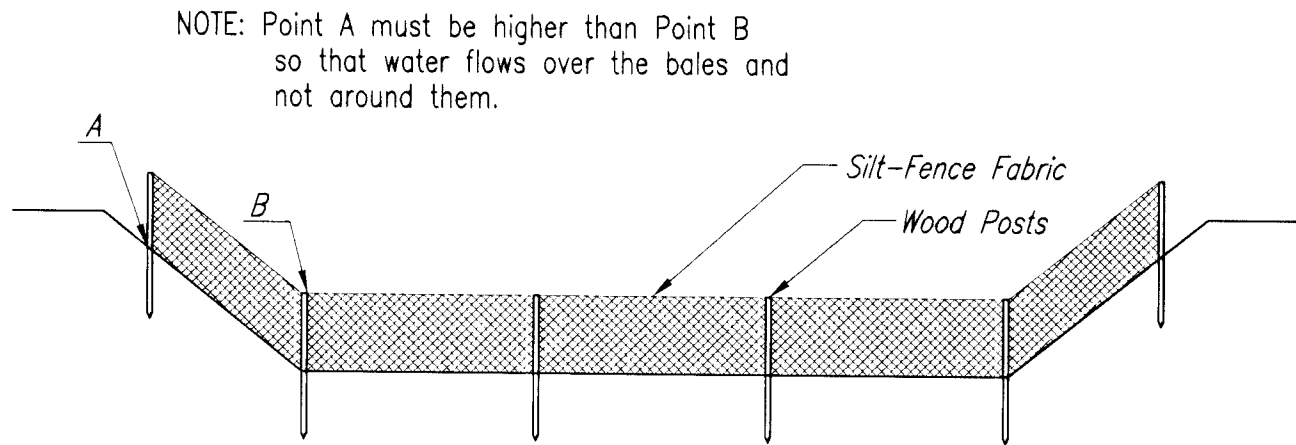
List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

Water should flow through a silt fence barrier for area inlet—not over it. Place a silt fence barrier for area inlet in a location where it is unlikely to be overtopped. Silt fence barrier for area inlets often fail when repeatedly overtopped. Do not place posts on the outside of the silt fence barrier for area inlet. In this configuration, the force of the water is not resisted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip-ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not install silt fence barrier for area inlets without framing the top of the posts. The corner posts around area inlets are stressed in two directions whereas a normal silt fence is only stressed in one direction. This added stress requires more support.

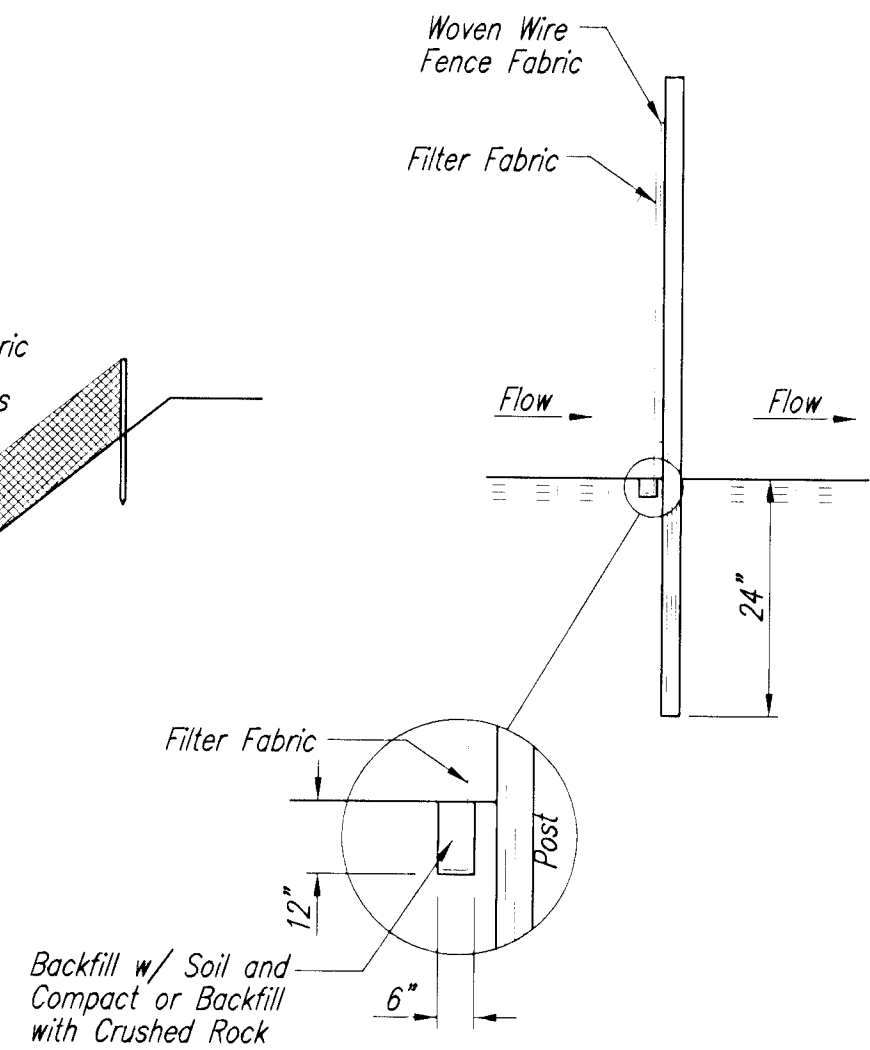
Inspection and Maintenance:

Silt fence barrier for area inlets should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Does water flow under the silt fence?
Does the silt fence sag excessively?
Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the area inlet barrier?



ELEVATION
SILT FENCE DITCH CHECKS
(STREAM PROTECTION)



ANCHOR TRENCH DETAIL

Material Specification:

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4" long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

Placement:

Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check, not over it. Silt fence ditch checks often fail when overtopped. Silt fence ditch checks should be placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. The silt fence should extend far enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the top of the low point of the fence. This prevents water from flowing around the check. Checks should not be placed in ditches where high flows are expected. Rock checks should be used instead. Silt fence should be placed in ditches with slopes of 6% or less. For slopes steeper than 6%, rock checks should be used.

The following table provides check spacing for a given ditch grade:

Ditch Check Ditch grade	Spacing Check Spacing (feet)	Ditch Check Ditch grade	Spacing Check Spacing (feet)
(%)	(feet)	(%)	(feet)
0.5	200	4.0	50
1.0	200	5.0	40
2.0	100	6.0	30
3.0	65		

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench perpendicular to the ditch flowline that is at least 12" deep by 6" wide. Extend the trench in a straight line along the entire length of the proposed ditch check. Place the soil on the upstream side of the trench for later use. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downstream side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upstream edge of the trench. Line two sides of the trench with the fabric as shown on detail. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt fence fabric should remain exposed. Lay the exposed silt fence on the upstream side of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downstream of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 24". Place posts no more than 4' apart. Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

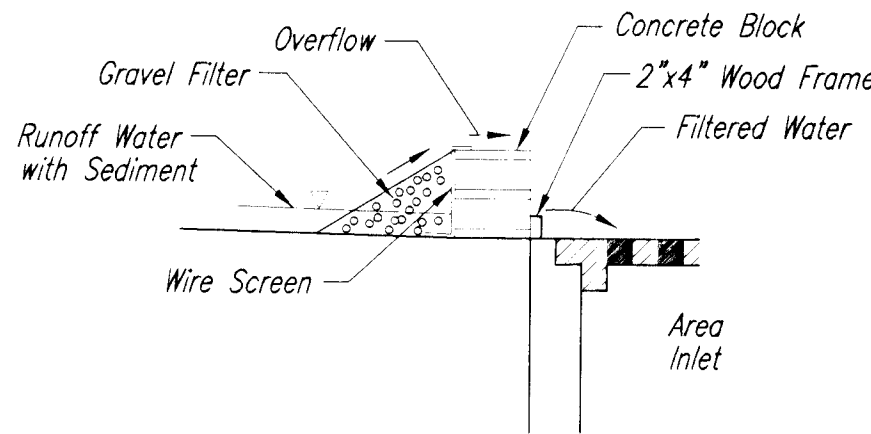
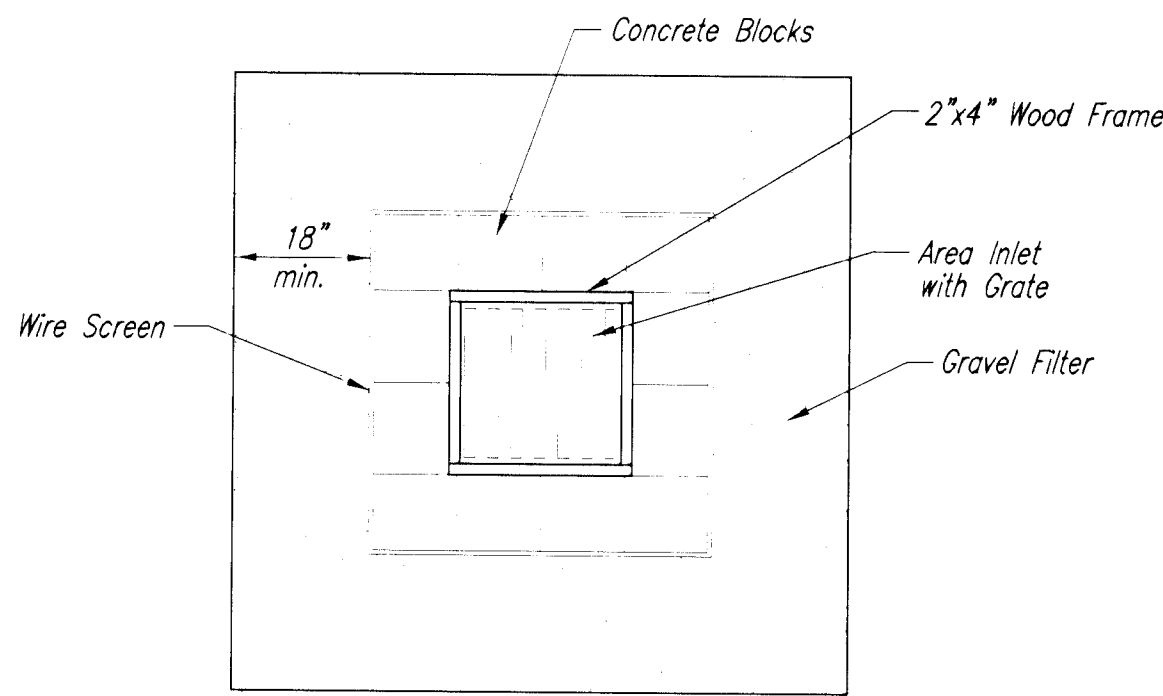
List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check—not over it. Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Silt fence installations quickly deteriorate when water overtops them. Do not place silt fence posts on the upstream side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not place a silt fence ditch check directly in front of a culvert outlet. It will not stand up to the concentrated flow. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in ditches that will likely experience high flows. They will not stand up to concentrated flow. Follow prescribed ditch check spacing guidelines. If spacing guidelines are exceeded, erosion will occur between the ditch checks. Do not allow water to flow around the ditch check. Make sure that the ditch check is long enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the low point on the top of the fence. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in channels with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the check is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Silt fence ditch checks should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Does water flow around the ditch check?
Does water flow under the ditch check?
Does the silt fence sag excessively?
Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the ditch check?



CONCRETE BLOCK FILTER FOR AREA DRAIN
(INLET PROTECTION)

Gravel barriers provide little filtering of large inflow waters. However, when installed correctly and maintained, they can effectively treat low runoff flows.

Placement of gravel filters around area drains must be completed in a manner that will not cause local flooding.

Gravel filters can be used if the immediate and adjacent area to the area drain consists of soil or pavement.

Only gravel filters are to be installed on top of the pavement.

Instructions for Installing:

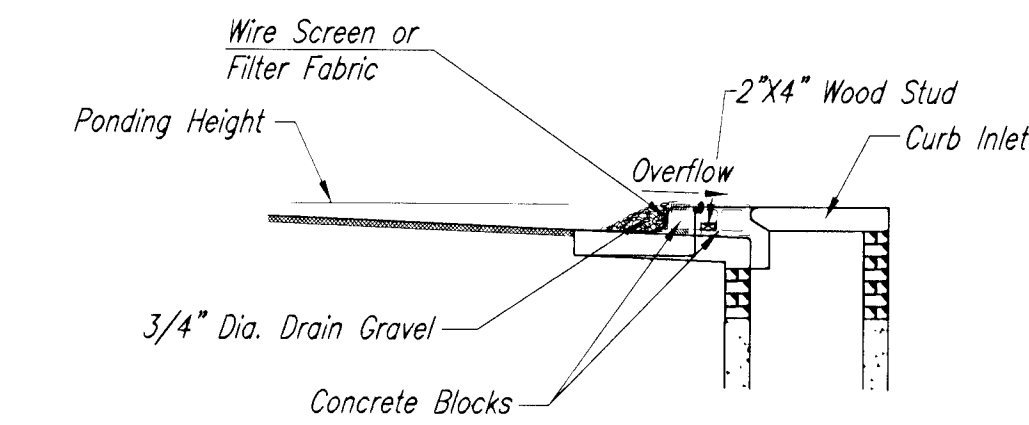
STEP 1: Place concrete blocks around the grate. The blocks can be stacked one or two high and should be supported by a 2"x4" board.
STEP 2: Wrap 1/2" mesh wire screen around the concrete blocks.
STEP 3: Place 1" to 1-1/2" diameter rock around the blocks and wire screen. Be sure the rock extends down from the top of the concrete block.
STEP 4: To prevent damage to vehicles, signs warning drivers about the structures may be necessary.

An alternative method is use of gravel bags that are supported to prevent collapsing.

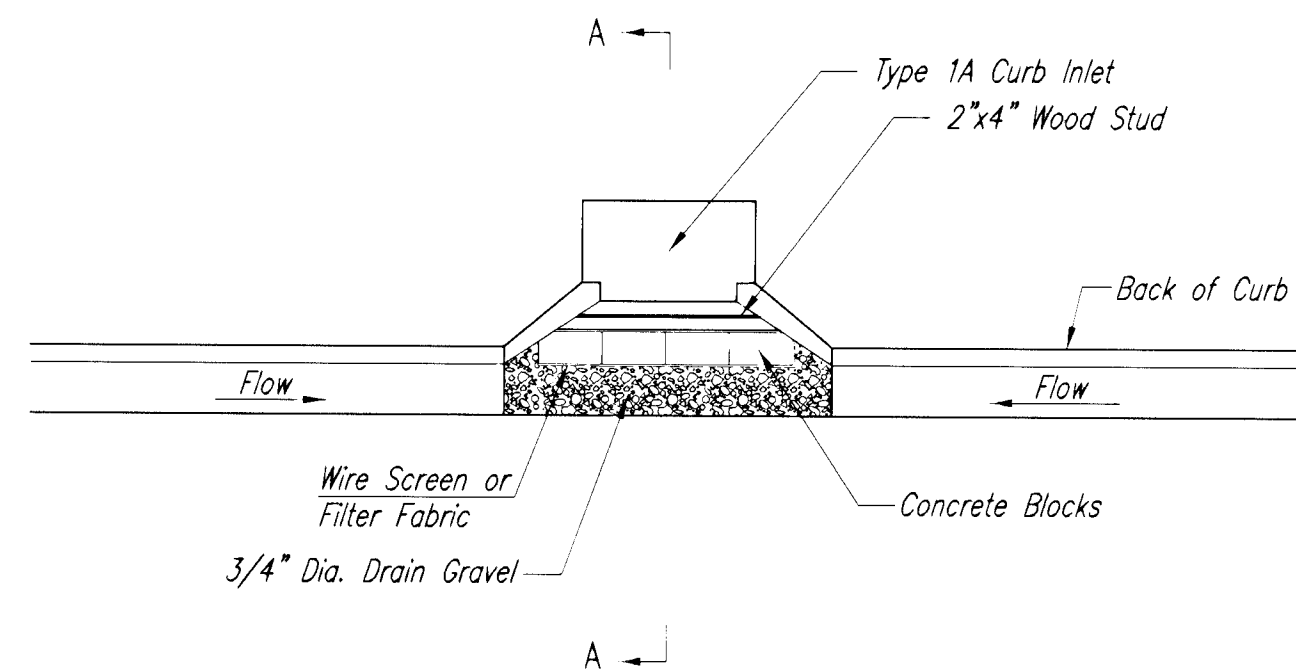
Use of rock having diameters smaller than 1" may result in clogging of pores and reduce the amount of water flowing into an inlet.

Maintenance:

All gravel filters installed around area drains should be inspected and repaired after each runoff event. Sediment should be removed when material is within 3" of the top of any block. Periodically, the gravel should be raked to increase infiltration and filtering of runoff waters. Accumulated sediment is to be removed immediately from roads and streets after every runoff event.



SECTION A-A



CURB INLET GRAVEL FILTERS (INLET PROTECTION-RESIDENTIAL STREETS ONLY)

NOTE: Other types of curb inlet protection may be approved by the city so long as equal protection is provided.

A gravel inlet filter shall be installed at sump locations on residential streets. This type of protection is not to be used on arterial or collector streets at any time that it would pose an undue traffic hazard.

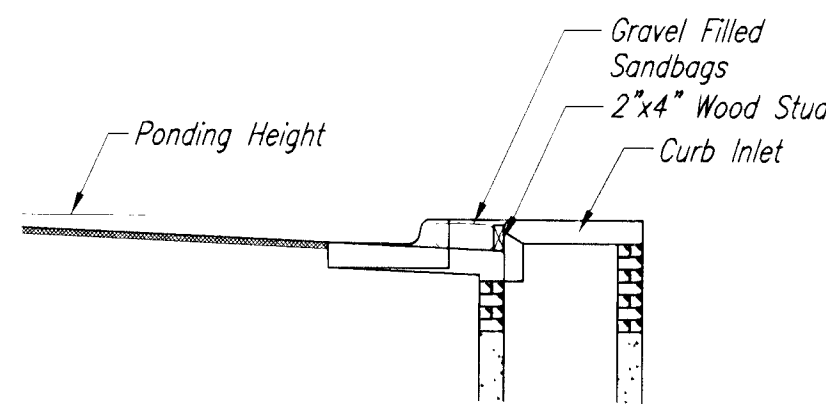
Instructions for Installing:

- STEP 1: Place concrete blocks around the inlet as shown on drawing. Insert 2x4 board as shown.
- STEP 2: Wrap 1/2" mesh wire screen around the concrete blocks.
- STEP 3: Place 1" to 1-1/2" diameter rock around the blocks and wire screen. Be sure the rock extends down from the top of the concrete block.
- STEP 4: To prevent damage to vehicles, signs warning drivers about the structures may be necessary. An alternative installation is the use of gravel bags supported by a 2"x4" board to prevent collapsing.

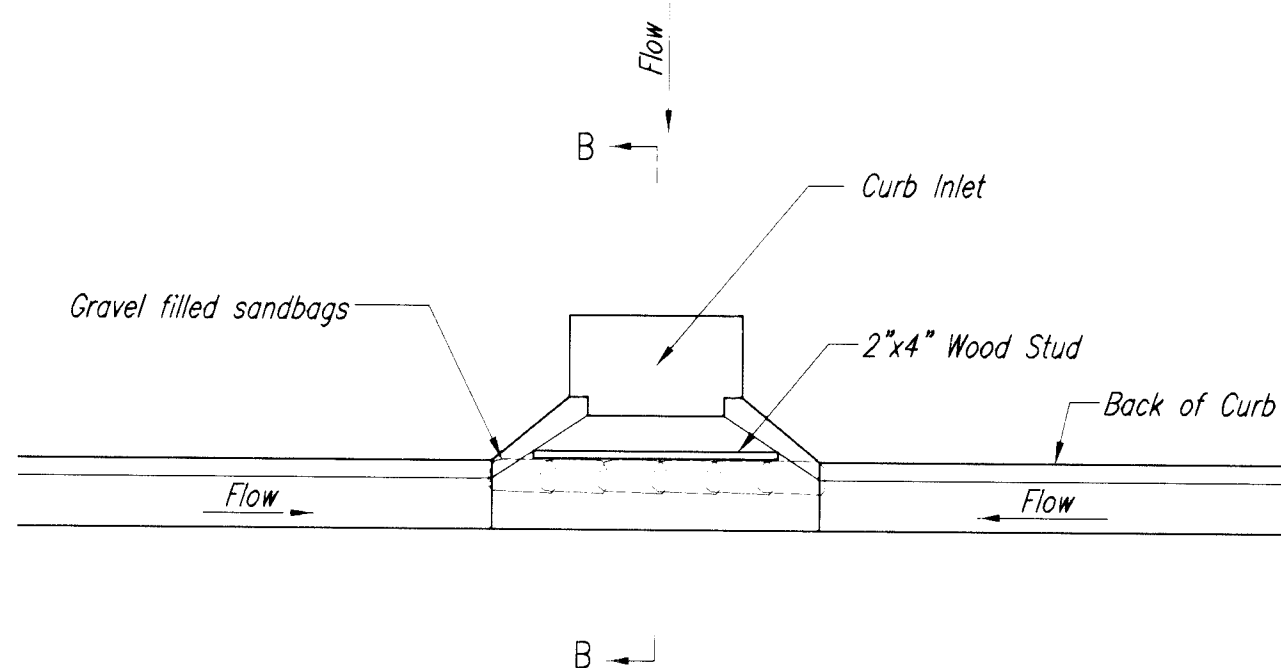
Use of rock with diameters smaller than 1" in the bag may result in clogging of pores and reduce the amount of water flowing into an inlet.

Maintenance:

All curb inlet gravel filters shall be inspected and repaired after each runoff event. Sediment deposits are to be removed once material is within 8 cm (3 inches) of the top of any block. Periodically, the gravel shall be raked to increase infiltration and filtering of runoff waters. Accumulated sediment is to be removed immediately from roads and streets.

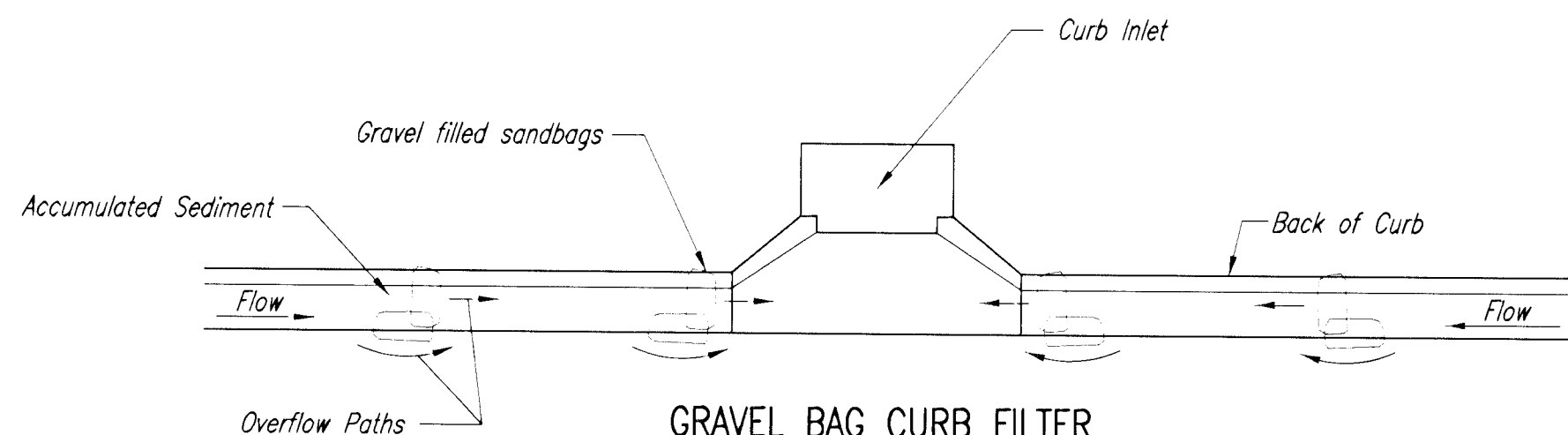


SECTION B-B



CURB INLET SANDBAG FILTERS (INLET PROTECTION)

NOTE: Other types of curb inlet protection may be approved by the City so long as equal protection is provided.



GRAVEL BAG CURB FILTER (INLET PROTECTION)

NOTE: Place two or more sets of bags in a manner that results in maximum support. The flow line bag must be lower than top of curb.

CURB SEDIMENT TRAPS

When inlets are located on streets having a grade (i.e., sump conditions do not exist), installing gravel (or sand) bags in the gutter flow line to create small sediment traps can be considered. Gravel bags are recommended over sand bags to allow for drainage.

If the spacing between bags becomes too large, little sediment may be trapped. Spacing of bags should be completed using the table or graph that illustrates placement distances based upon street slope. When installed in the gutter, bag tops must be lower than the sidewalk.

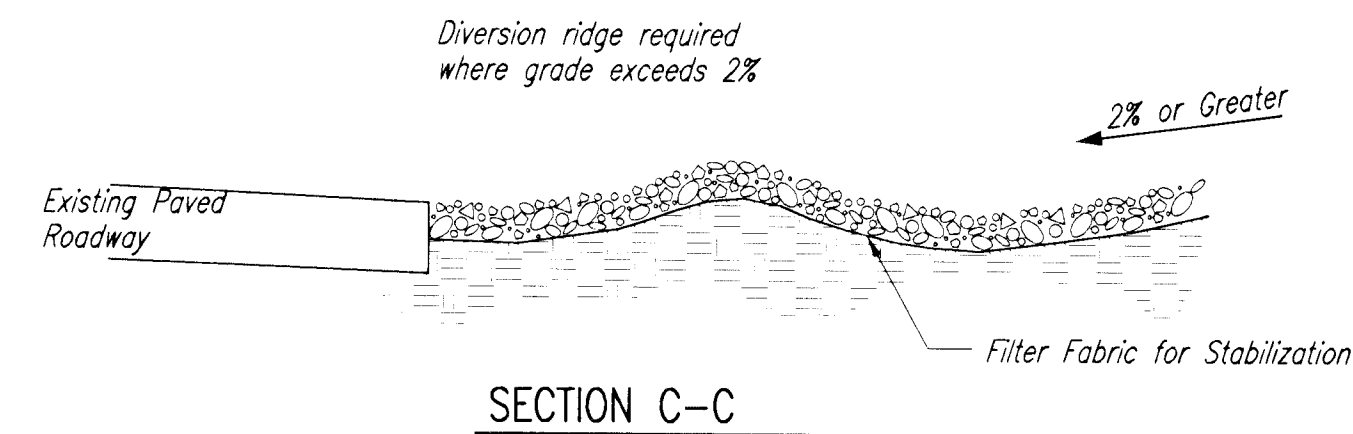
Spacing:

Gravel bags are to be placed according to street grades using the following table or graph that appears below.

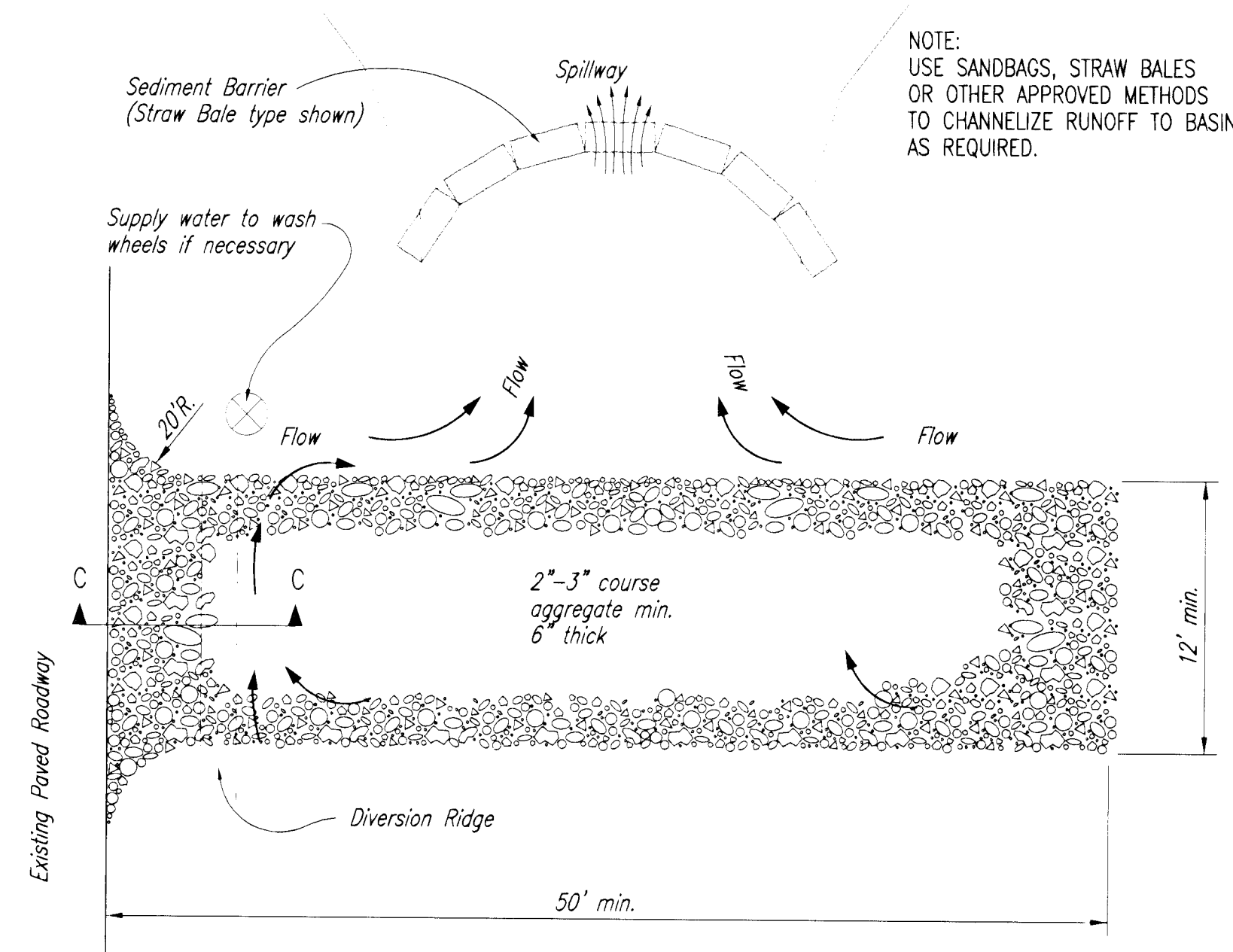
GRADE (%)	SPACING (FEET)
0.5	75
1.0	45
2.0	18
3.0	12
4.0	9
5.0	6

Maintenance:

Collected sediment shall be removed after every runoff event. Bags that are destroyed by vehicular traffic or through natural deterioration are to be immediately replaced.



SECTION C-C



STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOTES:

1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE TOP DRESSING, REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT.
2. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHALL BE CLEANED PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
3. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN, AS SHOWN ABOVE.
4. DRIVE ENTRANCES ONTO RESIDENTIAL LOTS WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO HAVE THE SEDIMENT BARRIER SHOWN, BUT WHEEL WASHING MAY BE REQUIRED IF STABILIZED ENTRANCE IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO KEEP MUD FROM BEING TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREET. ENTRANCE SHALL EXTEND FROM BACK OF CURB TO DWELLING.

FINAL

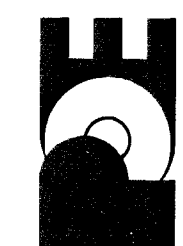
Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Umuh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

Sheet
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EROSION CONTROL
DETAILS

BOMBARDIER LEARIET
WICHITA, KANSAS

POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
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Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444



Revision

By: Approved

Date:

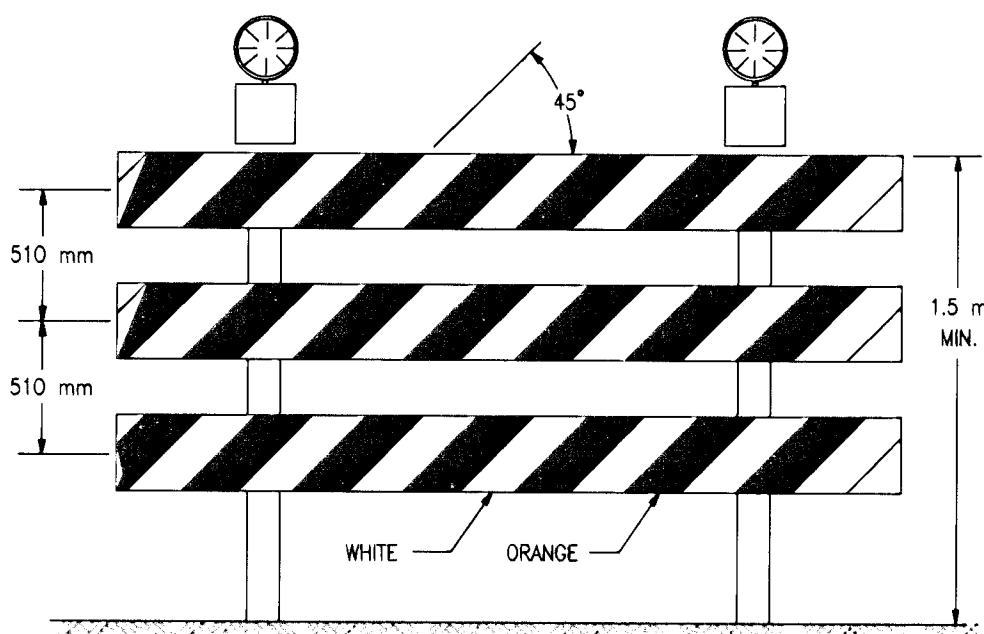
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GENERAL NOTES

THE INTENTION OF THESE DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CONTROL IS TO PROVIDE THE CONTRACTOR A SCHEME FOR ORGANIZING THE WORK WHILE MAINTAINING ACCESS. THE OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME IS THE SAFE, EXPEDITIOUS MOVEMENT OF TRAFFIC AND SAFETY OF THE WORK FORCE. THIS SCHEME IS NOT INTENDED TO BE COMPLETE AND WILL REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DETAIL TO BE PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR WHICH MAY INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ADDITIONAL SIGNING, BARRICADES, MARKINGS, TEMPORARY SURFACING, AND DETOURS. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROLS FOR STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, UTILITY, AND EMERGENCY OPERATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

THE SEQUENCE SHOWN IS INTENDED AS A GUIDE FOR MAJOR ITEMS ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COORDINATION OF ALL MAJOR ITEMS. VARIATIONS TO THE SEQUENCE SHOWN MAY BE USED AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. REGARDLESS OF SEQUENCE USED, CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC SHALL BE ESSENTIALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THAT SHOWN. PART OF THE WORK SHOWN FOR A SPECIFIC PHASE MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED IN OTHER PHASES. MAJOR WORK NOT CONSTRUCTED WITHIN THE INDICATED PHASE SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

ALL SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS CONFLICTING WITH THIS TRAFFIC CONTROL SHALL BE COVERED OR REMOVED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

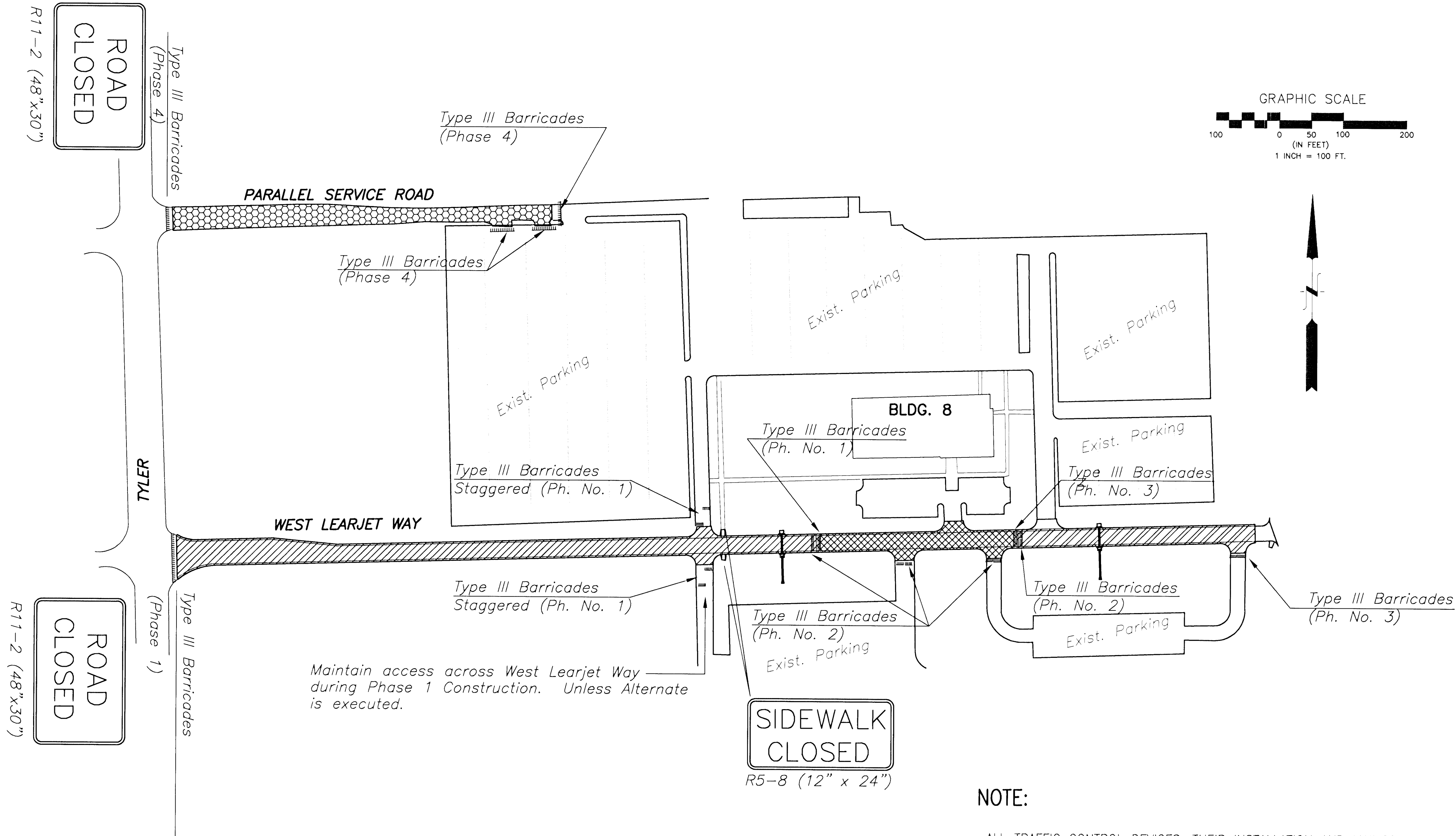


TYPE III BARRICADE WITH LIGHTS

A MINIMUM OF TWO LIGHTS SHALL BE USED AT EACH LOCATION WHERE A TYPE III BARRICADE OR BARRICADES ARE USED. A LIGHT SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THE OUTSIDE CORNER OF THE END BARRICADES WHEN MORE THAN ONE IS USED. (SEE MOST RECENT KDOT SPECIFICATIONS) FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS SHALL BE MAINTAINED SO AS TO BE CAPABLE OF BEING VISIBLE ON A CLEAR NIGHT FROM A DISTANCE OF 3,000 FEET.

SUPPORTS USED FOR MOUNTING SIGNS OR DEVICES FOR TEMPORARY CONDITIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO YIELD UPON IMPACT. ADDITIONAL SUPPORTS MAY BE PLACED ON THE BACK SIDE OF SIGNS IN THE FORM OF BRACING FOR RESISTING WIND CURRENTS. GUY WIRES AND TIE-DOWNS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED.

SIGNS MOUNTED ON TYPE III BARRICADES SHOULD NOT COVER MORE THAN 50 PERCENT OF THE TOP TWO RAILS OR 33 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AREA OF THE THREE RAILS.



NOTE:

ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, THEIR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR STREETS AND HIGHWAYS.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE	ITEMS OF WORK	TRAFFIC HANDLING	REMARKS
Phase 1	Grading, Paving, Ditch Grading (If Executed) Culvert Reseting (If Executed) Storm Sewer	No Traffic on Phase 1, Allow access across West Learjet Way except if Culverts are reset.	Erect Warning Signs and Barricades as needed. Close sidewalk if culvert reseting is executed.
Phase 2	Grading, Paving, Ditch Grading (If Executed) Culvert Reseting (If Executed)	No Traffic on Phase 2, Allow access across West Learjet Way except if Culverts are reset.	Erect Warning Signs and Barricades as needed.
Phase 3	Grading, Paving, Ditch Grading (If Executed) Storm Sewer	No Traffic on Phase 3,	Erect Warning Signs and Barricades as needed. Phases 3 & 4 may be constructed concurrently.
Phase 4	Milling and Overlay Grading and Storm Sewer	No Traffic on Phase 4,	Erect Warning Signs and Barricades as needed. Phases 3 & 4 may be constructed concurrently.
Phase 5	Seeding, Pavement Marking		Erect Warning Signs and Barricades as needed.

LEGEND

- PHASE 1
- PHASE 2
- PHASE 3
- PHASE 4

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Date

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WEST LEARJET WAY

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE/TRAFFIC HANDLING

BOMBARDIER LEARJET

WICHITA, KANSAS

POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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FINAL

Designed By: P. Ferguson

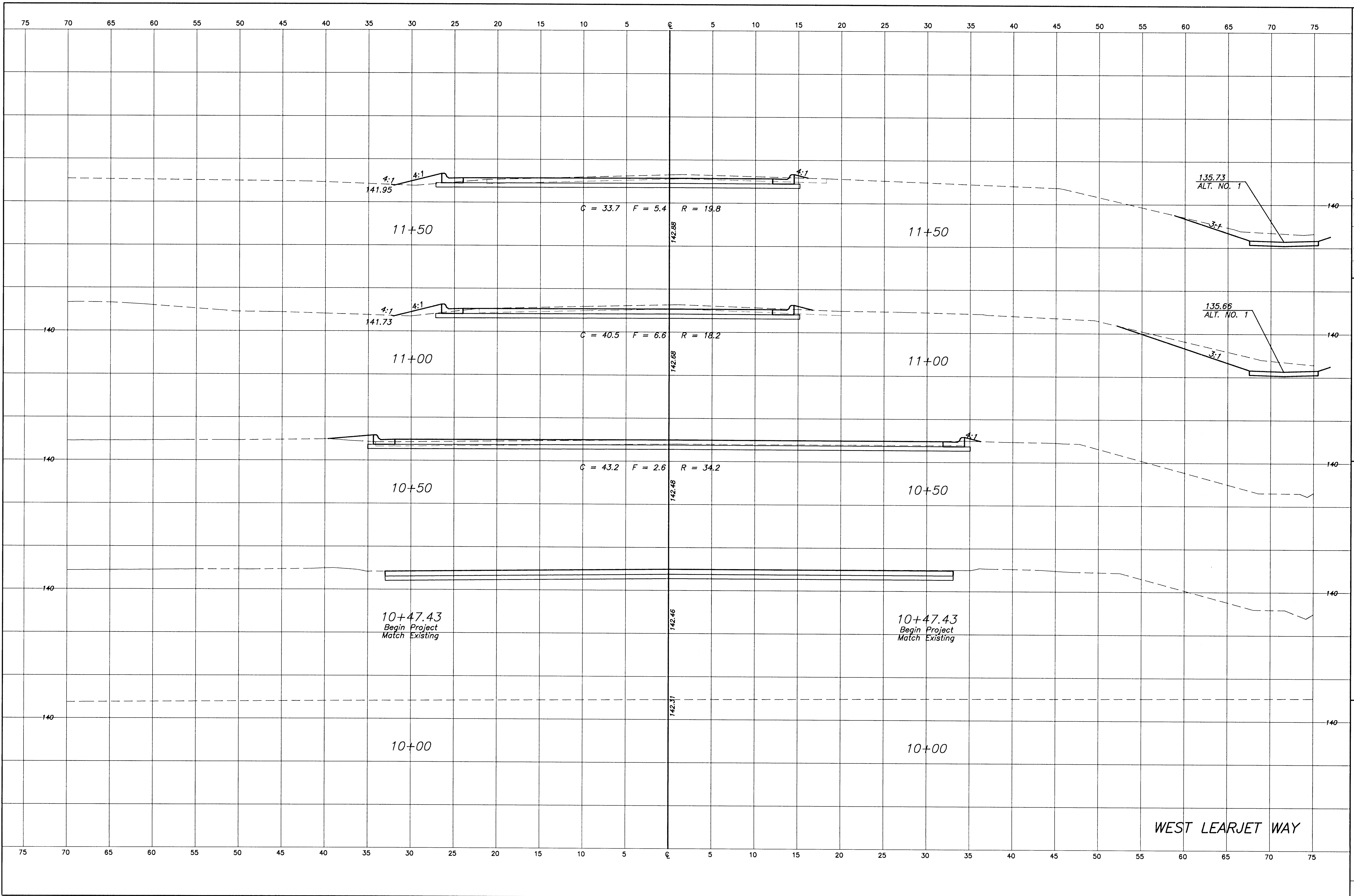
Drawn By: P. Ferguson

Poe Job No.: 1774

Date: March 2004

Sheet

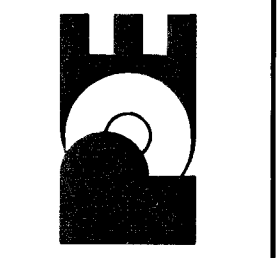
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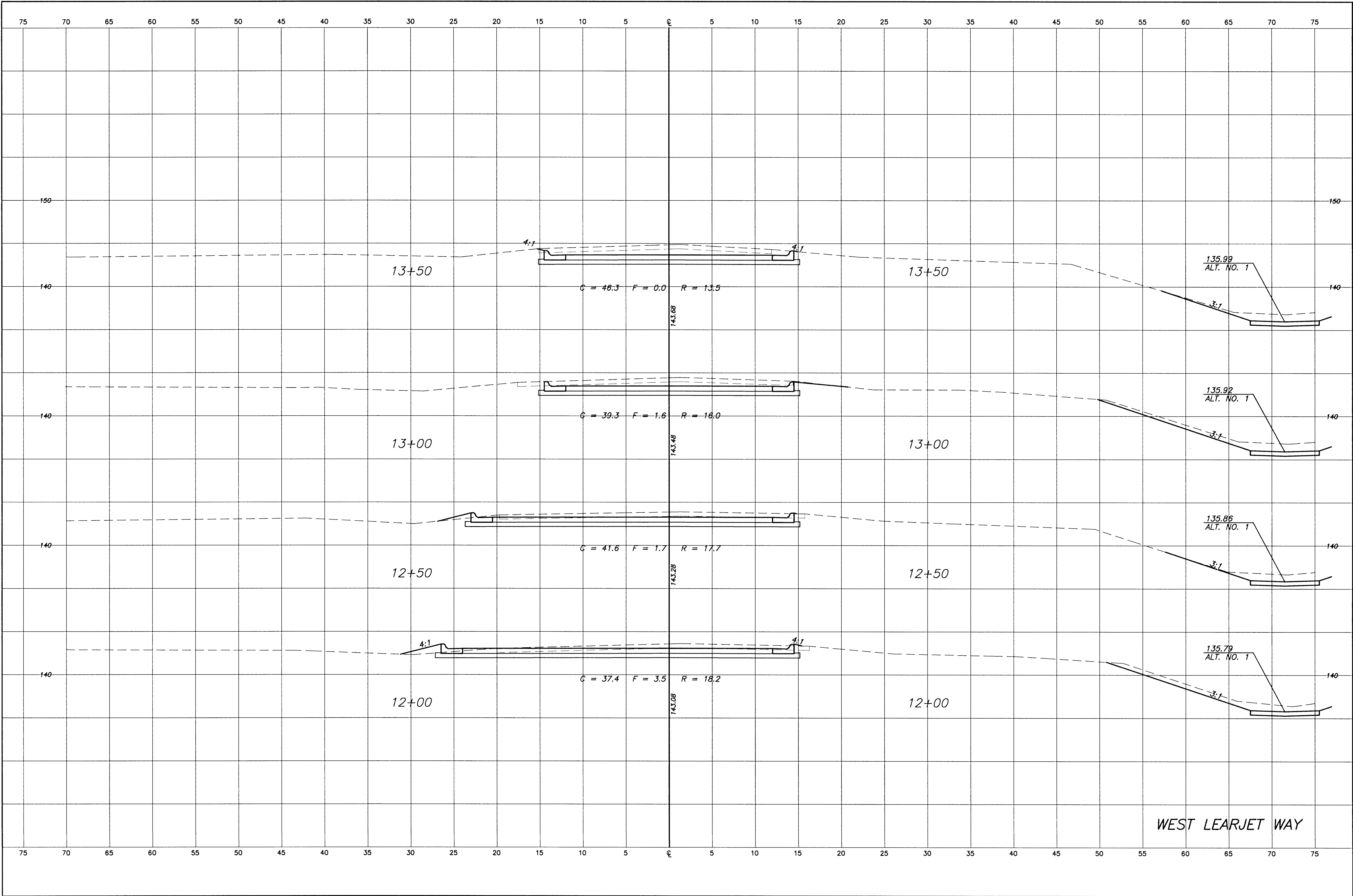
WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

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Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004



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WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

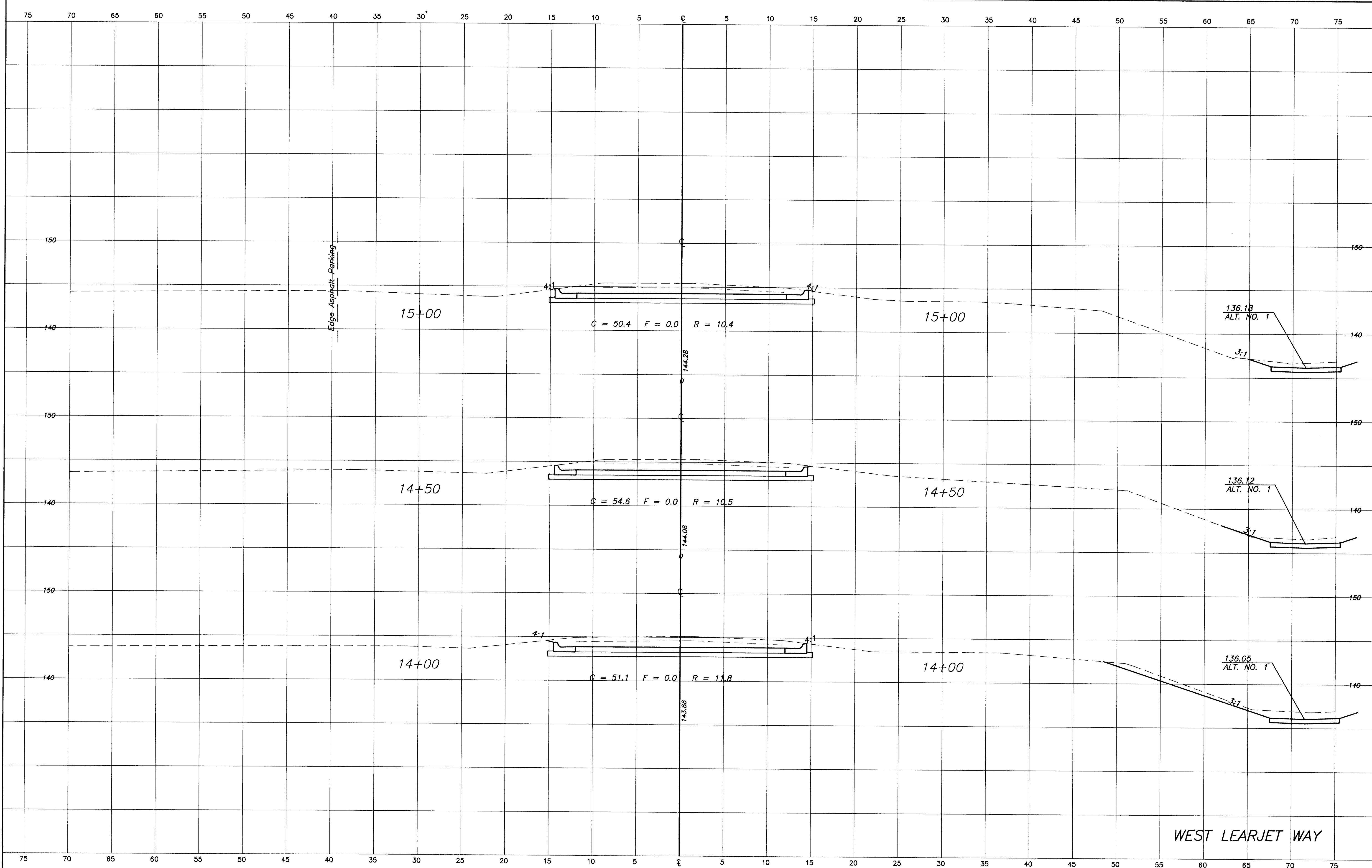
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Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

Sheet
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No.	Date	By	Approved	Revision

**WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS**
**BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS**

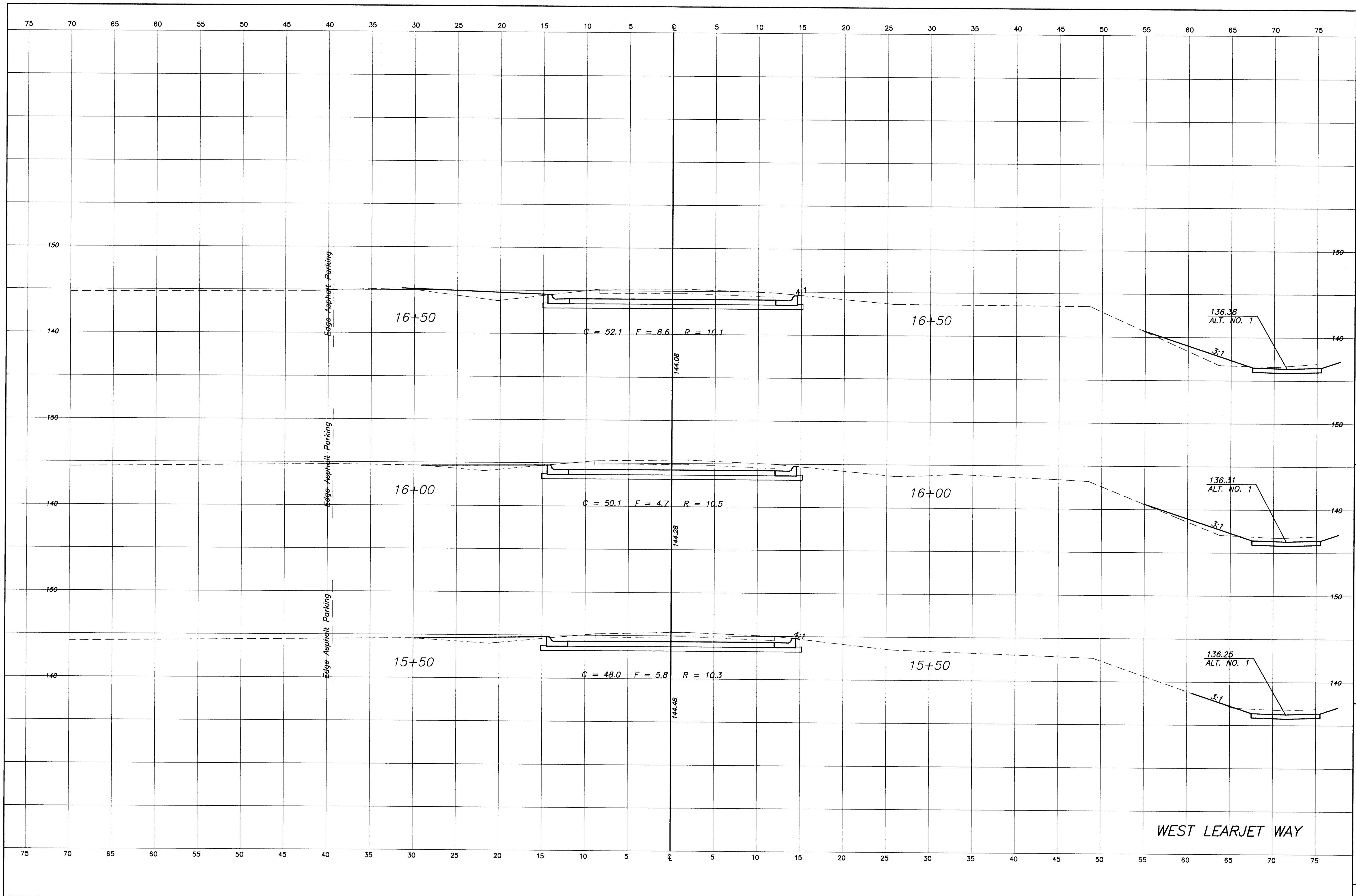
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Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Ulrich
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

Sheet:
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WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

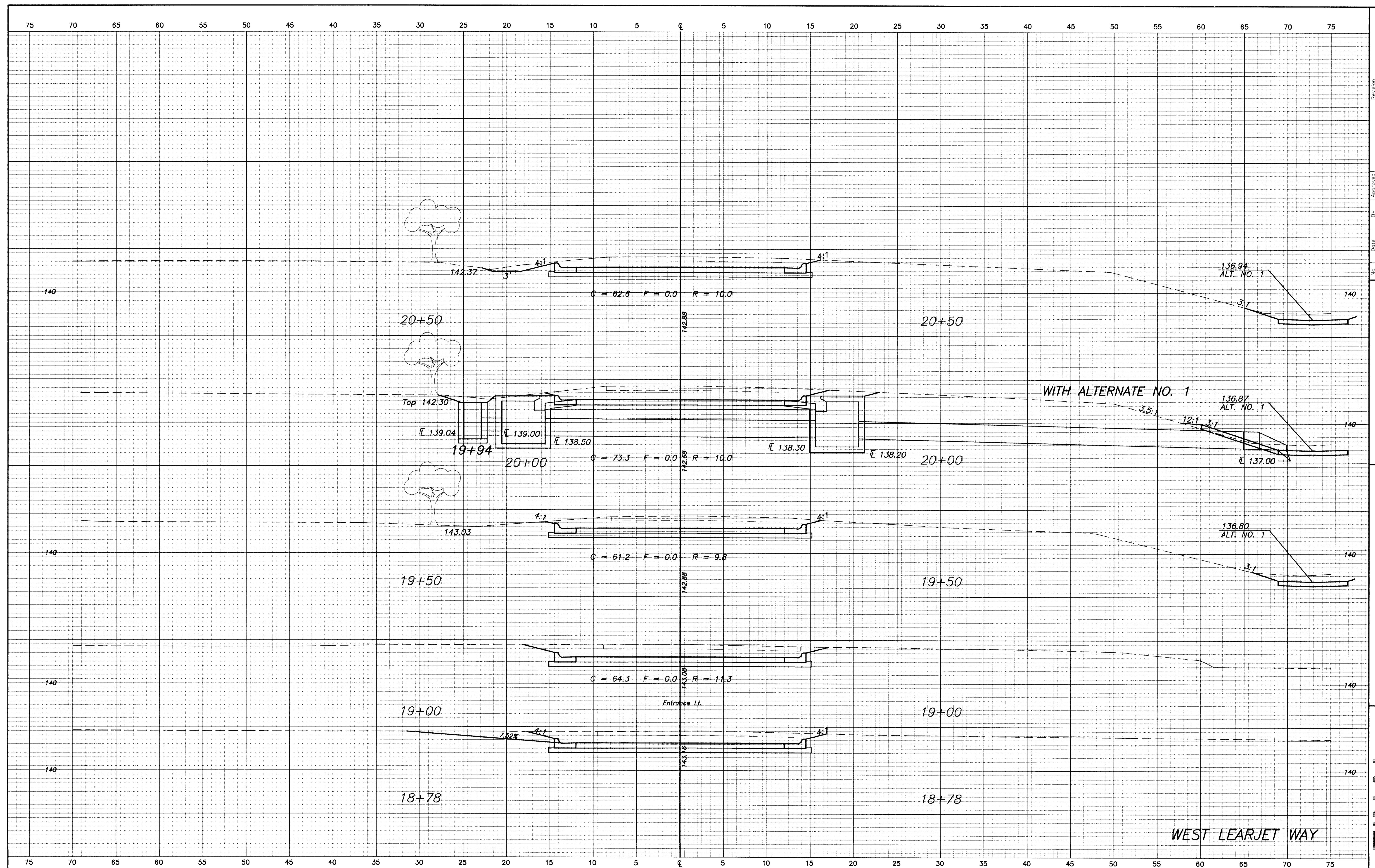
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Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

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**WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS**

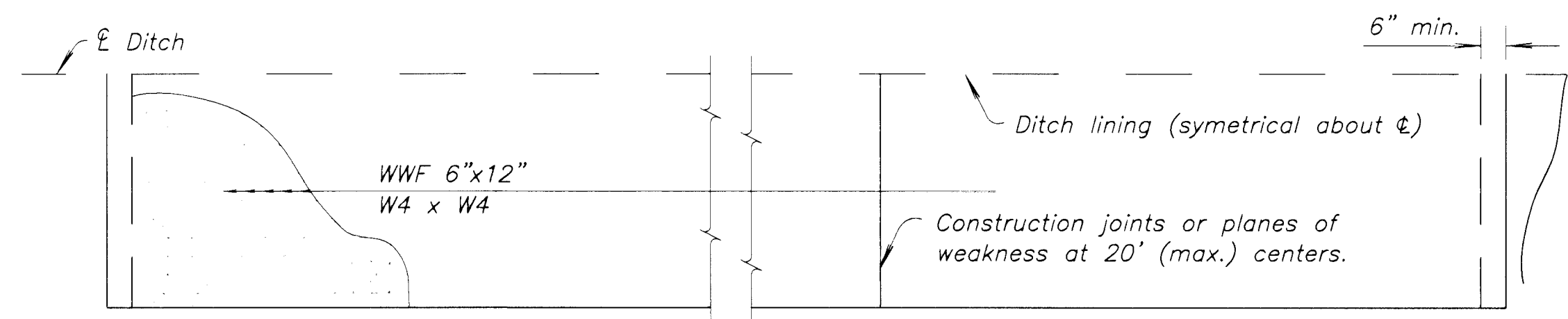
**BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS**

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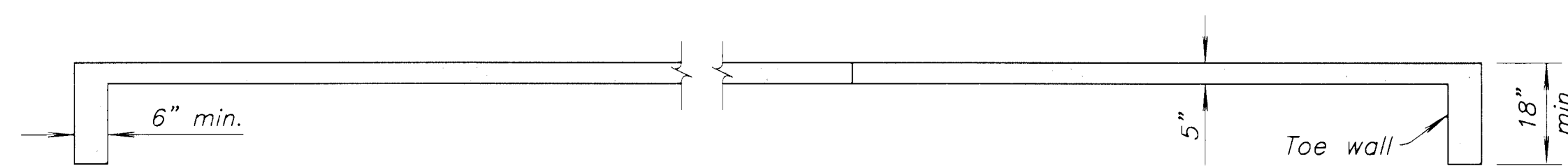


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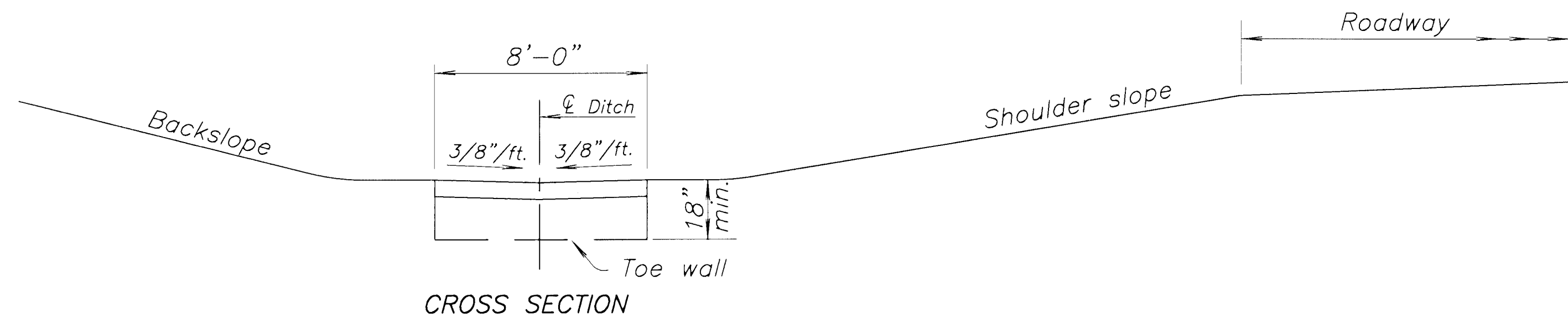
Drawn By:	J. Unruh
Poe Job No.:	1774
Date:	March 2004



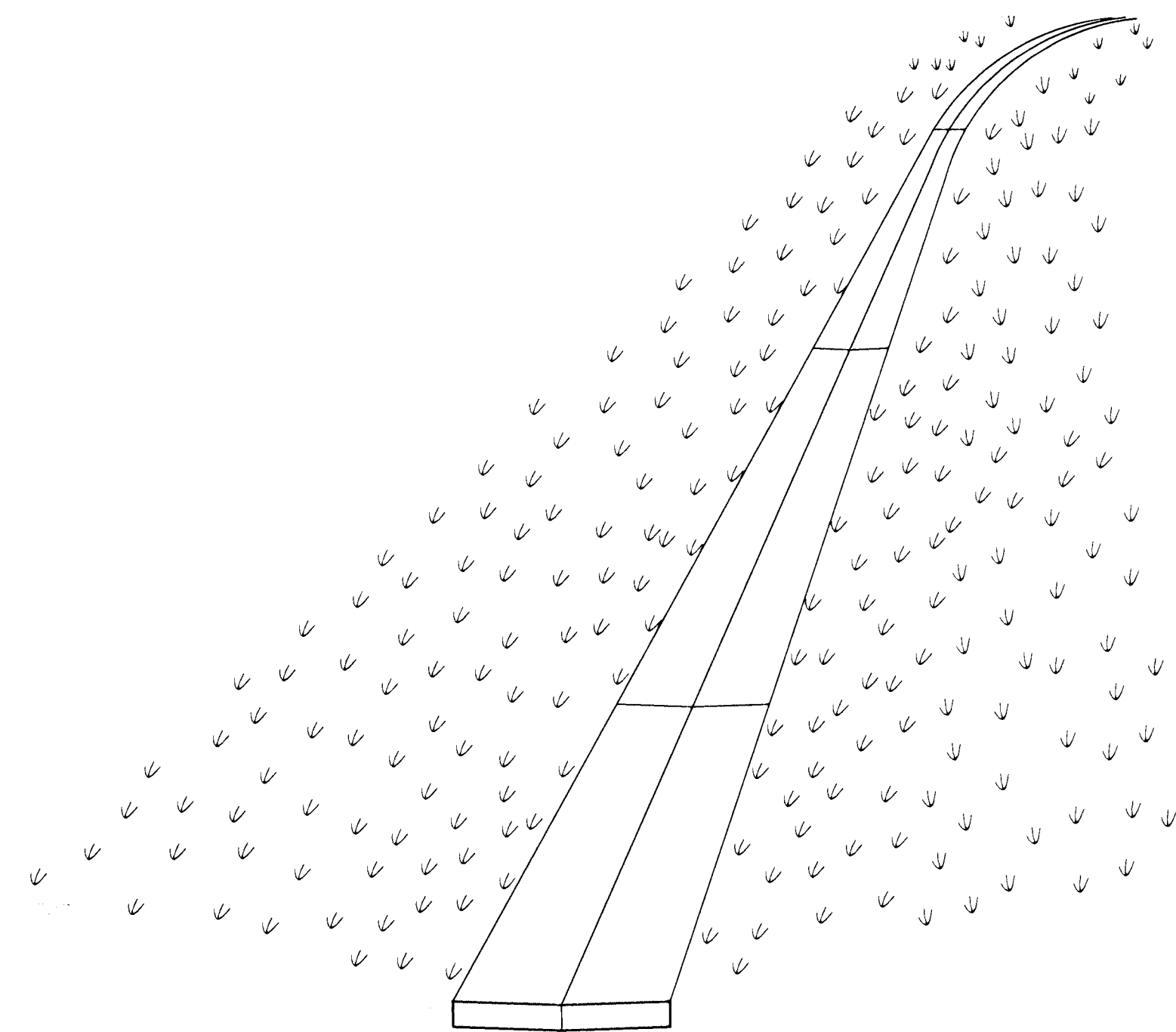
HALF PLAN
(Backslope Ditch Lining similar)



LONGITUDINAL SECTION



CROSS SECTION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

GENERAL NOTES:

Standard City Paving Mix shall be used in Concrete Ditch Lining.

Wire reinforcing mesh shall be of the electrically welded square mesh type (WWF 6"x12" - W4xW4).

Reinforcement as shown is included in the unit price bid for "Concrete Ditch Lining".

Measurements of Concrete Ditch Lining shall be in sq. yds. of outside surface area. Add 1'-6" times "W" for each toewall.

The exact location and dimensions may be adjusted, if required, by the Engineer at the time of construction.

Longitudinal construction joints may be constructed at the Contractor's option.

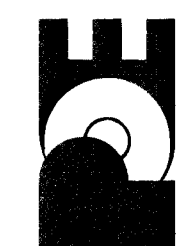
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Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Urruh

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Date: March 2004

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WEST LEARJET WAY
CONCRETE DITCH LINING
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

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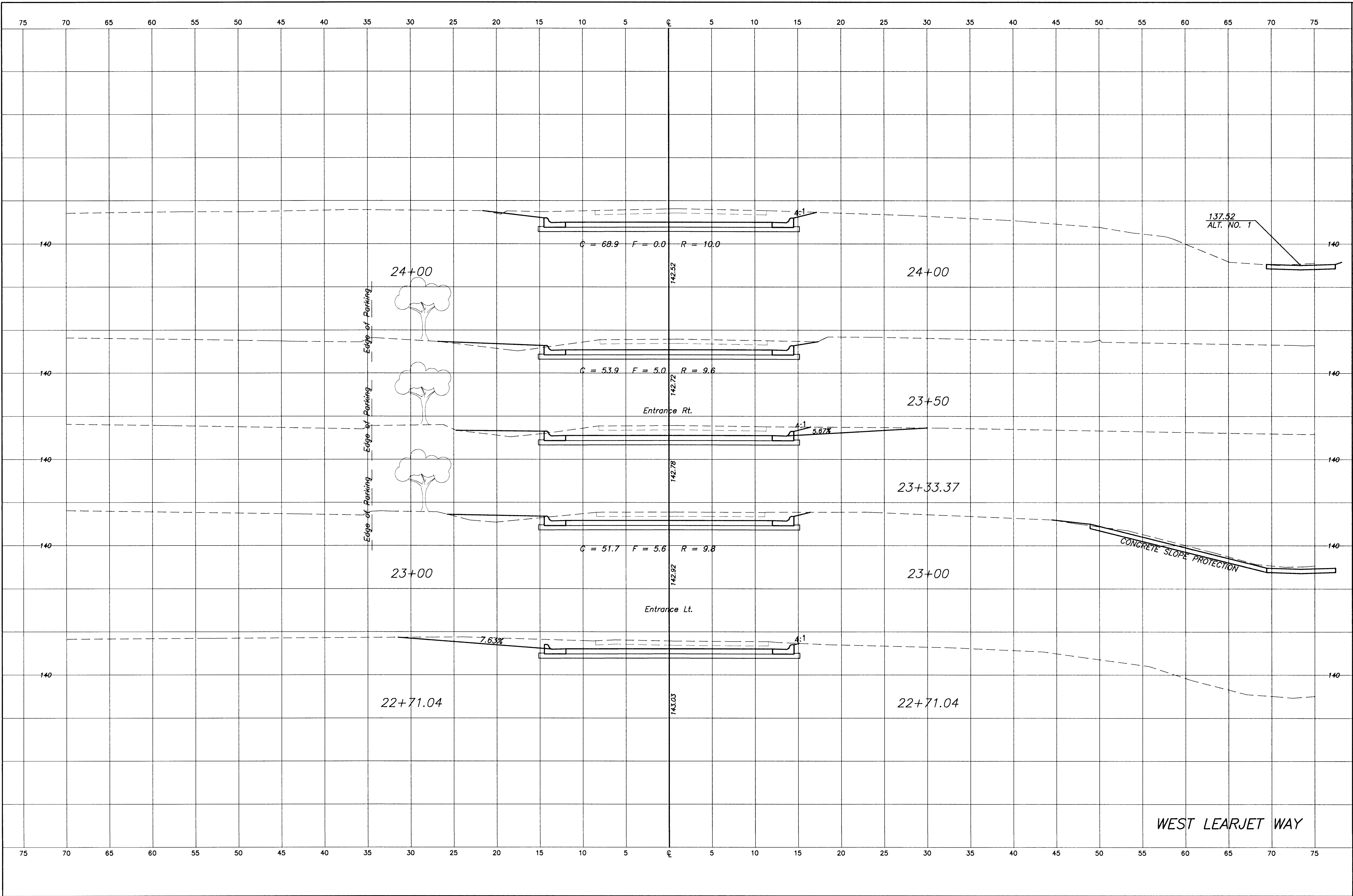
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No.	Date	By	Approved	Revision
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2				
3				
4				

WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

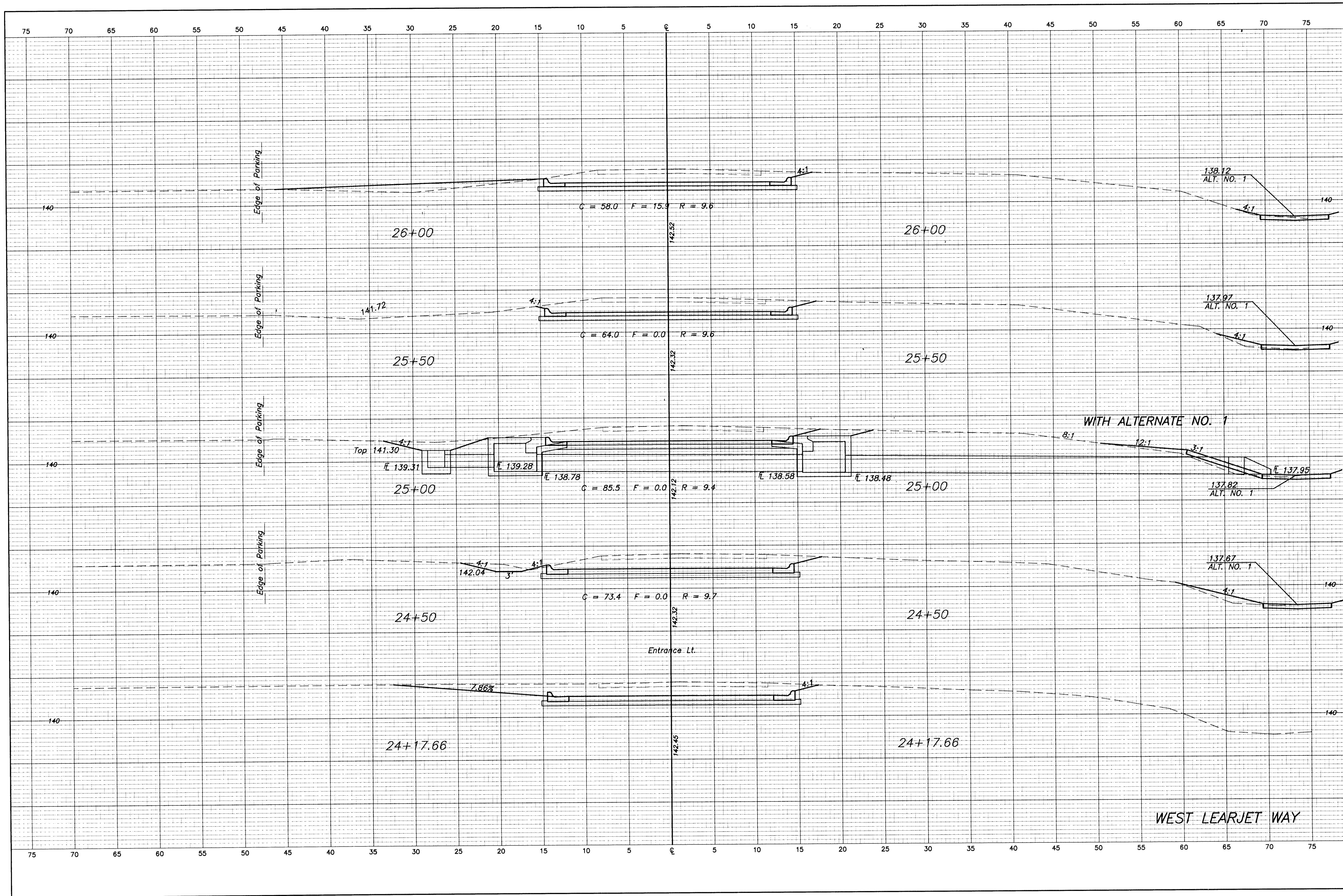
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/985-4114 • FAX 316/985-4444

POE

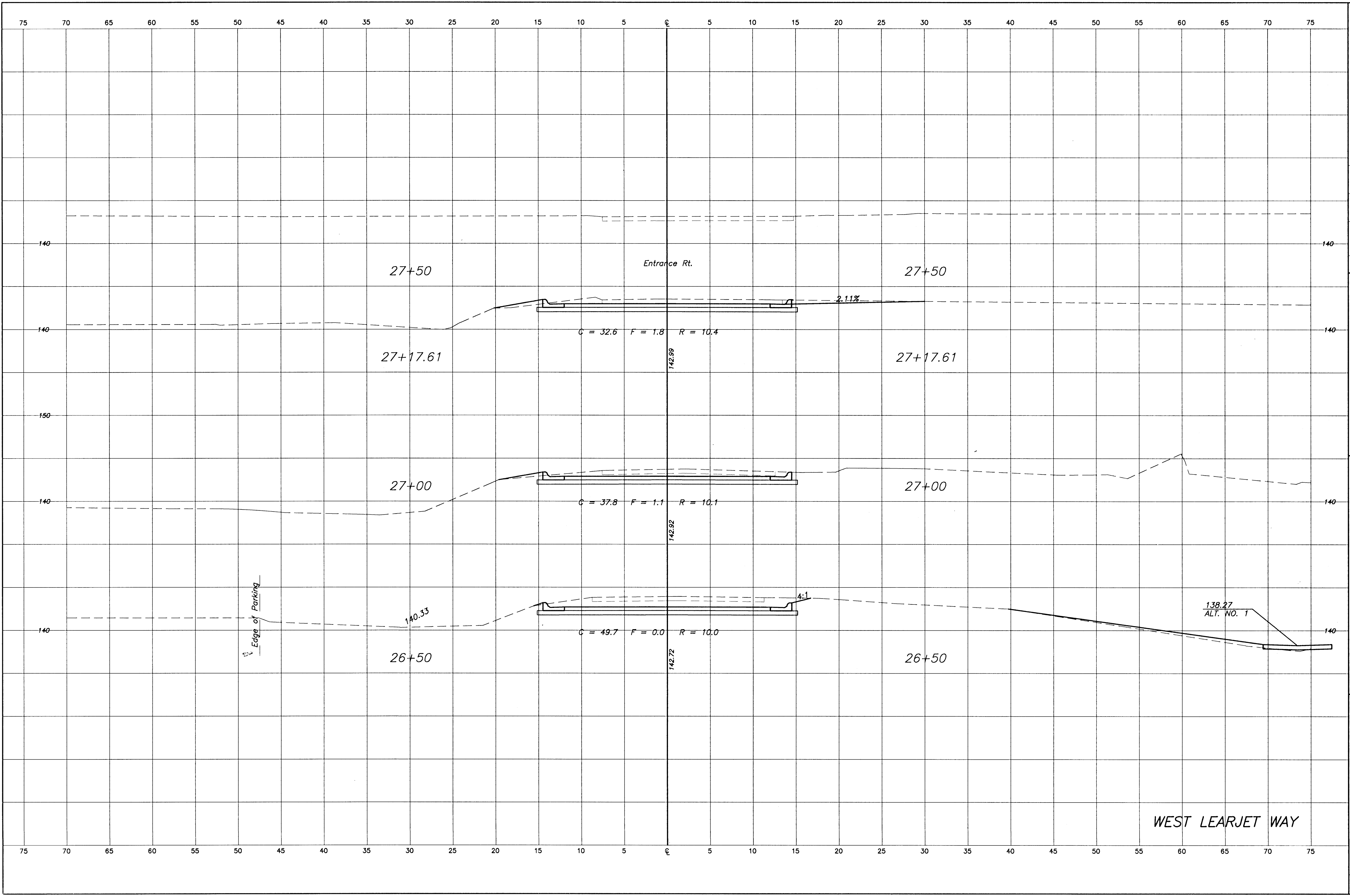
FINAL

Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March, 2004

30 of 32



WEST LEARJET WAY CROSS SECTIONS BOMBARDIER LEARJET WICHITA, KANSAS	
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS 5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242 Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444	
FINAL Designed By: P. Ferguson Drawn By: J. Ulrich POC Job No.: 1774 Date: March 2004	



No.	Date	By	Approved	Revision
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2				
3				
4				

WEST LEARJET WAY
CROSS SECTIONS
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

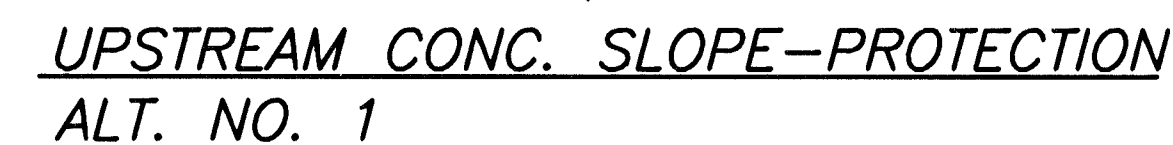
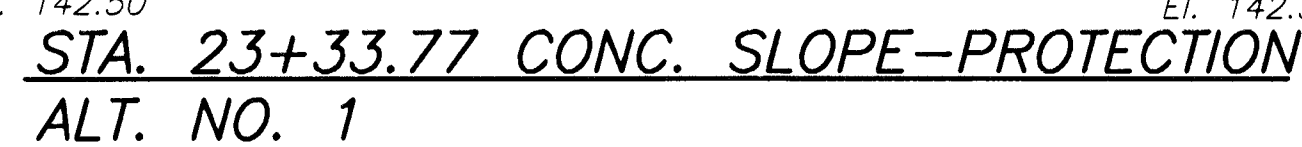
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
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POE

FINAL

Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Unruh
Proj. Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

Sheet
32 of 32



GRAPHIC SCALE



(IN FEET)
1 inch = 10ft.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. *Compaction beneath Concrete Slope Protection shall be 95% of ASTM D698.*
2. *Cut existing pipes flush to Concrete Slope Protection.*
3. *Additional Joints may be required.*
4. *Concrete Slope Protection shall be reinforced with electrically welded square mesh. (WWF 6"x12" - W4xW4)*

WEST LEARJET WAY
CONCRETE SLOPE-PROTECTION
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

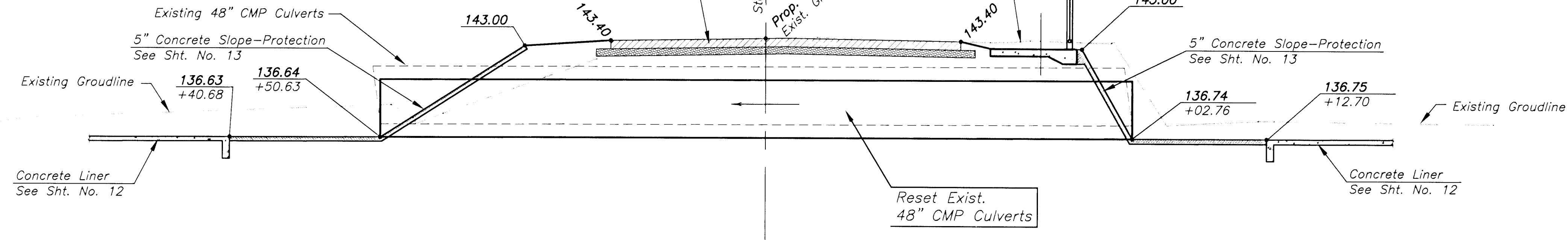
POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200 ■ Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/685-4114 ■ FAX 316/685-4444



FINAL

by: P. Fergusson

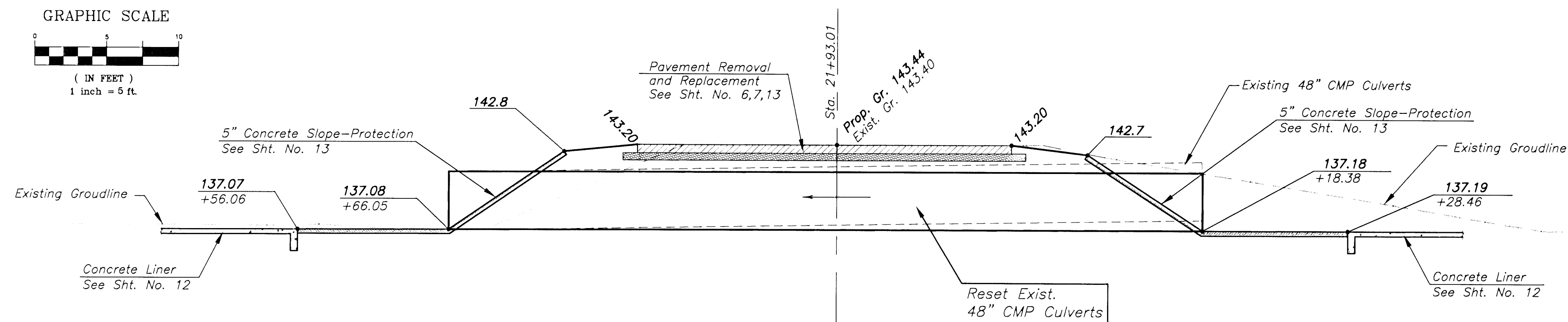
Designed By:	P. Ferguson
Drawn By:	J. Unruh
Poe Job No.:	1774
Date:	March 2004



GRAPHIC SCALE



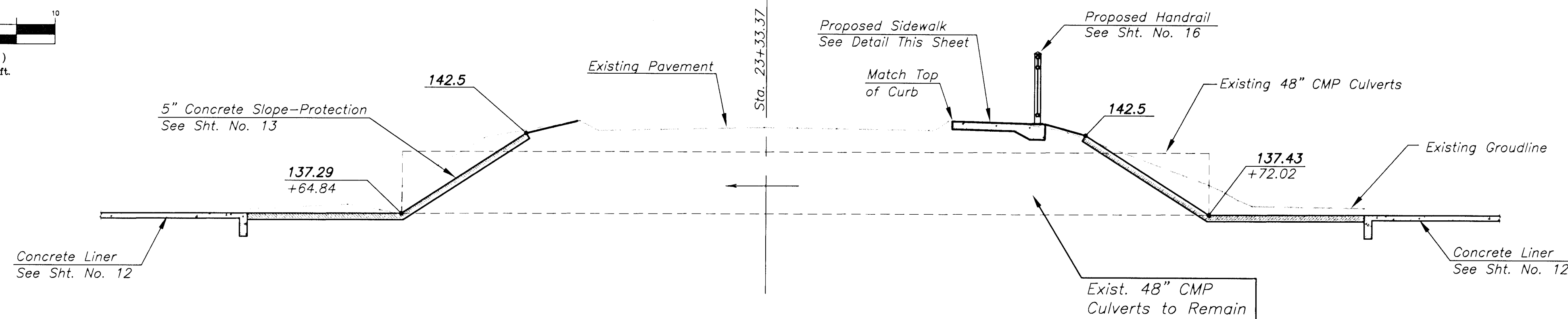
(IN FEET)
1 inch = 5 ft.



GRAPHIC SCALE



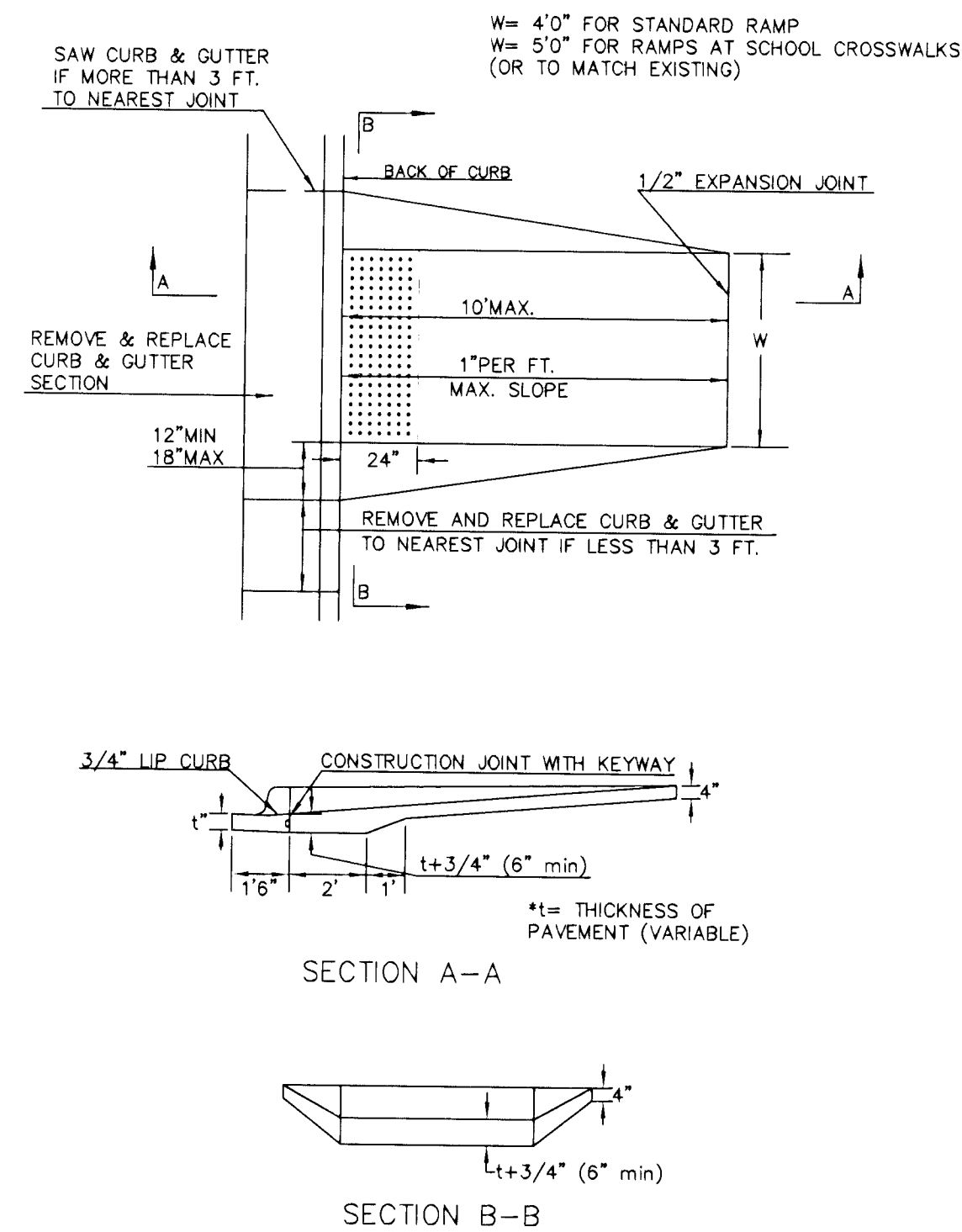
(IN FEET)
1 inch = 5 ft.



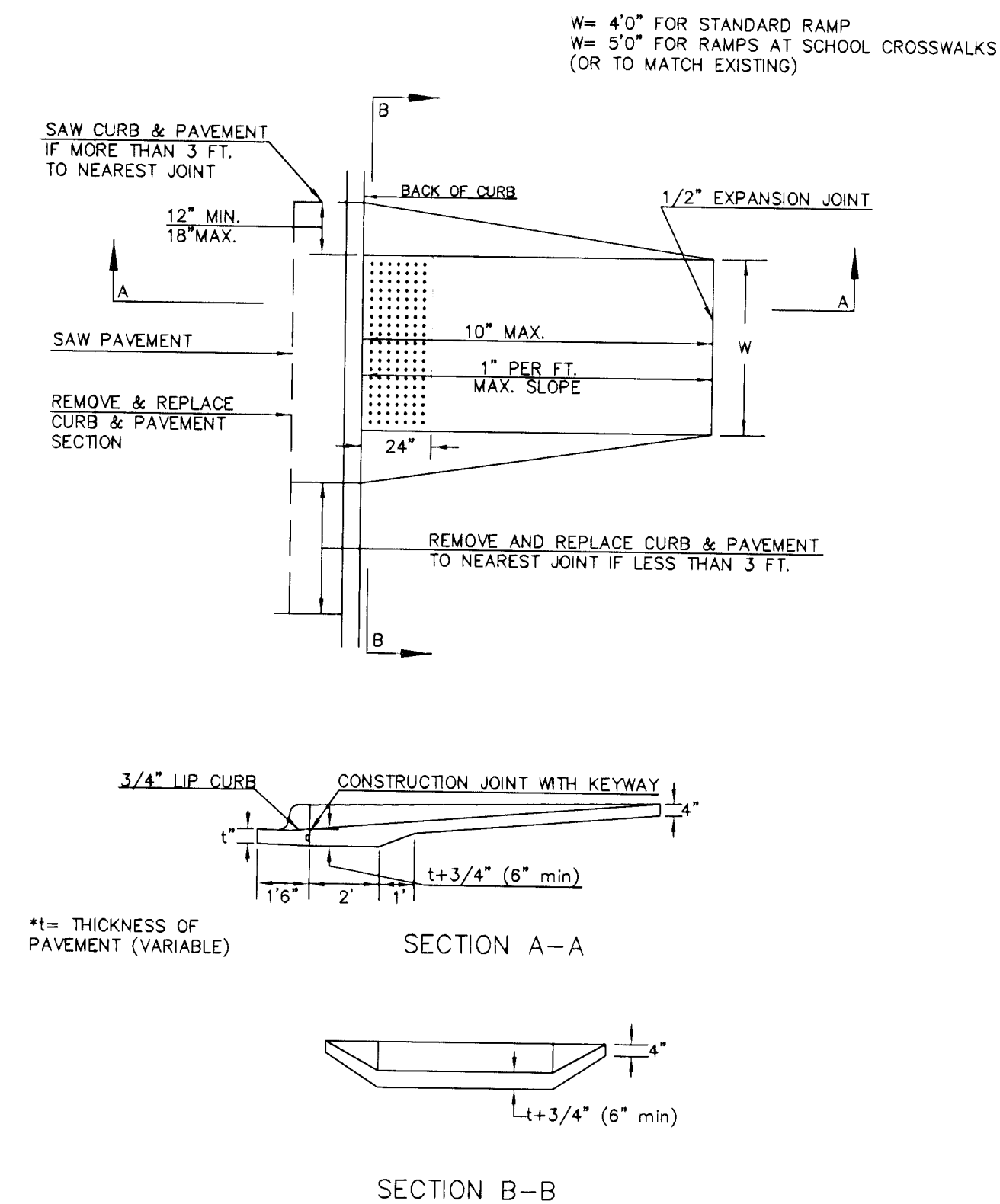
REINFORCING STEEL: ALL DIMENSIONS RELATIVE TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO CENTERLINE OF BAR UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL CLEARANCES SHALL BE 2" UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION A615 GRADE 60.

FINAL

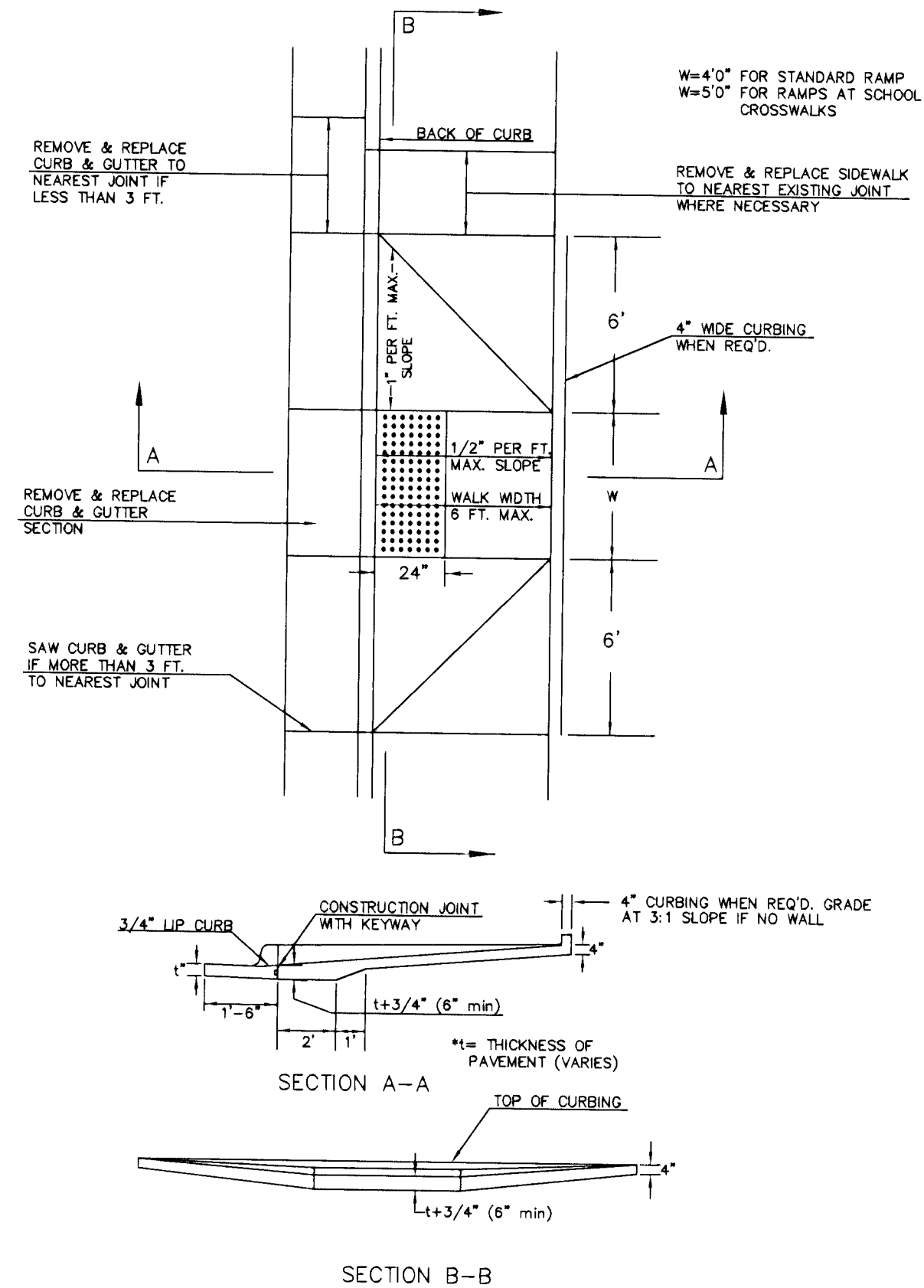
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP
CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR STREETS
WITH COMBINED CURB & GUTTER
(TYPE A)



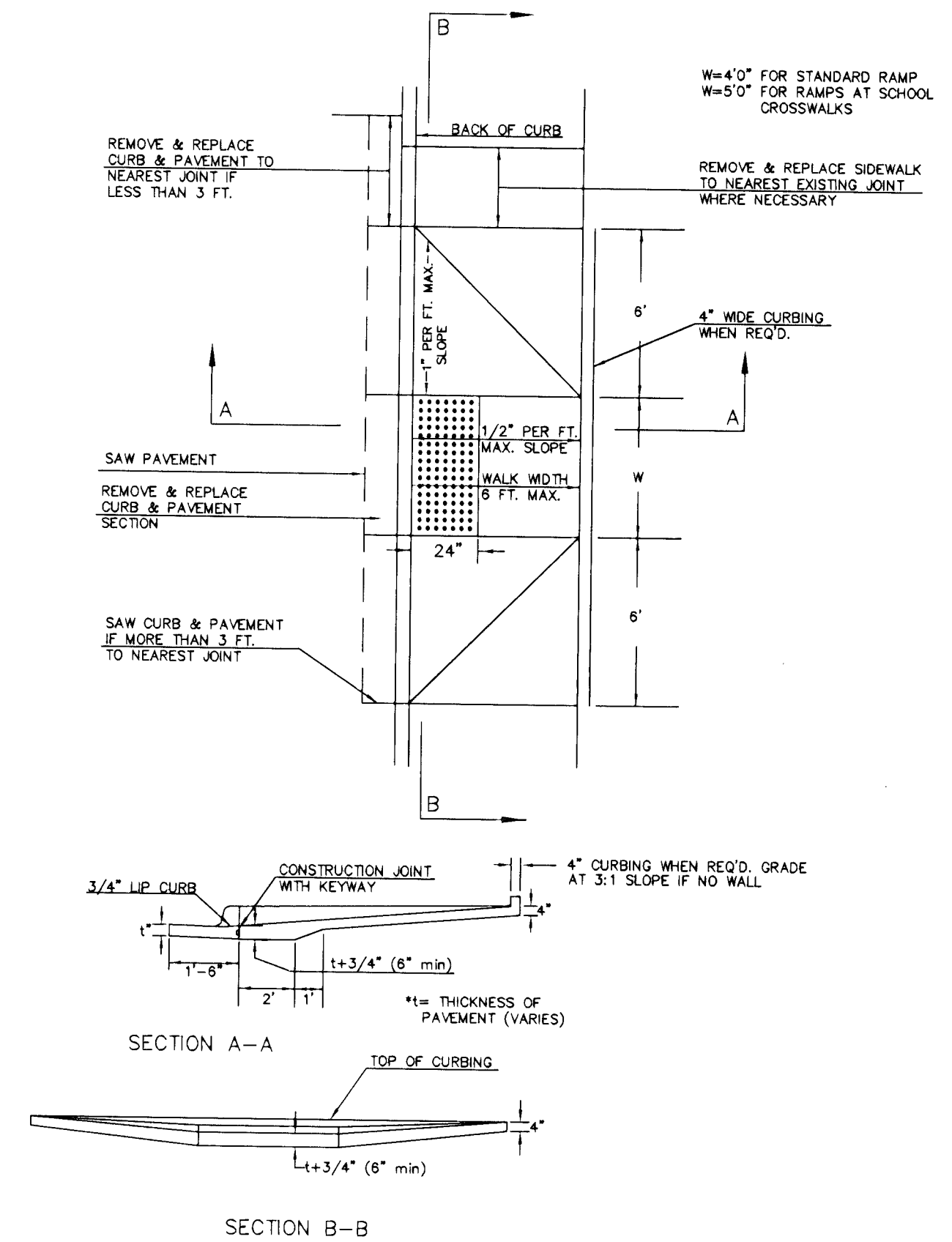
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR CONCRETE STREETS WITH MONOLITHIC CURB (TYPE A)



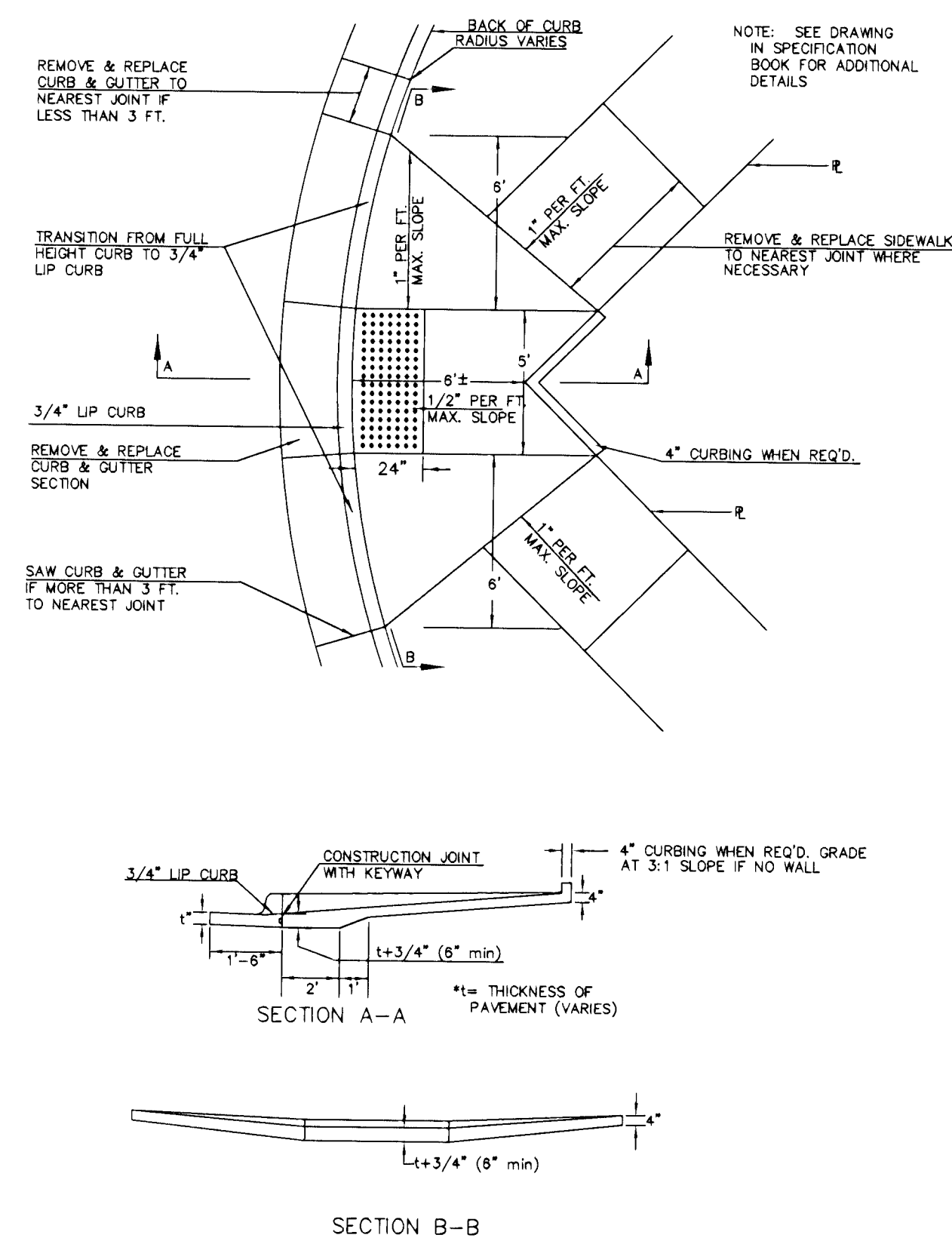
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR
STREETS WITH COMBINED CURB & GUTTER AND FULL WALK
(TYPE B)



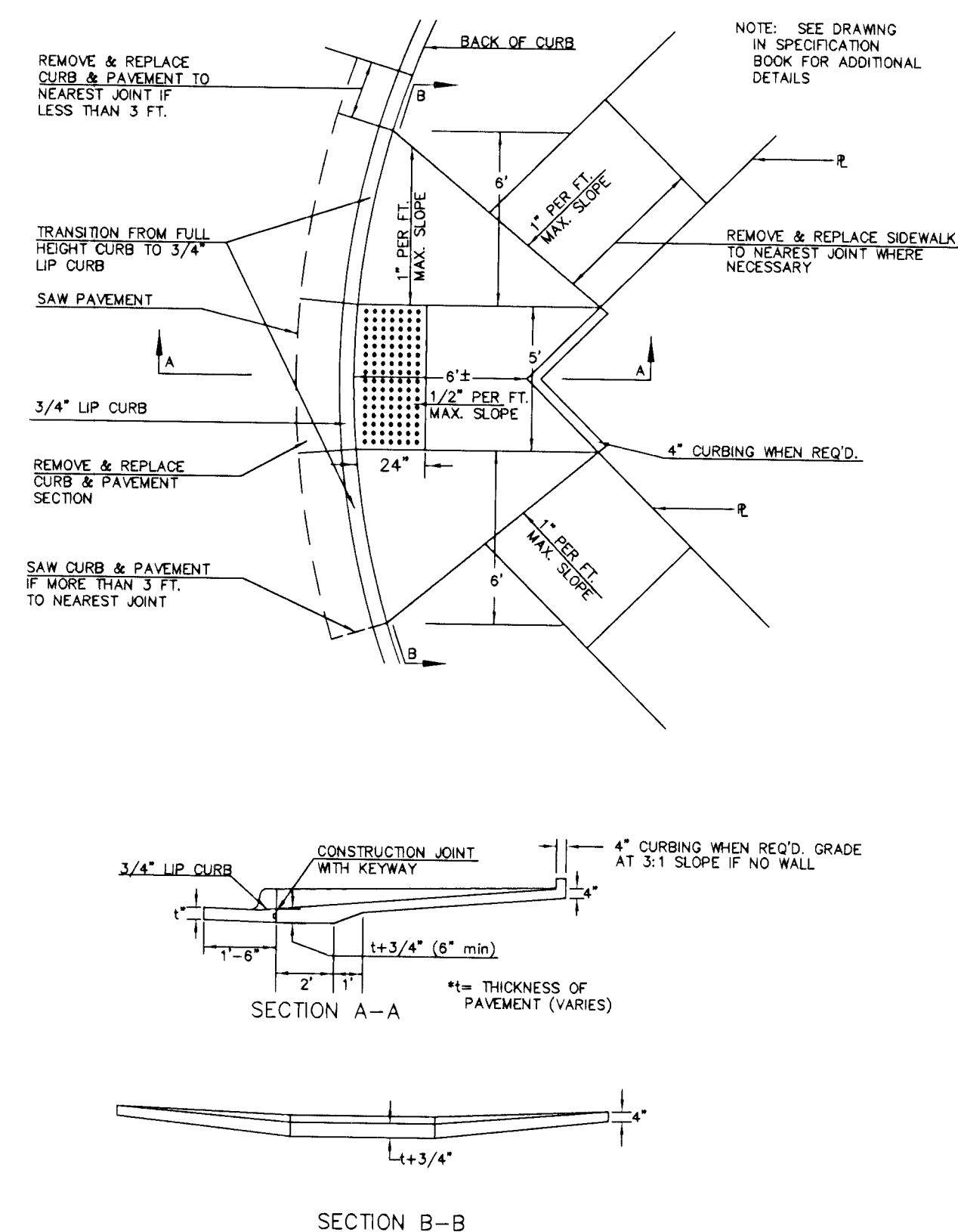
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR STREETS WITH MONOLITHIC CURB AND FULL WALK (TYPE B)



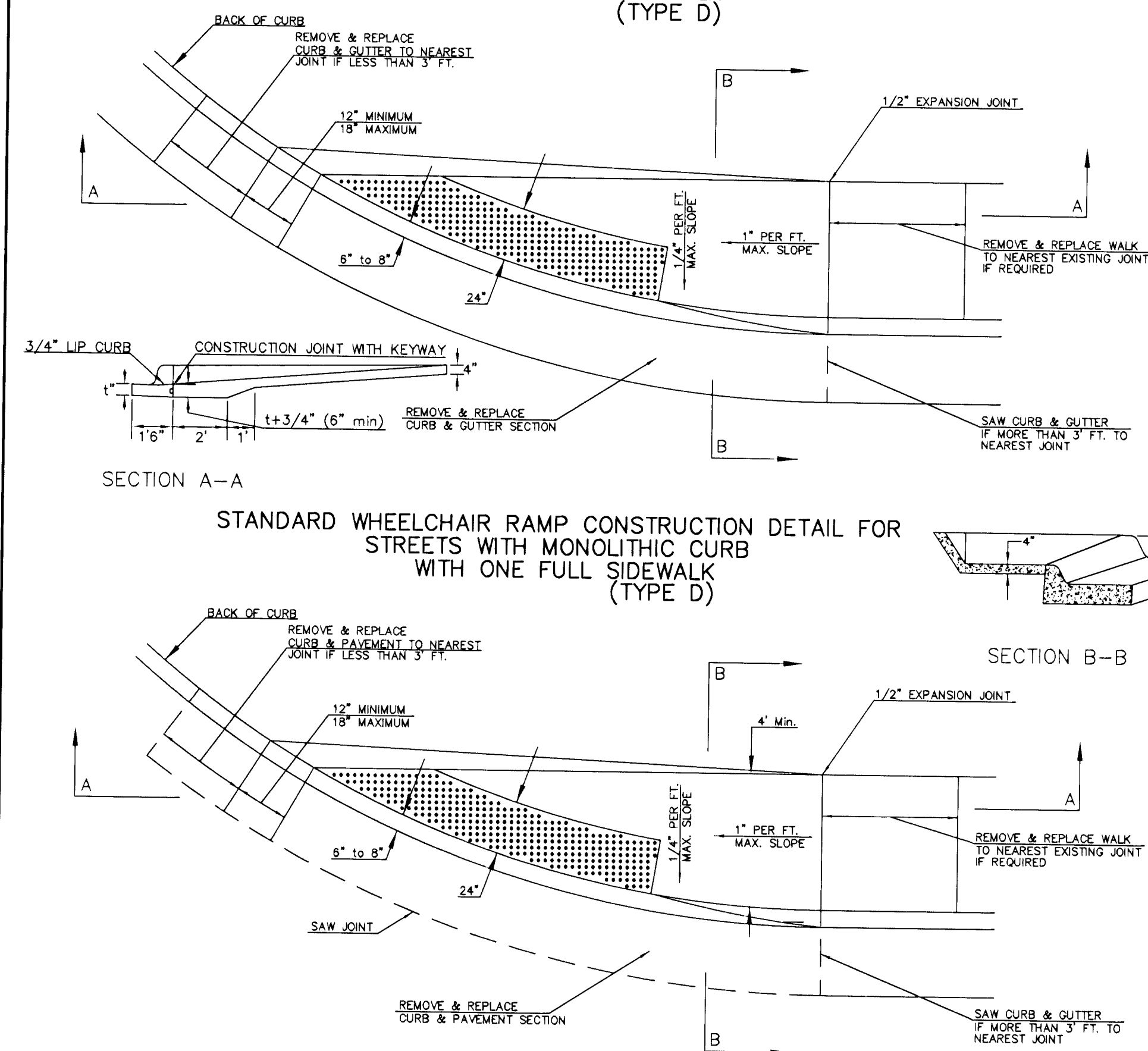
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR
STREET WITH COMBINED CURB AND GUTTER ON RADIUS
WITH 6'± FROM BACK OF CURB TO PROPERTY CORNER
(TYPE C)



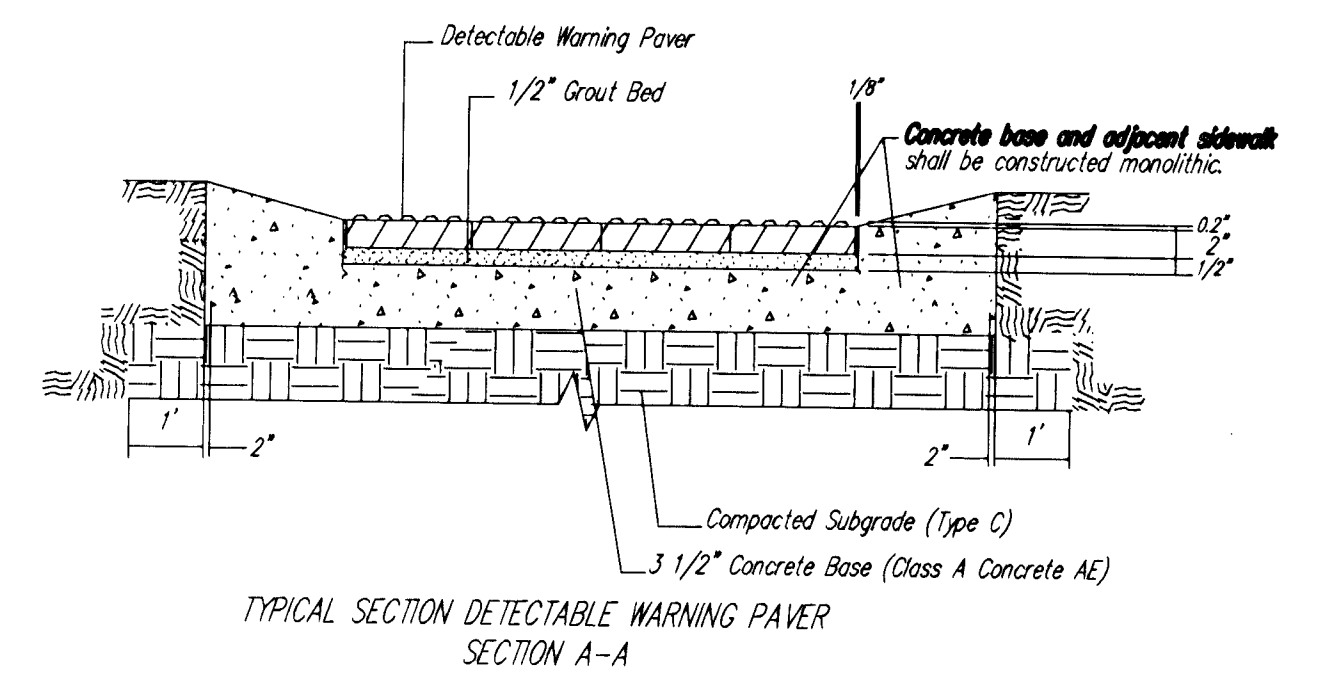
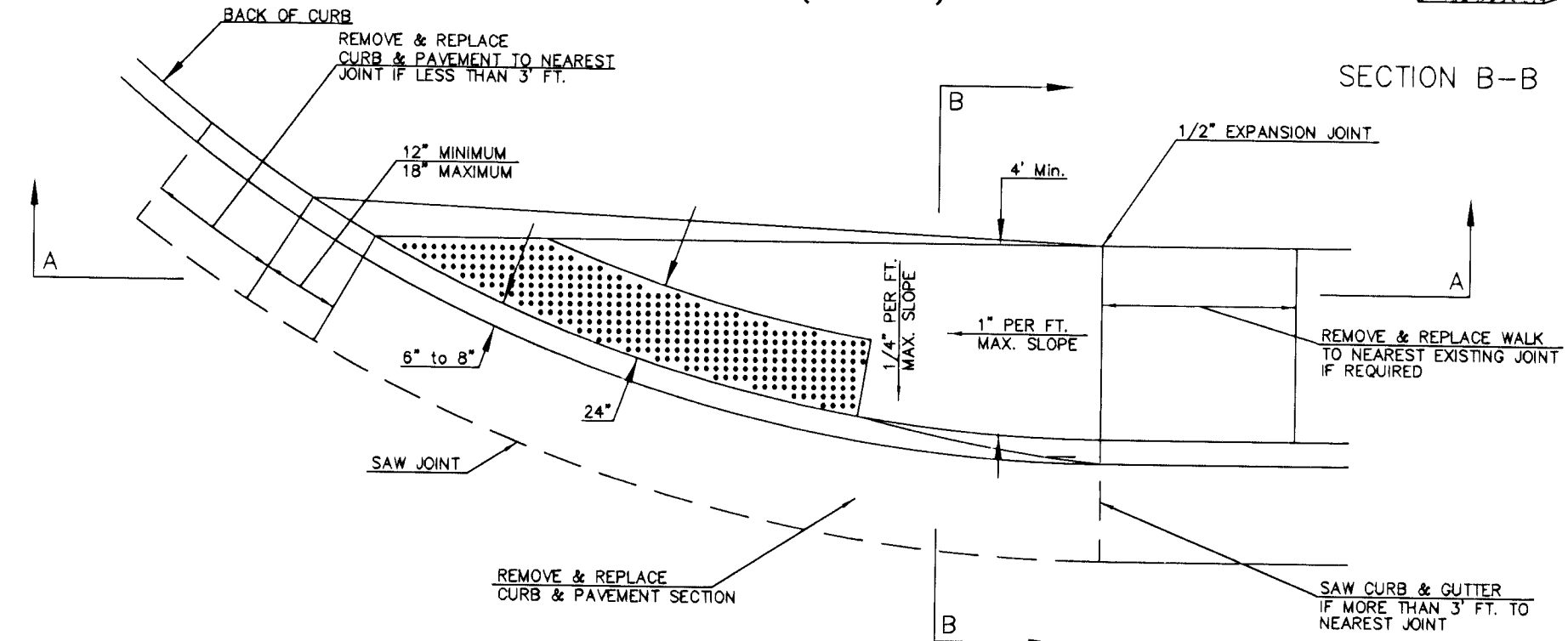
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR
STREET WITH MONOLITHIC CURB ON RADIUS
WITH 6'± FROM BACK OF CURB TO PROPERTY CORNER
(TYPE C)



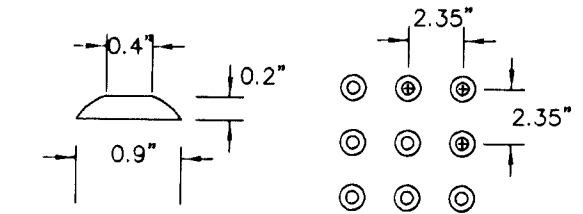
STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR
STREETS WITH COMBINED CURB & GUTTER
WITH ONE FULL SIDEWALK
(TYPE D)



STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP CONSTRUCTION DETAIL FOR
STREETS WITH MONOLITHIC CURB
WITH ONE FULL SIDEWALK
(TYPE D)



NOTE: HANOVER DETECTABLE WARNING PAVERS (OR AN APPROVED ALTERNATE) SHALL BE USED IN ALL WHEELCHAIR RAMPS. THE 1/4" RED 15" PAVES SHALL BE USED IN ALL APPLICATIONS.
HANOVER ARCHITECTURAL PRODUCTS
240 BENDER ROAD
HANOVER, PA 17331
1-717-637-0500
www.hanoverpavers.com



DOME DETAIL

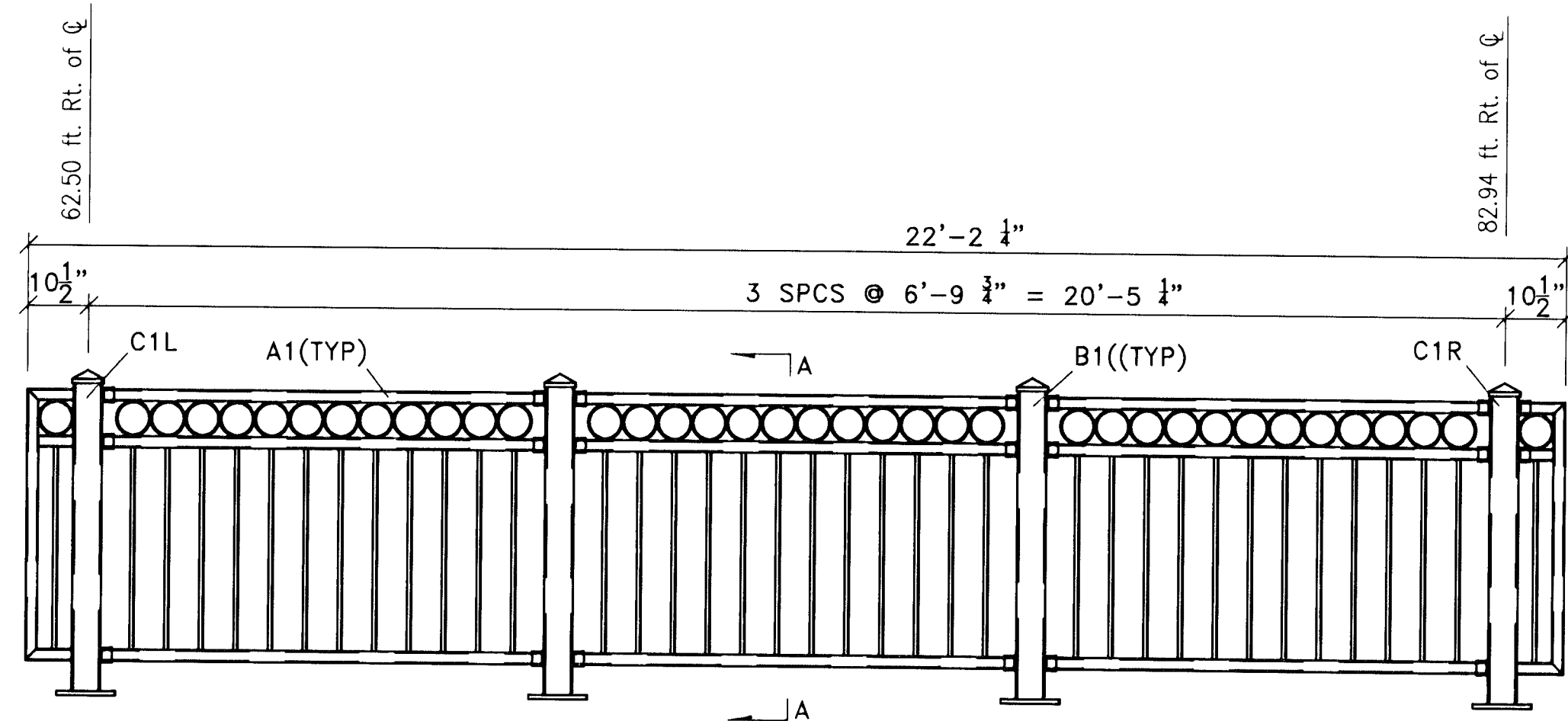
WHEELCHAIR RAMP DETAILS

CITY ENGINEER
CABLE, P.E.

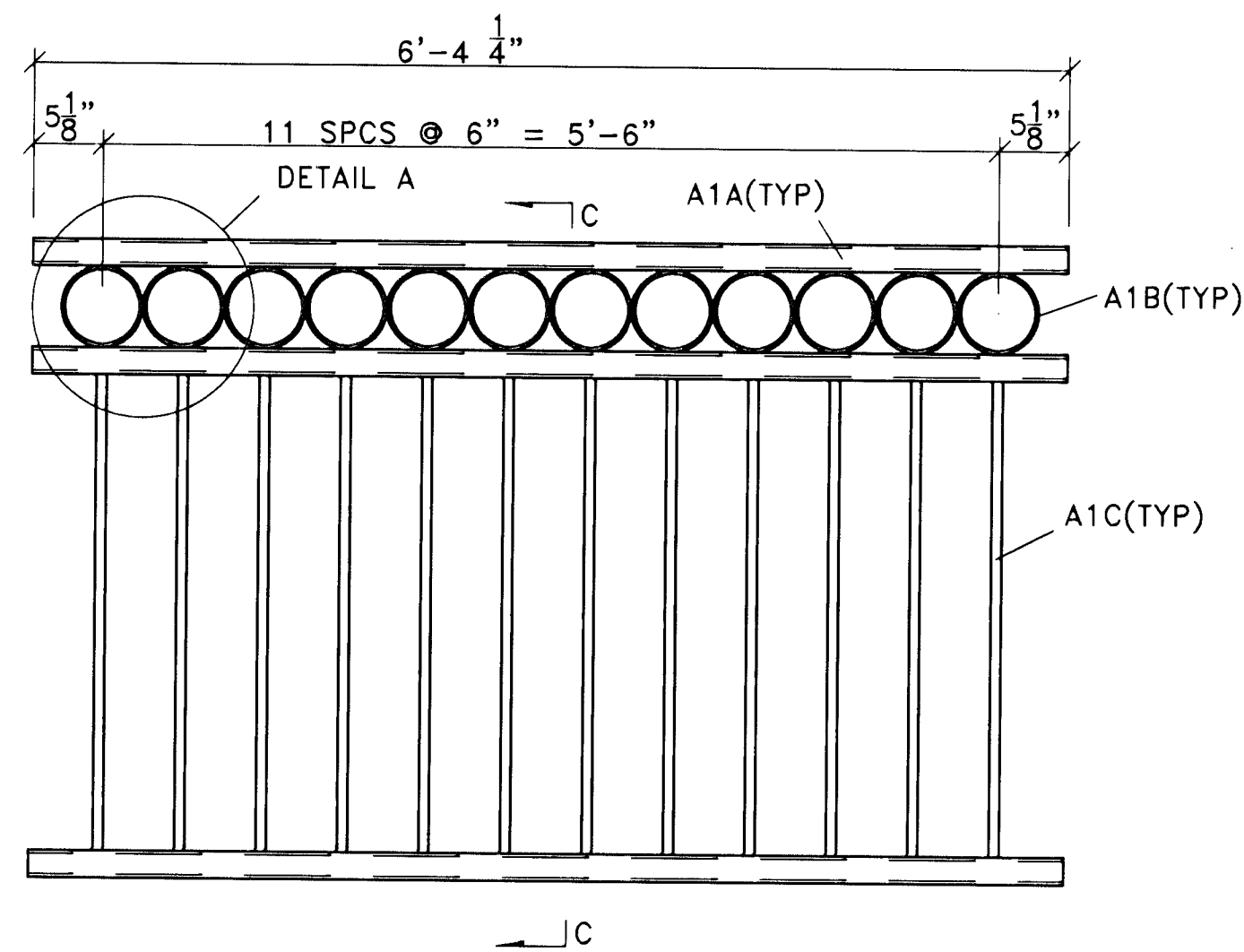
PROJECT NUMBER	OCA NUMBER	DATE
1774		MARCH 04

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE
CITY HALL - SEVENTH FLOOR
455 NORTH MAIN STREET
WICHITA, KANSAS 67202-1620
(316) 268-4501
(316) 268-4114 FAX

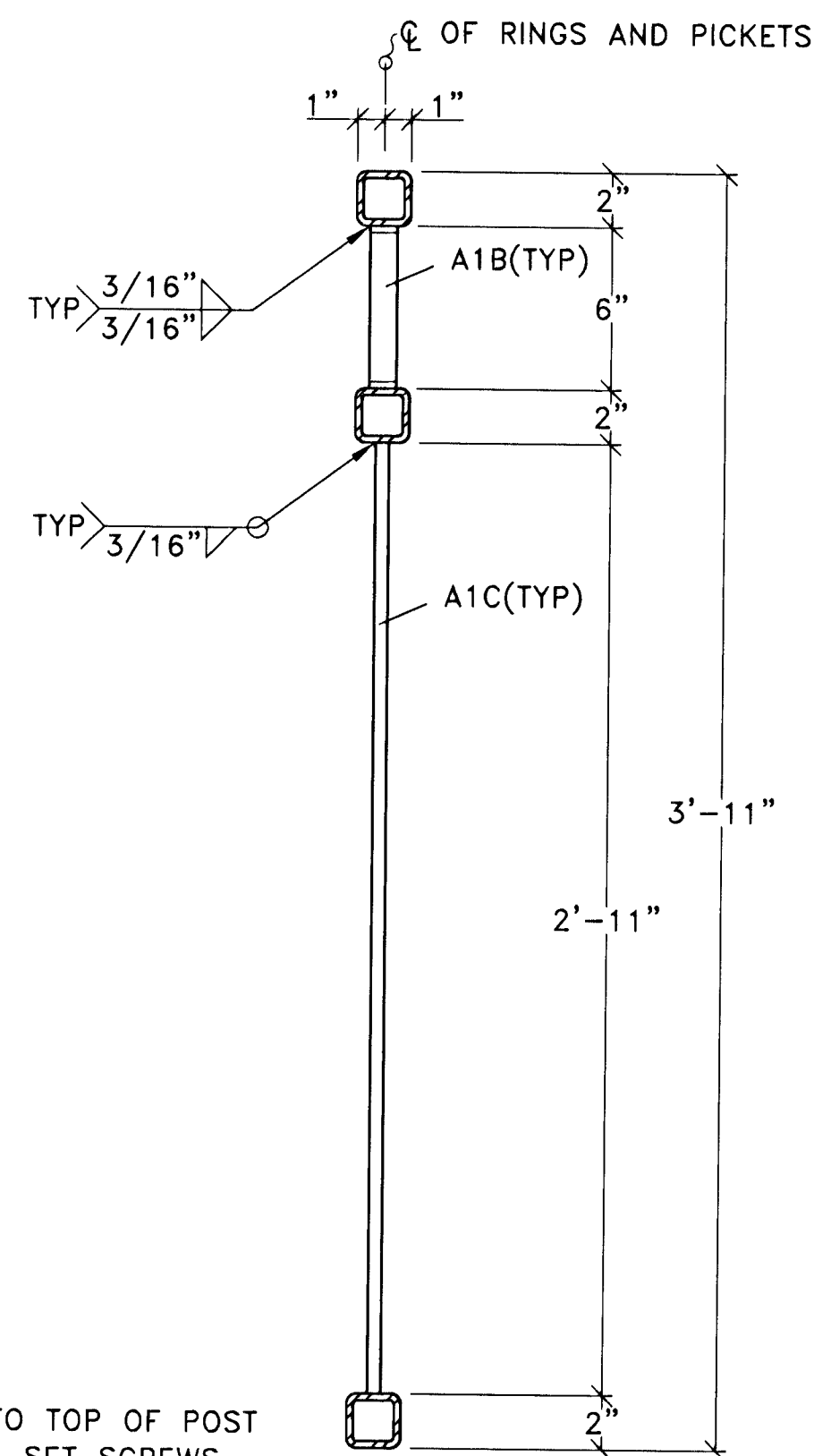
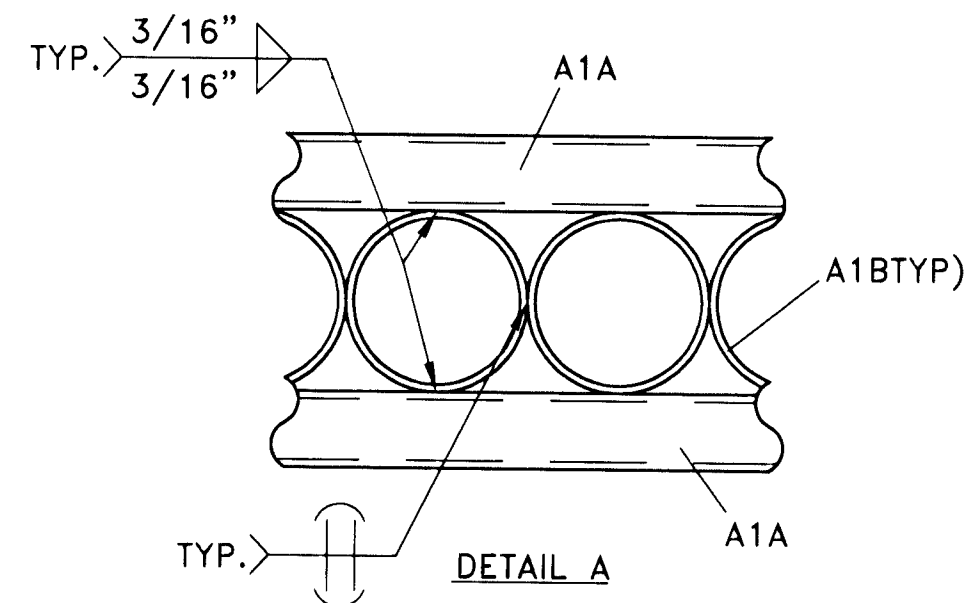
DESIGN	DRAWN
SHEET	
15 OF 32	



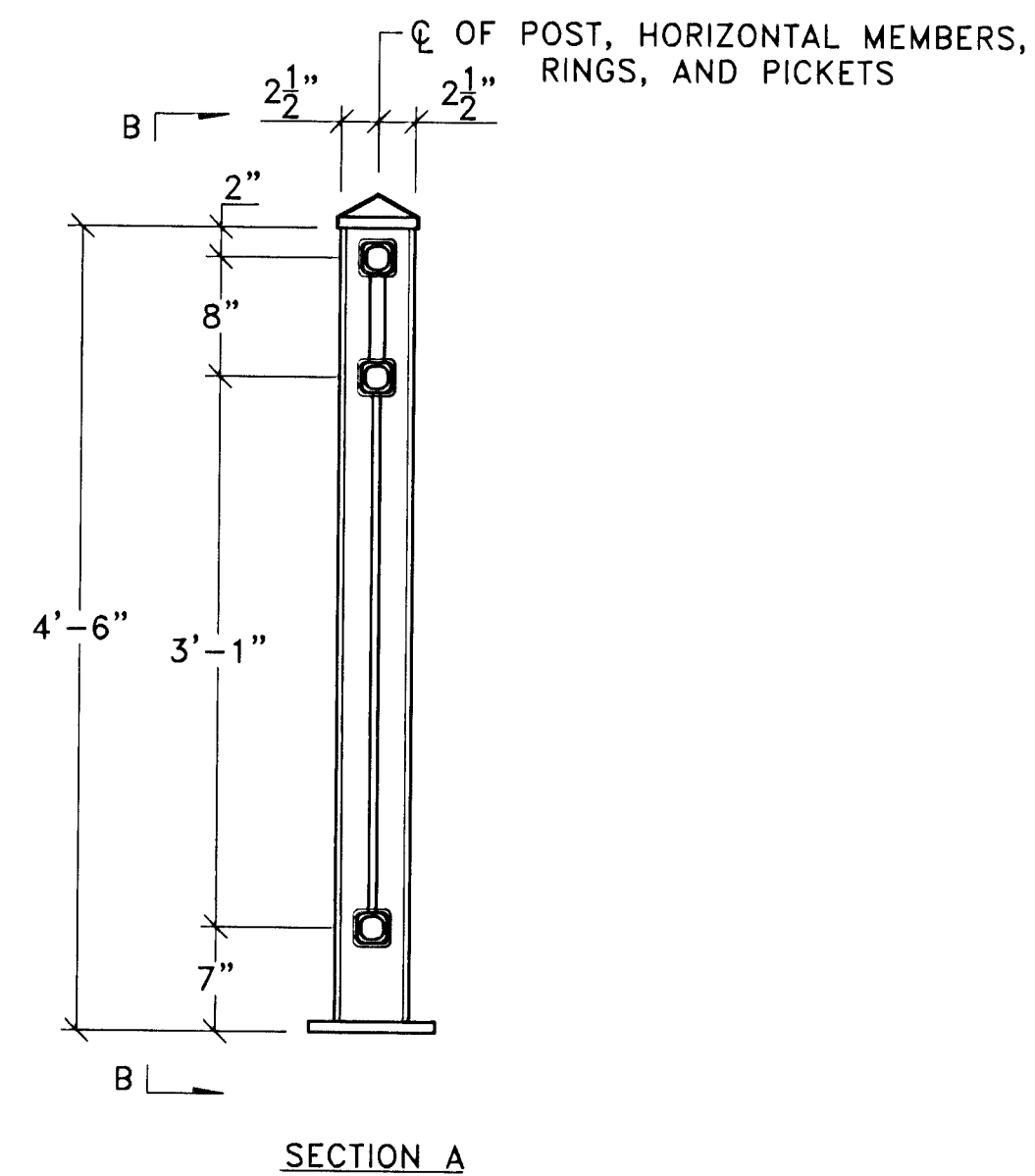
HANDRAIL ELEVATION



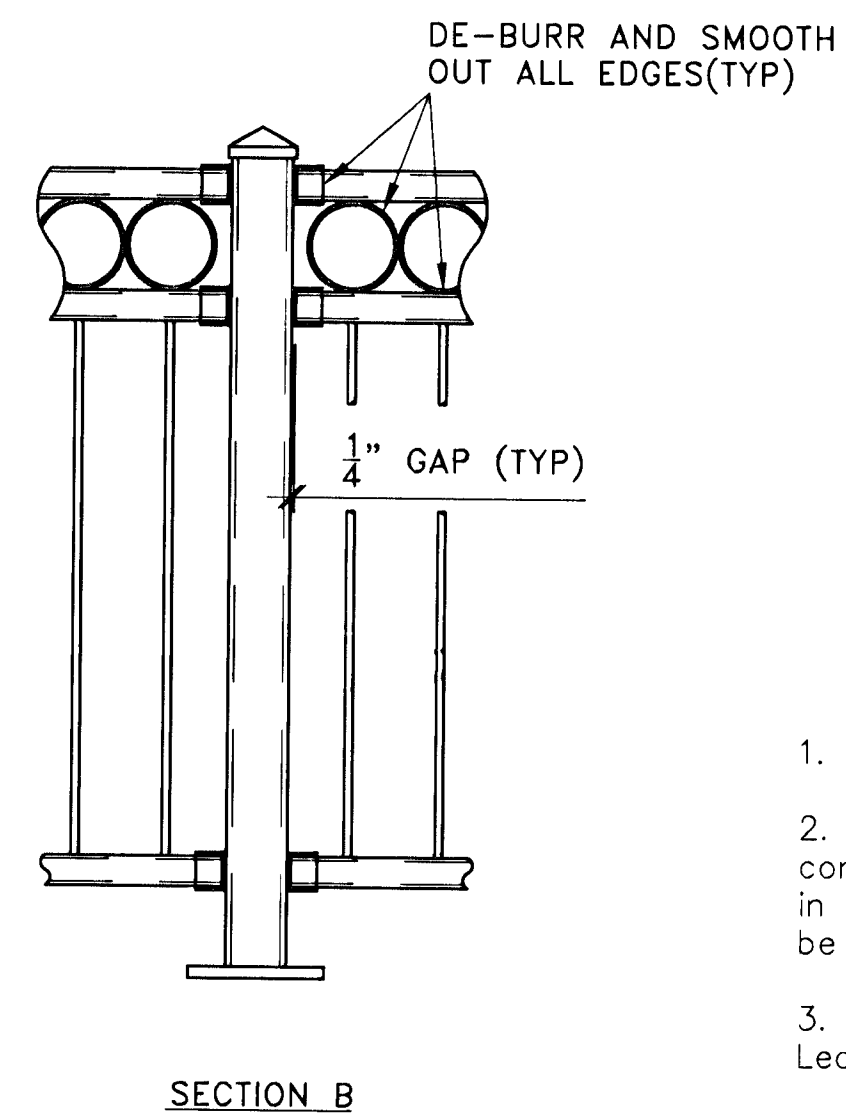
3 EA. HANDRAIL PANEL MKA1



SECTION C



SECTION A



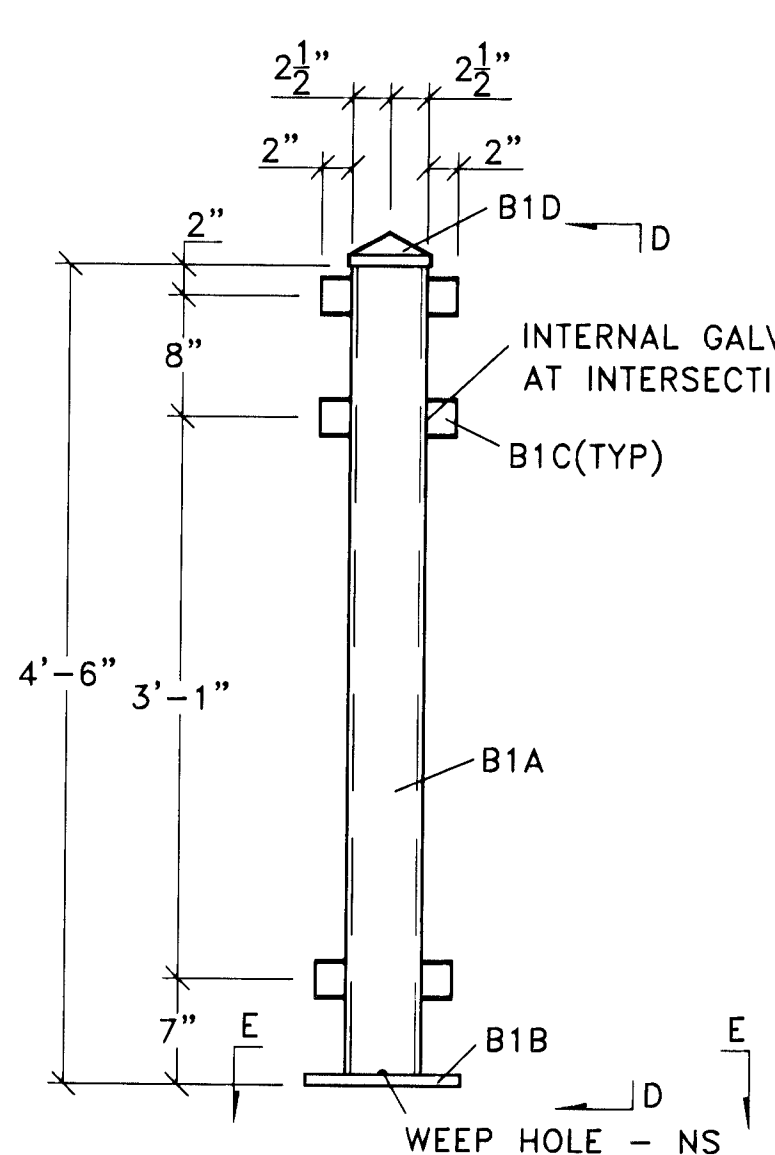
SECTION B

MATERIALS		
MK.	DESCRIPTION	SPECIFICATION
A1A	2"X2"X1/4" TUBE	ASTM A500 Gr.B ^{MAX. 10}
D1A		
D1B		
D1C		
D1D		
B1A	5"X5"X3/8" TUBE	
B1C	2 1/2"X2 1/2"X3/16" TUBE	
A1B	6" O.D. X 1/4" WALL PIPE	
A1C	3/4" ROUND BAR	A36
B1B	3/4"X8" PLATE	
B1D	5" POST CAP	A569
	1/2" U-bolt	

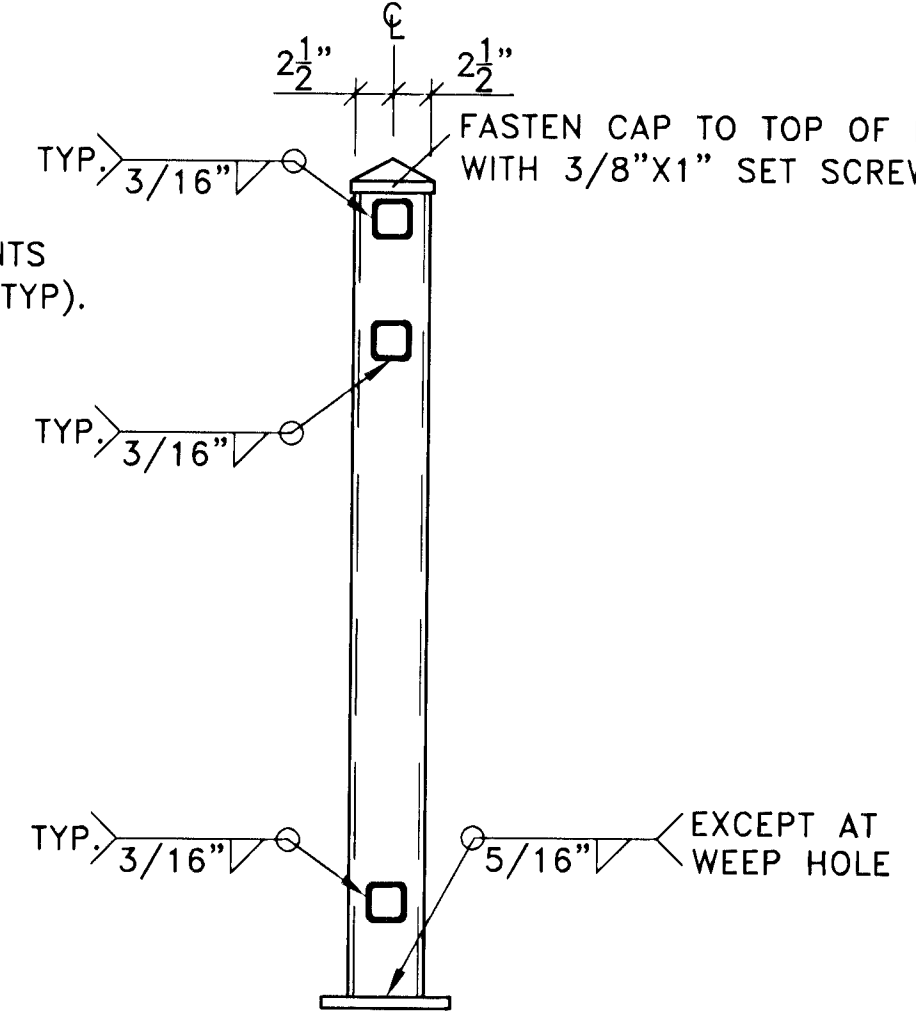
EXPANSION ANCHORS NOT ALLOWED

HANDRAIL NOTES

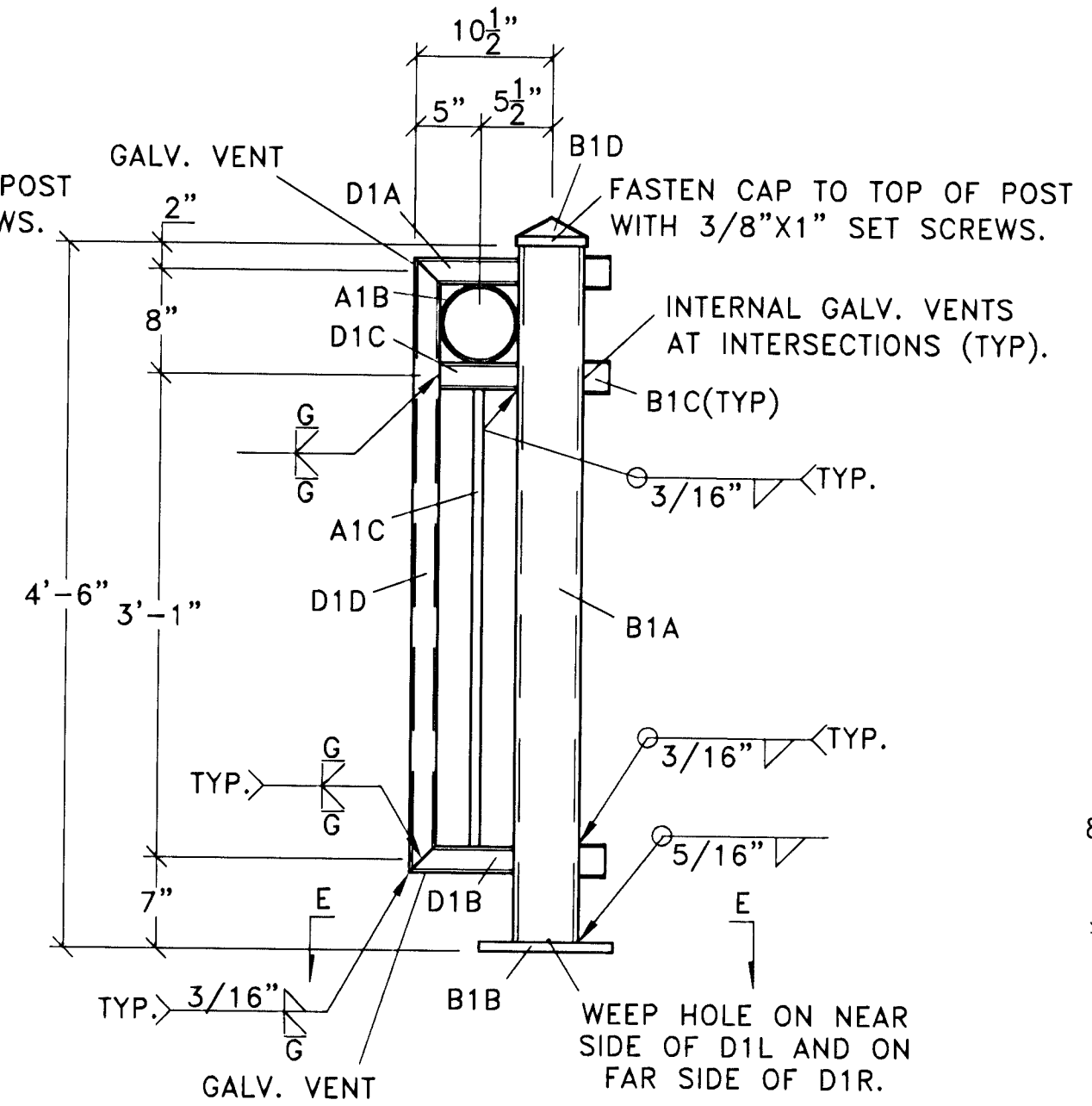
1. Shims may be used between concrete and base plates of posts.
2. All parts of Handrail shall be painted. The primer coat shall conform to the inorganic Zinc System. Surface preparatin shall be in accordance with that for structural steel. The finish coat shall be in accordance with water-borne acrylic finish coating.
3. The Contractor shall submit color chart for approval by the Learjet Supervisor of Facilities Planning.
4. All material, equipment and labor necessary for the installation of the handrail shall be subsidiary to the bid item.



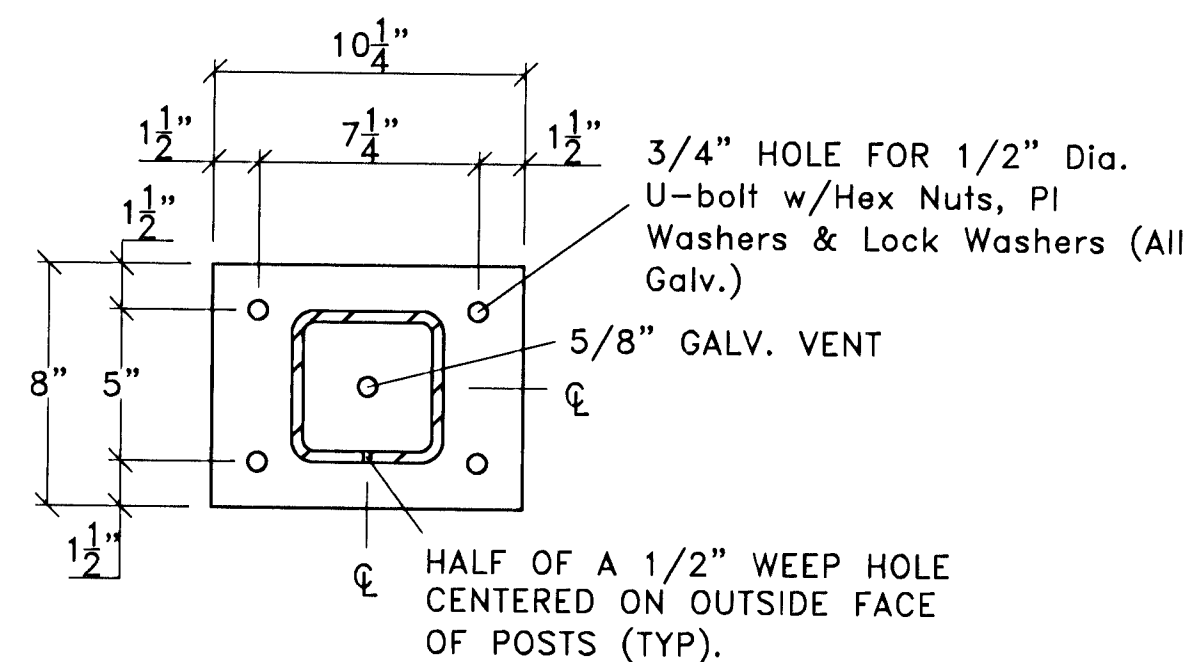
2 EA. POST ASSEMBLY MKB1



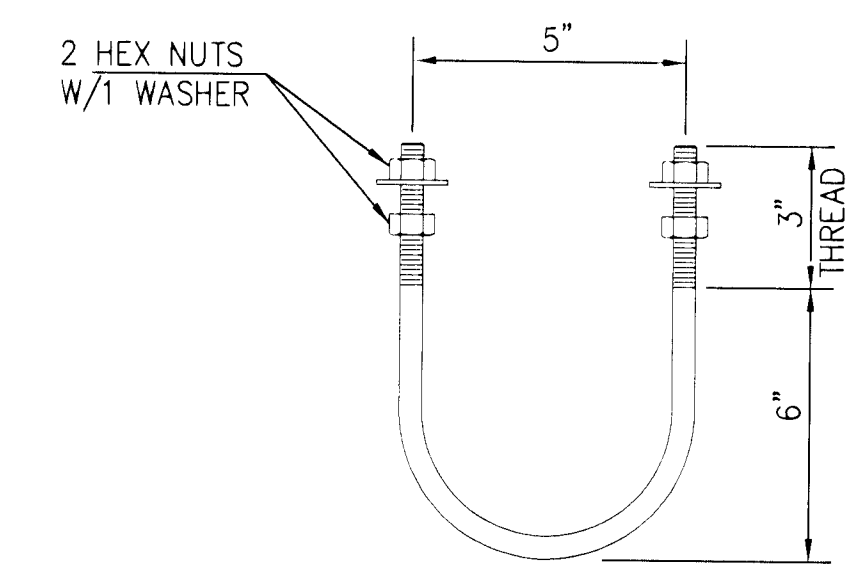
SECTION D



1 EA. POST ASSEMBLY MKC1L
1 EA. POST ASSEMBLY MKC1R



SECTION E



1/2" Ø U-BOLT - 42,000 PSI MIN. YIELD
U-BOLTS SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL.

U-BOLT DETAIL

EARTHWORK						
STATION TO STATION	EXCAVATION	COMPACTED FILL	LOOSE FILL	* SUBGRADE PREPARATION	* EXCAVATION OF CHANNEL	* COMPACTION OF CHANNEL
	YD ³	YD ³	YD ³	YD ²	YD ³	YD ²
10+47.43 TO 27+44.00 (WEST LEARJET WAY)	1,078	----	115	7,222.5	----	----
10+51.59 TO 26+76.62 (CHANNEL - ALT. NO. 1)	----	----	----	----	6,844	3,708
5+33.00 TO 9+50.00 (SERVICE ROAD)	126	----	----	----	----	----
TOTALS	1,204	----	115	7,222.5	6,844	3,708

* ALT. NO. 1

SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION (6")(AE)				
STATION TO STATION	LENGTH FT.	WIDTH FT.	YD ²	REMARKS
18+77.29	72.5	6'	48.3	PORTION AT HANDRAIL REINFORCED
23+33.37	67.5	6'	45.0	PORTION AT HANDRAIL REINFORCED
TOTAL			93.3	

SIDEWALK WHEELCHAIR RAMP				
STATION	SIDE	WIDTH FT.	QUANTITY	YD ²
19+08	LT.	6.0	1	8.4
19+23	RT.	6.0	1	4.6
23+43.24	LT.	6.0	2	14.4
23+48.33	RT.	6.0	1	6.5
TOTAL			5	33.9

SEEDING (FOR INFORMATIN ONLY)		
LOCATION	AREA ACRES	REMARKS
SERVICE ROAD	0.7	
WEST LEARJET WAY	1.3	
CHANNEL - ALT. NO. 1	2.5	

MONOLITHIC EDGE CURB		
STATION	LENGTH FT.	REMARKS
18+77.29	86.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENT. W/ VALLEY GUTTER
18+78.00	51.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENTRANCES
21+93.01	86.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENT. W/ VALLEY GUTTER
22+71.04	51.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENTRANCES
23+33.37	48.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENTRANCES
24+17.66	53.7	CURB FOR SIDE ENTRANCES
27+17.61	46.5	CURB FOR SIDE ENTRANCES
TOTAL	425.7	

CURB-GUTTER (COMBINED) (AE) 6 5/8"		
STATION TO STATION	LENGTH FT.	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 27+42.00	2,822.7	
TOTAL	2,822.7	

CONCRETE PAVEMENT - VALLEY GUTTERS (8")(AE)			
STATION	SIDE	QUANTITY YD ²	REMARKS
18+77.29	RT.	171.7	
21+93.01	RT.	174.2	
TOTAL		345.9	

CURB-GUTTER (AE) 1 1/2" LIP CURB		
STATION TO STATION	LENGTH FT.	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 27+42.00	285.5	
TOTAL	285.5	

CONCRETE PAVEMENT - DRIVEWAY (8")(AE)			
STATION	SIDE	QUANTITY YD ²	REMARKS
18+78.00	LT.	55.7	
22+71.04	LT.	68.7	
23+33.37	RT.	52.6	
24+17.66	LT.	73.2	
27+17.61	RT.	50.2	
TOTAL		300.4	

AC PAVEMENT 5" BASE COURSE		
STATION TO STATION	YD ²	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 24+50.00	4,559.3	INCLUDES PAVEMENT BEHIND VALLEY GUTTER
TOTAL	4,559.3	

AC PAVEMENT 3" BASE COURSE		
STATION TO STATION	YD ²	REMARKS
24+50.00 TO 27+42.00	778.7	
TOTAL	778.7	

AC PAVEMENT 2" SURFACE COURSE		
STATION TO STATION	YD ²	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 27+42.00	5,338.0	INCLUDES PAVEMENT BEHIND VALLEY GUTTER
TOTAL	5,338.0	

OVERLAY - AC PAVEMENT 2" SURFACE COURSE (BM-1B)		
STATION TO STATION	YD ²	REMARKS
5+53.38 TO 11+50.00	1,984.8	PARALLEL SERVICE ROAD
TOTAL	1,984.8	

MILLING (2" NOMINAL)		
STATION TO STATION	YD ²	REMARKS
5+53.38 TO 11+50.00	1,984.8	PARALLEL SERVICE ROAD
TOTAL	1,984.8	

SUBGRADE (CRUSHED STONE) (6")				
STATION TO STATION	DEPTH IN.	WIDTH FT.	QUANTITY YD ²	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 27+42.00	6	31	7,242.3	SIDE ENTRANCES INCLUDED
TOTAL			7,242.3	

GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT (FOR BASE)				
STATION TO STATION	DEPTH IN.	WIDTH FT.	QUANTITY YD ²	REMARKS
10+47.43 TO 27+42.00	6	31	7,242.3	SIDE ENTRANCES INCLUDED
TOTAL			7,242.3	

* PAVEMENT REMOVAL			
STATION TO STATION	WIDTH	T	YD ³
10+47.43 TO 27+44.00	VARIES	6.5"	976.8
TOTAL			976.8

* INCLUDES SIDE ENTRANCES

RECAPITULATION OF ROAD QUANTITIES		
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
MOBILIZATION	1	LS
PAVEMENT REMOVAL	976.8	C.Y.
EXCAVATION	1,204	C.Y.
LOOSE FILL	115	C.Y.
SUBGRADE PREPARATION	7,242.3	S.Y.
EXCAVATION OF CHANNEL - ALT. NO. 1	6,844	C.Y.
COMPACTION OF CHANNEL - ALT. NO. 1	3,708	S.Y.
7" AC PAVEMENT (5" BITUMINOUS BASE)	4,559.3	S.Y.
5" AC PAVEMENT (3" BITUMINOUS BASE)	778.7	S.Y.
REINFORCED CRUSHED ROCK BASE (6")	7,242.3	S.Y.
SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION (6")(AE)	93.3	S.Y.
CONCRETE PAVEMENT - VALLEY GUTTERS (8")(AE)	345.9	S.Y.
CONCRETE PAVEMENT - DRIVEWAYS (8")(AE)	300.4	S.Y.
DITCH LINING (CONCRETE) - ALT. NO. 1	1,227.8	S.Y.
DITCH LINING (CONCRETE)	56.9	S.Y.
CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION - ALT. NO. 1	768.7	S.Y.
TOE WALL - ALT. NO. 1	650.0	L.F.
SIDEWALK WHEELCHAIR RAMP	5	EACH
2" CONCRETE HEADER	1	EACH
CURB-GUTTER (AE) 1 1/2" LIP CURB	285.5	L.F.
CURB-GUTTER (COMBINED) (AE) 6 5/8"	2,822.7	L.F.
MONOLITHIC EDGE CURB	425.7	L.F.
DROP INLET (2'-0"x2'-0")	3	EACH
TYPE 1-A CURB INLET (6" OPENING X 5'-0")	4	EACH
STORM SEWER (24")(RCP)	156.9	L.F.
STORM SEWER (18")(RCP)	30.7	L.F.
END SECTION (24")(RC)	2	EACH
CONNECT TO EXIST. INLET	1	EACH
MANHOLE ADJUSTMENT	2	EACH
WATERMETER ADJUSTMENT	1	EACH
HANDRAIL	44.4	L.F.
RIP-RAP REMOVAL	392.0	S.Y.
PAVEMENT MARKING	1	L.S.
SIGNING	1	L.S.
PERMANENT SEEDING (FESCUE K-31)	1	L.S.
PERMANENT SEEDING (FESCUE K-31) - ALT. NO. 1	1	L.S.
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL	1	L.S.
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL - ALT. NO. 1	1	L.S.
RESET 48" CULVERTS (CMP) - ALT. NO. 1	4	EACH
OVERLAY - AC PAVEMENT 2" SURFACE COURSE (BM-1B)	1,984.8	S.Y.
MILLING (2" NOMINAL)	1,984.8	S.Y.
TRAFFIC CONTROL	1	L.S.

PAVEMENT MARKING (FOR INFORMATION ONLY)			
STATION TO STATION	4" SOLID DOUBLE YELLOW	6" BROKEN YELLOW	6" SOLID WHITE LANE LINE
10+47.43 TO 13+00.00	252.5'		
13+00.00 TO 24+42.00		286'	
10+47.43 TO 12+00.00			152.5'

DITCH LINING (CONCRETE) - ALT. NO. 1				
STATION TO STATION	SIDE	W	T	YD ²
10+71.59 TO 18+40.68	RT.	8'	5"	683.6
19+12.70 TO 19+92.00	RT.	8'	5"	70.5
20+08.00 TO 21+56.06	RT.	8'	5"	131.6
22+28.46 TO 22+99.87	RT.	8'	5"	63.5
23+72.02 TO 24+92.00	RT.	8'	5"	106.6
25+08.00 TO 26+76.61	RT.	8'	5"	172.0
TOTAL				1,227.8

Revision

Approved

Date

No.

1

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SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

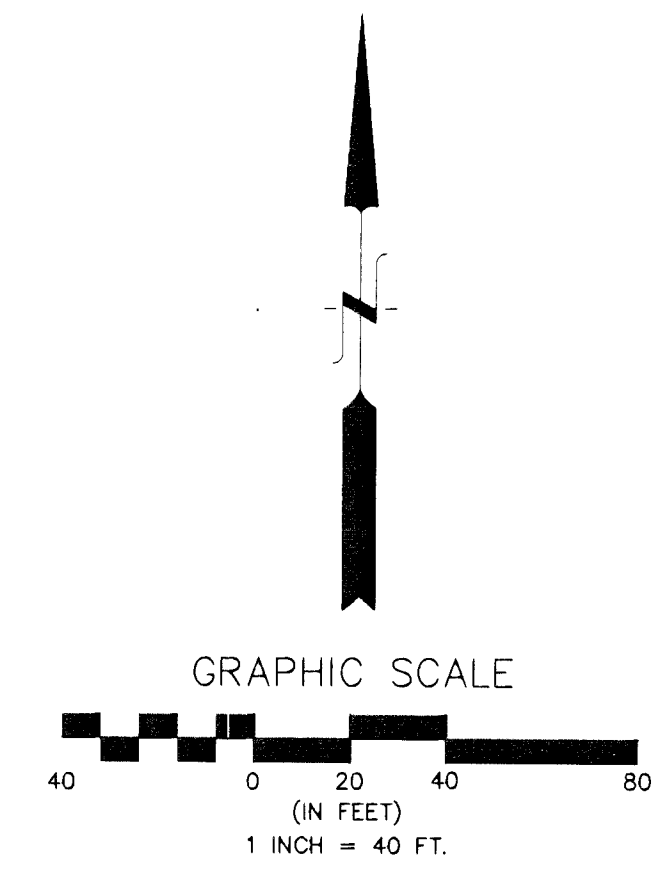
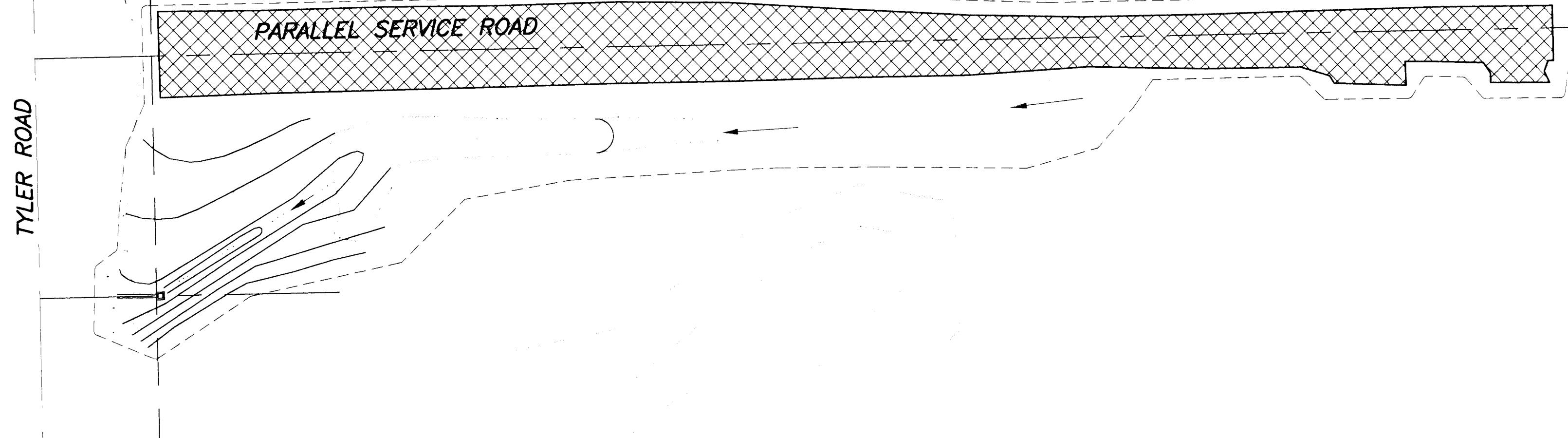
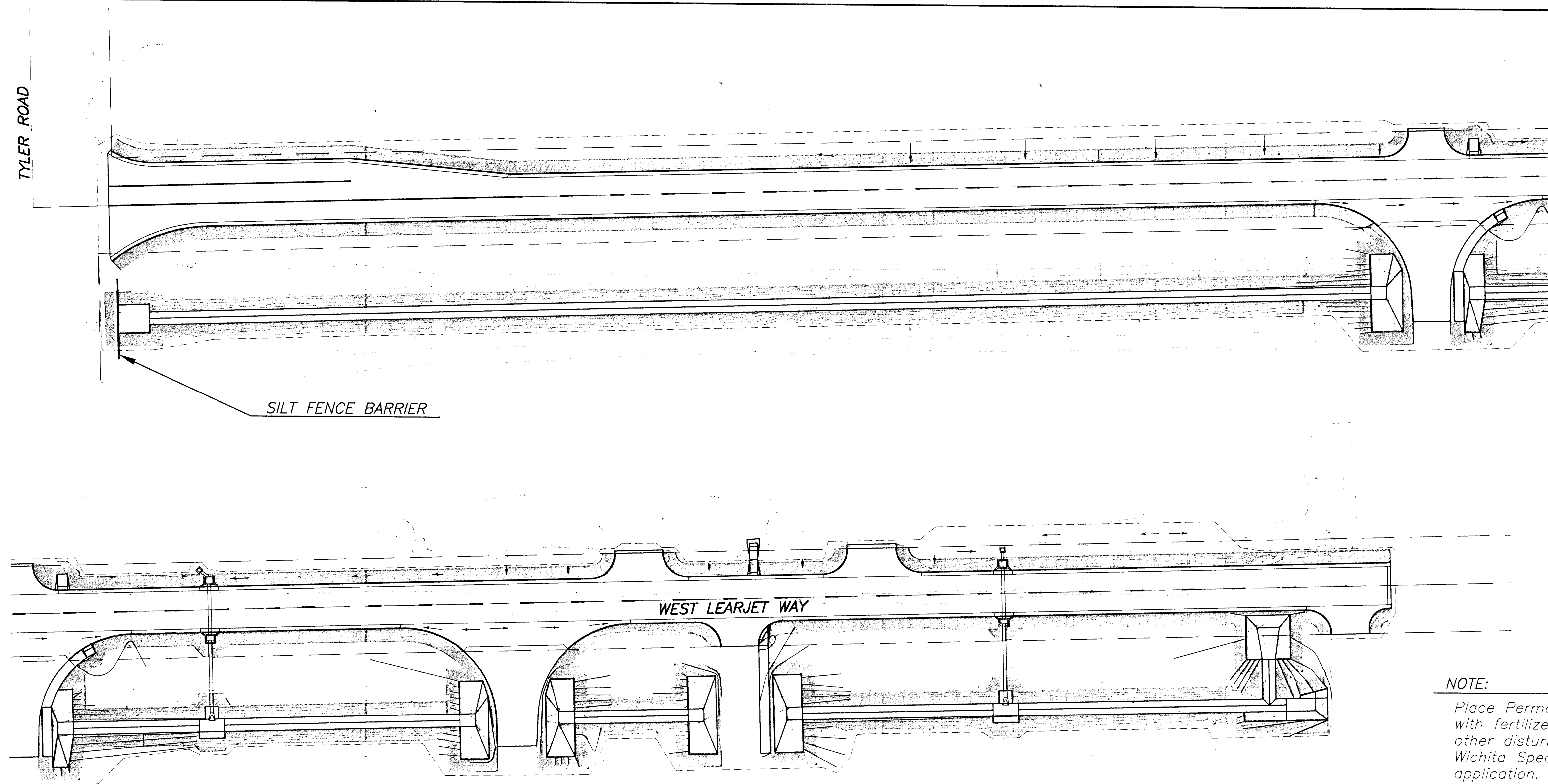
BOMBARDIER LEARJET
WICHITA, KANSAS

POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
5940 E. Central, Suite 200
Wichita, KS 67208-4242
Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444

FINAL

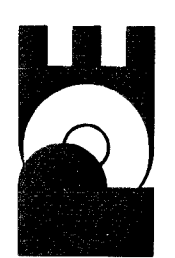
Designed By: P. Ferguson
Drawn By: J. Umch
Poe Job No.: 1774
Date: March 2004

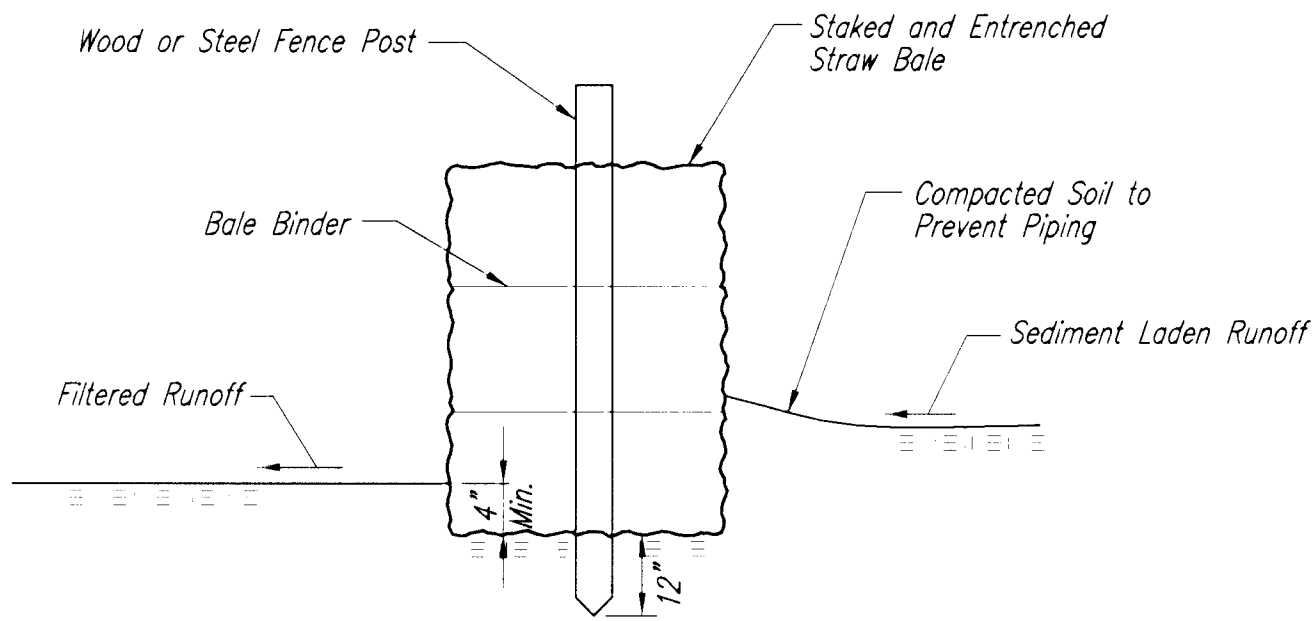
Sheet
17 of 32



NOTE:
Place Permanent Seeding (K-31 Fescue) with fertilizer under blanket and at all other disturbed areas. See City of Wichita Specifications for rates of application.

LEGEND
 8' Excelsior I (Curlex) Blanket

FINAL Designed By: P. Ferguson Drawn By: J. Ulrich POC Job No: 1774 Date: March 2004	 P&E POE & ASSOCIATES OF KANSAS, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS 5940 E. Central, Suite 200 • Wichita, KS 67208-4242 Phone 316/685-4114 • FAX 316/685-4444	WEST LEARJET WAY EROSION CONTROL PLAN BOMBARDIER LEARJET WICHITA, KANSAS		No. ☐ Date ☐ By ☐ Approved ☐ Revision ☐
				No. ☐ Date ☐ By ☐ Approved ☐ Revision ☐



STRAW BALE BARRIERS

Material Specification:

Bale slope barriers may be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long.

Placement:

A slope barrier should be used at the toe of a slope when a ditch does not exist. The slope barrier should be placed on nearly level ground 5' to 10' away from the toe of a slope. The barrier is placed away from the toe of the slope to provide adequate storage for settling out sediment. When practicable, bale slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Bale slope barriers can also be placed along right-of-way fence lines to keep sediment from crossing onto adjacent property. When placed in this manner, the slope barrier will not likely follow contours.

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench the length of the planned slope barrier that is 4" deep and a bale's width wide. Make sure that the trench is excavated along a single contour. When practicable, slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Place the soil on the upslope side of the trench for later use. Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Two stakes should be driven through each bale along the centerline of the ditch check, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends. Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground. Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the upslope side of the check and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep.

List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

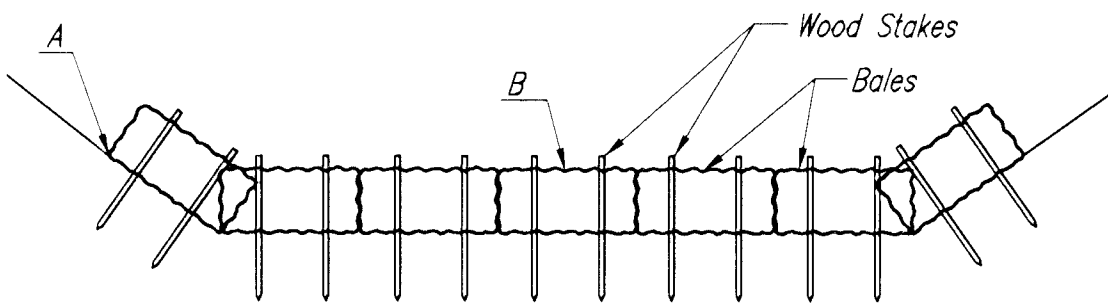
When practicable, do not place bale slope barriers across contours. Slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Concentrated flow over a slope barrier creates a scour hole on the downslope side of the barrier. The scour hole eventually undermines the bales and the barrier fails. Do not place bale slope barriers in areas with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the barrier is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out. Bale slope barriers must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the barrier.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Bale slope barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Are there any points along the slope barrier where water is concentrating?
Does water flow under the slope barrier?
Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
Are any bales dislodged?
Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the slope barrier?

NOTE: Point A must be higher than Point B so that water flows over the bales and not around them.



STRAW BALE DITCH CHECKS

Material Specification:

Bale ditch checks may be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Optional: The downstream scour apron should be constructed of a double-netted straw erosion-control blanket at least 6' wide. Optional: The metal landscape staples used to anchor the erosion-control blanket should be at least 8" long.

Placement:

Bale ditch checks should be placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. The ditch check should extend far enough so that the ground level at the ends of the check is higher than the top of the lowest center bale. This prevents water from flowing around the check. Checks should not be placed in ditches where high flows are expected. Rock checks should be used instead. Bales should be placed in ditches with slopes of 6% or less. For slopes steeper than 6%, rock checks should be used. The following table provides check spacing for a given ditch grade:

Ditch Check Spacing	
Ditch grade (%)	Check Spacing (feet)
0.5	200
1.0	200
2.0	100
3.0	65
4.0	50
5.0	40
6.0	30

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench perpendicular to the ditch flowline that is 4" deep and a bale's width wide. Extend the trench in a straight line along the entire length of the proposed ditch check. Place the soil on the upstream side of the trench—it will be used later. Optional: On the downstream side of the trench, roll out a length of erosion-control blanket (scour apron) equal to the length of the trench. Place the upstream edge of the erosion-control blanket along the bottom upstream edge of the trench. The erosion control blanket should be anchored in the trench with one row of 8" landscape staples placed on 18" centers. The remainder of the erosion-control blanket (the portion that is not lying in the trench) will serve as the downstream scour apron. This section of the blanket should be anchored to the ground with 8" landscape staples placed around the perimeter of the blanket on 18" centers. The remainder of the blanket should be anchored using two evenly spaced rows of 8" landscape staples on 18" centers placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Two stakes should be driven through each bale along the centerline of the ditch check, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends. Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground. Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the upstream side of the check and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep and extend upstream no more than 24".

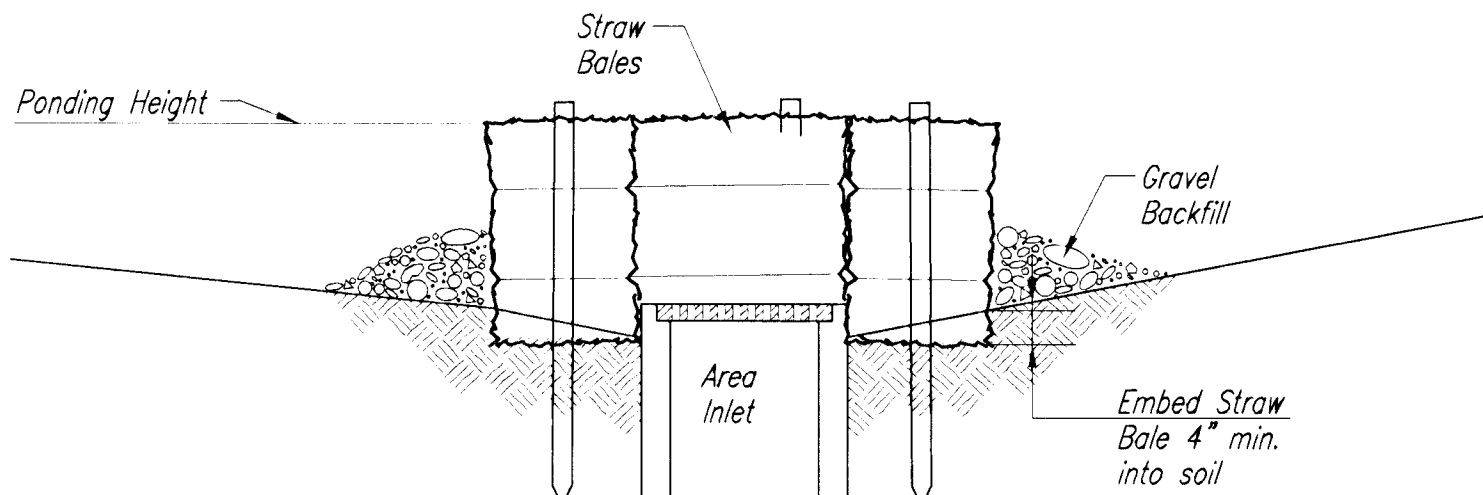
List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

Do not place a bale ditch check directly in front of a culvert outlet. It will not stand up to the concentrated flow. Do not place bale ditch checks in ditches that will likely experience high flows. They will not stand up to concentrated flow. Follow prescribed ditch-check spacing guidelines. If spacing guidelines are exceeded, erosion will occur between the ditch checks. Do not allow water to flow around the ditch check. Make sure that the ditch check is long enough so that the ground level at the ends of the check is higher than the top of the lowest center bale. Do not place bale ditch checks in channels with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the check is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out. Bale ditch checks must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the check.

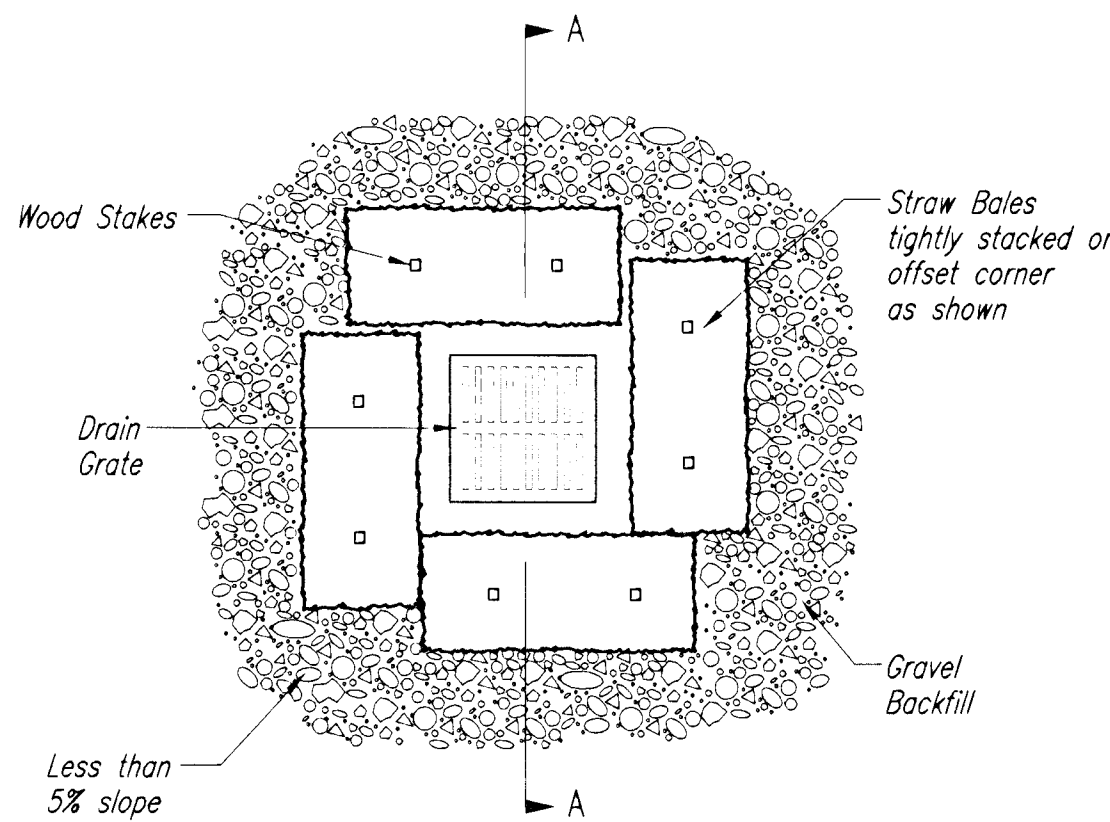
Inspection and Maintenance:

Bale ditch checks should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Does water flow around the ditch check?
Does water flow under the ditch check?
Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
Are any bales and/or scour aprons (optional) dislodged?
Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the ditch check?



SECTION A-A



STRAW BALE BARRIERS FOR AREA INLETS (INLET PROTECTION)

Material Specification:

Bale area inlet barriers should be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long.

Placement:

Bale area inlet barriers should be placed directly around the perimeter of a drop inlet. When a bale area inlet barrier is located near an inlet that has steep approach slopes, the storage capacity behind the barrier is drastically reduced. Timely removal of sediment must occur for a barrier to operate properly in this location.

Proper Installation Method:

Excavate a trench around the perimeter of the area inlet that is at least 4" deep by a bale's width wide. Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Some bales may need to be shortened to fit into the trench around the area inlet. Two stakes should be driven through each bale, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends. Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground. Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the receiving side of the barrier and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep. Note: When a bale area inlet barrier is placed in a shallow median ditch, make sure that the top of the barrier is not higher than the paved road. In this configuration, water may spread onto the roadway causing a hazardous condition.

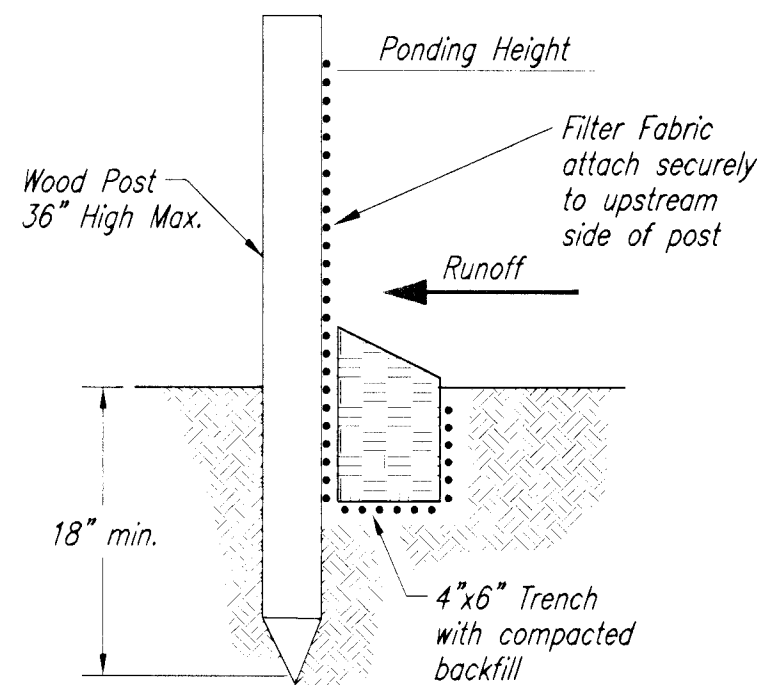
List of common placement installation mistakes to avoid:

Bales should be placed directly against the perimeter of the area inlet. This allows overtopping water to flow directly into the inlet instead of onto nearby soil causing scour. Bale area inlet barriers must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the barrier.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Bale area inlet barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Does water flow under the area inlet barrier?
Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
Are any bales dislodged?
Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the area inlet barrier?



SILT FENCE BARRIERS

SILT FENCE BARRIERS

Material Specification:

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

Placement:

A slope barrier should be used at the toe of a slope when a ditch does not exist. The slope barrier should be placed on nearly level ground 5' to 10' away from the toe of a slope. The barrier is placed away from the toe of the slope to provide adequate storage for settling out sediment. When practicable, silt fence slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Silt fence slope barriers can also be placed along right-of-way fence lines to keep sediment from crossing onto adjacent property. When placed in this manner, the slope barrier will not likely follow contours.

Proper installation method:

Excavate a trench the length of the planned slope barrier that is 6" deep by 4" wide. Make sure that the trench is excavated along a single contour. When practicable, slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Place the soil on the upslope side of the trench for later use. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downslope side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upslope edge. Line all three sides of the trench with the fabric. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt-fence fabric should remain exposed. Lay the exposed silt fence upslope of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downslope of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 18". Place posts no more than 4' apart. Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:

When practicable, do not place silt fence slope barriers across contours. Slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. When the flow concentrates, it overtops the barrier and the silt fence slope barrier quickly deteriorates. Do not place silt-fence posts on the upslope side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not place silt fence slope barriers in areas with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the barrier is not sufficiently anchored, it will wash out. Silt fence slope barriers must be dug into the ground—silt fence at ground level does not work because water will flow underneath.

Inspection and Maintenance:

Silt fence slope barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

Are there any points along the slope barrier where water is concentrating?
Does water flow under the slope barrier?
Do the silt fences sag excessively?
Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
Does sediment need to be removed from behind the slope barrier?