

Area (Ac)	18.1
R _{VU}	0.05 table 4-13
R _{VD}	0.25 table 4-13
R _{VI}	0.95 table 4-13
I	0.3 percent of impervious area /100
U	0 percent of wooded area /100

Table 4-13 Volumetric Runoff Coefficients by Land Use and Hydrologic Soil Group

Land Use	Hydrologic Soil Group			
	A	B	C	D
Undisturbed Woods, Meadow or Ag. Land (R _U)	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05
Turf or Disturbed Soils (R _D)	0.15	0.20	0.22	0.25
Impervious Cover (R _V)	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95

Table 4-4 Average Imperviousness per Land Use (Source NRCS, TR-55)

Land Use	Average % Impervious
Urban Districts:	
Commercial and business	85%
Industrial	72%
Residential districts by average lot size:	
1/8 acre or less (town house)	65%
1/4 acre	36%
1/3 acre	30%
1/2 acre	25%
1 acre	20%
2 acres	12%

R_{VU} 0.05
 U 0
 R_{VD} 0.25
 D 0.7
 R_{VI} 0.95
 I 0.3

$R_v = R_{VU}U + R_{VD}D + R_{VI}I$
 volumetric runoff coefficient

$R_v = 0.4600$

$WQ_v = \frac{PR_vA}{12}$ water quality protection volume (acre-feet)

P 1.2 water quality rainfall depth (1.2 inches for Sedgwick County)
 R_v see above
 A see above

$WQ_v = 0.8326$ ac-ft (Use 1/2 this volume when a permanent wet pond is used for detention)

$Q_{WV} = PR_v$ water quality protection volume (inches)

P 1.2 water quality rainfall depth (1.2 inches for Sedgwick County)
 R_v see above

$Q_{WV} = 0.5520$ inches

$CN = \frac{1000}{10 + 5P + 10Q_{WV} - 10(Q_{WV}^2 + 1.25Q_{WV}P)^{0.5}}$

$CN = 91.94$ curve number

$S = (1000/CN) - 10$

$S = 0.88$ inch

$I_a = 0.2 S$

$I_a = 0.175$ inch

$\frac{I_a}{P} = 0.1462$

$q_u = 700$ from figure 4-6 using 15 min T_c

$Q_{WQ} = q_u * A * Q_{WV}$

$Q_{WQ} = 10.93$ cfs water quality peak flow

$Q = \frac{(P - I_a)^2}{(P - I_a) + S}$ rainfall excess for 1 year, 24 hour rainfall

P 2.8 inch 2.8 inches (the 1 year, 24 hour rainfall)
 CN see above
 S 2.2 inch
 I_a see above
 T_c 15 min
 A see above

$Q = 1.43$ inch

$q_u/q_p = 0.025$ from figure 4-17 using T=24 hr - (this is going to be very close to the same value for every situation)

$V_u/V_p = 0.682 - 1.43(q_u/q_p) + 1.64(q_u/q_p)^2 - 0.804(q_u/q_p)^3$

$V_u/V_p = 0.647$

$V_s = \frac{(V_u/V_p)QA}{12}$ required storage volume acre-feet

CP_v for Q = (see above) inches

$V_s = 1.39$ acre-feet

STORAGE VOLUME AVAILABLE IN 2 PONDS = 4.4 Ac-Ft

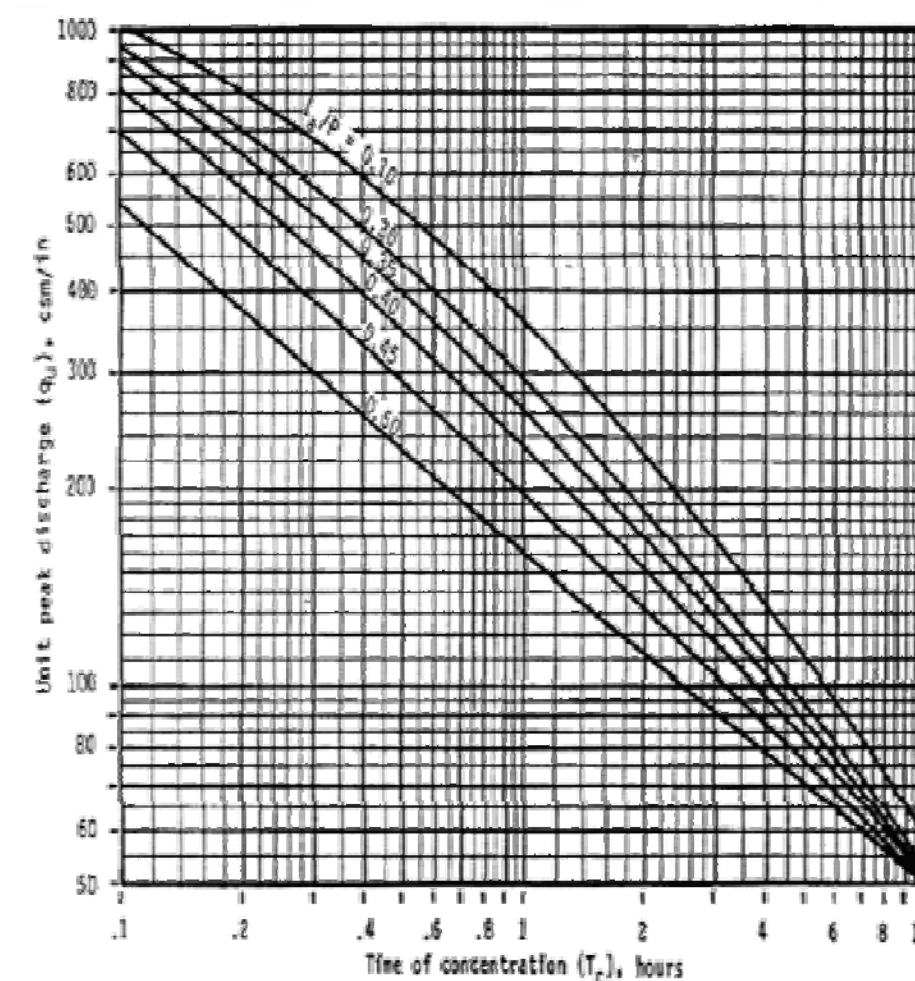
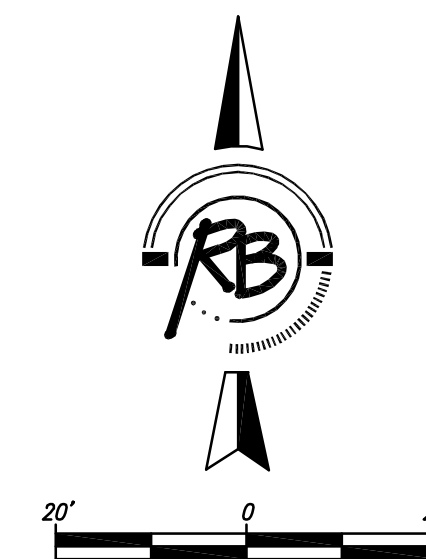


Figure 4-6 SCS Type II Unit Peak Discharge Graph

CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME
 USING HEC-HMS:
 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH CENTROID = 14.4 HOURS
 PROPOSED OUTFLOW HYDROGRAPH CENTROID = 40.6 HOURS
 CENTROID DIFFERENCE = 26.2 HOURS



Sierra Hills 2nd Addition West Basin Water Quality WICHITA, KANSAS			
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