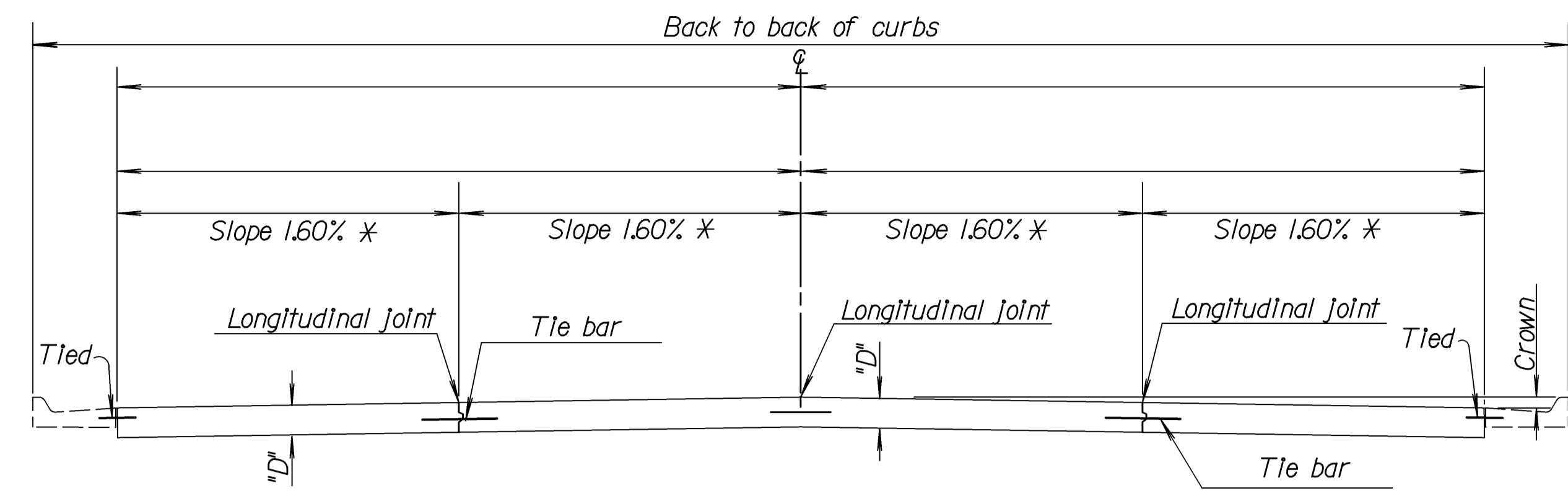


STATE	PROJECT NO.	YEAR	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
KANSAS	54-87 K-8258-01	2007	61	556

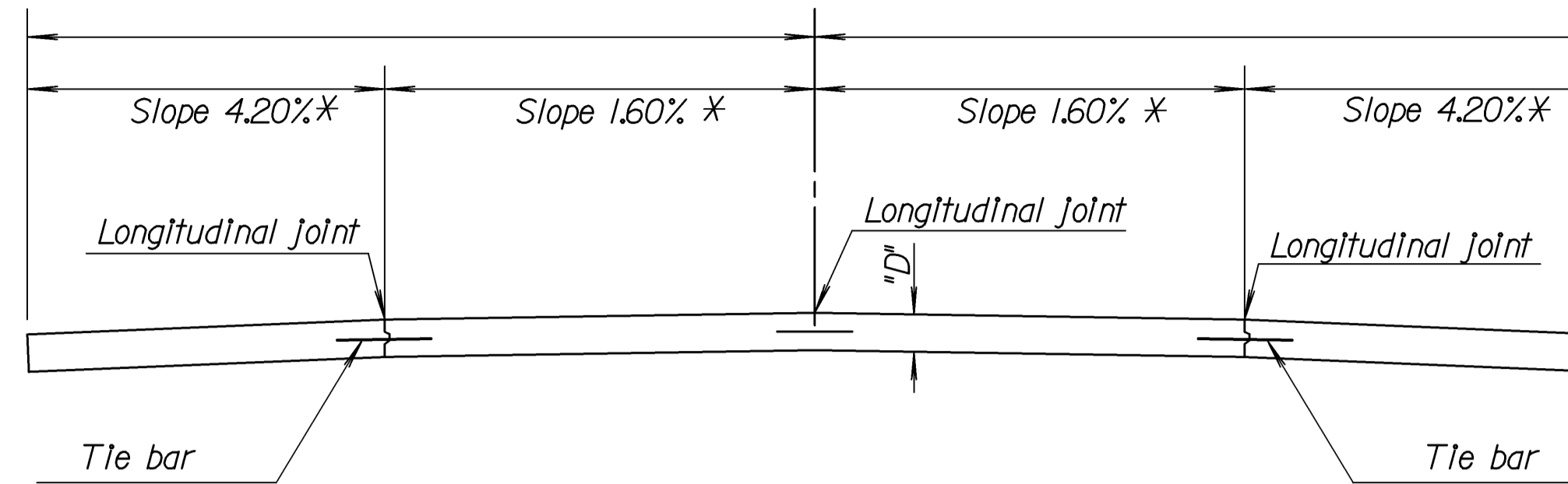
Note: Designer shall add applicable dowel sizes and pavement depth.



For Curb & Gutter details see Standard Drawing RD740 SI.

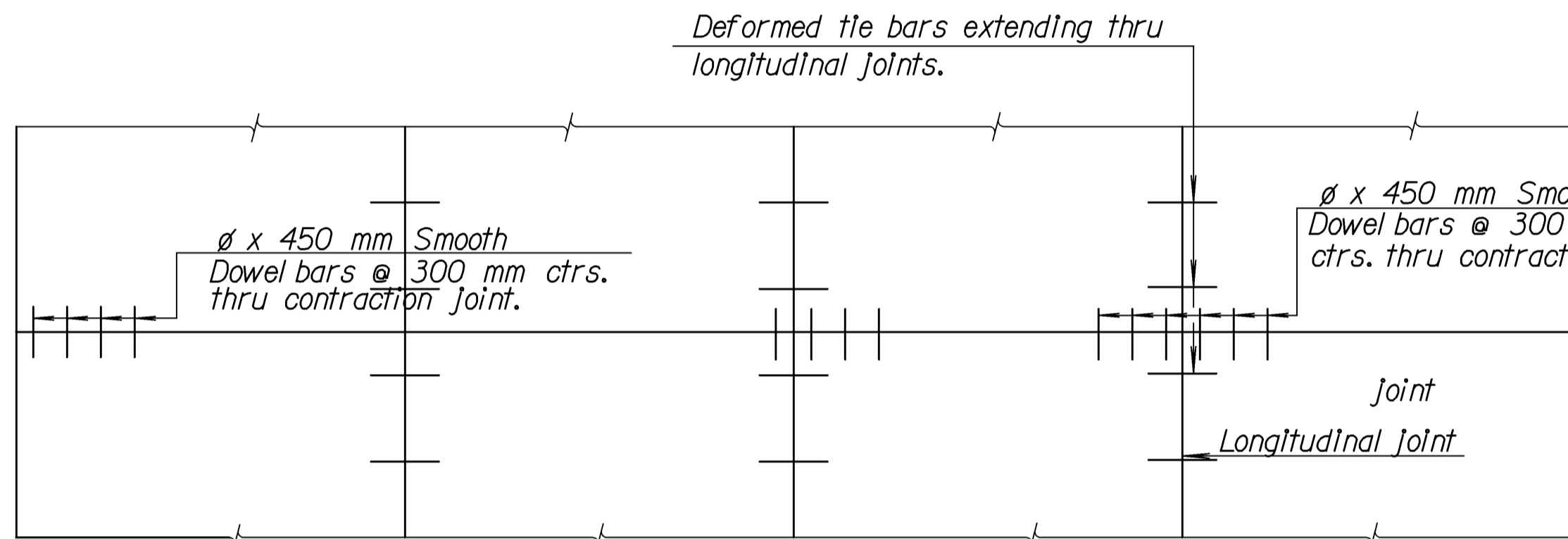
TRANSVERSE SECTION
(4 - LANE WITH CURB & GUTTER)

* Normal cross slopes. See Typical Section or Cross Sections for variations.

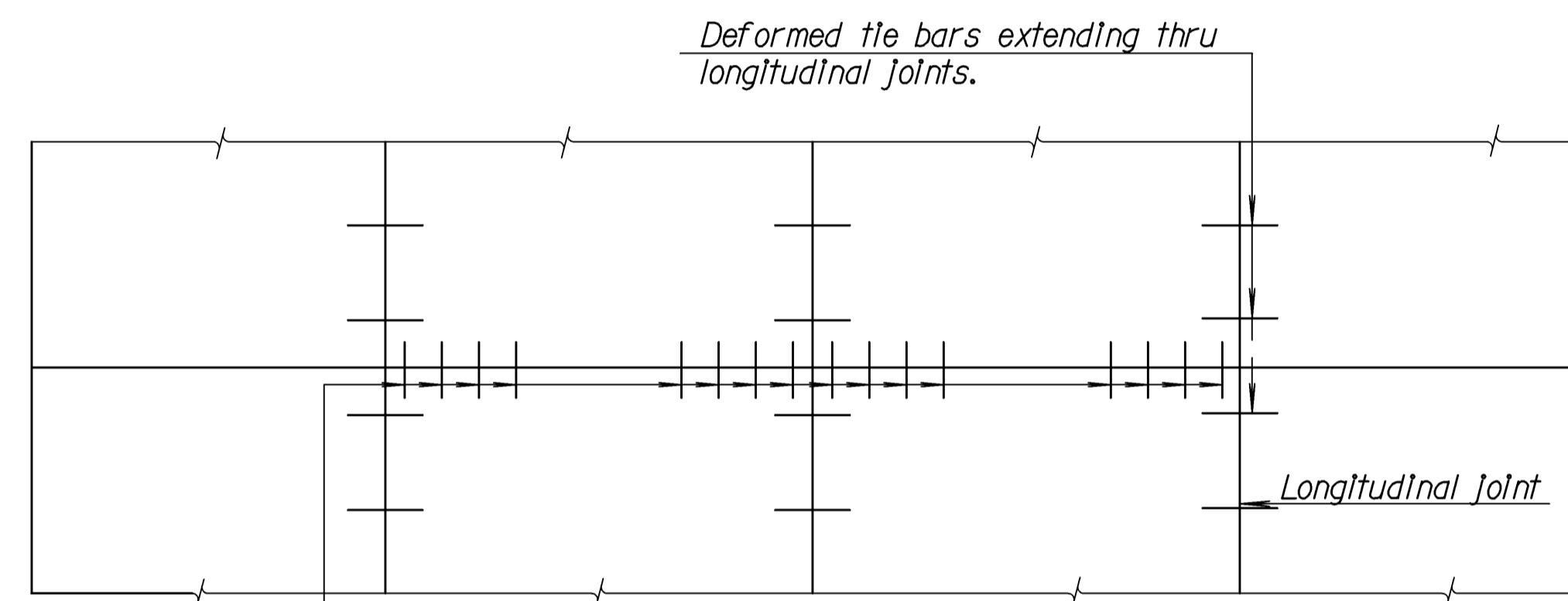


TRANSVERSE SECTION
(2 - LANE WITH SHOULDERS)

GENERAL NOTE
 All deformed tie bars shall be epoxy coated. Any damage to the epoxy coating shall be patched in accordance with the Standard Specifications. Deformed tie bars which require bending shall be billet steel reinforcing bars, Grade 300, and may or may not be epoxy coated. Pressure relief joints (without load transfer devices) shall be placed at the end of the bridge approach pavement slab. For details of pressure relief joint, see Concrete Bridge Approach Standard Drawing. Unless otherwise noted, load transfer devices as shown in detail shall be used at all contraction joints on mainline pavement. No dowels will be used on shoulder contraction joints unless specifically shown on plans. All sawed joints on this project shall be filled with sealant. See special provision for type of sealant. Shape of all keyed joints shall be similar to section of recessed form leg as shown on this sheet. All longitudinal joints shall be tied. Tie bars shall be evenly spaced along the length of the slab and no tie bars shall be within 300 mm of contraction joint. Shoulder rumble strips will not be constructed as part of this project.



PLAN
(4 - LANE WITH CURB & GUTTER)

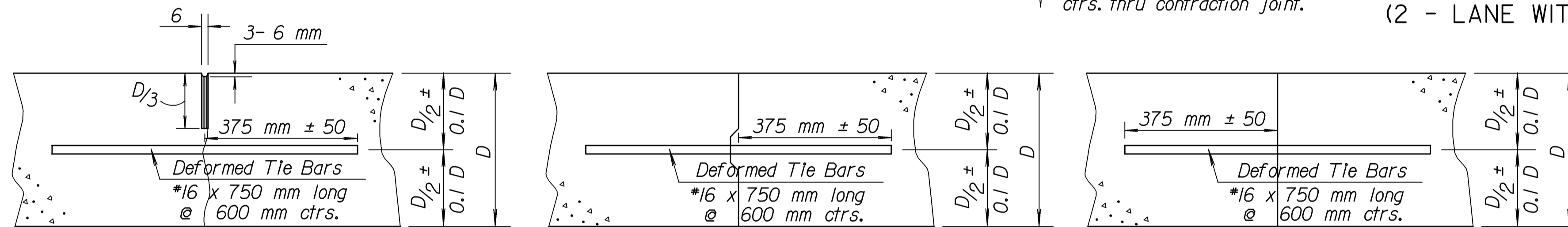


PLAN
(2 - LANE WITH SHOULDERS)

DOWEL SIZE	
D - mm	Dia. mm
160	25
180	25
200	25
220	29
240	32
260	32
280	35
300	38

PAVEMENT DEPTH

D= ___



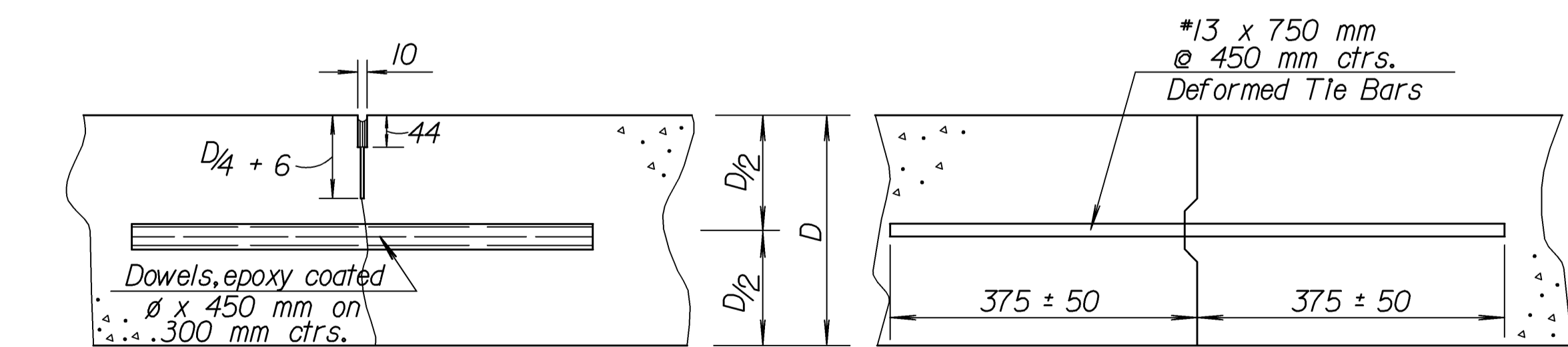
Tied Non-Keyed

Tied Keyed Construction

Tied Butt Construction

LONGITUDINAL JOINTS

Note: For longitudinal construction joints the contractor has the option of using either the keyed or butt type.

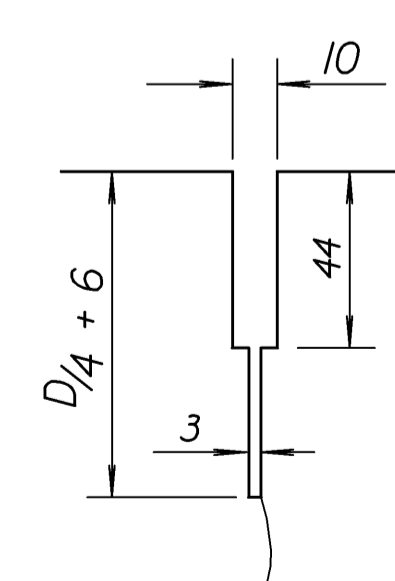


Contraction

Construction

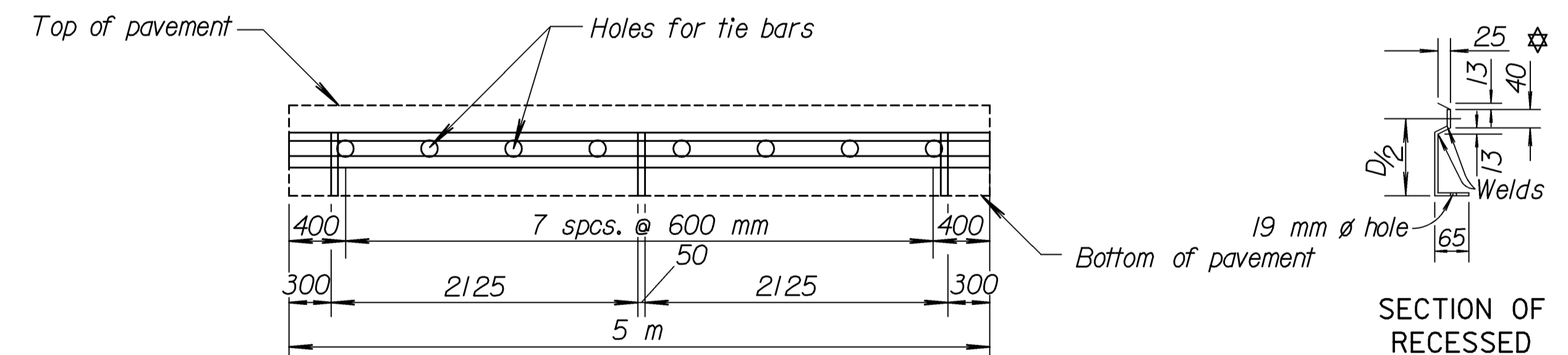
TRANSVERSE JOINTS

Note: Contraction joints will be constructed at the planned location or as directed by the Engineer. When necessary to interrupt continuous placement for a substantial length of time or at the end of a day's pour, the Contractor has the option of ending placement at a contraction joint or with a construction joint located a minimum of 1.5 m from a contraction joint. Either joint type may be constructed by placing a header at the end of the pour or by paving past the joint location, sawing the joint after the concrete has hardened, and drilling holes for the tie bars or dowels.



DETAIL OF CONTRACTION JOINT
SAWCUT

The 3 mm saw cut (D/4 + 6 mm depth) shall be done initially; the 10 mm saw cut shall be accomplished in a separate operation after concrete has gained sufficient strength to avoid spalling as determined by the Engineer.



METAL STRIP FOR
LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINT

To be used only against forms. Shall not extend through contraction joints. For automated placement tie bars shall be spaced at uniform 600 mm centers

* Snap-in leg or other approved designs may be used in lieu of welded leg.

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	APP'D
9	4-28-05	Rev. General note and rumble strips	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
8	3-8-02	Rev. General Note on sawed joints	S.W.K.	J.O.B.
7	8-14-01	Rev. Longitudinal joint sealant	S.W.K.	J.O.B.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

CONCRETE PAVEMENT
DOWEL JOINTED
NON-REINFORCED

RD651 SI	DESIGNED	6-13-05	APP'D	James O. Brewer
	QUANTITIES		TRACED	Bowser
	DETAIL CK.		QUAN. CK.	TRACE CK. Seltz

Drawn By: \$USER\$ Plotted: \$TIME\$ File: \$\$\$\$GNSPEC\$\$\$\$