

Lateral 7, Main 5, Northwest Interceptor Sewer  
**SANITARY SEWER IMPROVEMENTS**  
 to serve

**LIBERTY PARK 2ND ADDITION &  
 LIBERTY PARK 3RD ADDITION**  
**PHASE I**

CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS

James L. Armour, P.E. City Engineer

Project Number

468-83730

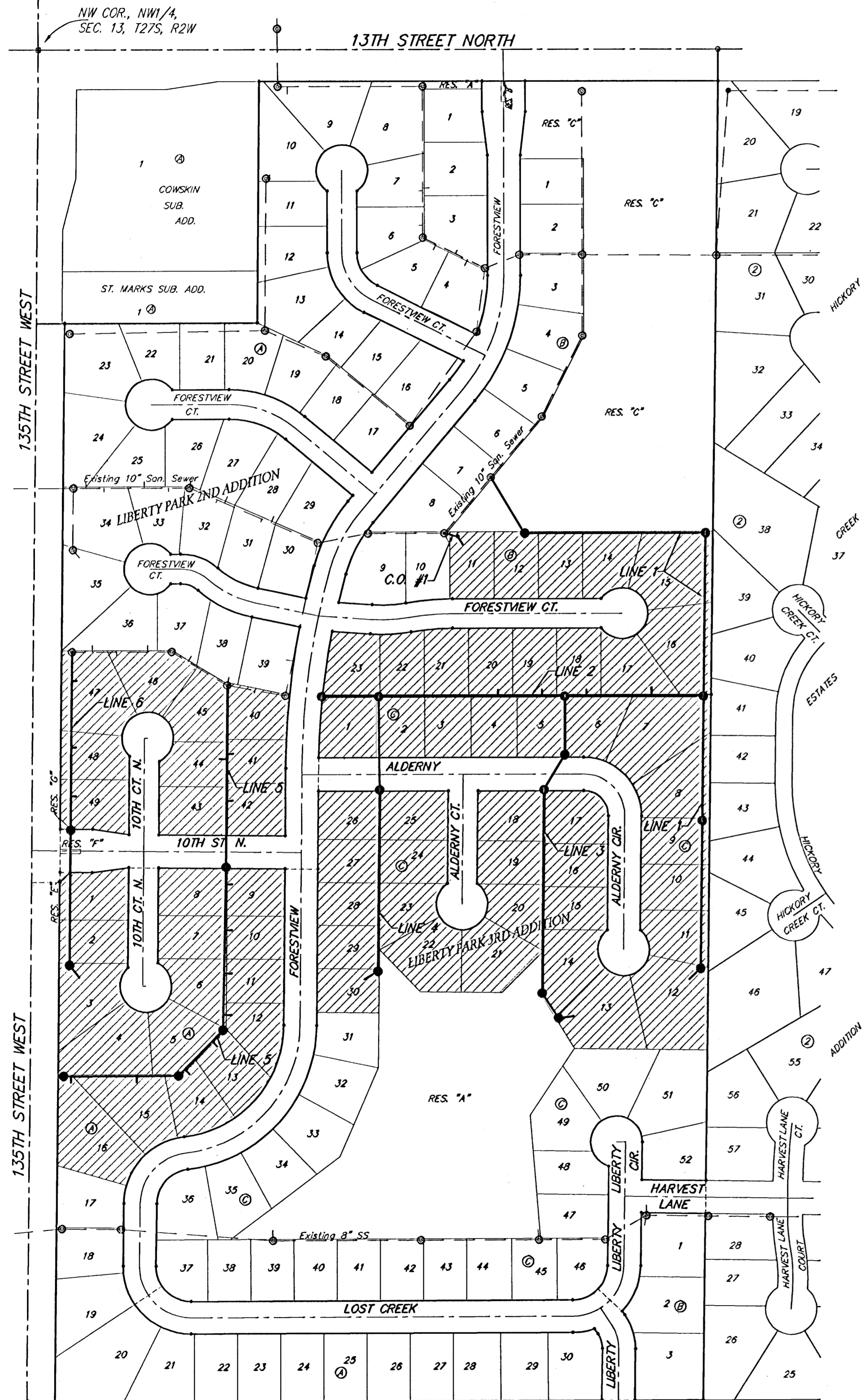
O.C.A. Number

744175

Mies Construction, Inc. - Contractor  
 Shearer, City - Inspector  
 Released 7/11/06  
 As-Built  
 Risers & Stubs  
 .pdf by JDL 10/13/06

**GENERAL NOTES:**

- Contractor will be required to provide notice to utility companies a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours prior to any excavation, as follows:  
 Kansas One-Call 687-2470  
 The Contractor must notify the following in case of an emergency:  
 Cox Communications 262-4270  
 Kansas Gas Service 1-888-482-4950  
 Westar Energy 383-8650  
 Aquila Energy 1-800-303-0357  
 SBC 268-2245  
 City of Wichita Water Dept. 268-4563  
 City of Wichita Sewer Maint. 268-4024  
 City of Wichita Storm Sewer Maint. 268-4090  
 City of Wichita Traffic Maint. 268-4034  
 Conoco Pipeline Co. 1-800-231-2551  
 Southern Star Pipeline Co. 529-6600  
 Phillips Pipeline Co. 1-800-766-8230  
 Jayhawk Pipeline Co. 1-888-542-9575
- Utility service lines, poles, valve boxes, meters, and etcetera are to be adjusted as necessary by others prior to construction unless the plans specifically call for their adjustment by the Contractor or unless the plans specifically identify a utility to be adjusted by its owner during construction. Existing utilities and their location, as shown on the plans, represent the best information obtainable for design. The Contractor will be required to work around existing utilities within the right-of-way which do not conflict with proposed construction.
- Rubble from the removal of miscellaneous structures and excess excavation which is to be wasted shall be disposed of on sites to be provided by the Contractor. These sites shall be approved by the Engineer as to suitability, appearance and site location. Locations, in the opinion of the Engineer, that will leave an unsightly appearance will not be approved. All disposal sites must be approved by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. Material either stockpiled or disposed of in a flood plain would require a Kansas State Board of Agriculture permit. Any material dumped in waters of the United States or wetlands is subject to U.S. Corps. of Engineers permitting regulations. Any material buried or stockpiled beyond approved construction limits would require additional archaeological investigations unless buried in a previously approved borrow location.
- Trees and shrubs in public right-of-way which are in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be removed by the Contractor with the Engineer's approval. Trees and shrubs which are not in direct conflict with proposed new construction shall be saved and protected from damage.
- The Contractor shall give all property owners and/or tenants of developed property abutting the construction of this project a minimum of ten (10) days advance notice prior to start of construction.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for preserving property irons. The Contractor will be required to re-establish any property irons which are damaged or destroyed by his construction operations. Such irons shall be re-established by a licensed land surveyor in accordance with state laws.
- All existing and proposed erosion control measures including silt fencing, erosion control mat, straw bales, inlet barriers, and const. entrance shall be maintained throughout construction by the contractor and until project is accepted by the City of Wichita. The on-site engineer shall complete weekly reports on the status of erosion control measures. The contractor shall be required to comply with maintenance and/or replacement of erosion control measures as determined by the on-site engineer until project is accepted by City of Wichita. Maintenance and/or replacement of erosion control measures to be paid by L.S. bid item "Site Clearing & Restoration"
- All excess excavation shall remain on-site and shall be stockpiled or spread at a location determined by the engineer.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining continuous flow of sewage through construction. Contractor's proposed method for maintaining sewage flow shall be approved by the Engineer. Cost of maintaining flow of sewage through construction will not be paid for directly and this cost shall be considered as subsidiary to the other pay items of work.
- When connecting to existing manhole or stub, the contractor shall reshape manhole bottom or adjust the existing stub's alignment or elevation as necessary. Cost shall be subsidiary to project.
- All areas disturbed during construction shall be seeded at 300 lbs./acre with Rye Grass immediately following construction in that area. Contractor shall prepare ground per City Specifications.
- The developer for this project is Paul E. Kelsey, and may be reached at (316) 722-1077



Scale: 1" = 150'

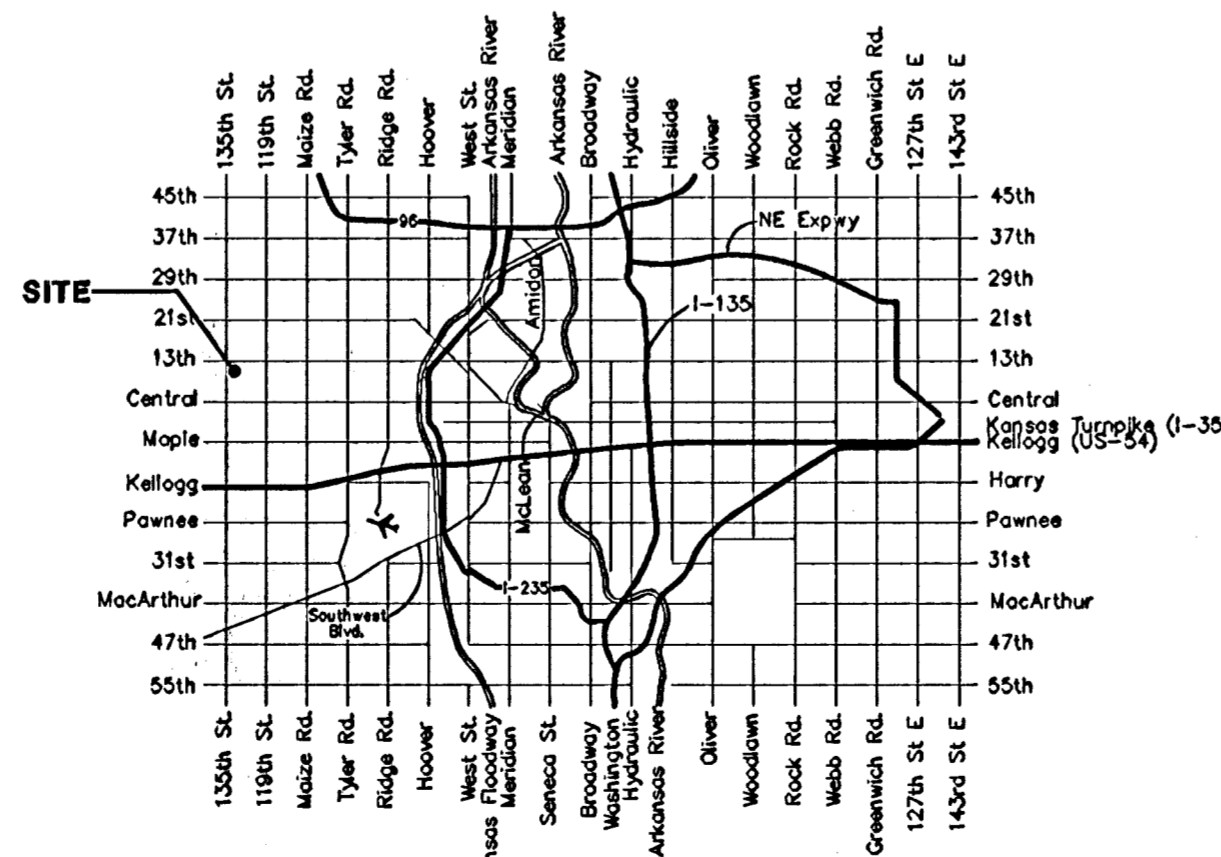
**Benchmarks**

BM #1: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 56' E and 55' N of CL 135th St. W. & 13th St. N.  
 Elev. = 167.83 (City Datum)

BM #2: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
 39' east of CL 135th St. 18'  
 south of hedge east.  
 Elev. = 159.71 (City Datum)

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Benefit District

Vicinity Map



Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ella St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-262-7271 F 316-262-0144  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE



**BENCHMARKS:**  
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 56' E and 55' N of CL 135th  
 St. W. & 13th St. N.  
 Elev. = 167.83 (City Datum)

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 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
 39' east of CL 135th St. 18'  
 south of hedge east.  
 Elev. = 159.71 (City Datum)

Sta. 0+00, Begin Line 1  
 Connect to Existing 8" Stub  
 and Extend 8" Pipe S.E.  
 Contractor to Verify Depth  
 and Location of Existing  
 Stub Prior to Construction.

**CAUTION!**  
 Underground  
 Utilities  
 In Area

Sta. 0+00, Cleanout #1  
 Core Existing Manhole and  
 Install Std. 8" Cleanout  
 (Single Wye) Assy. w/  
 16.2 L.F. 8" Pipe.  
 Contractor to Verify Depth  
 and Location of Existing  
 Stub Prior to Construction.

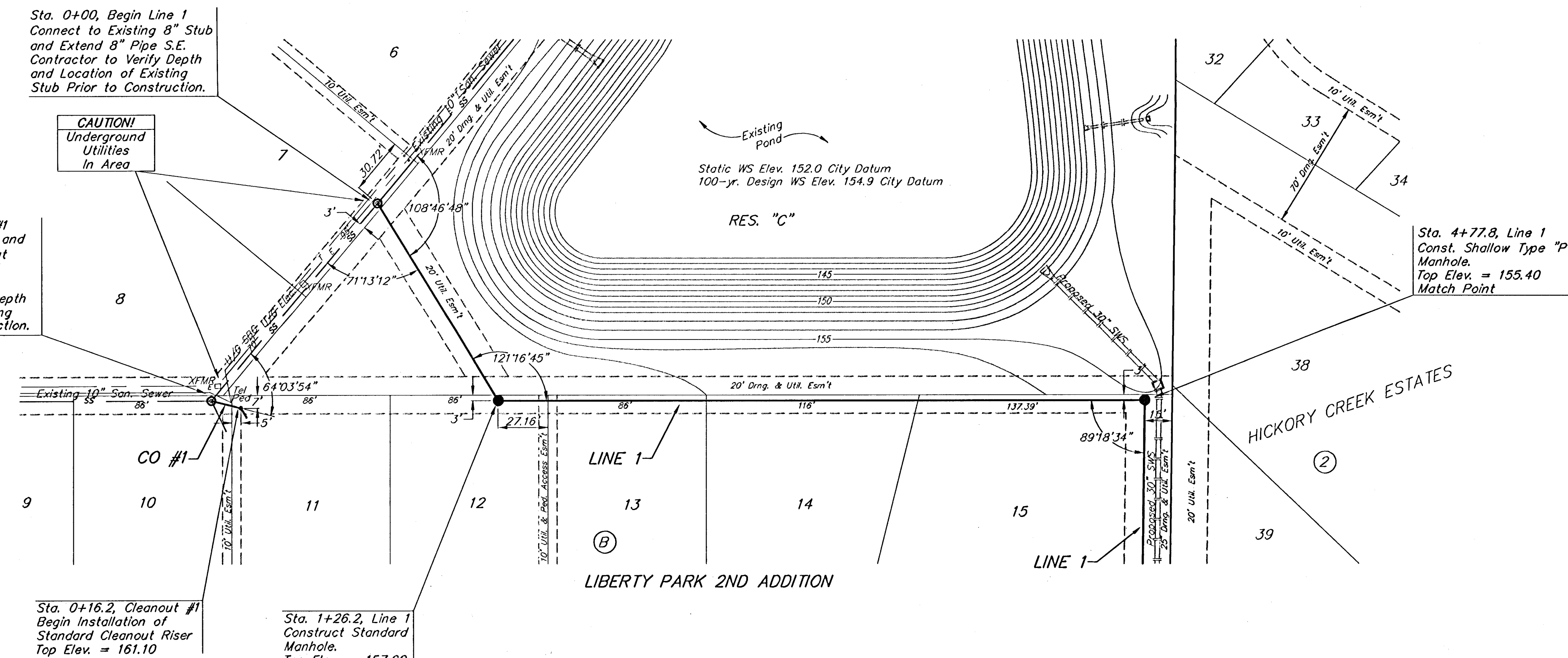
**NOTE:**  
 8" cleanout assy. shall be bid per each.  
 8" pipe from manhole to cleanout riser  
 shall be bid as L.F. 8" pipe.

**NOTE:**  
 4" service line shall extend 5' from the  
 8"x4" wye fitting. This shall be  
 incidental to the 8" cleanout.

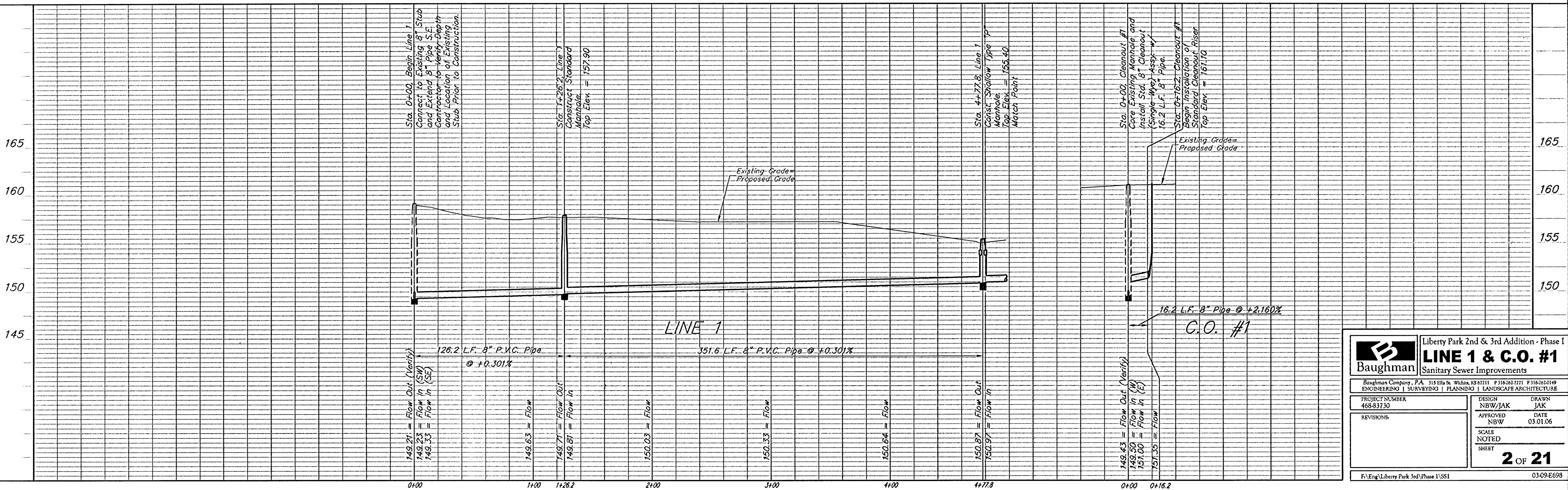
Sta. 0+16.2, Cleanout #1  
 Begin Installation of  
 Standard Cleanout Riser  
 Top Elev. = 161.10

Sta. 1+26.2, Line 1  
 Construct Standard  
 Manhole  
 Top Elev. = 157.90

Sta. 4+77.8, Line 1  
 Const. Shallow Type "p"  
 Manhole.  
 Top Elev. = 155.40  
 Match Point



**SCALE:**  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON



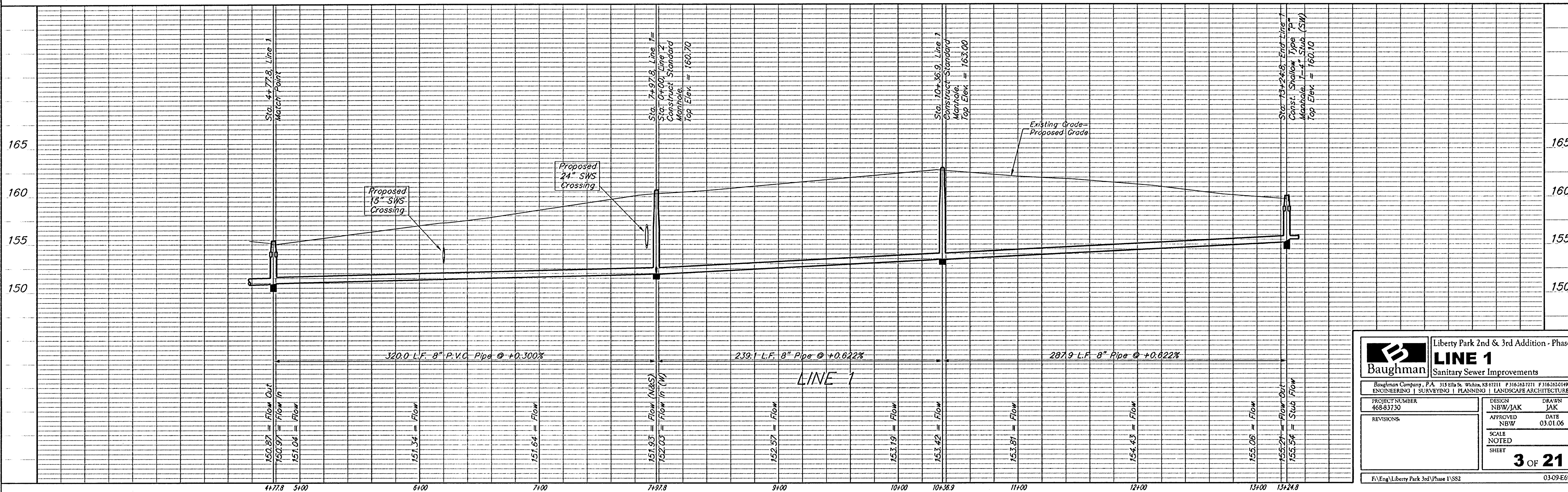
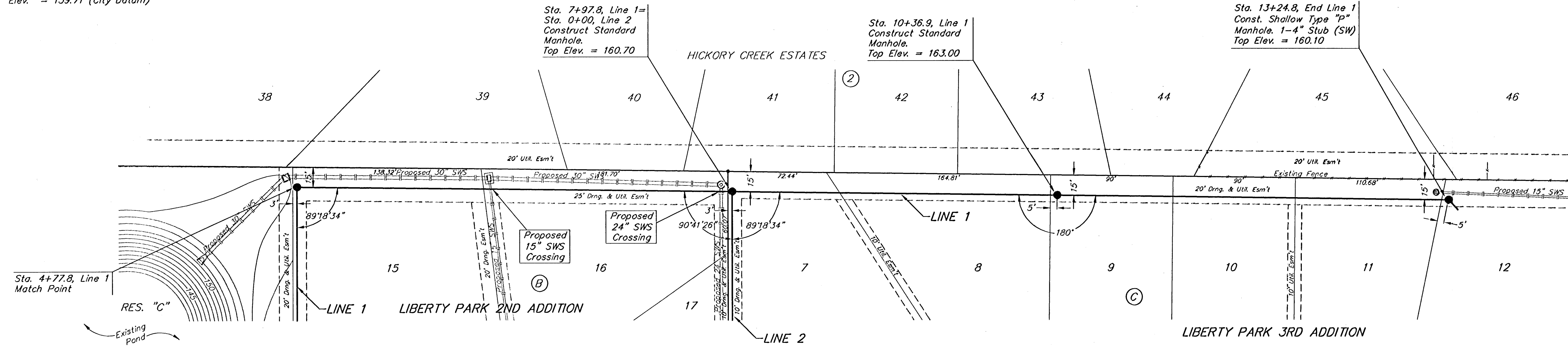
		Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase 1 <b>LINE 1 &amp; C.O. #1</b> Sanitary Sewer Improvements	
<small>Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316.262.7271 F 316.262.0149          ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE</small>			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-93730	DESIGN NBW/JAK	DRAWN JAK	DATE 03.01.06
REVISIONS:	APPROVED NBW	SCALE NOTED	SHEET <b>2 OF 21</b>
<small>F:\Eng\Liberty Park 3rd\Phase 1\SS1</small>		<small>03.09.E098</small>	

**BENCHMARKS:**  
 BM #1: C.O.W. benchmark disk  
 56' E and 55' N of CL 135th  
 St. W. & 13th St. N.  
 Elev. = 167.83 (City Datum)

BM #2: C.O.W. benchmark disk  
 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
 39' east of CL 135th St. 18'  
 south of hedge east.  
 Elev. = 159.71 (City Datum)



SCALE:  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON



<b>Baughman</b>		Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I	
<b>LINE 1</b>		Sanitary Sewer Improvements	
Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ella St. Wichita, KS 67111 P.316.263.7271 F.316.262.0149 ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN NBW/JAK	DRAWN JAK	
REVISIONS:	APPROVED NBW	DATE 03.01.06	
		SCALE NOTED	
		SHEET	
		<b>3 OF 21</b>	
F:\Eng\Liberty Park 3rd\Phase I\SS2		03-09-E698	

**BENCHMARKS:**  
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 St. W. & 13th St. N.  
 Elev. = 167.83 (City Datum)

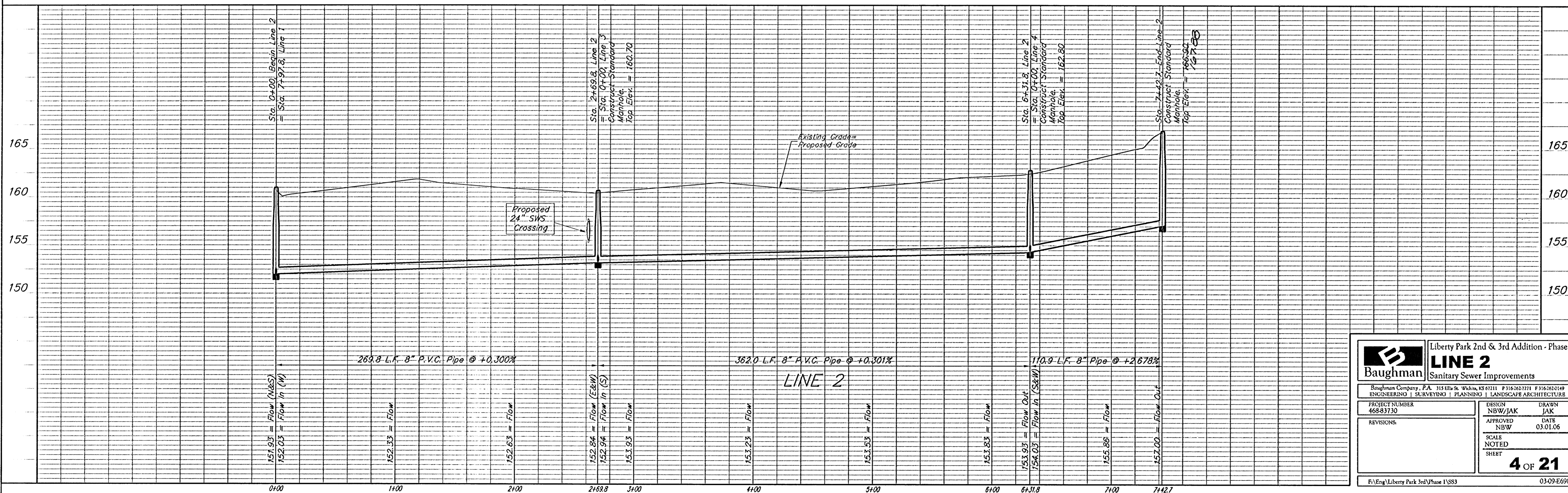
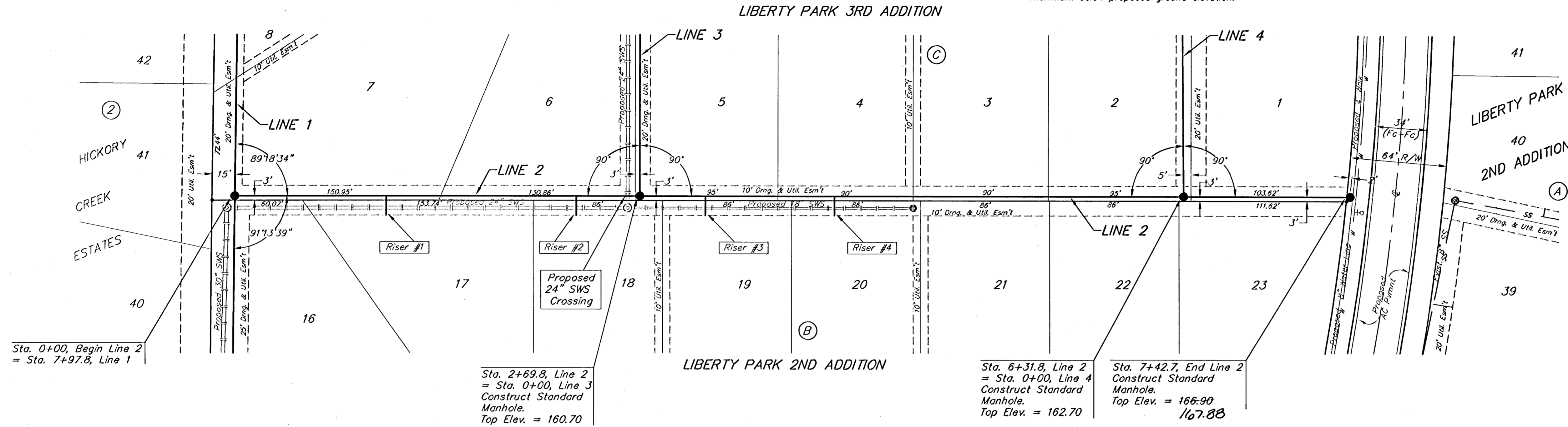
BM #2: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
 39' east of CL 135th St. 18'  
 south of hedge east.  
 Elev. = 159.71 (City Datum)

**SEWER SERVICE TABLE**

NUMBER	TYPE	LOCATION			FOR INFORMATION ONLY		
		LOT NO.	BLOCK NO.	LINE NO.	STATION/DIRECTION	APPROXIMATE LENGTH 4" PIPE	
1	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	17	B	2	1+01/Rt.	4'	13'
2	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	18	B	2	2+28/Rt.	2.5'	13'
3	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	19	B	2	3+14/Rt.	2.5'	13'
4	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	20	B	2	4+00/Rt.	2.5'	13'

NOTE: Vertical Riser Pipe shall be extended to 2' minimum above ground water elevation and 4' maximum below proposed ground elevation.

SCALE:  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON



**Baughman** Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I  
**LINE 2**  
 Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wilkes, KS 67151 P 316-562-7271 F 316-562-6149  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

PROJECT NUMBER: 468-83730  
 DESIGN: NBW/JAK  
 DRAWN: JAK  
 APPROVED: NBW  
 DATE: 03.01.06  
 SCALE: NOTED  
 SHEET: 4 OF 21

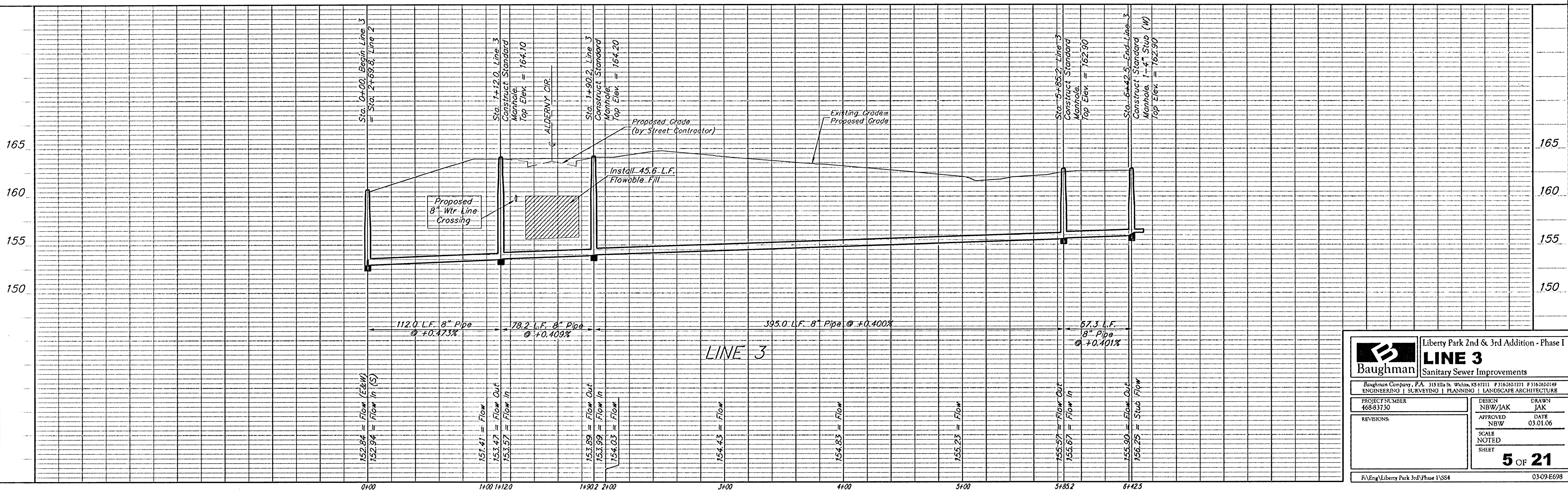
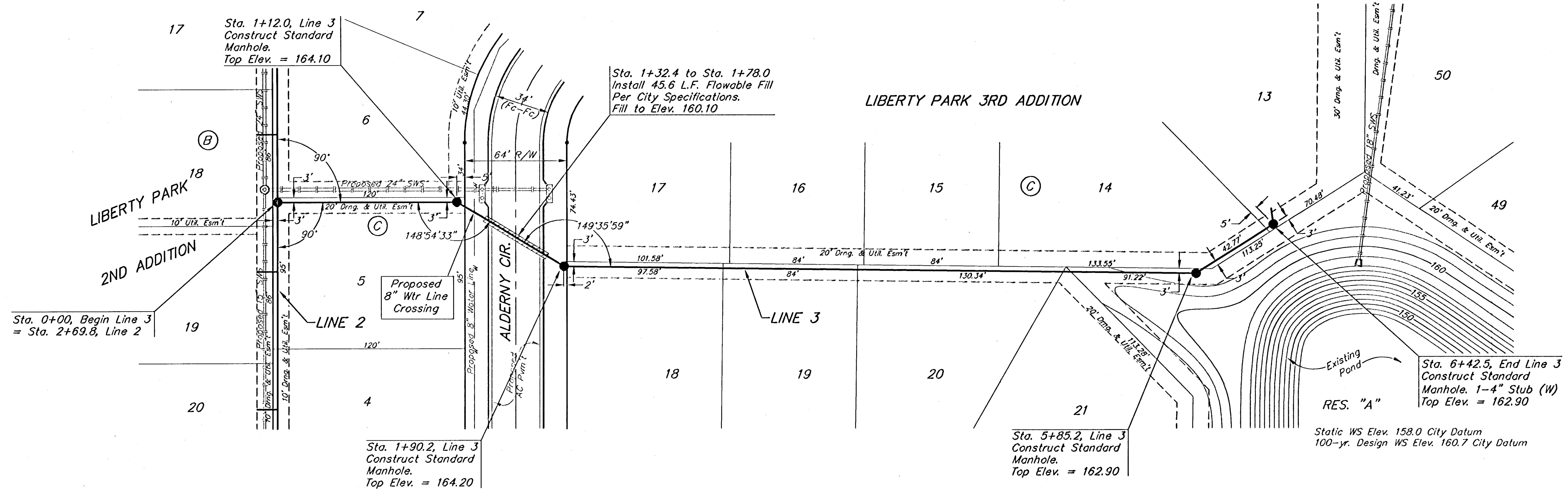
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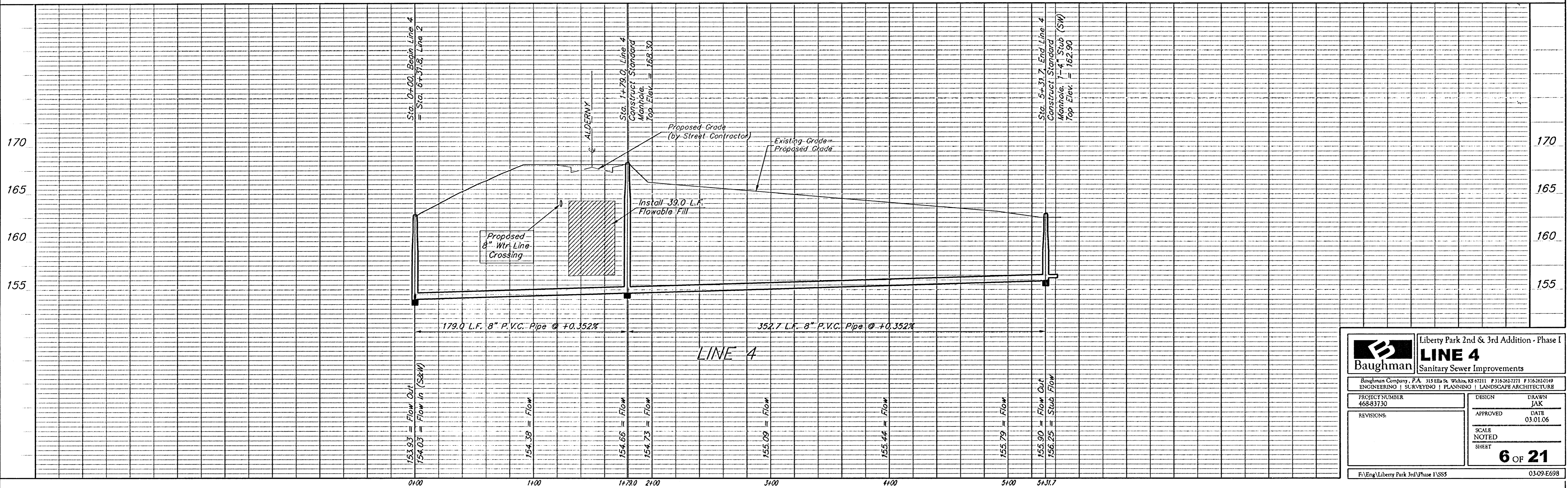
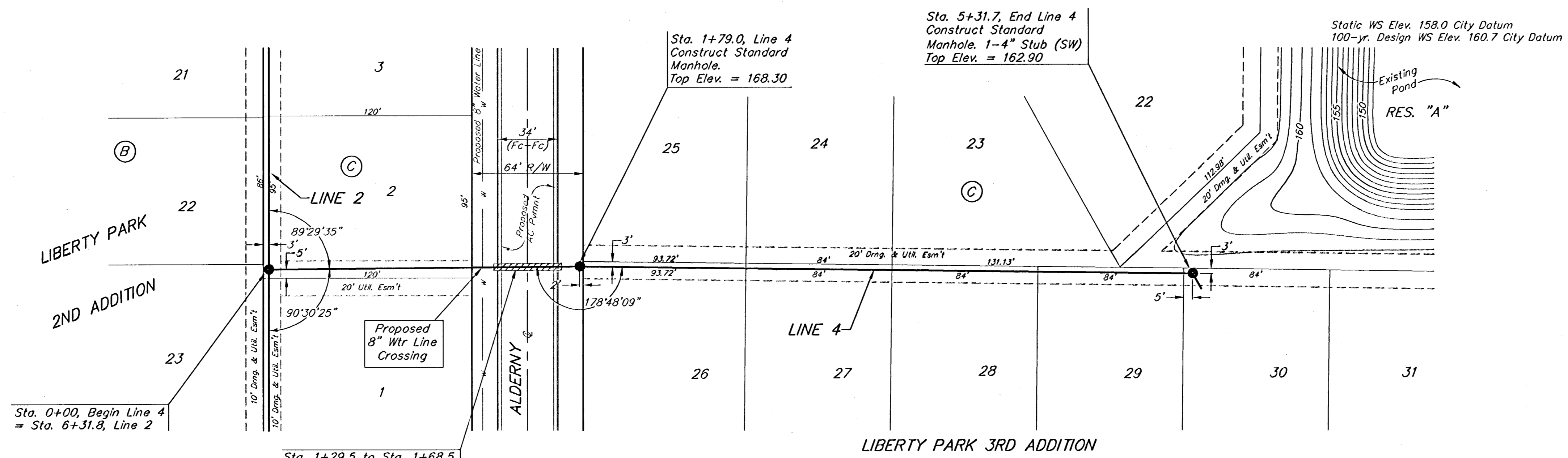
SCALE:  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
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 • = IRON



<b>Baughman</b>		Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I	
<b>LINE 3</b>		Sanitary Sewer Improvements	
Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P316262771 P3162620149 ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN NBW/JAK	DRAWN JAK	DATE 03.01.06
REVISIONS:	APPROVED NBW	SCALE NOTED	SHEET
			<b>5 OF 21</b>
F:\Eng\Liberty Park 3rd\Phase I\SS4			03-09-E098

**BENCHMARKS:**  
 BM #1: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
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 Elev. = 167.83 (City Datum)  
 BM #2: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
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 south of hedge east.  
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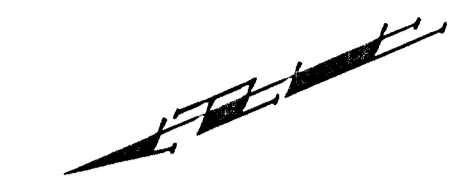
**SCALE:**  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON



		Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I	
		<b>LINE 4</b> Sanitary Sewer Improvements	
<small>Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-262-7271 F 316-263-0149        ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE</small>			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN JAK	DRAWN JAK	DATE 03.01.06
REVISIONS:	APPROVED	SCALE NOTED	SHEET
			<b>6 OF 21</b>
<small>F:\Eng\Liberty Park 3rd\Phase I\SSS</small>			<small>03-09-E698</small>

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 south of hedge east.  
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SCALE:  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON

Sta. 0+00, Begin Line 5  
 Connect to Existing 8" Stub  
 and Extend 8" Pipe South  
 Contractor to Verify Depth  
 and Location of Existing  
 Stub Prior to Construction.

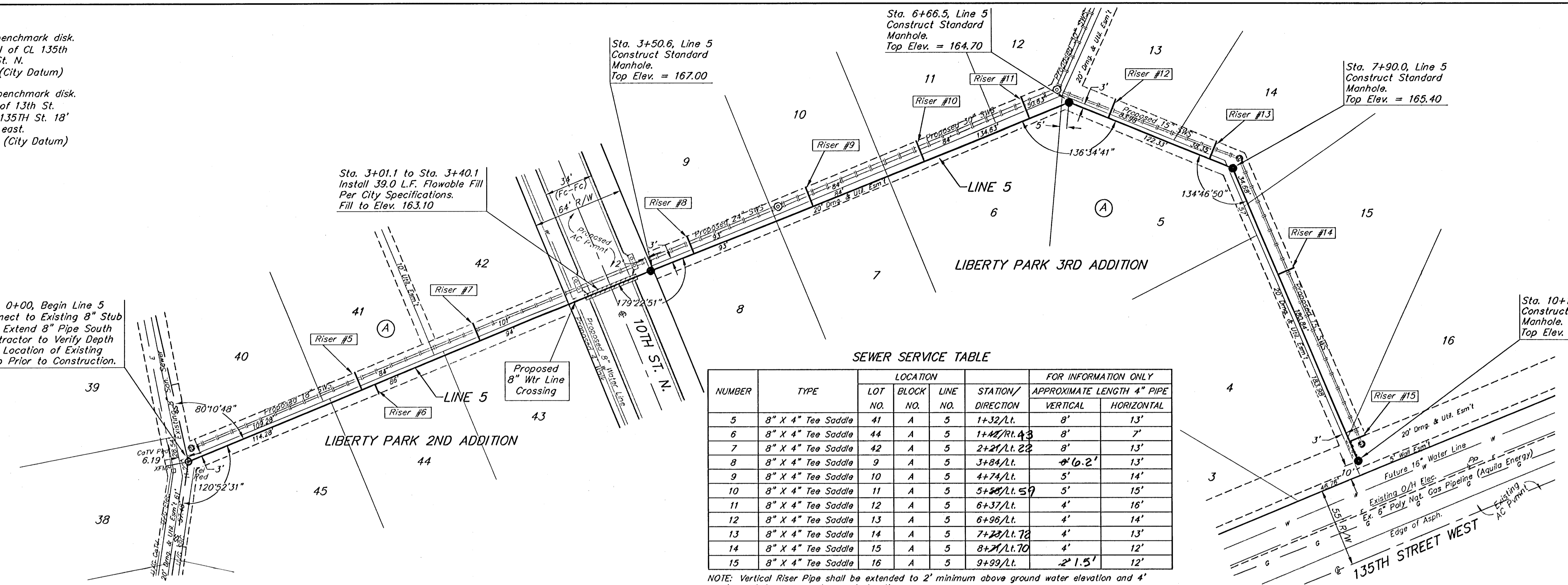
Sta. 3+01.1 to Sta. 3+40.1  
 Install 39.0 L.F. Flowable Fill  
 Per City Specifications.  
 Fill to Elev. 163.10

Sta. 3+50.6, Line 5  
 Construct Standard  
 Manhole.  
 Top Elev. = 167.00

Sta. 6+66.5, Line 5  
 Construct Standard  
 Manhole.  
 Top Elev. = 164.70

Sta. 7+90.0, Line 5  
 Construct Standard  
 Manhole.  
 Top Elev. = 165.40

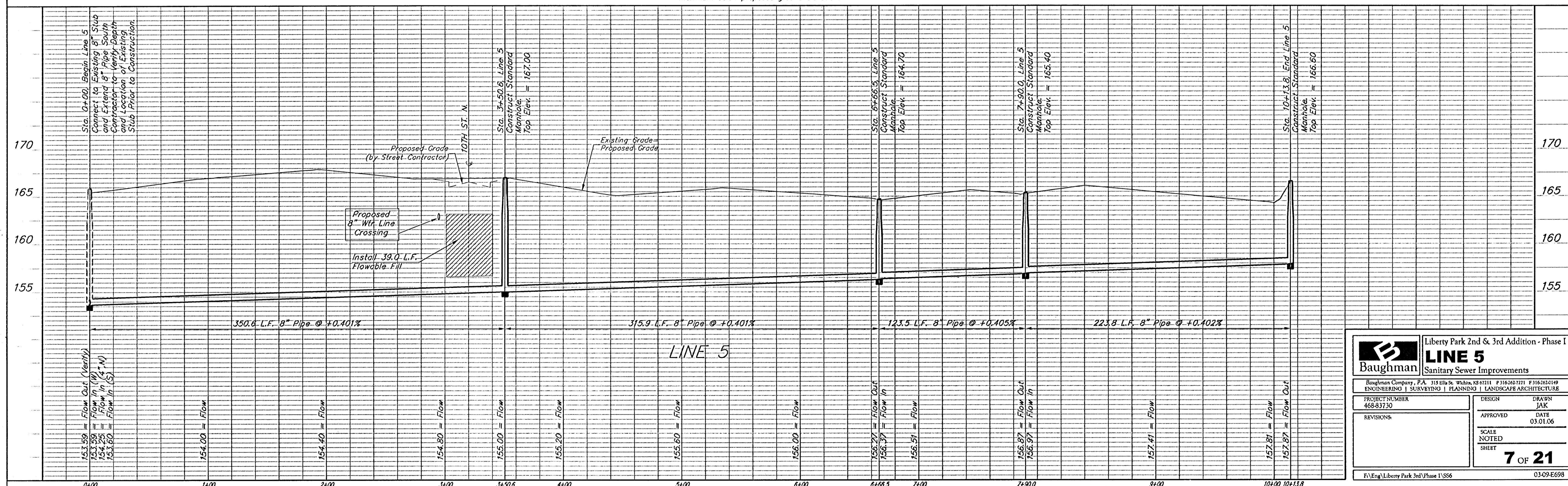
Sta. 10+13.8, End Line 5  
 Construct Standard  
 Manhole.  
 Top Elev. = 166.60



SEWER SERVICE TABLE

NUMBER	TYPE	LOCATION			FOR INFORMATION ONLY	
		LOT NO.	BLOCK NO.	LINE NO.	STATION/DIRECTION	APPROXIMATE LENGTH 4" PIPE VERTICAL HORIZONTAL
5	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	41	A	5	1+32/Lt.	8' 13'
6	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	44	A	5	1+42/Rt. 43	8' 7'
7	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	42	A	5	2+21/Lt. 22	8' 13'
8	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	9	A	5	3+84/Lt.	8' 13'
9	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	10	A	5	4+74/Lt.	5' 14'
10	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	11	A	5	5+58/Lt. 59	5' 15'
11	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	12	A	5	6+37/Lt.	4' 16'
12	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	13	A	5	6+96/Lt.	4' 14'
13	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	14	A	5	7+78/Lt. 78	4' 13'
14	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	15	A	5	8+71/Lt. 70	4' 12'
15	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	16	A	5	9+99/Lt.	2' 1.5' 12'

NOTE: Vertical Riser Pipe shall be extended to 2' minimum above ground water elevation and 4' maximum below proposed ground elevation.



**Baughman** Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I  
**LINE 5**  
 Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316.262.7211 F 316.262.0149  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

PROJECT NUMBER: 468-83730 DESIGN: JAK DRAWN: JAK  
 APPROVED: DATE: 03.01.06

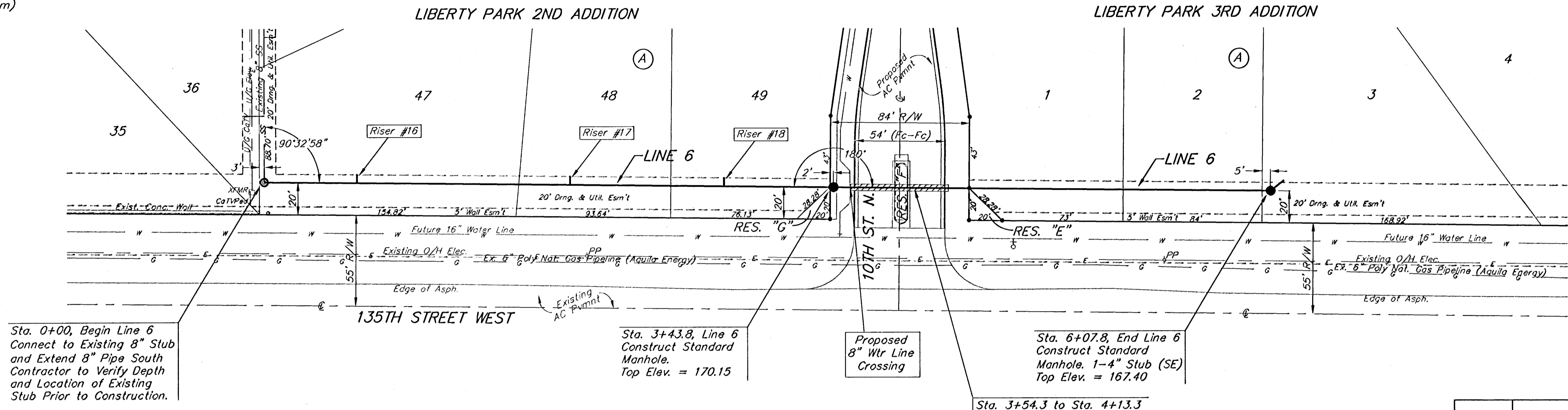
REVISIONS:

SCALE: NOTED SHEET: **7 OF 21**

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**BENCHMARKS:**  
 BM #1: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 56' E and 55' N of CL 135th  
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 BM #2: C.O.W. benchmark disk.  
 1/2 mile south of 13th St.  
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 Elev. = 159.71 (City Datum)

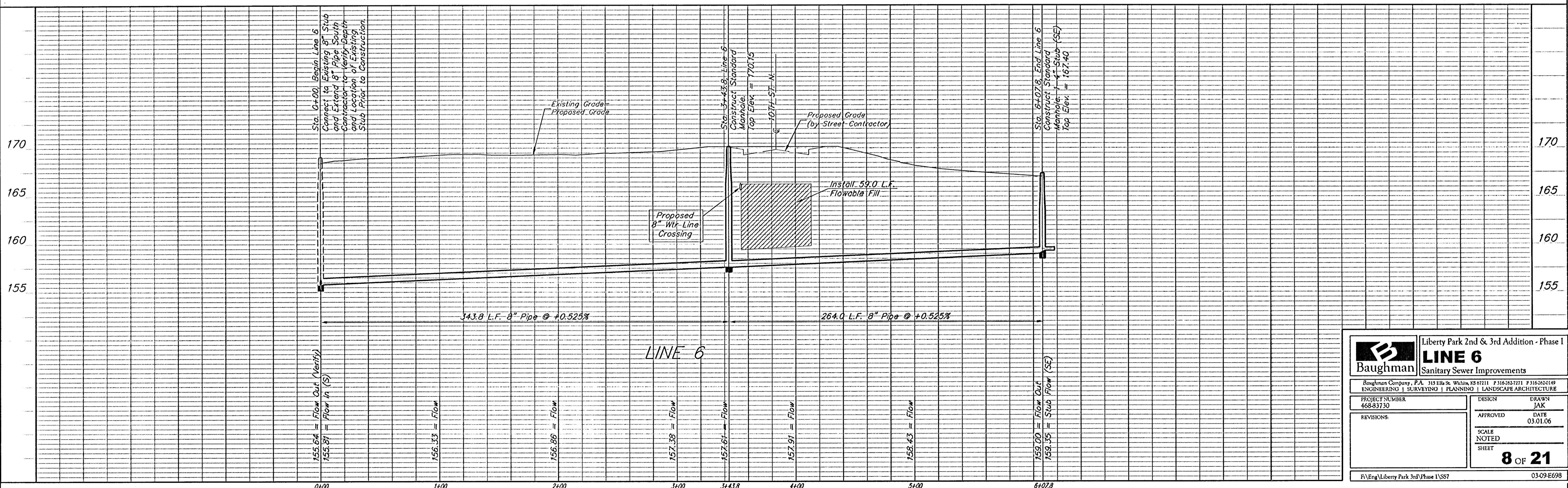
SCALE:  
 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL  
 1" = 5' VERTICAL  
 • = IRON



SEWER SERVICE TABLE

NUMBER	TYPE	LOCATION				FOR INFORMATION ONLY	
		LOT NO.	BLOCK NO.	LINE NO.	STATION/DIRECTION	APPROXIMATE LENGTH 4" PIPE	
16	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	47	A	6	0+56/Lt.	8'	5'
17	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	48	A	6	1+85/Lt.	7.5'	5'
18	8" X 4" Tee Saddle	49	A	6	2+78/Lt.	7'	5'

NOTE: Vertical Riser Pipe shall be extended to 2' minimum above ground water elevation and 4' maximum below proposed ground elevation.



**Baughman** Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase 1  
**LINE 6**  
 Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P316-262-7771 F316-262-0149  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

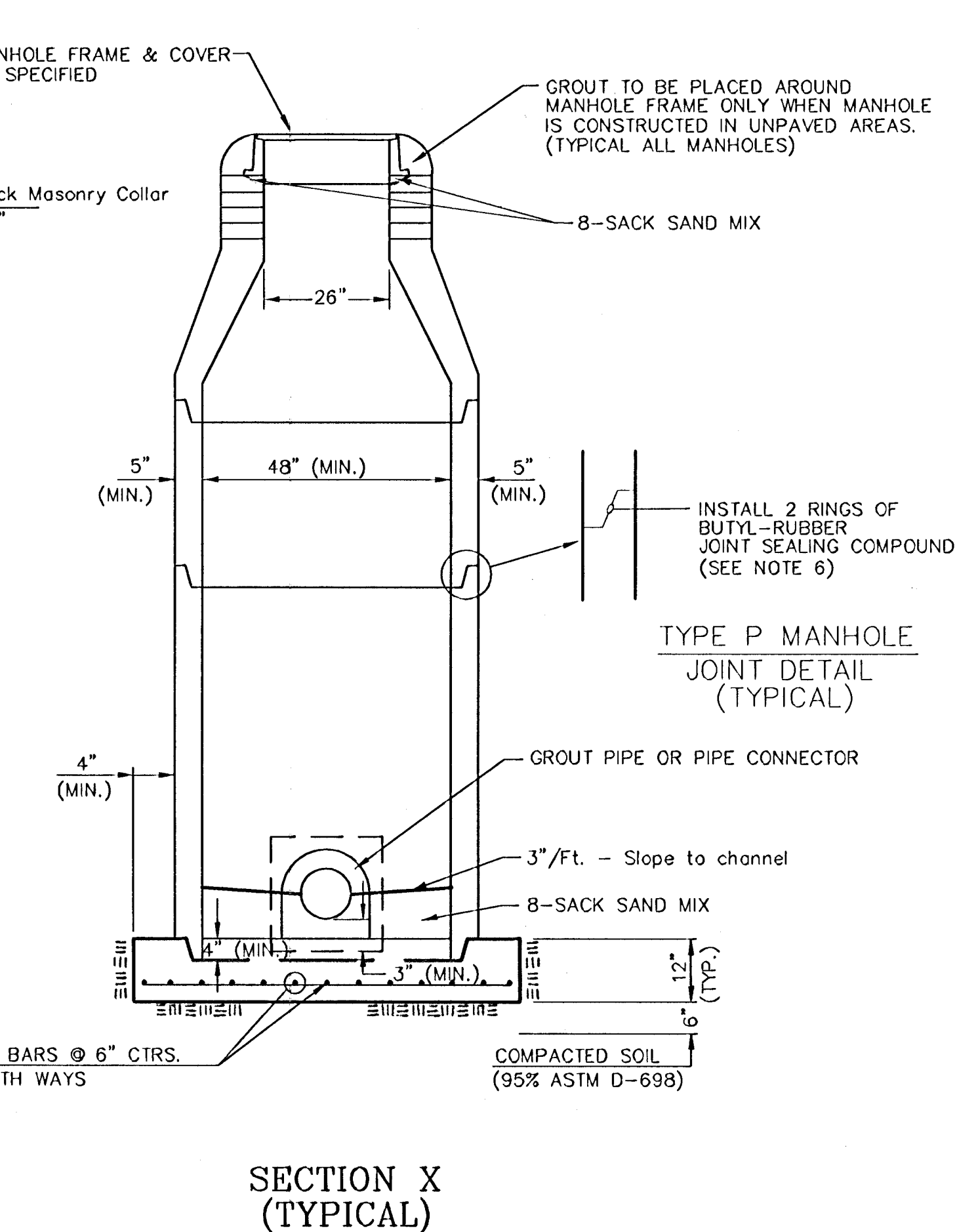
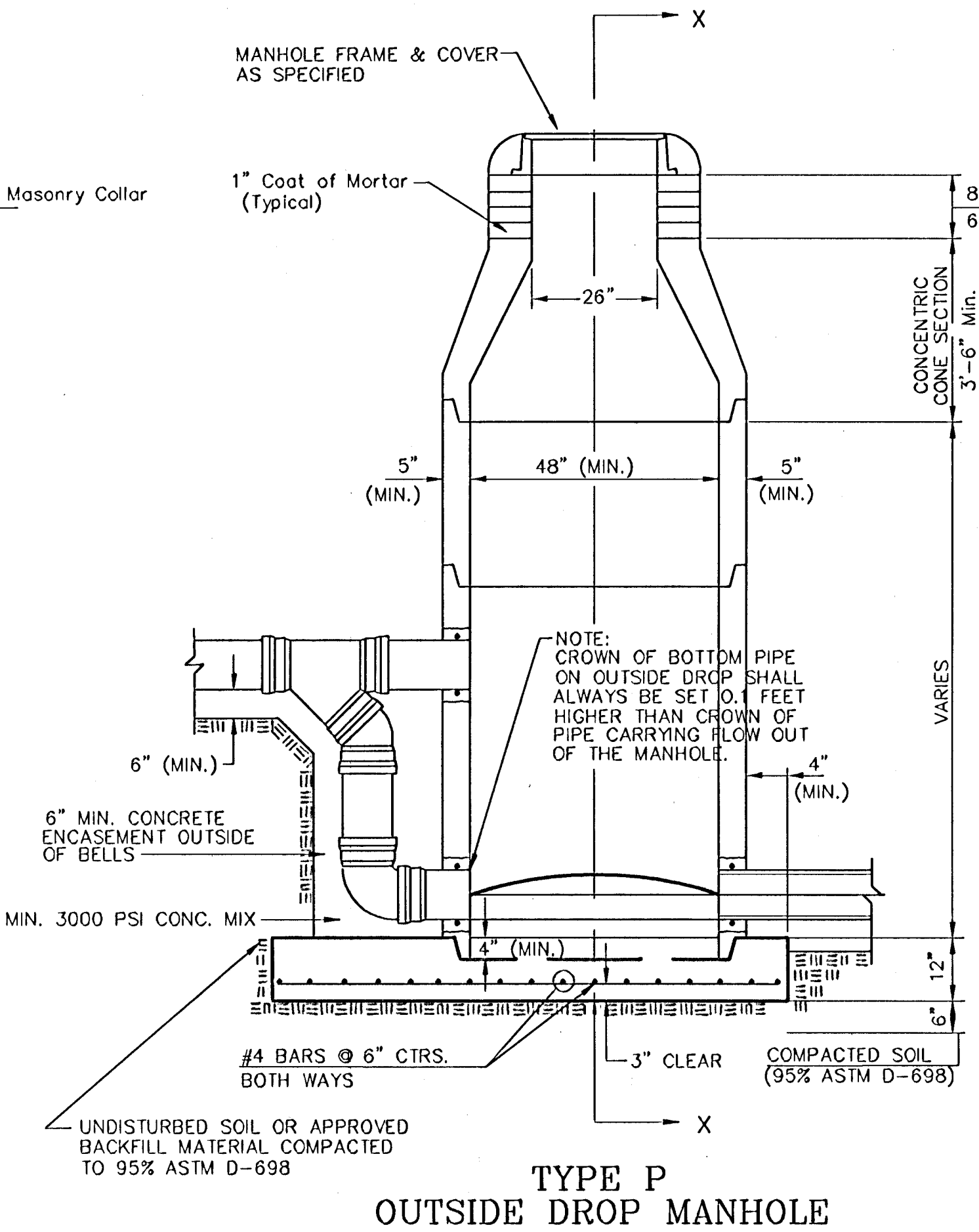
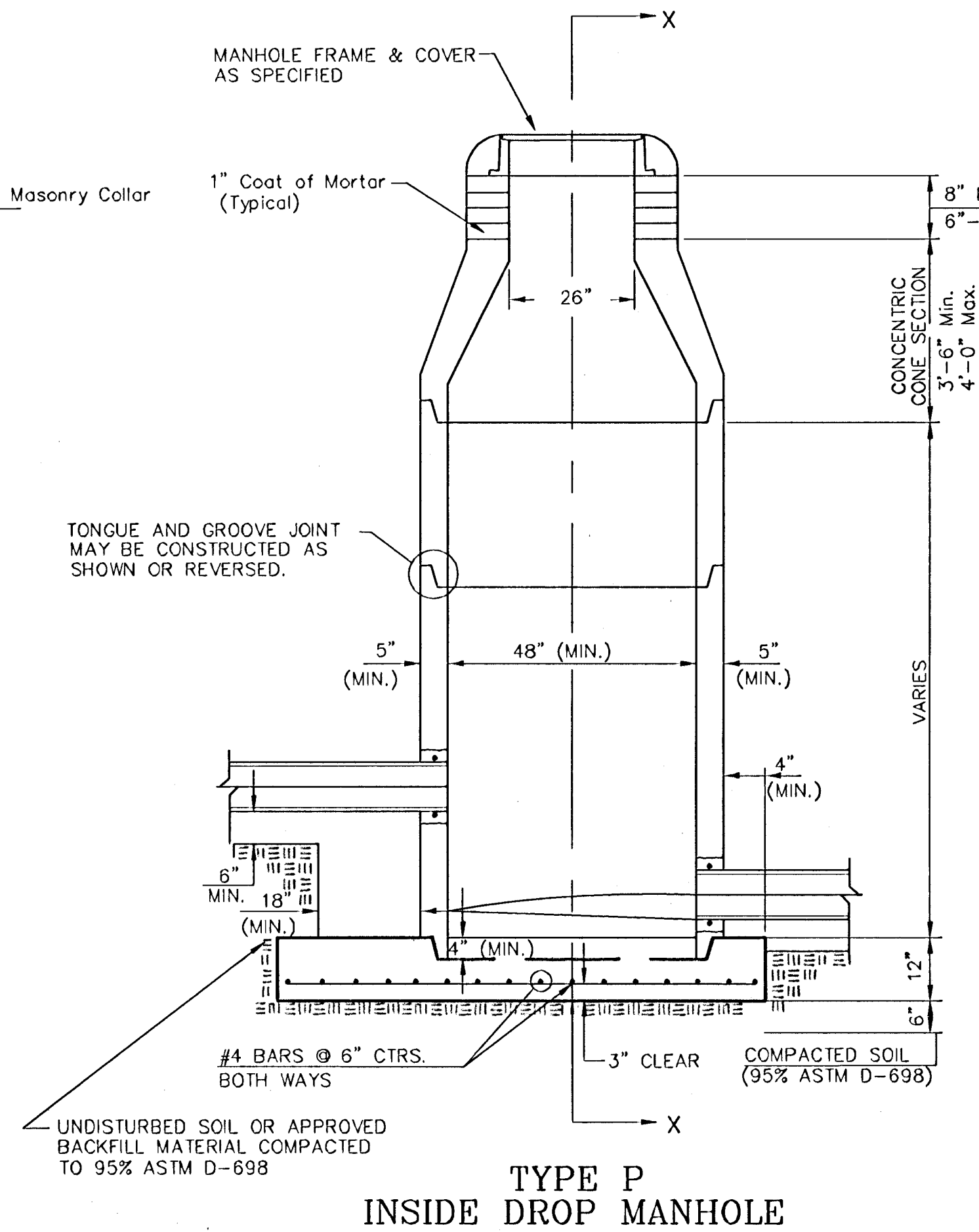
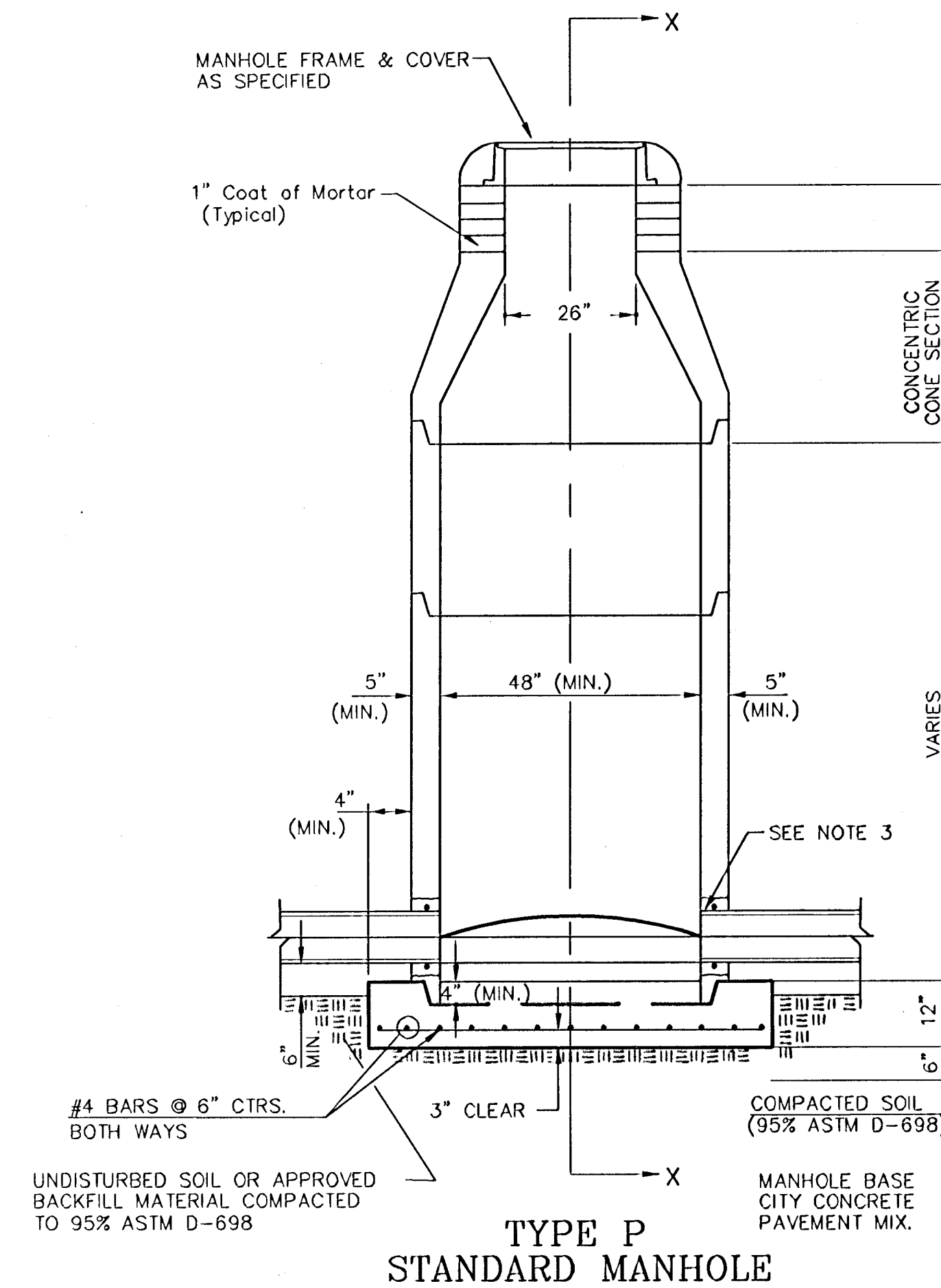
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 DESIGNER: JAK  
 DATE: 03.01.06

REVISIONS:

SCALE: NOTED  
 SHEET: 8 OF 21

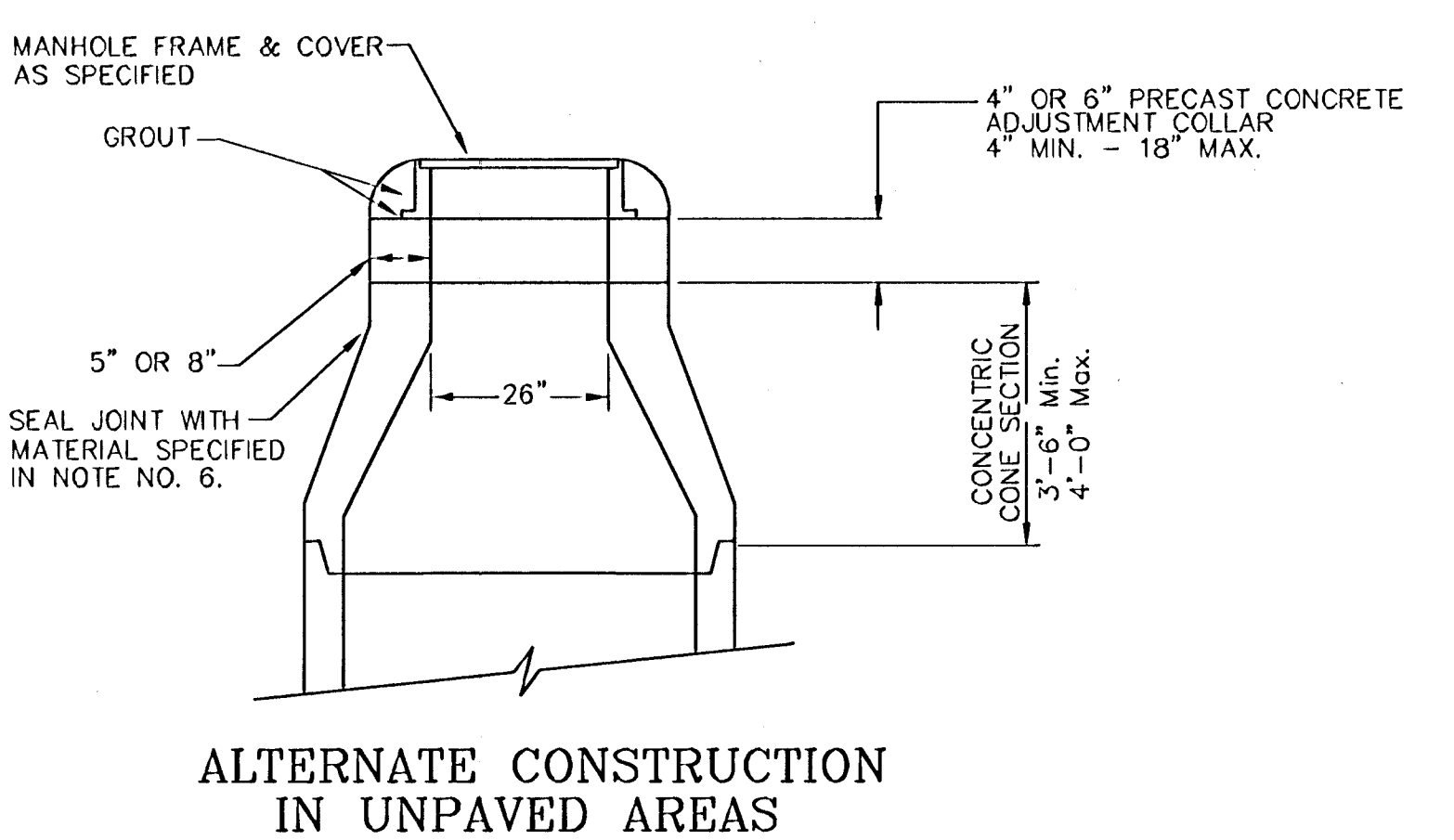
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# SEWER APPURTENANCES DETAILS



**GENERAL NOTES**  
**PRECAST MANHOLE NOTES**

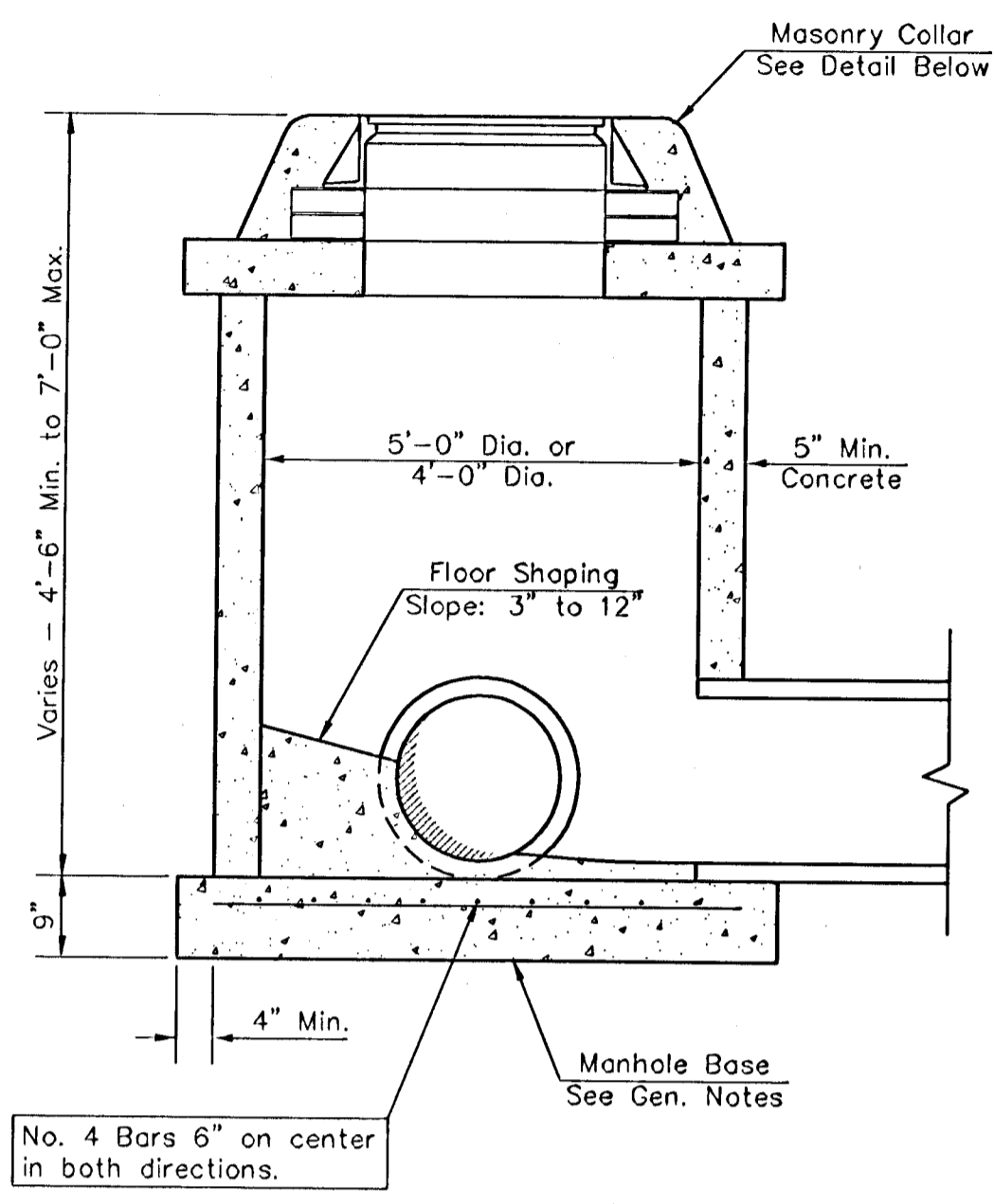
- ALL PRECAST CONCRETE MANHOLE SECTIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST REVISIONS OF A.S.T.M. C478 AS MODIFIED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- NON-SHRINK GROUT SHALL BE NON-METALLIC TYPE.
- APPROVED FLEXIBLE WATERSTOP GASKETS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO JOIN THE SEWER TO THE MANHOLE WALL WHEN A.B.S. COMPOSITE PIPE OR P.V.C. PIPE IS USED. FOR OTHER TYPES OF PIPE THE SEWER SHALL BE GROUTED IN PLACE WITH NON-SHRINK GROUT. THE SEWER PIPE SHALL BE SUPPORTED WITH CONCRETE ENCASEMENT A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET FROM THE MANHOLE WALL AND TO THE FIRST JOINT FOR V.C.P. SUCH THAT THE JOINT REMAINS FLEXIBLE.
- ALL INSIDE SURFACES OF THE CONCRETE MANHOLE WHICH WOULD BE EXPOSED TO SEWER GAS SHALL BE COATED WITH 2 COATS TNEDEC SERIES 66 HI-BUILD EPOXOLINE, DRY THICKNESS OF 8 MILS (MIN.)
- EXTERIOR MANHOLE WALLS SHALL BE COATED WITH 1 COAT MOBILARMA 633 BITUMINOUS COATING.
- JOINT SEALING COMPOUND SHALL BE KENT SEAL NO. 2 OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- PRECAST MANHOLES SHALL BE SET AT LEAST 4 INCHES INTO THE MANHOLE BASE.
- TOP OF MANHOLE FLOOR SLAB SHALL BE AT LEAST 3 INCHES BELOW THE FLOW LINE OF THE OUTLET PIPE TO INSURE SUFFICIENT MINIMUM THICKNESS OF SHAPED INVERT.
- LIFTING HOLES SHALL BE FILLED WITH NON-SHRINK GROUT AND THE INTERIOR SURFACE COATED AS SPECIFIED.
- MORTAR USED IN MASONRY CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONTAIN 8 SACKS OF CEMENT PER CUBIC YARD. CONCRETE USED IN MANHOLE BASES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF CONCRETE FOR CONCRETE PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AS SPECIFIED IN THE CITY STANDARD PAVING SPECIFICATIONS USING CITY CONCRETE PAVEMENT MIX WITHOUT AIR ENTRAINING ADMIXTURE. MORTAR SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE MANHOLE RING AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS WHEN MANHOLES ARE CONSTRUCTED IN UNPAVED AREAS. MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED WHERE PIPE SIZES ARE SMALLER THAN 24" SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF 4". MANHOLES CONSTRUCTED WHERE PIPE SIZES ARE 24" OR LARGER SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF 5". COMPLETED MANHOLE SHALL BE WITHOUT LEAKS AND WATER TIGHT.
- REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE MANHOLE BASES AND SHALL CONSIST OF NO. 4 BARS PLACED ON 6" CENTERS IN BOTH DIRECTIONS. THE MANHOLE BASE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE PLACED AT LEAST 3" ABOVE THE BOTTOM OF THE MANHOLE BASE. ALL COSTS FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR THE MANHOLE.
- OPENINGS SHALL BE CUT INTO THE MANHOLE WALL WHEN OUTSIDE DROPS ARE CONSTRUCTED ON EXISTING MANHOLES. SUCH OPENINGS CUT INTO EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE AS SMALL AS PRACTICAL TO FACILITATE INSTALLING AND GROUTING THE NEW PIPE IN PLACE. WATERSTOP GASKETS SHALL BE USED WITH P.V.C. AND A.B.S. COMPOSITE PIPE. THE NEW PIPE SHALL BE GROUTED INTO THE OPENING USING AN APPROVED NON-SHRINK GROUT FOR THE FULL MANHOLE WALL THICKNESS. THE EXTERIOR OF THE COMPLETED CONNECTION SHALL BE SEALED WITH AN APPROVED BITUMINOUS COATING SUCH THAT THE CONNECTION WILL BE WATER TIGHT. FLOOR OF MANHOLE SHALL BE MODIFIED TO FORM NEW FLOW CHANNEL FOR THE NEW CONNECTION AS INDICATED BY THE DRAWING. THIS WORK, INCLUDING MODIFICATION OF MANHOLE FLOOR, SHALL BE PAID FOR AT THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR OUTSIDE DROP STACK CONSTRUCTED ON EXISTING MANHOLE.
- THE FLOORS OF ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE SHAPED WITH FLOW CHANNELS SUCH THAT THE MANHOLES WILL BE SELF CLEANING AND FREE OF AREAS WHERE SOLIDS COULD BE DEPOSITED AS SEWAGE FLOWS THROUGH THE MANHOLE FROM ALL INLET PIPES TO THE OUTLET PIPE. FLOW CHANNELS SHALL BE FORMED TO MATCH THE BOTTOM HALVES OF THE INFLOWING PIPES AND THE OUTFLOWING PIPE AS SHOWN BY THE DRAWINGS EXCEPT FOR INSIDE DROP MANHOLES. FLOW CHANNELS FOR INSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS INDICATED BY THE DRAWING. MANHOLE FLOORS SHALL HAVE SLOPES OF 3 INCHES PER FOOT IN THE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE FLOW CHANNELS SLOPED TOWARD THE FLOW CHANNELS. PIPES LAID THROUGH MANHOLES SHALL HAVE THE TOP HALF REMOVED TO NEAT LINES FOR THE FULL INSIDE DIAMETER OF THE MANHOLE. MANHOLE FLOORS SHALL THEN BE SHAPED AROUND THE BOTTOM HALF OF THE PIPE WHICH FORMS THE FLOW CHANNEL.
- PIPES INSTALLED WITHIN THE EXCAVATION MADE FOR THE MANHOLE SHALL BE CRADLED WITH CONCRETE TO THE LIMITS OF THE MANHOLE EXCAVATION. WHEN CLAY PIPE IS USED, THE CRADLE SHALL EXTEND TO THE FIRST JOINT OUTSIDE THE MANHOLE. THE CRADLE SHALL BE TERMINATED AT THE CLAY PIPE JOINT IN A MANNER WHICH WILL MAINTAIN THE FLEXIBILITY OF THE JOINT. COST OF CRADLE WITHIN MANHOLE EXCAVATION OR TO CLAY PIPE JOINTS ADJACENT TO MANHOLE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR THE MANHOLE.
- MANHOLE COVER CASTINGS AND MANHOLE FRAME CASTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS AS INDICATED IN THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND AS SHOWN IN THE STANDARD DETAIL DRAWING.
- THE VERTICAL DROP IN INSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL NOT EXCEED 2' FOR INFLOWING PIPES SIZED 12" OR SMALLER AND 2' FOR INFLOWING PIPES LARGER THAN 12". THE CROWNS OF INFLOWING PIPES SHALL NEVER BE SET LOWER THAN THE CROWN OF THE OUTFLOWING PIPE.
- STANDARD MANHOLES AND STANDARD INSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL BE BID AS STANDARD MANHOLES FOR THE TYPE AND DIAMETER INDICATED. OUTSIDE DROP MANHOLES SHALL BE BID AS STANDARD OUTSIDE DROP MANHOLES FOR THE TYPE AND DIAMETER INDICATED. ALL MANHOLE DIAMETERS WILL BE 4' UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.
- A BRICK MASONRY COLLAR SHALL BE INSTALLED BETWEEN THE CAST IRON FRAME AND THE CONCENTRIC CONE. THE COLLAR WILL HAVE 8" WALLS AND A VERTICAL HEIGHT OF 6" MINIMUM AND 18" MAXIMUM. A 1" COAT OF MORTAR WILL BE PLASTERED ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE COLLAR. THE USE OF PRE-CAST CONCRETE SPACERS FOR MANHOLE TOP ADJUSTMENT IS ALSO ALLOWED.



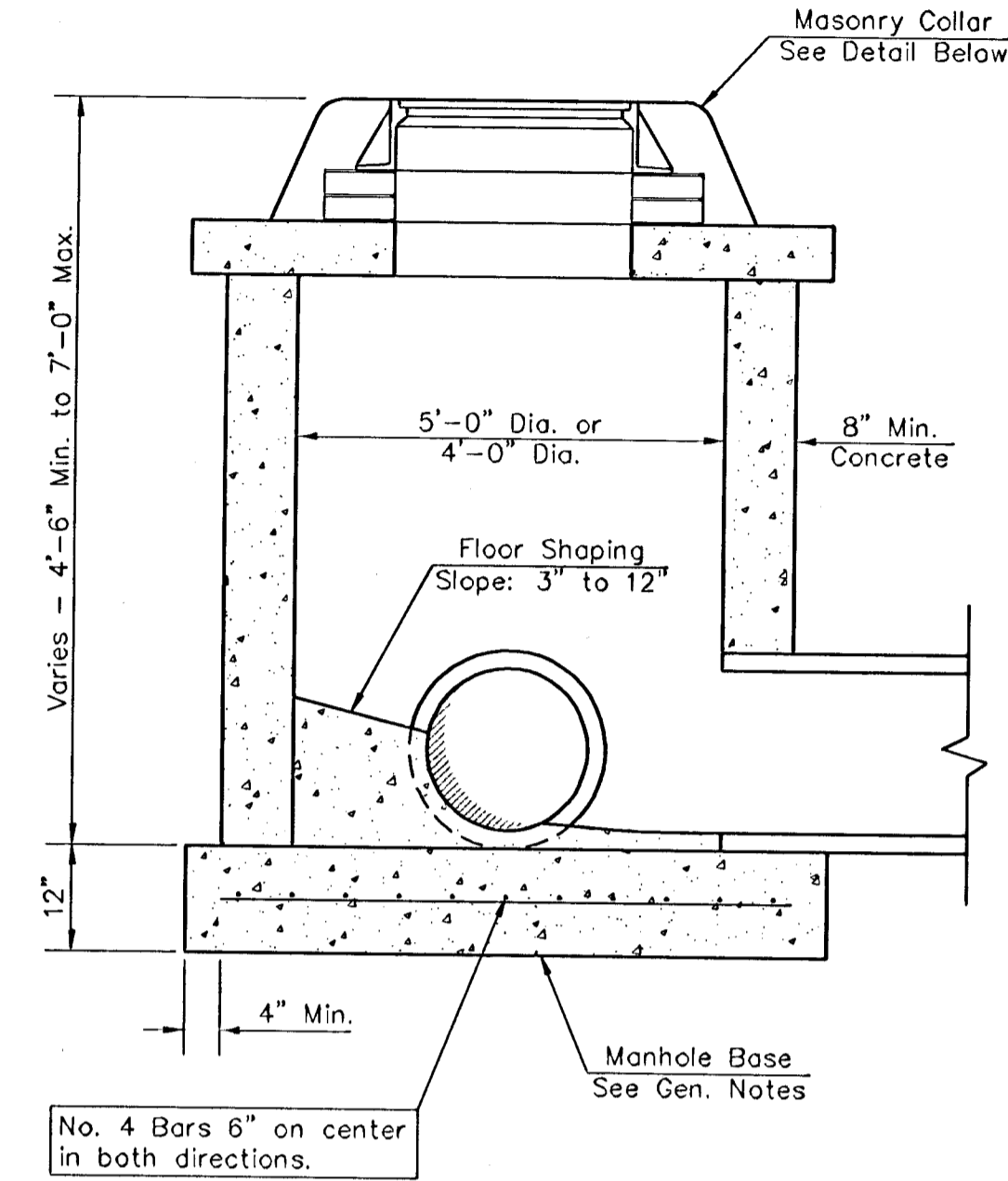
		CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS	
		STANDARD MANHOLE DETAILS	
SEWER APPURTENANCES DETAILS		Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 F315-333-7171 F315-333-0149 ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN STAFF	DRAWN STAFF	DATE 11/05
REVISIONS:	SCALE NONE		
	SHEET <b>9 OF 21</b>		
L:\Details\sewer\pmb.dwg		03-09-E698	

**GENERAL NOTES**

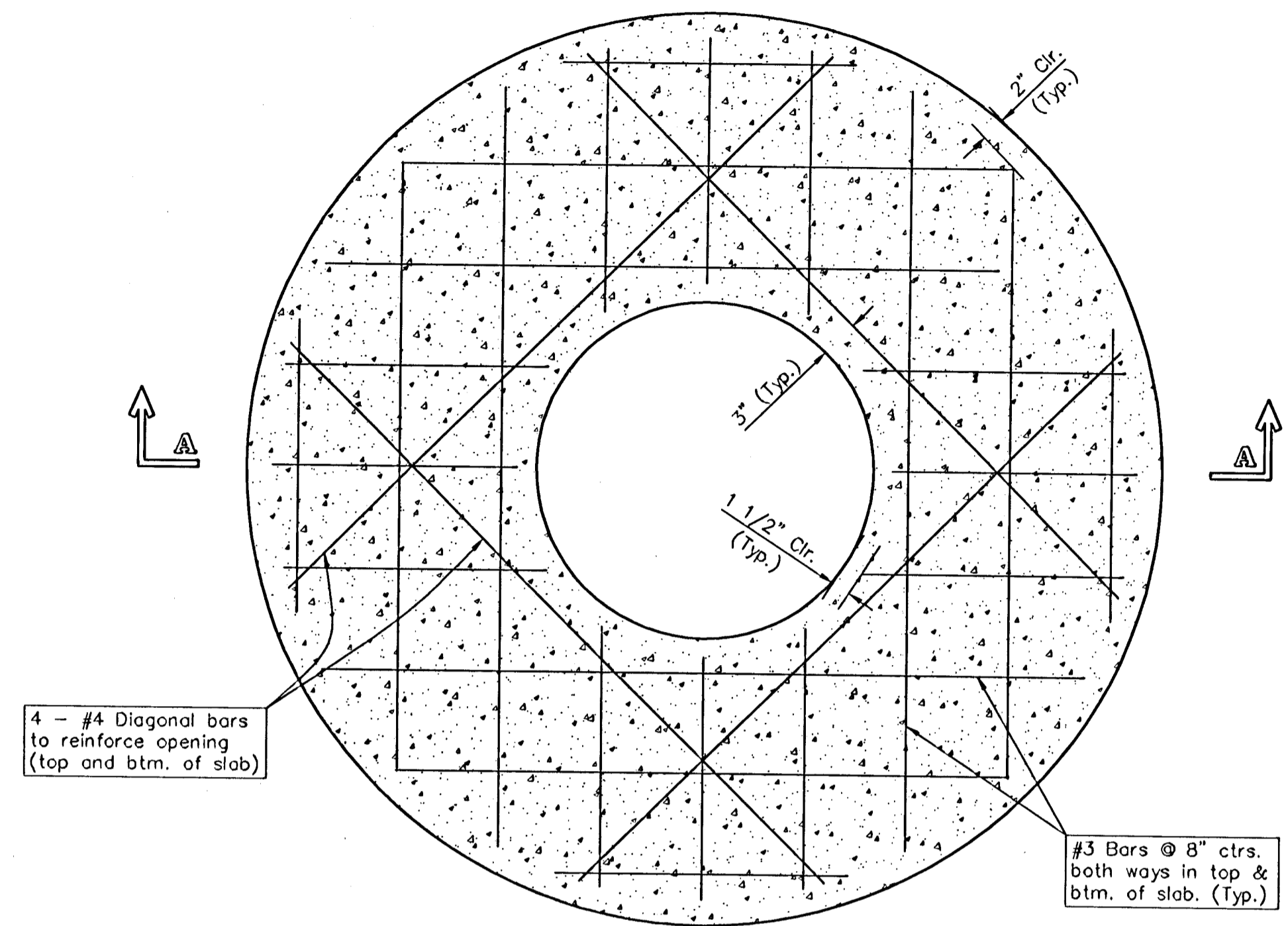
- Mortar used in masonry construction shall contain 8 sacks of cement per cubic yard. Concrete used in manhole bases shall conform to the requirements of concrete for concrete pavement construction as specified in the city standard paving specifications using city concrete cement mix without air entraining admixture. Mortar shall be placed around the manhole ring as shown on the drawings when manholes are constructed in unpaved areas. Manholes constructed where pipe sizes are smaller than 24" shall have an inside diameter of 4". Manholes constructed where pipe sizes are 24" or larger shall have an inside diameter of 5". Completed manhole shall be without leaks and water tight.
- Reinforcing steel shall be installed in the manhole bases and shall consist of no. 4 bars placed on 6" centers in both directions. The manhole base reinforcement shall be placed 6" above the bottom of the manhole base. All costs for furnishing and installing reinforcing steel shall be included in the unit price bid for the manhole.
- The floors of all manholes shall be shaped with flow channels such that the manholes will be self cleaning and free of areas where solids could be deposited as sewage flows through the manhole from all inlet pipes to the outlet pipe. Flow channels shall be formed to match the bottom halves of the inflowing pipes and the outflowing pipe as shown by the drawings. Manhole floors shall have slopes of 3 inches per foot in the areas outside of the flow channels sloped toward the flow channels. Pipes laid through manholes shall have the top half removed to neat lines for the full inside diameter of the manhole. Manhole floors shall then be shaped around the bottom half of the pipe which forms the flow channel.
- Pipes installed within the excavation made for the manhole shall be cradled with concrete to the limits of the manhole excavation. When clay pipe is used, the cradle shall extend to the first joint outside the manhole. The cradle shall be terminated at the clay pipe joint in a manner which will maintain the flexibility of the joint. Cost of cradle within manhole excavation or to clay pipe joints adjacent to manhole shall be included in the unit price bid for the manhole.
- Manhole cover castings and manhole frame castings shall conform to the requirements as indicated in the standard specifications and as shown in the standard detail drawings.
- The crowns of inflowing pipes shall never be set lower than the crown of the outflowing pipe.
- Standard shallow manholes type "P" and "C" shall be paid for at the unit price bid per each for the type and diameter indicated. All standard shallow manhole diameters will be 4' unless indicated otherwise.
- All brick used in manhole construction shall meet Grade SW of ASTM C652 or C62-87.



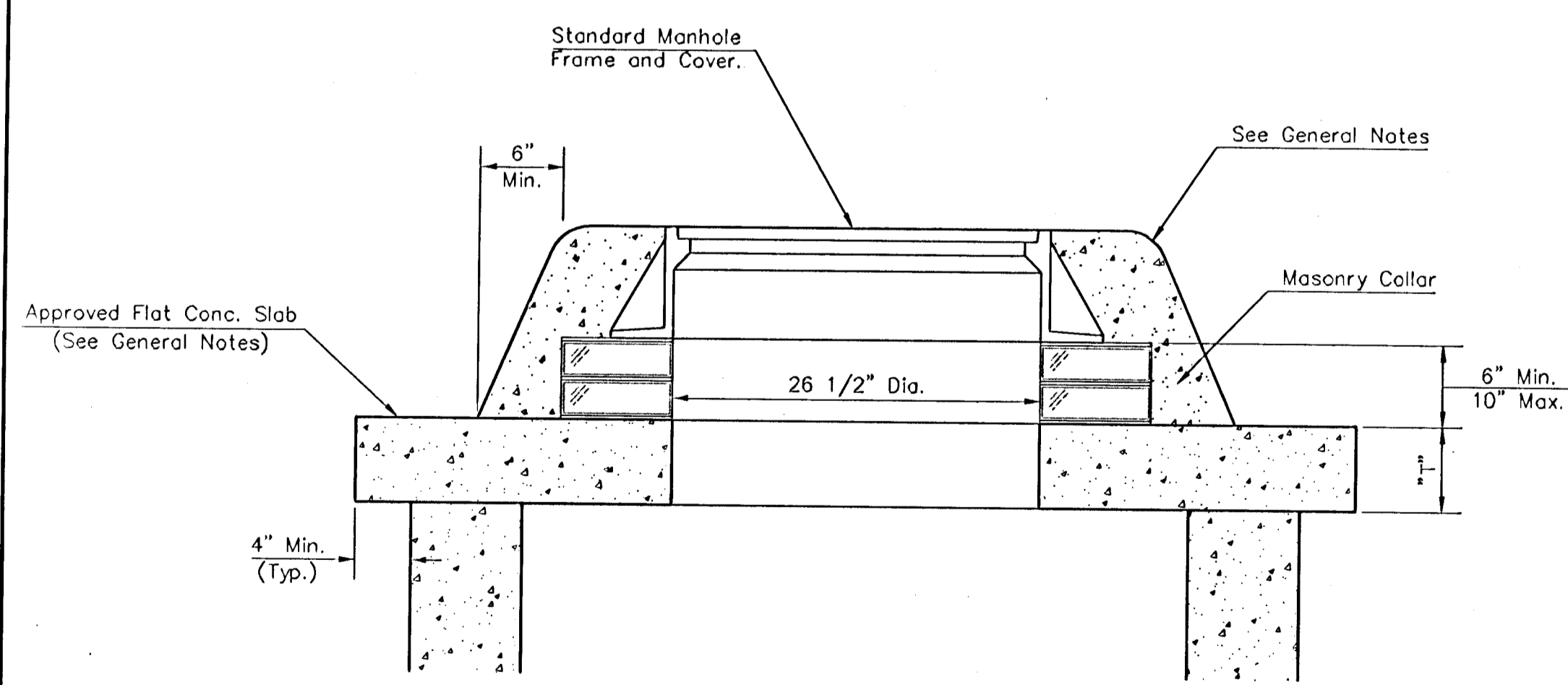
**SHALLOW TYPE "P" MANHOLE**



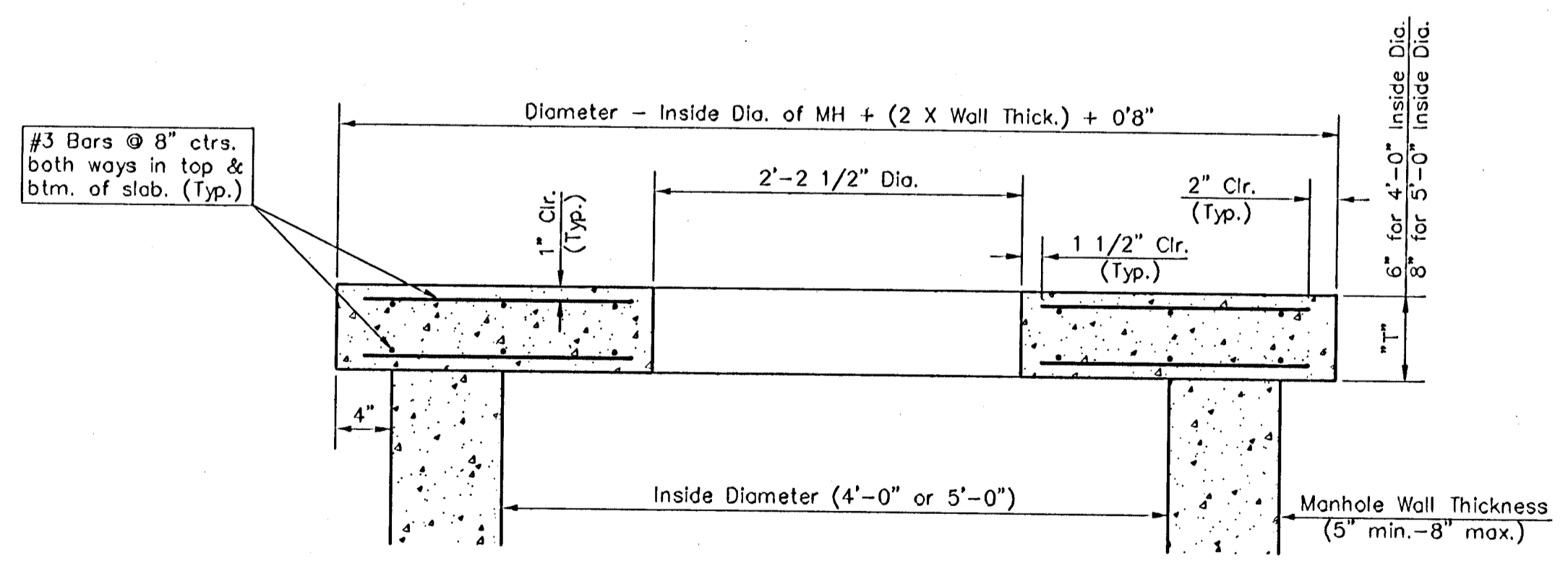
**SHALLOW TYPE "C" MANHOLE**



**PLAN**



**MASONRY COLLAR DETAIL**



**SECTION A-A**

**FLAT CONCRETE SLAB DETAILS**

<b>Baughman</b>		<b>Std. Shallow Manholes</b>	
ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE		Type "P" and Type "C"	
PROJECT NUMBER 4683730		DESIGN C.O.W.	DRAWN Staff
REVISIONS:		APPROVED	DATE
		SCALE None	SHEET
		<b>10 OF 21</b>	

# STANDARD AND LIGHT WEIGHT MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER DETAIL

ADOPTED AS STANDARD DESIGN BY  
CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS

MANHOLE COVER  
Weight = 180 Lbs.

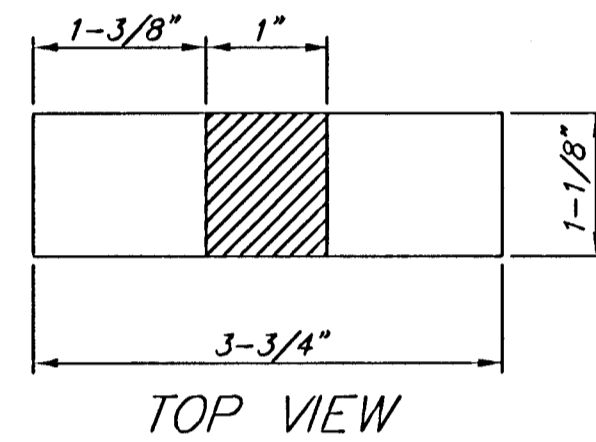
CHANGE TO SANITARY SEWER  
OR STORM SEWER AS APPLICABLE



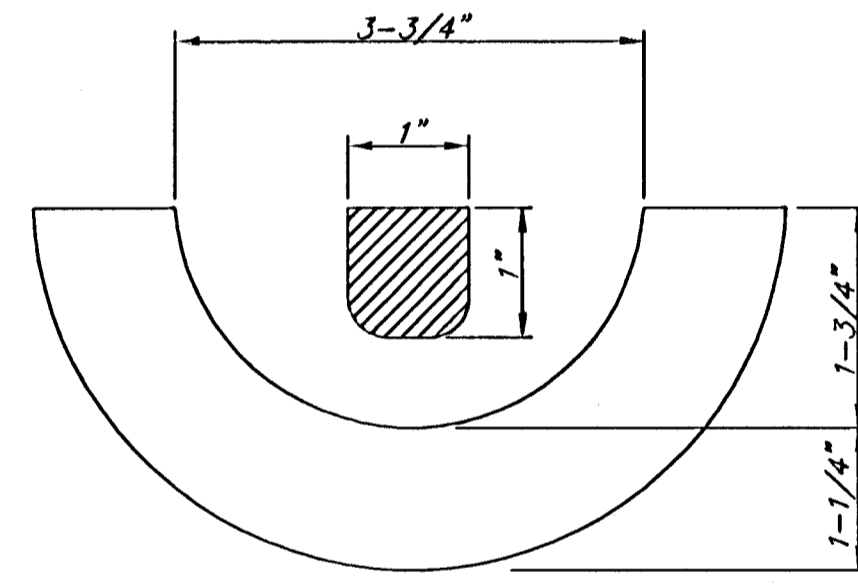
TOP VIEW

CLOSED PICKHOLE (SEE DETAIL)

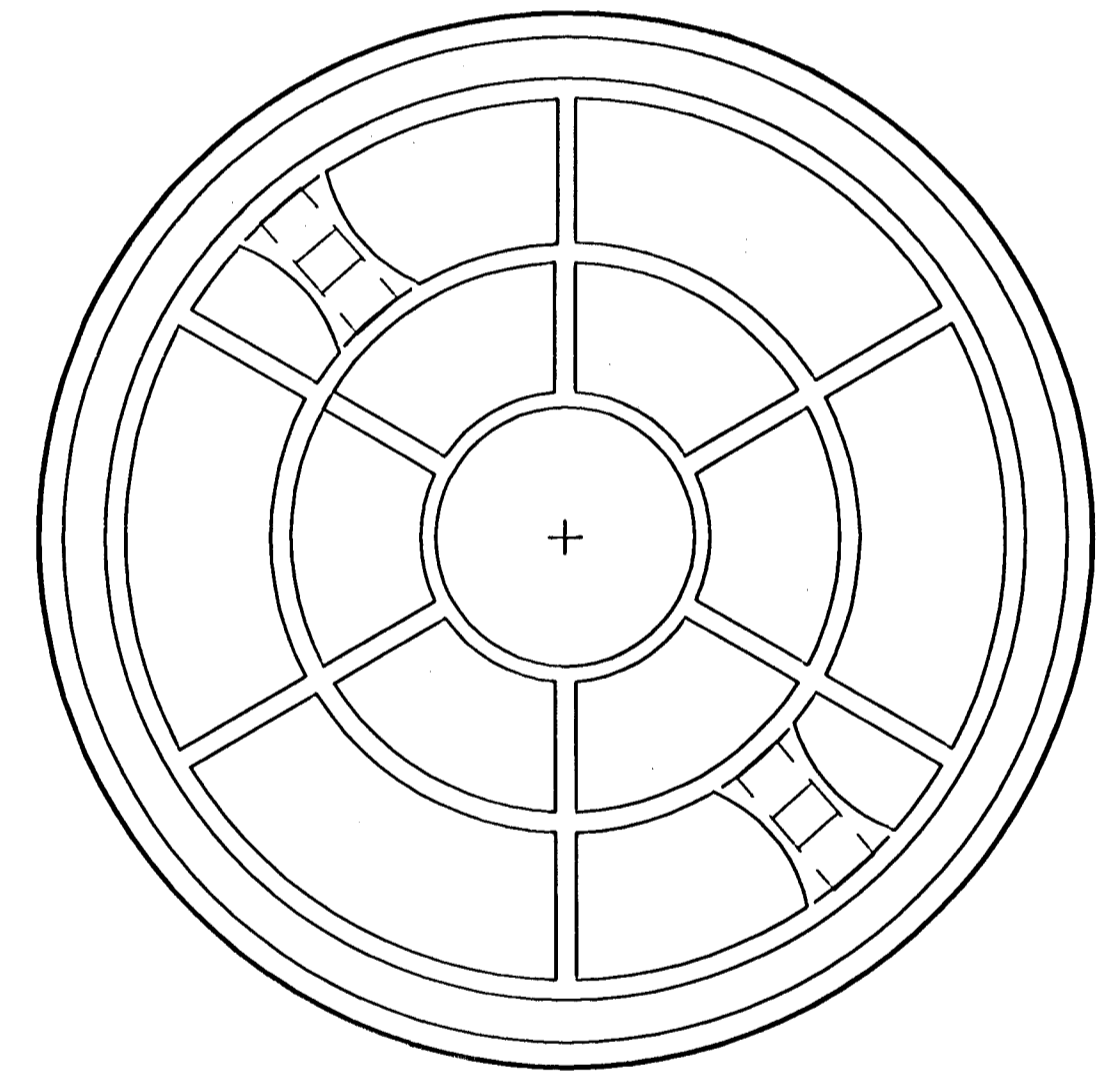
PICKHOLE DETAIL



TOP VIEW

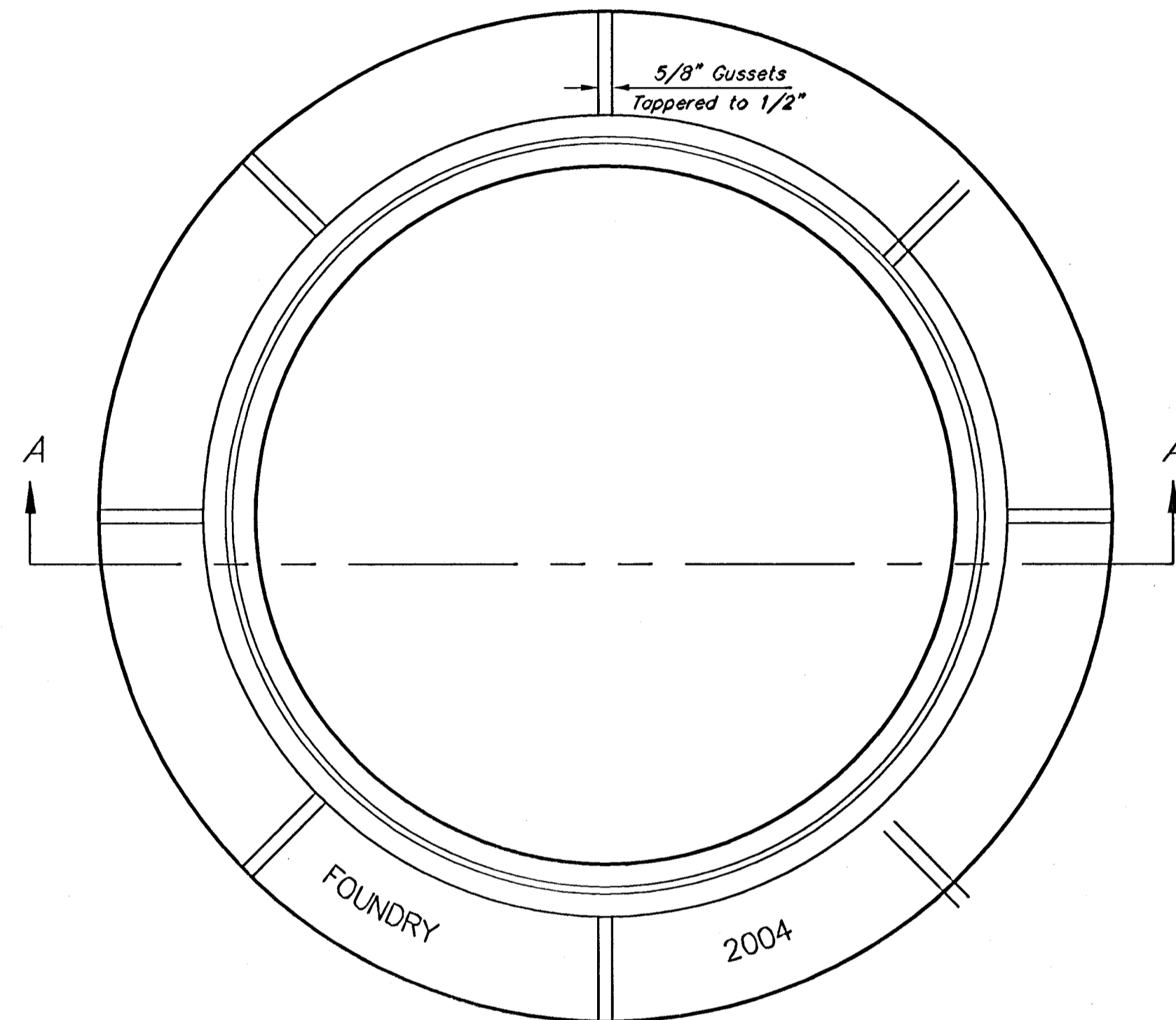


SECTION VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

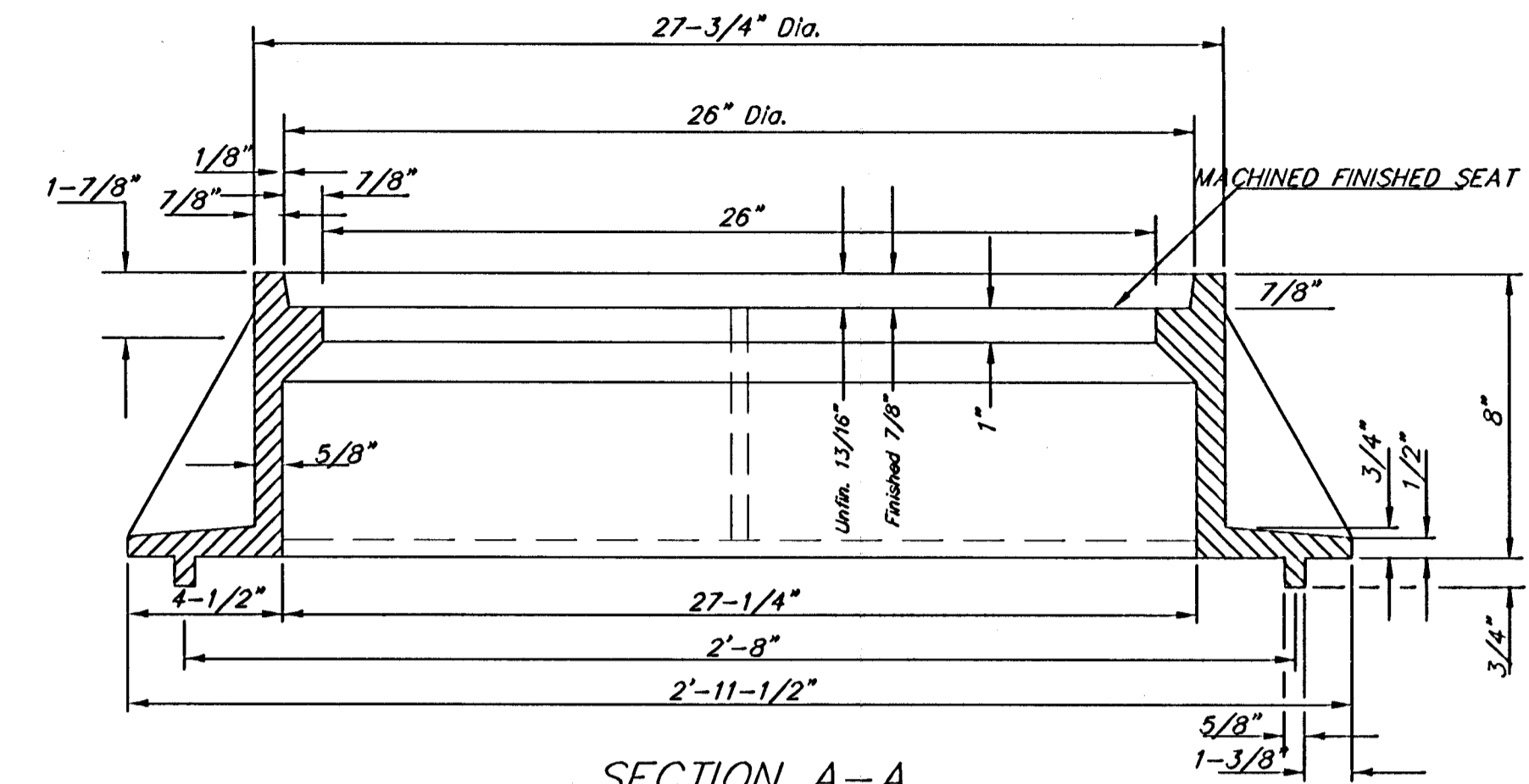
LIGHT WEIGHT  
MANHOLE FRAME  
Weight = 161 Lbs.



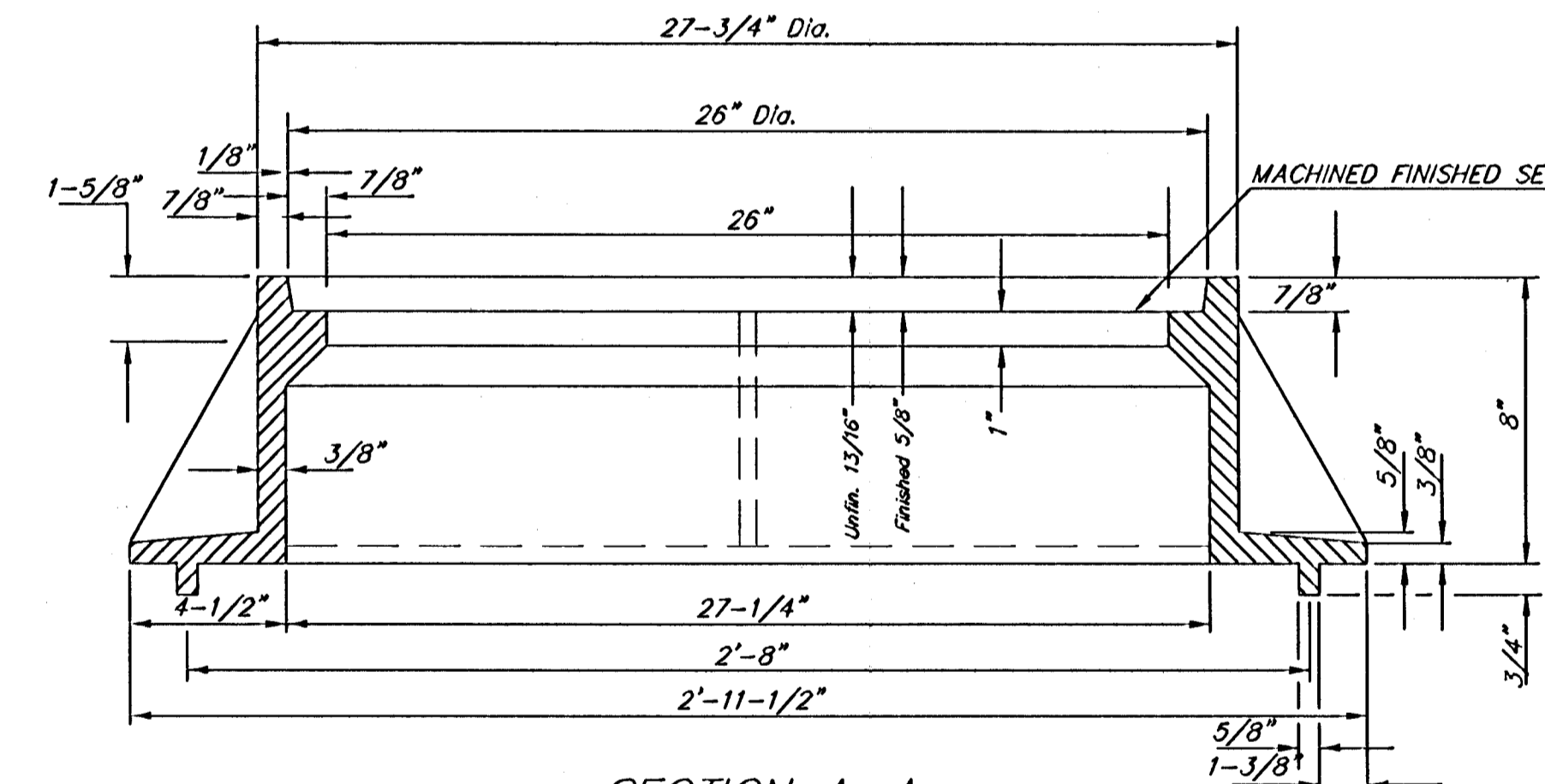
TOP VIEW

## GENERAL NOTES

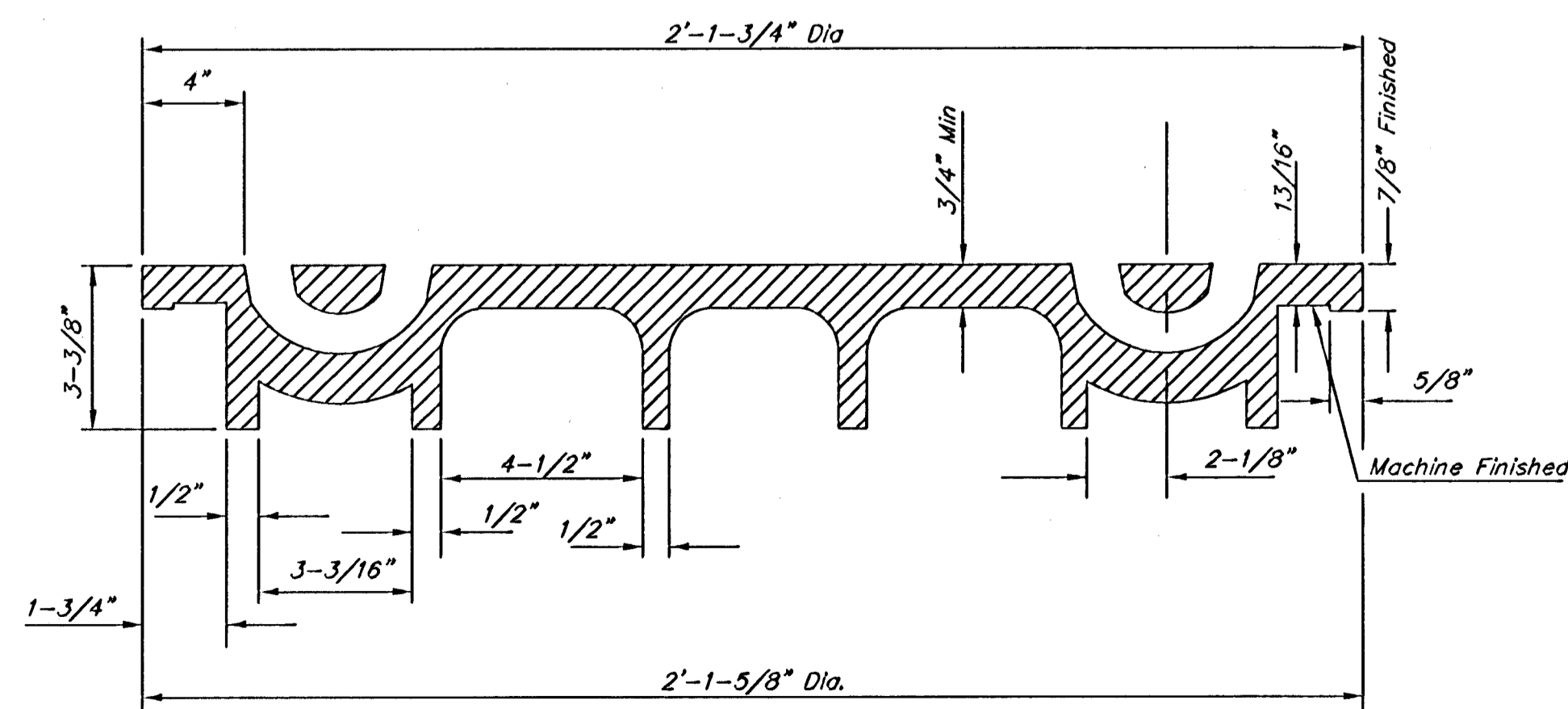
1. MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED USING GOOD QUALITY GRAY IRON CONFORMING TO CLASS 30 OF A.S.T.M. DESIGNATION A-48. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS SHOWN ON THE DETAILED DRAWINGS SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AND ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN MUST BE SPECIFICALLY APPROVED. THE FINISHED CASTINGS SHALL BE OF UNIFORM QUALITY, FREE FROM BLOWHOLES, POROSITY, HARD SPOTS, SHRINKAGE DISTORTIONS OR OTHER DEFECTS.
2. LIGHT WEIGHT MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL WEIGH A MINIMUM OF 180 POUNDS ON THE SOLID COVER AND 161 POUNDS ON THE MANHOLE RING. THIS IS A TOTAL OF 341 POUNDS ON A RING AND COVER SET. CASTINGS WEIGHING LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
3. STANDARD MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL WEIGH A MINIMUM OF 180 POUNDS ON THE SOLID COVER AND 430 POUNDS ON THE MANHOLE RING. THIS IS A TOTAL OF 430 POUNDS ON A RING AND COVER SET. CASTINGS WEIGHING LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
4. MANHOLE CASTINGS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED SUCH THAT A COVER MANUFACTURED BY ANY ONE FOUNDRY WILL FIT INTERCHANGEABLY INTO A FRAME MANUFACTURED BY ANOTHER FOUNDRY AND STILL MEET ALLOWABLE CLEARANCES AND NON-ROCKING REQUIREMENTS. THIS WILL REQUIRE MANUFACTURING OF THE MATCHING FACES ON THE COVER AND THE FRAME TO CLOSE TOLERANCES.
5. THE OUTSIDE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE VERTICAL FACE OF THE COVER AND THE INSIDE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE VERTICAL FACE IN THE FRAME RECESS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED TO TOLERANCES SUCH THAT THE CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE COVER AND FRAME WILL NOT EXCEED 1/8" AT ANY POINT AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE COVER. THE SEATING SURFACES BETWEEN THE COVER AND FRAME SHALL BE MACHINED SUCH THAT THESE SEATING SURFACES SHALL MAKE FULL CONTACT FOR THEIR FULL CIRCUMFERENCE TO PRECLUDE THE COVER FROM ROCKING IN THE FRAME.
6. THE MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE MARKED WITH LETTERING INDICATING THE NAME OF THE MANUFACTURER AND THE YEAR WHEN THE COVER OR FRAME WAS CAST. THE COVER SHALL BE FURTHER IDENTIFIED WITH REGARDS TO OWNERSHIP USING LETTERS AT LEAST 1 INCH IN HEIGHT. THIS IDENTIFICATION SHALL BE "CITY OF WICHITA SANITARY SEWER", OR "CITY OF WICHITA STORM SEWER". THE TEXTURE OF THE TOP SURFACE OF THE COVER SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN A CHECKERED PATTERN DESIGN AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS. SMOOTH BLOCKOUTS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO HIGHLIGHT THE LETTERING ON THE COVER SURFACE. THE TOTAL AREA OF SMOOTH SURFACE BLOCKOUT SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AREA AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWING. POSITIONING OF SMOOTH BLOCKOUT AND LETTERING MAY VARY FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE DETAILED DRAWING.
7. MANHOLE FRAME WITHOUT MUDRING TO BE USED ONLY ON RECONSTRUCTION PROJECTS WHERE ADDITIONAL CLEARANCE IS NEEDED.



SECTION A-A  
STANDARD  
MANHOLE FRAME  
Weight = 250 Lbs.




SECTION A-A  
LIGHT WEIGHT  
MANHOLE FRAME  
Weight = 161 Lbs.



SECTION VIEW

REV. 3-13-02, MCG

L:\Sewers\Manhole Frame Cover Light Weight R.dwg



<b>STANDARD &amp; LIGHT WEIGHT MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER</b>		
CITY ENGINEER		
JAMES L. ARMOUR, P.E. CITY ENGINEER		
PROJECT NUMBER	OGA NUMBER	DATE
488-83730	744175	3/01/06
CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE	DESIGN	DRAWN
CITY HALL - SEVENTH FLOOR	COW	COW
455 NORTH MAIN STREET		
WICHITA, KANSAS 67202-1620		
(316) 268-4301		SHEET
(316) 268-4114 FAX		11 OF 21

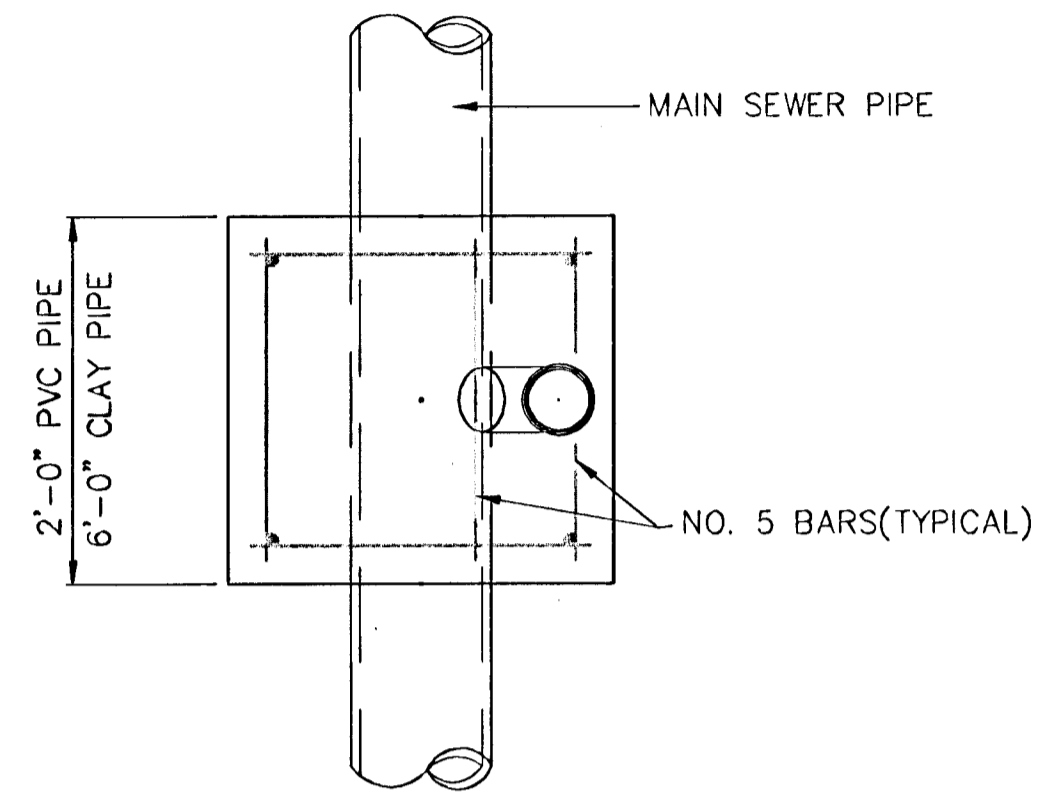
# VERTICAL RISER DETAILS

## ADOPTED AS STANDARD DESIGN

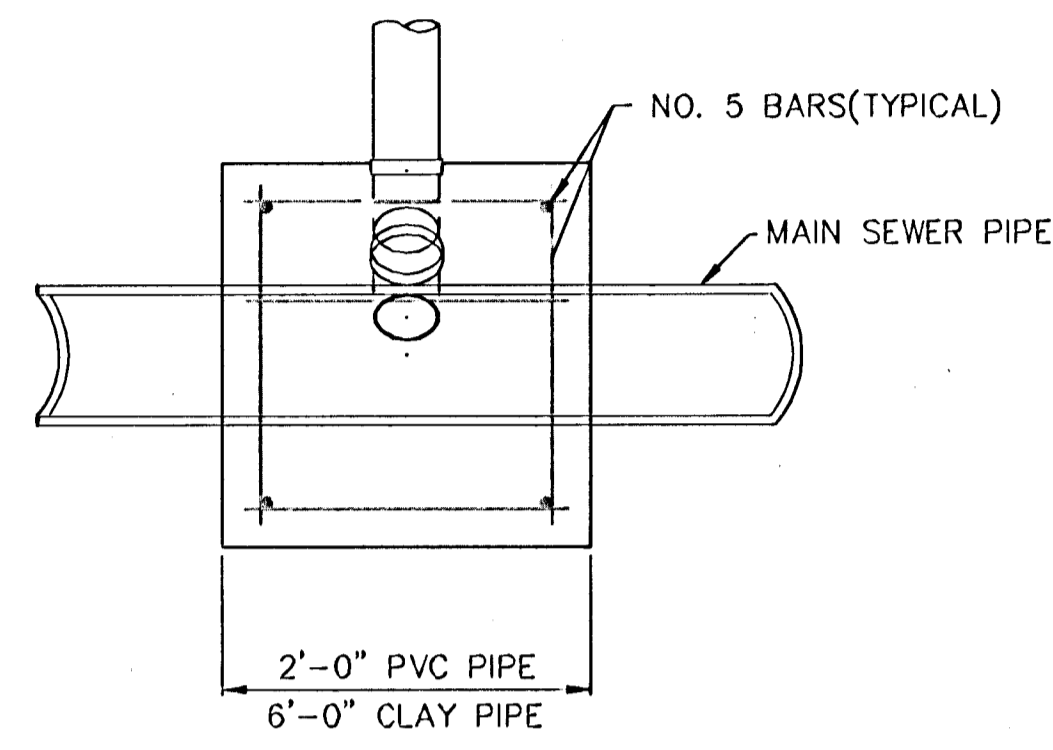
### BY

## CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS

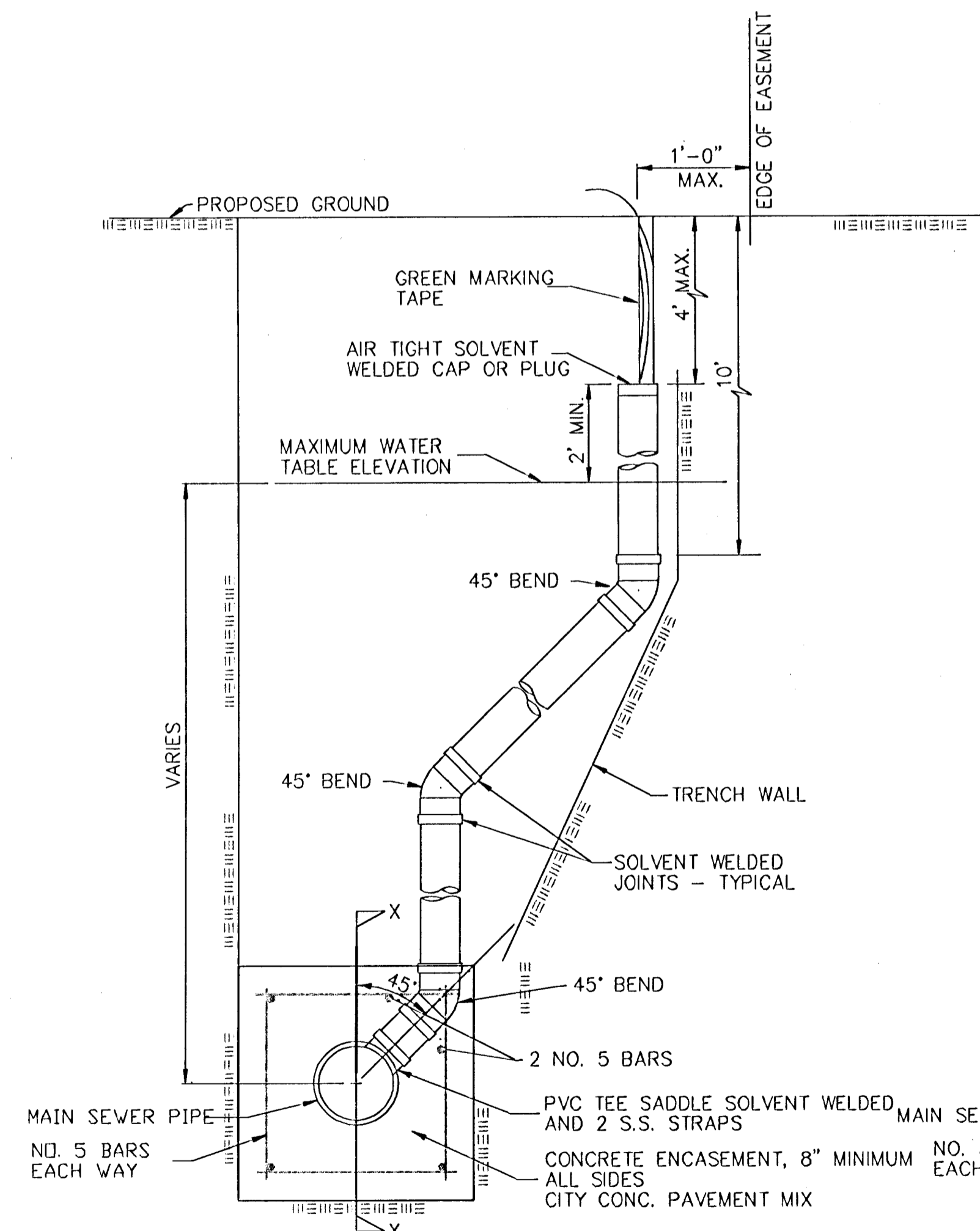
### OCTOBER 1992



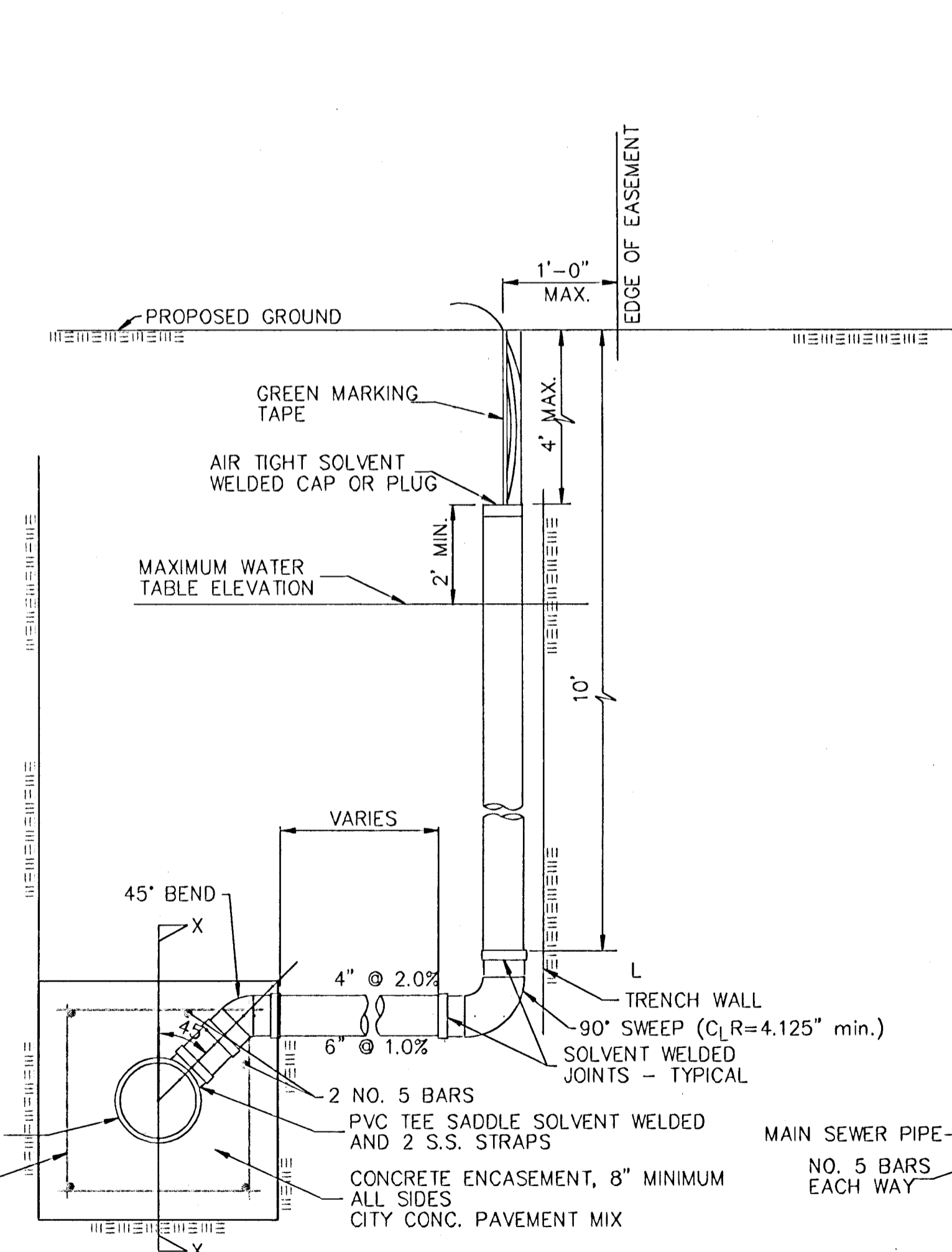
TYPICAL PLAN VIEW



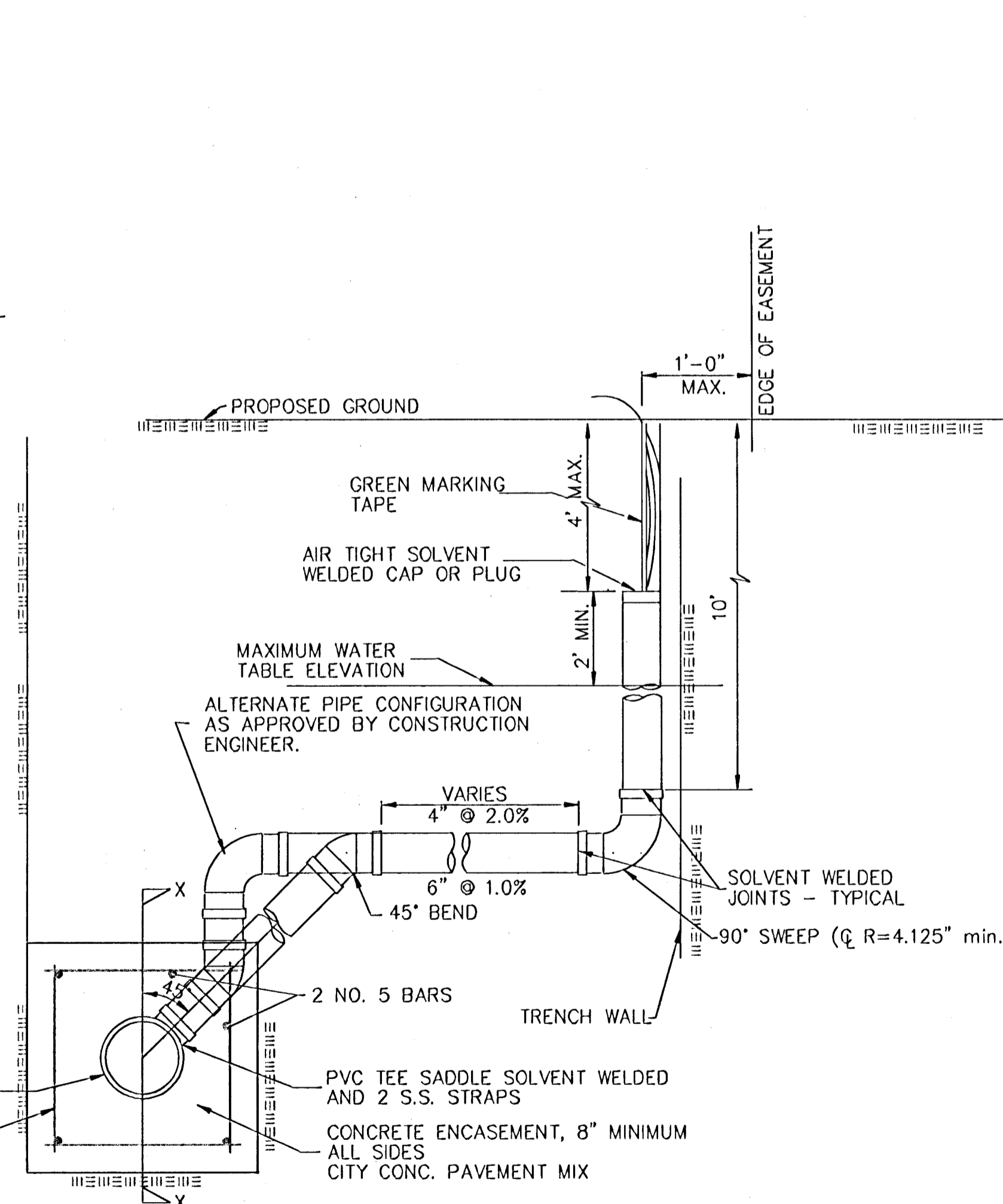
TYPICAL SECTION XX



METHOD "A"



METHOD "B"



METHOD "C"

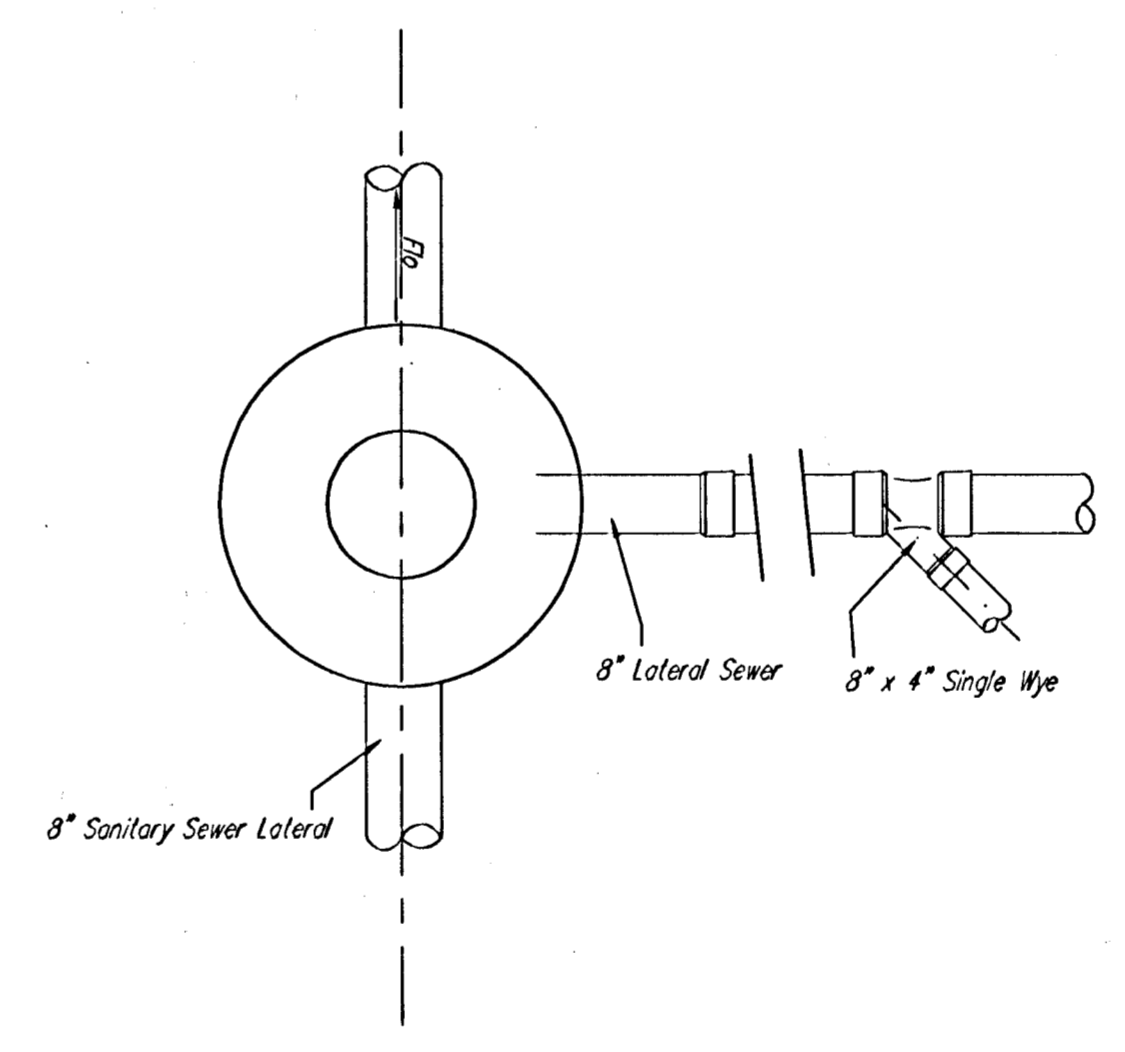
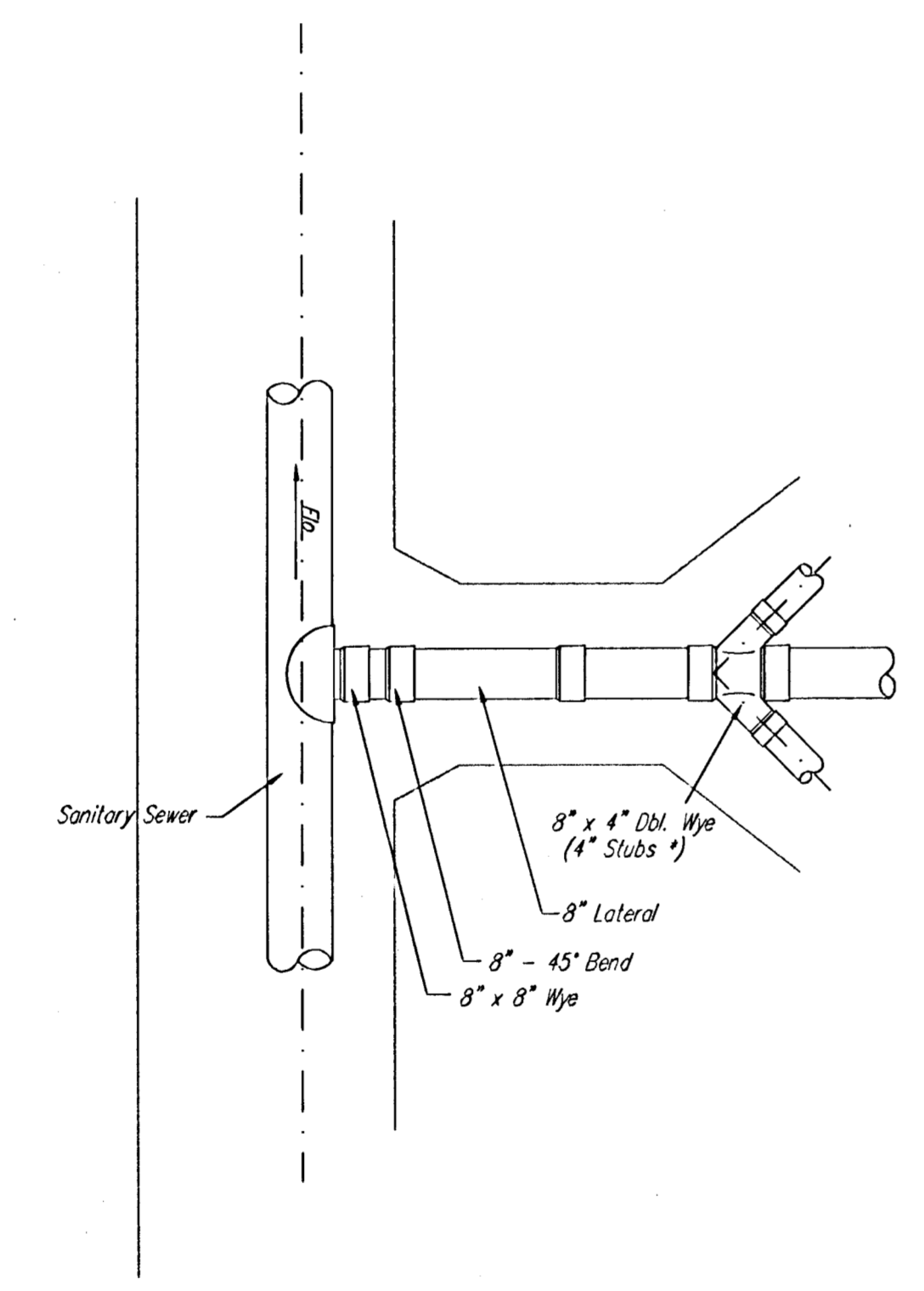
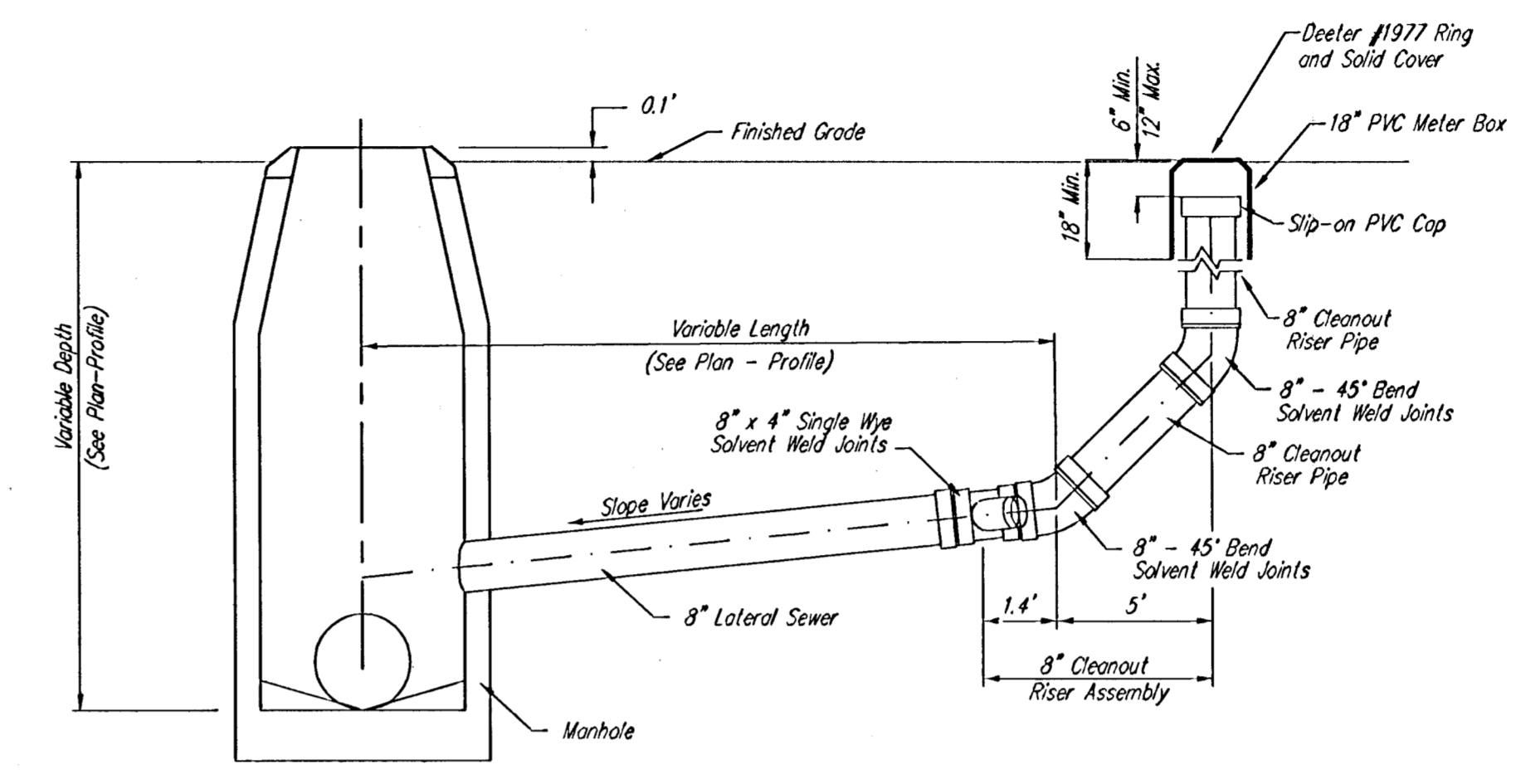
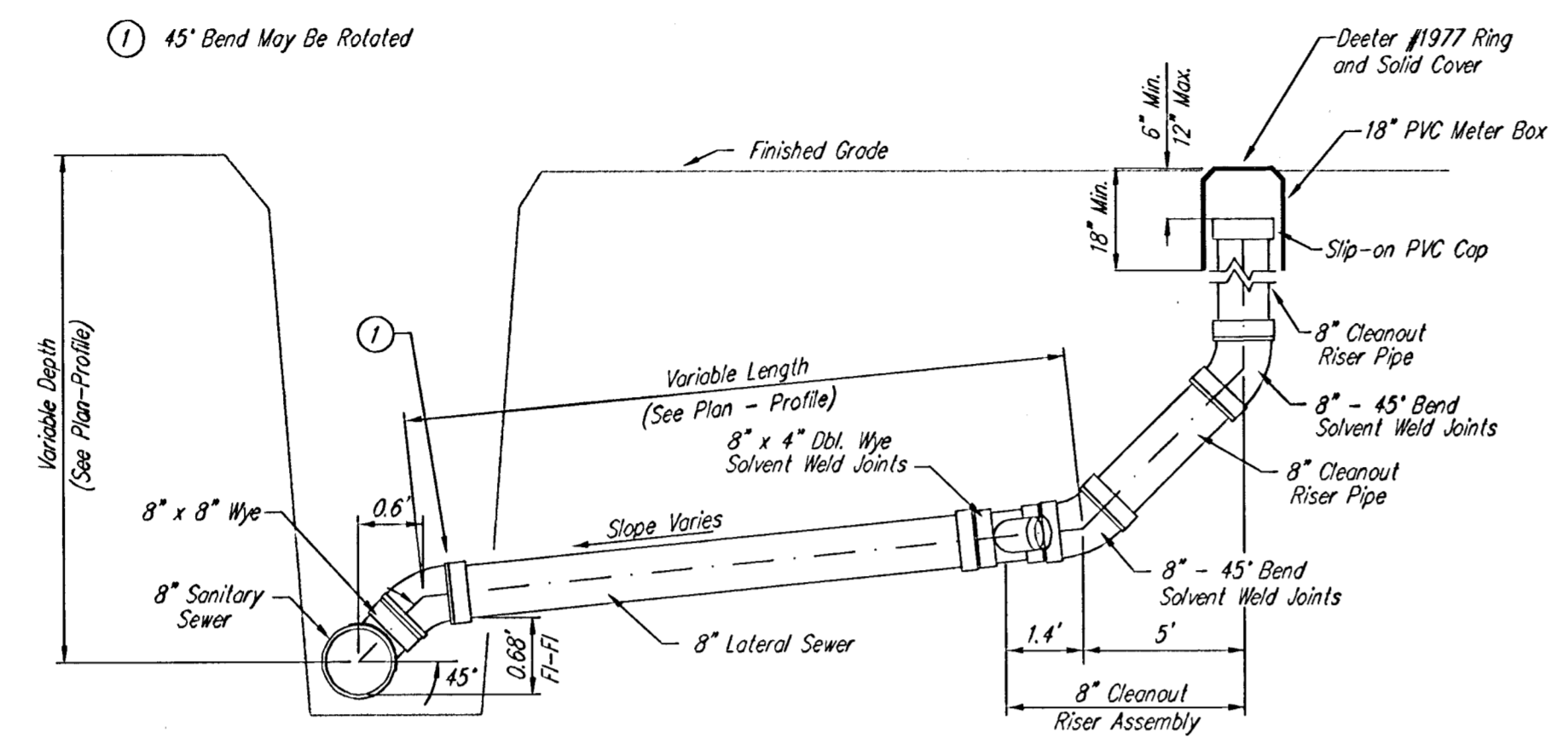
NOTE: RISER PIPE REQUIREMENTS AT MANHOLE STUBS SHALL BE SIMILAR TO THOSE SHOWN ABOVE.

### GENERAL NOTES

1. RISERS. Risers shall be installed to serve all lots or tracts where the sanitary sewer main is below the water table. Risers shall also be installed to serve all lots and tracts where the sanitary sewer main depth is greater than 12 feet below the proposed ground elevation. Installation of risers because of field conditions shall be as approved by the Construction Engineer. The location of the risers to serve developed property shall be approved by the property owner and the Construction Engineer.
2. PIPE STUBS. Pipe stubs shall be installed in manholes where locations of manholes will provide satisfactory service connection as determined by the Construction Engineer. The vertical distance between the flowline of the manhole pipe stub and the flowline of the sanitary sewer main out of the manhole shall not exceed 2 feet. Risers shall be utilized at manhole pipe stubs as indicated in Note 1. Manhole pipe stubs shall be set such that the top of the stub is not lower than the top of the sanitary sewer main.
3. SIZING. Pipe stubs and risers shall be sized according to the plans and riser table where risers are indicated by the plans. Where risers or pipe stubs are required because of field conditions, the risers and stubs shall be six-inch diameter for commercial or industrial properties and 4" or 6" diameter for residential properties, based on lot size and sanitary sewer main depth. Sizing of risers and stubs shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
4. RISER OR STUB MATERIAL. Risers and stubs shall be constructed of Schedule 40 PVC Pipe, meeting the requirements of the latest revision of A.S.T.M. All pipe joints shall be solvent welded.
5. REINFORCED CONCRETE ENCASEMENT. Riser connections to clay pipe sanitary sewers shall be reinforced concrete encased both ways from the riser centerline. The reinforced concrete encasement shall extend three feet from the riser centerline or stop at the first sanitary sewer pipe joint within three feet of the riser centerline. Riser connections to PVC Sanitary Sewer mains shall be reinforced concrete encased one foot each way from the riser centerline. The concrete encasement shall be reinforced using reinforcing steel as shown in the appropriate drawing. The concrete shall conform to the City Standard Specifications for concrete pavement.
6. BEDDING. Bedding around the sanitary sewer riser shall be compacted Pipe Bedding Type 1 or 2. The bedding shall be placed and compacted from the depth of the sanitary sewer main to the top of the sanitary sewer riser pipe. Compacted Pipe Bedding Type 1 or 2 shall be required for all risers whether constructed in vertical wall or sloped wall trenches. Bedding material and construction practices shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
7. SUPPORT OF RISERS. Sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be supported during trench backfill. The riser pipe shall be held in a vertical position at all times until trench backfill and compaction has been completed. Contractor's methods for supporting and backfilling the riser pipe shall be approved by the Construction Engineer.
8. PLUGGING. The ends of the riser pipes and manhole stubs shall be plugged using an airtight solvent welded cap or plug. Cap or plug fittings shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation. Caps or plugs which do not provide an airtight seal will not be accepted.
9. TOP OF THE RISER PIPE. The top elevation of the sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be built per plan elevations, unless otherwise directed by the Construction Engineer. Where riser elevations are not shown on the plans, the top of the risers shall be set at an elevation four feet below the proposed ground surface. If ground water is encountered, the top of the riser pipe shall be set at an elevation two feet (min.) above the maximum water table elevation, regardless of the riser elevation shown on the plans.
10. MARKING. Locations of the ends of the sanitary sewer riser pipe shall be marked by fastening green colored plastic tape to the end of the riser. The tape shall be supported by a length of wooden 2 x 4, extending from the top of the riser pipe to the proposed ground surface. The green tape shall be visible and extend one foot above the proposed ground surface. The green tape shall be 4 mil Polyethylene film with a minimum width of three inches, specifically manufactured for the purpose of identification of underground sewers.
11. LOCATION MEASURES. The project inspector shall record and document the location of all risers constructed as measured from the nearest manhole, indicating the direction from the manhole, the direction and distance from the main, riser size, and elevation of the top of the riser.
12. RISER LOCATION. The riser shall be located per plan if shown. If not shown on the plan, the riser shall be located at the center of the lot, within one foot of the property side of the easement for the lot being served. All riser locations shall be approved by the Construction Engineer prior to installation.
13. PAYMENT. "Sanitary sewer risers" shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which price shall be full compensation for all pipe, fittings, marking tape, length of wooden 2 x 4, reinforced concrete encasement, support during backfill, backfill, labor, site restoration, and any other items necessary to complete the work.

"Manhole stubs" shall be paid for at the contract unit price per each, which shall be full compensation for all labor, material, and incidentals necessary to complete the work including all pipe, fittings, reinforced concrete encasement, and all other items as required and listed for "Sanitary Sewer Risers".

<b>Baughman</b>		CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS	
<b>Riser Details</b>			
Baughman Company, P.A. 315 8th St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-262-1271 F 316-262-1419 ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE			
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN STAFF	DRAWN STAFF	DATE
REVISIONS	APPROVED	DATE	3/01/06
	SCALE	NONE	
	SHEET	<b>12 OF 21</b>	
L:\Details\sewer\Details\RiserDd.dwg			




\* 4" Branch (each side) To Serve as 4" Stub. Temporary Plug Until Service Connection is Required. Single Wye to be Used Where Indicated on Plan.

\*\* 8" Lateral to be Air-Tested up to the Top of PVC Pipe, per Standard Specifications.

8" CLEANOUT RISER ASSEMBLY DETAIL  
W/ WYE CONNECTION

8" CLEANOUT RISER ASSEMBLY DETAIL  
W/ MANHOLE CONNECTION

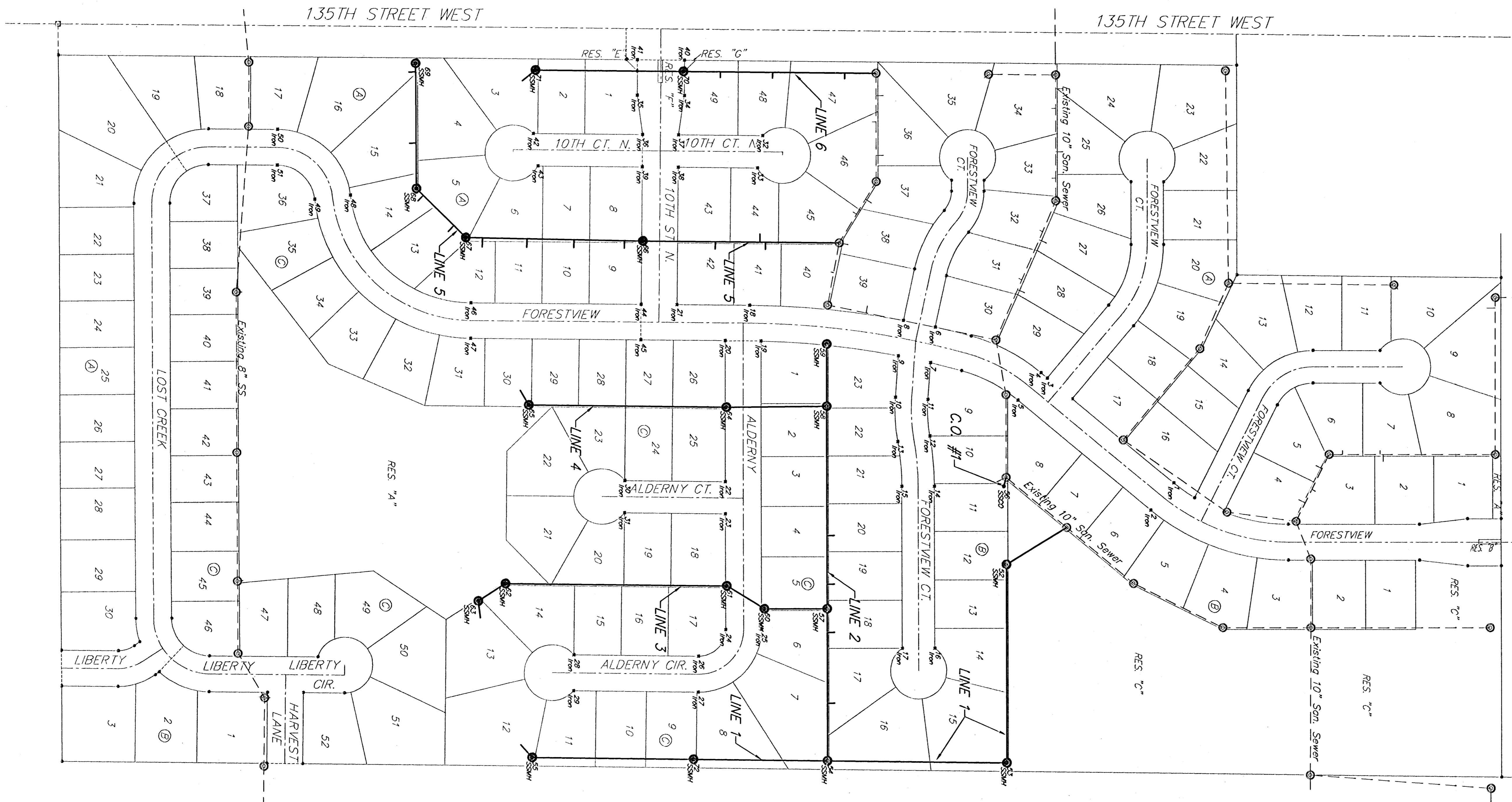
	CITY OF WICHITA, KANSAS	
	8" CLEANOUT RISER DETAIL	
<small>Baughman Company, P.A. 315 W. St. Wichita, KS 67211 P 316-262-7211 F 316-262-0149 ENGINEERING   SURVEYING   PLANNING   LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE</small>		
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN STAFF	DRAWN STAFF
REVISIONS:	APPROVED	DATE 3/01/06
	SCALE NONE	SHEET 13 OF 21
<small>L:\Sewers\Co8.dwg</small>		



Scale: 1" = 100'

NW COR. NW 1/4,  
SEC. 13, T27S, R2W

13TH STREET NORTH



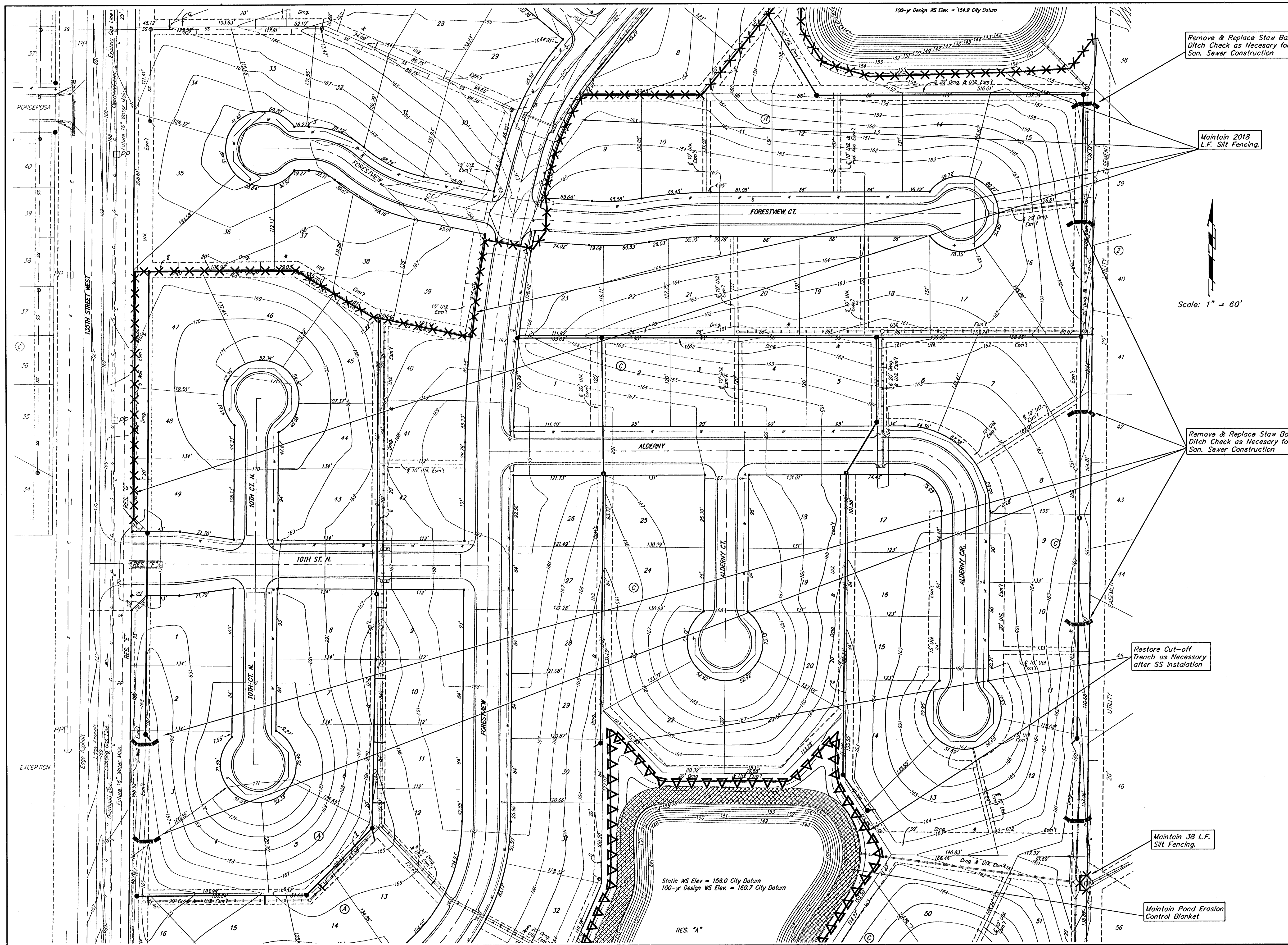
Pnt	Northing	Existing	Prop
1	27012.665	15807.785	from
2	26971.678	15836.746	from
3	26796.575	15913.179	from
4	26774.699	15868.624	from
5	26794.699	15868.627	from
6	26574.160	15827.816	from
7	26530.690	15931.677	from
8	26531.304	15978.176	from
9	26516.193	15863.179	from
10	26574.690	15867.183	from
11	26577.443	15752.492	from
12	26501.306	15732.469	from
13	26565.300	15811.441	from
14	26567.300	15811.441	from
15	26565.300	15702.216	from
16	26527.300	15702.216	from
17	26528.047	15682.617	from
18	26528.047	15682.617	from
19	26278.300	15582.008	from
20	26278.300	15582.008	from
21	26172.300	15467.228	from
22	26172.300	15467.228	from
23	26172.300	15467.228	from
24	26172.300	15467.228	from
25	26172.300	15467.228	from
26	26162.744	16116.214	from
27	26162.744	16116.214	from
28	25941.276	16111.533	from
29	25941.276	16177.527	from
30	26012.036	15980.615	from
31	26012.036	15944.673	from
32	26278.282	15742.399	from
33	26278.282	15742.399	from
34	26106.686	15712.339	from
35	26106.686	15712.339	from
36	26106.686	15712.339	from
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47	26106.686	15712.339	from
48	26106.686	15712.339	from
49	26106.686	15712.339	from
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51	26106.686	15712.339	from
52	26106.686	15712.339	from

**Baughman** Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I  
**Coordinate Sheet**  
 Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Ellis St. Wichita, KS 67211 P316262771 F3162620149  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

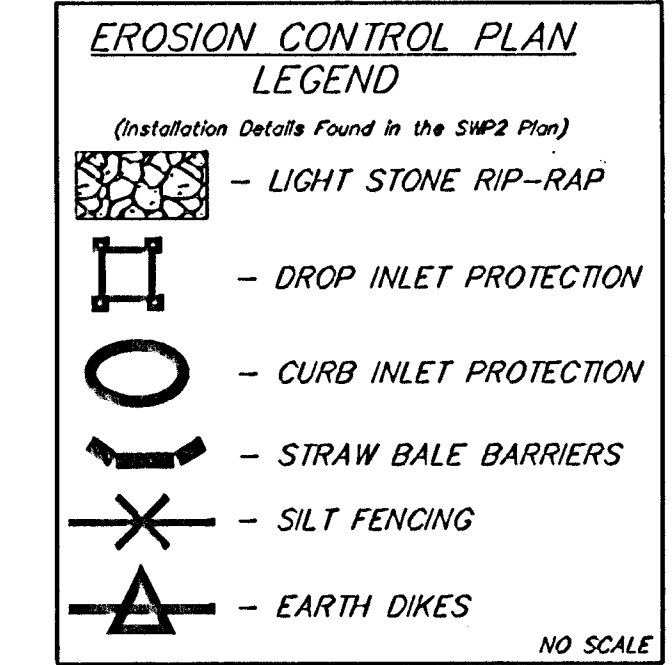
PROJECT NUMBER 468-83730	DESIGN JAK	DRAWN JAK
REVISIONS:	APPROVED	DATE 11/05
	SCALE 1" = 100'	SHEET 14 OF 21

Liberty park 3rd Phase I SSS Coord



- NOTES:**
1. This Plan Is Not To Be Used As A Comprehensive Grading Plan. All Spot Elevations Are Proposed & Subject To Change.
  2. Each Lot Area Disturbed By Construction Shall Be The Responsibility Of Each Individual Homeowner. Owner Responsible To Follow All SWPP Plans & Guidelines For The Area.
  3. Erosion Control Matting and/or Other Approved Bank Stabilization w/Seeding & Fertilizer Shall Be Installed at Engineered Channels or Sedimentation Basins Where The Designed Sideslopes Will be Greater Than 8:1. All Other Disturbed Areas Shall be Seeded, Fertilized, & Mulched As Follows:  
 SEED --  
 150 lbs. per acre of K-31 Fescue.  
 200 lbs. per acre of Annual Rye.  
 50 lbs. per acre of Bromo  
 FERTILIZER --  
 12-24-12 Ratio - 350 lbs./ac.  
 MULCH --  
 2 Tons of Prairie Hay or Bromegrass Hay per Acre "Patted" w/Forks Or Punched Into Soil To Reduce Loss Due To Wind.
  4. Install 6" Wide Curlex/Excelsior Blanket, or Approved Equal, on Prepared Surface Back of Curb. Edge of Blanket Will Be At Back of Curb. Install Per Manufactures Recommendation, Including Staples.
  5. The Earth Dikes Constructed Around the Ponds May be Substituted with Silt Fence with Approval of Developer.
  6. All Seeding Shall Be Drilled During Spring or Fall Planting Seasons. Fall Seeding Shall Be September 1 thru Mid October. Spring Seeding Shall be From March 15 thru Mid May.
  7. Install Curlex/Excelsior Blanket, or Approved Equal, on Prepared Surface where Soil Has Been Disturbed Due To Construction of Drive Entrances Joining into the Exist. Arterial Street.

Scale: 1" = 60'



EROSION CONTROL MEASURE	UNITS	QUANTITY
SILT FENCE	L.F.	maintain
RIPRAP	S.Y.	-
DROP INLET BARRIER	EA.	-
CURB INLET BARRIER	EA.	-
STRAW BALE DITCH CHECK	EA.	-
EARTHEN DIKES	L.F.	maintain
CURLEX	S.Y.	-
POND E.C. BLANKET	S.Y.	maintain
Construction Entrance	EA.	1

QUANTITIES ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY!  
 CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY QUANTITIES PER SPECIFIC ENGINEERING PLAN SHEET.

**Baughman** Liberty Park 2nd & 3rd Addition - Phase I  
**EROSION CONTROL PLAN**  
 Sanitary Sewer Improvements

Baughman Company, P.A. 315 Silas St. Widener, KS 67111 P 316-362-2211 F 316-362-0149  
 ENGINEERING | SURVEYING | PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

PROJECT NUMBER	DESIGN
JAK	JAK
APPROVED	DATE
	3/01/06

REVISIONS:

SCALE  
 1" = 100'  
 SHEET  
**15 OF 21**

Liberty park 3rd Phase I/SS Erosion

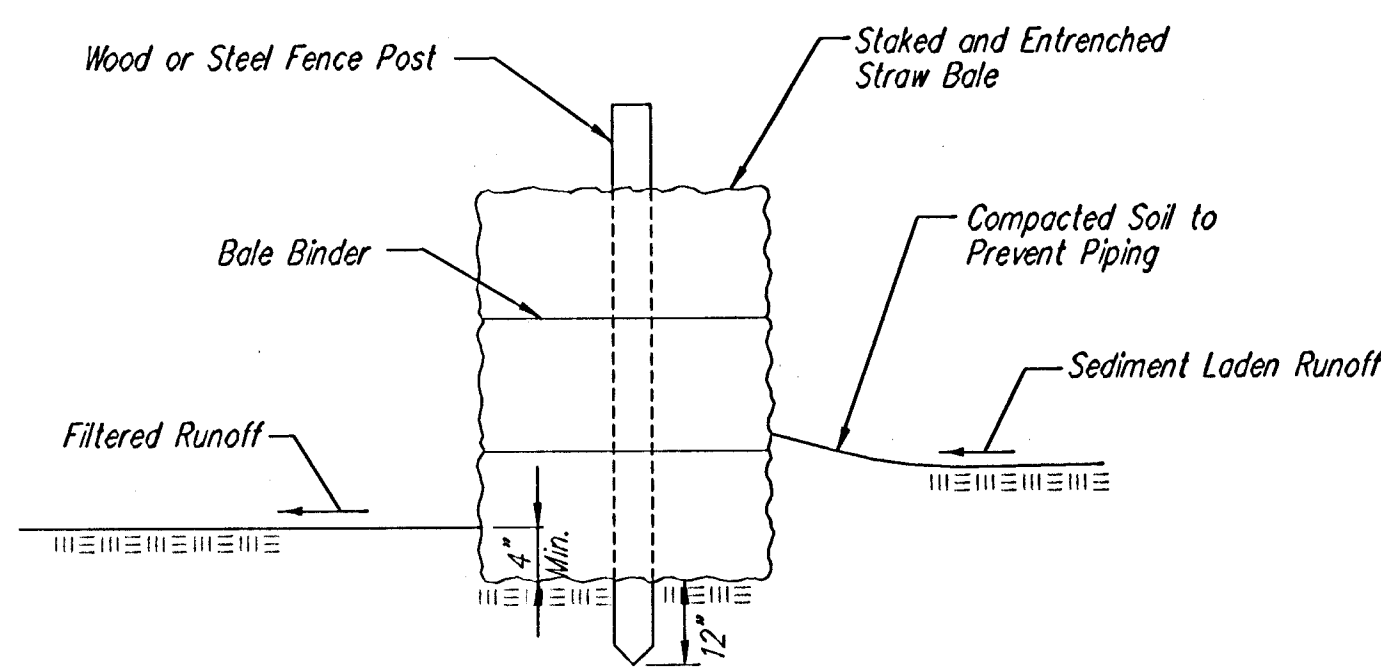
Restore Cut-off Trench as Necessary after SS installation

Maintain 38 L.F. Silt Fencing.

Maintain Pond Erosion Control Blanket

Static WS Elev = 158.0 City Datum  
 100-yr Design WS Elev = 160.7 City Datum

RES. "A"



**STRAW BALE BARRIERS**

**Material Specification:**

Bale slope barriers may be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long.

**Placement:**

A slope barrier should be used at the toe of a slope when a ditch does not exist. The slope barrier should be placed on nearly level ground 5' to 10' away from the toe of a slope. The barrier is placed away from the toe of the slope to provide adequate storage for settling out sediment.

When practicable, bale slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow.

Bale slope barriers can also be placed along right-of-way fence lines to keep sediment from crossing onto adjacent property. When placed in this manner, the slope barrier will not likely follow contours.

**Proper installation method:**

Excavate a trench the length of the planned slope barrier that is 4" deep and a bale's width wide. Make sure that the trench is excavated along a single contour. When practicable, slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Place the soil on the upslope side of the trench for later use.

Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Two stakes should be driven through each bale along the centerline of the ditch check, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends. Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground.

Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the upslope side of the check and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep.

**List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:**

When practicable, do not place bale slope barriers across contours. Slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Concentrated flow over a slope barrier creates a scour hole on the downslope side of the barrier. The scour hole eventually undermines the bales and the barrier fails.

Do not place bale slope barriers in areas with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the barrier is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out.

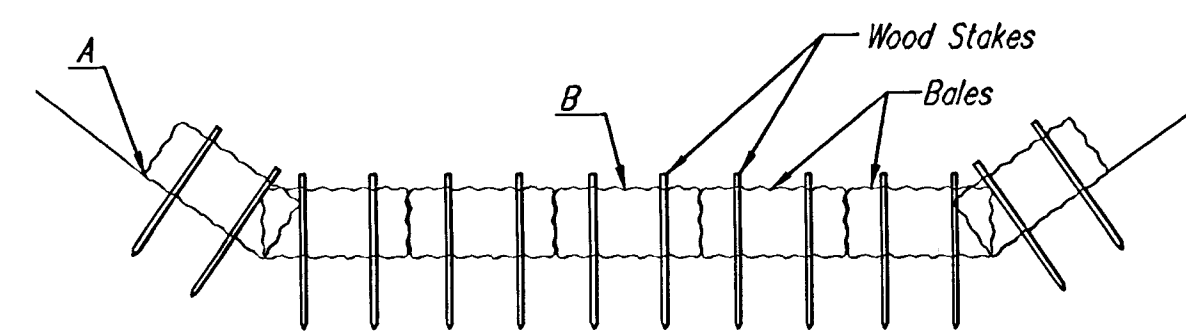
Bale slope barriers must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the barrier.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Bale slope barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Are there any points along the slope barrier where water is concentrating?
- Does water flow under the slope barrier?
- Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
- Are any bales dislodged?
- Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the slope barrier?

NOTE: Point A must be higher than Point B so that water flows over the bales and not around them.



**STRAW BALE DITCH CHECKS**

**Material Specification:**

Bale ditch checks may be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long.

Optional: The downstream scour apron should be constructed of a double-netted straw erosion-control blanket at least 6' wide.

Optional: The metal landscape staples used to anchor the erosion-control blanket should be at least 8" long.

**Placement:**

Bale ditch checks should be placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch.

The ditch check should extend far enough so that the ground level at the ends of the check is higher than the top of the lowest center bale. This prevents water from flowing around the check.

Checks should not be placed in ditches where high flows are expected. Rock checks should be used instead.

Bales should be placed in ditches with slopes of 6% or less. For slopes steeper than 6%, rock checks should be used.

The following table provides check spacing for a given ditch grade:

Ditch Check Spacing (%)	Check Spacing (feet)
0.5	200
1.0	200
2.0	100
3.0	65
4.0	50
5.0	40
6.0	30

**Proper installation method:**

Excavate a trench perpendicular to the ditch flowline that is 4" deep and a bale's width wide. Extend the trench in a straight line along the entire length of the proposed ditch check. Place the soil on the upstream side of the trench—it will be used later.

Optional: On the downstream side of the trench, roll out a length of erosion-control blanket (scour apron) equal to the length of the trench. Place the upstream edge of the erosion-control blanket along the bottom upstream edge of the trench. The erosion control blanket should be anchored in the trench with one row of 8" landscape staples placed on 18" centers. The remainder of the erosion-control blanket (the portion that is not lying in the trench) will serve as the downstream scour apron. This section of the blanket should be anchored to the ground with 8" landscape staples placed around the perimeter of the blanket on 18" centers.

The remainder of the blanket should be anchored using two evenly spaced rows of 8" landscape staples on 18" centers placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Two stakes should be driven through each bale along the centerline of the ditch check, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends. Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground.

Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the upstream side of the check and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep and extend upstream no more than 24".

**List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:**

Do not place a bale ditch check directly in front of a culvert outlet. It will not stand up to the concentrated flow.

Do not place bale ditch checks in ditches that will likely experience high flows. They will not stand up to concentrated flow.

Follow prescribed ditch-check spacing guidelines. If spacing guidelines are exceeded, erosion will occur between the ditch checks.

Do not allow water to flow around the ditch check. Make sure that the ditch check is long enough so that the ground level at the ends of the check is higher than the top of the lowest center bale.

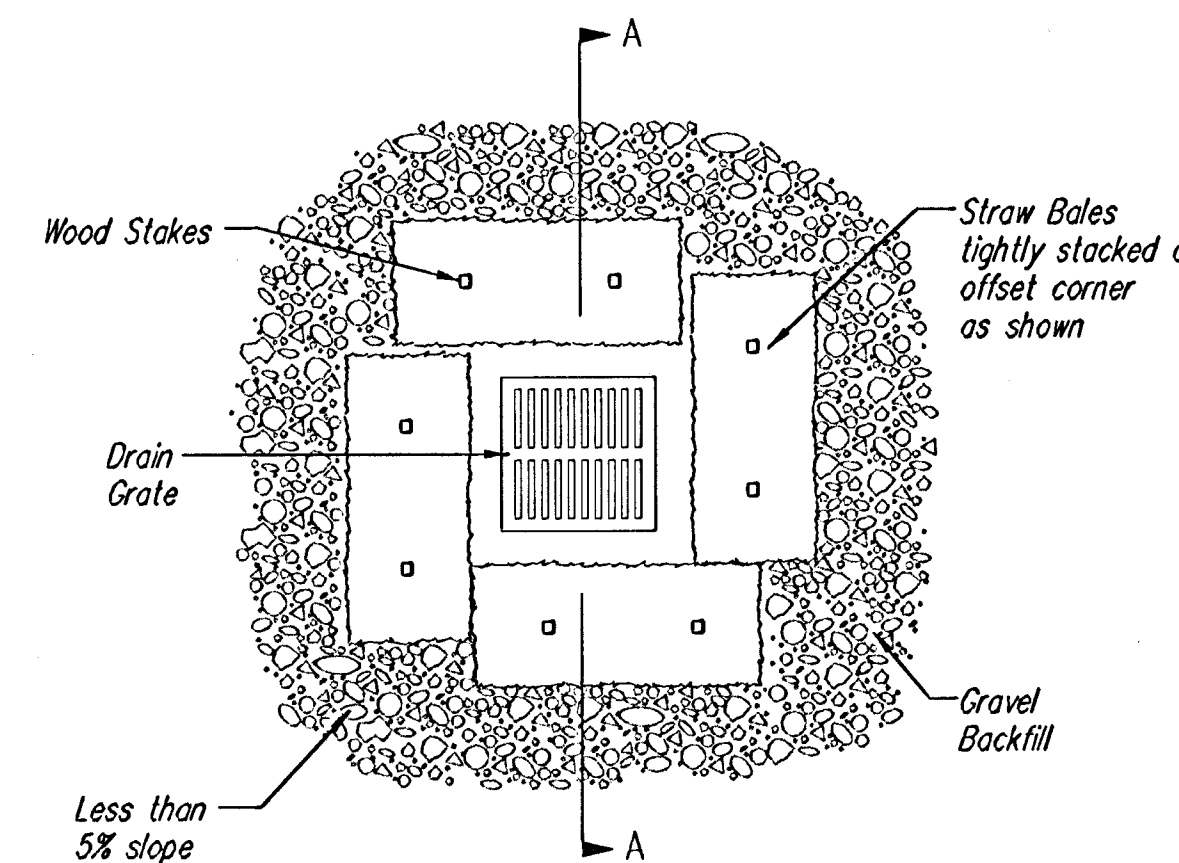
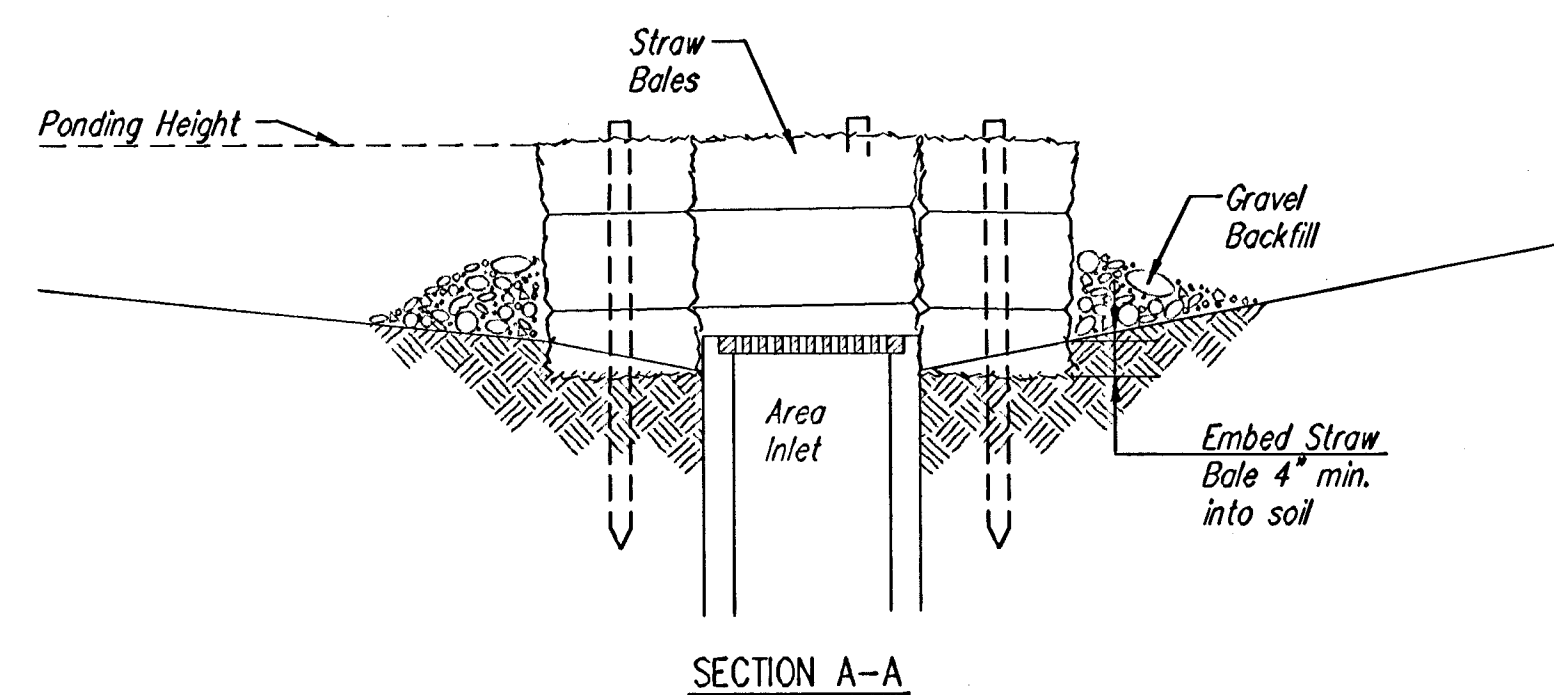
Do not place bale ditch checks in channels with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the check is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out.

Bale ditch checks must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the check.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Bale ditch checks should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Does water flow around the ditch check?
- Does water flow under the ditch check?
- Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
- Are any bales and/or scour aprons (optional) dislodged?
- Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the ditch check?



**STRAW BALE BARRIERS FOR AREA INLETS (INLET PROTECTION)**

**Material Specification:**

Bale area inlet barriers should be constructed of wheat straw, oat straw, prairie hay, or bromegrass hay that is free of weeds declared noxious by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The stakes used to anchor the bales should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long.

**Placement:**

Bale area inlet barriers should be placed directly around the perimeter of a drop inlet. When a bale area inlet barrier is located near an inlet that has steep approach slopes, the storage capacity behind the barrier is drastically reduced. Timely removal of sediment must occur for a barrier to operate properly in this location.

**Proper Installation Method:**

Excavate a trench around the perimeter of the area inlet that is at least 4" deep by a bale's width wide.

Place the bales in the trench, making sure that they are butted tightly. Some bales may need to be shortened to fit into the trench around the area inlet. Two stakes should be driven through each bale, approximately 6" to 8" in from the bale ends.

Stakes should be driven at least 12" into the ground. Once all the bales have been installed and anchored, place the excavated soil against the receiving side of the barrier and compact it. The compacted soil should be no more than 3" to 4" deep.

Note: When a bale area inlet barrier is placed in a shallow median ditch, make sure that the top of the barrier is not higher than the paved road. In this configuration, water may spread onto the roadway causing a hazardous condition.

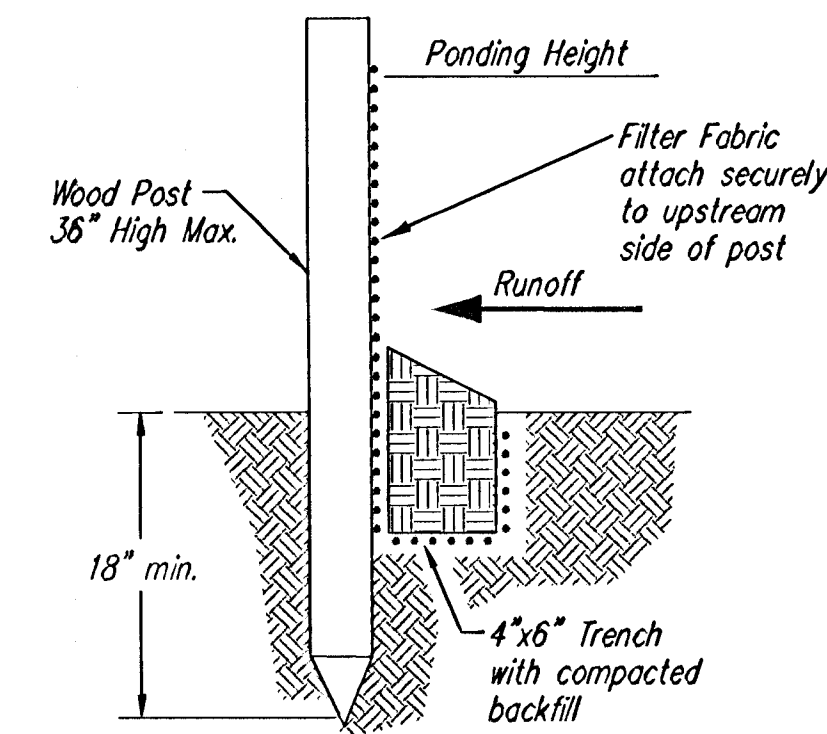
**List of common placement installation mistakes to avoid:**

Bales should be placed directly against the perimeter of the area inlet. This allows overtopping water to flow directly into the inlet instead of onto nearby soil causing scour. Bale area inlet barriers must be dug into the ground. Bales at ground level do not work because they allow water to flow under the barrier.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Bale area inlet barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Does water flow under the area inlet barrier?
- Does water flow through spaces between abutting bales?
- Are any bales dislodged?
- Are bales decomposing due to age and/or water damage?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the area inlet barrier?



**SILT FENCE BARRIERS**

**SILT FENCE BARRIERS**

**Material Specification:**

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

**Placement:**

A slope barrier should be used at the toe of a slope when a ditch does not exist. The slope barrier should be placed on nearly level ground 5' to 10' away from the toe of a slope. The barrier is placed away from the toe of the slope to provide adequate storage for settling out sediment.

When practicable, silt fence slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow.

Silt fence slope barriers can also be placed along right-of-way fence lines to keep sediment from crossing onto adjacent property. When placed in this manner, the slope barrier will not likely follow contours.

**Proper installation method:**

Excavate a trench the length of the planned slope barrier that is 6" deep by 4" wide. Make sure that the trench is excavated along a single contour. When practicable, slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. Place the soil on the upslope side of the trench for later use.

Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downslope side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upslope edge. Line all three sides of the trench with the fabric. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt-fence fabric should remain exposed.

Lay the exposed silt fence upslope of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downslope of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 18". Place posts no more than 4' apart.

Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

**List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:**

When practicable, do not place silt fence slope barriers across contours. Slope barriers should be placed along contours to avoid a concentration of flow. When the flow concentrates, it overtops the barrier and the silt fence slope barrier quickly deteriorates.

Do not place silt-fence posts on the upslope side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail.

Do not place silt fence slope barriers in areas with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the barrier is not sufficiently anchored, it will wash out.

Silt fence slope barriers must be dug into the ground—silt fence at ground level does not work because water will flow underneath.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Silt fence slope barriers should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Are there any points along the slope barrier where water is concentrating?
- Does water flow under the slope barrier?
- Do the silt fences sag excessively?
- Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the slope barrier?

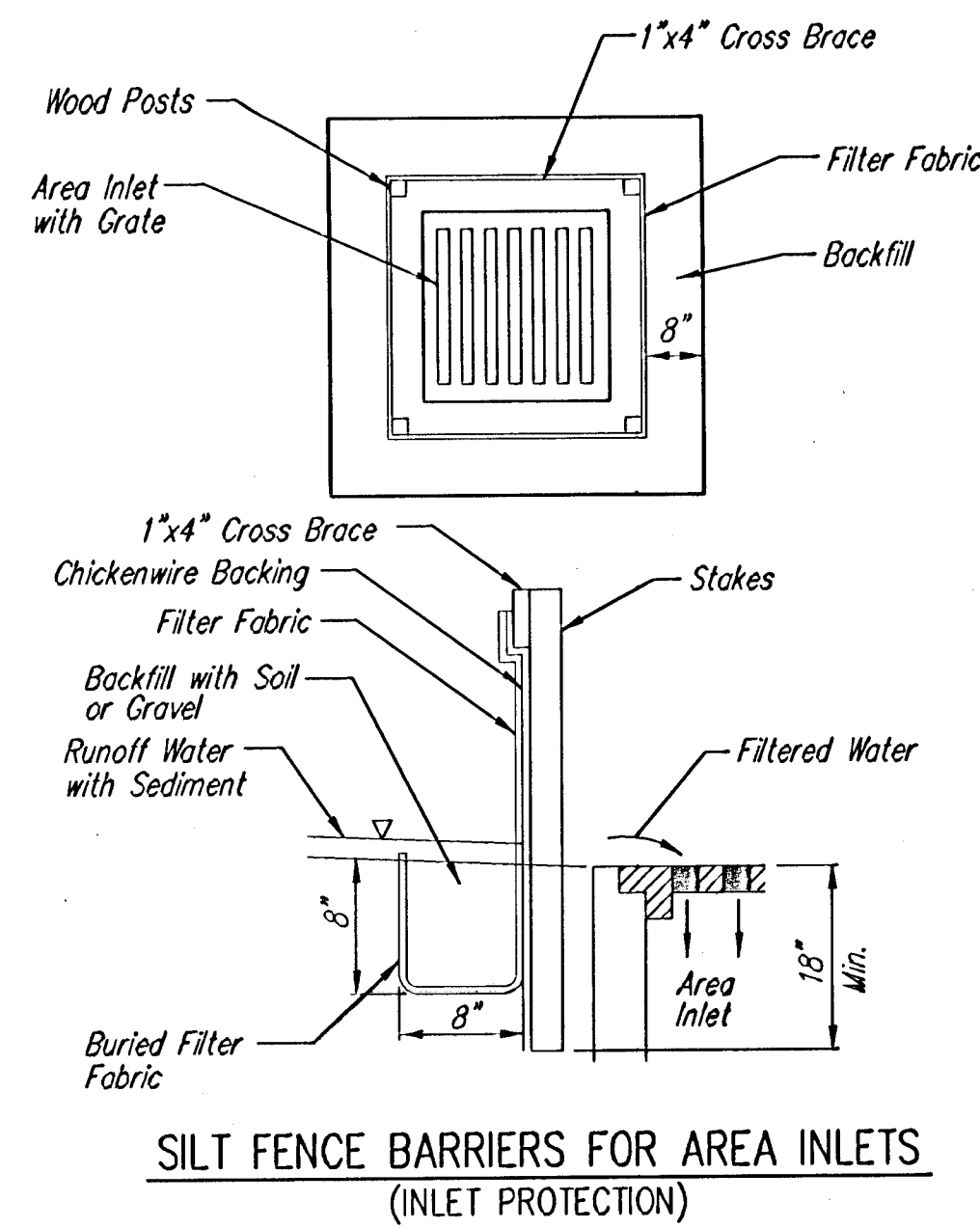


**SOIL EROSION BMP DETAILS**

CHRISTOPHER M. CARRIER, P.E.  
STORM WATER ENGINEER

PROJECT NUMBER: 468-83730      OCA NO.: 744175

DATE: 3/01/06      SHEET 16 OF 21



**Material Specification:**

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The wire or polymeric mesh backing used to help support the silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. The material used to frame the tops of the posts should be 1" by 4" boards. Silt fence fabric and support backing should be attached to the wooden posts and frame with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

**Placement:**

Place a silt fence drop inlet barrier in a location where it is unlikely to be overtopped. Water should flow through silt fence, not over it. Silt fence barriers for area inlets often fail when repeatedly overtopped. When used as a barrier for area inlets, silt fence fabric and posts must be supported at the top by a wooden frame. When a silt fence barrier for area inlets is located near an inlet that has steep approach slopes, the storage capacity behind the barrier is drastically reduced. Timely removal of sediment must occur for a barrier to operate properly in this location.

**Proper installation method:**

Excavate a trench around the perimeter of the area inlet that is at least 8" deep by 8" wide. Drive posts to a depth of at least 18" around the perimeter of the area inlet. The distance between posts should be 4' or less. If the distance between two adjacent corner posts is more than 4', add another post(s) between them. Connect the tops of all the posts with a wooden frame made of 1" by 4" boards. Use nails or screws for fastening. Attach the wire or polymeric-mesh backing to the outside of the post/frame structure with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric long enough to wrap around the perimeter of the area inlet. Add more length for overlapping the fabric joint. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench, starting at the outside edge of the trench. Line all three sides of the trench with the fabric. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt fence fabric should remain exposed. Attach the silt fence to the outside of the post/frame structure with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails. The joint should be overlapped to the next post.

Note: When a silt fence barrier for area inlet is placed in a shallow median ditch, make sure that the top of the barrier is not higher than the paved road. In this configuration, water may spread onto the roadway causing a hazardous condition.

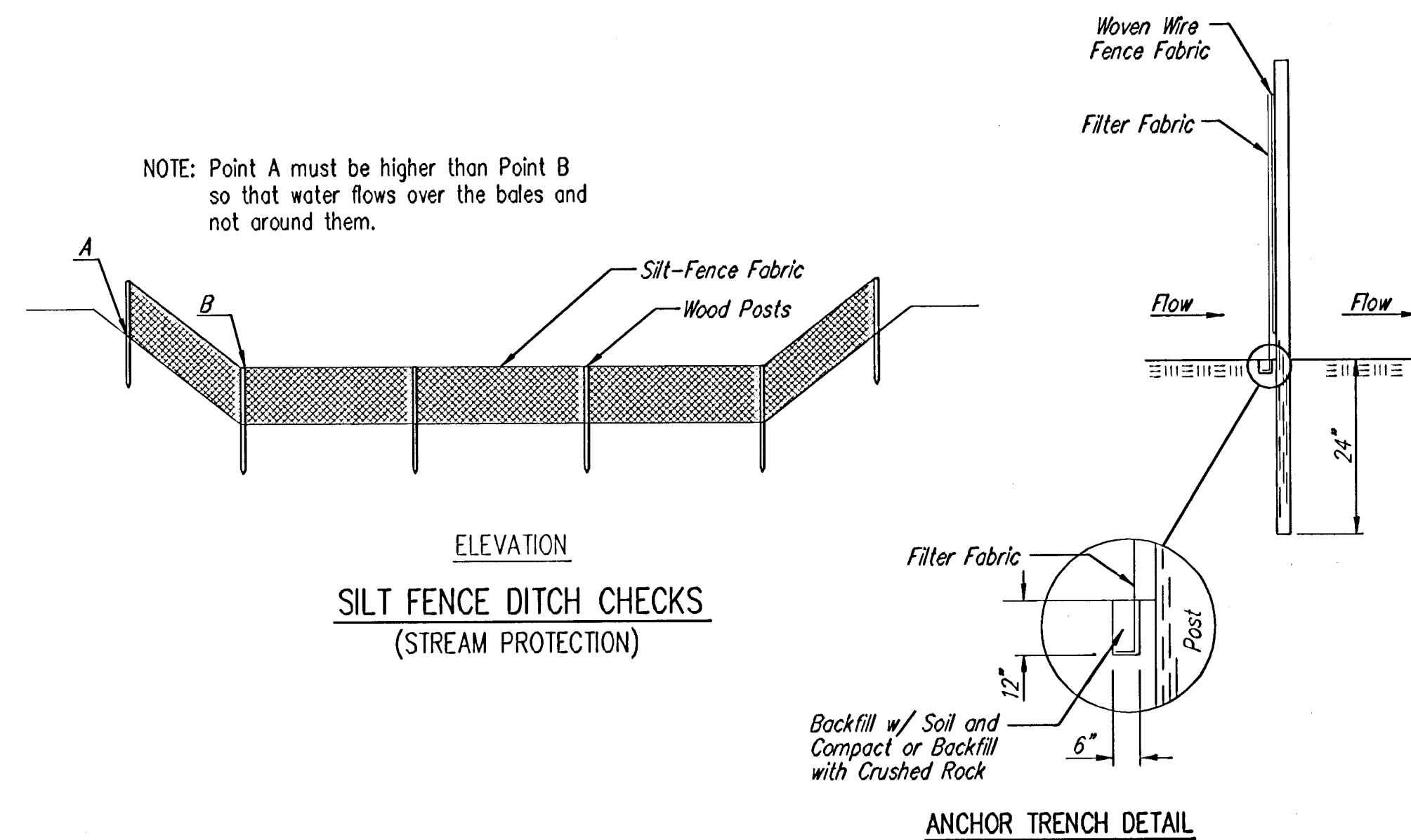
**List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:**

Water should flow through a silt fence barrier for area inlet—not over it. Place a silt fence barrier for area inlet in a location where it is unlikely to be overtopped. Silt fence barrier for area inlets often fail when repeatedly overtopped. Do not place posts on the outside of the silt fence barrier for area inlet. In this configuration, the force of the water is not resisted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip-ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not install silt fence barrier for area inlets without framing the top of the posts. The corner posts around area inlets are stressed in two directions whereas a normal silt fence is only stressed in one direction. This added stress requires more support.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Silt fence barrier for area inlets should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Does water flow under the silt fence?
- Does the silt fence sag excessively?
- Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the area inlet barrier?



**Material Specification:**

Silt fence fabric should conform to the AASHTO M288 96 silt fence specification. The posts used to support the silt fence fabric should be a hardwood material with the following minimum dimensions: 2" square (nominal) by 4' long. Silt fence fabric should be attached to the wooden posts with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

**Placement:**

Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check, not over it. Silt fence ditch checks often fail when overtopped. Silt fence ditch checks should be placed perpendicular to the flowline of the ditch. The silt fence should extend far enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the top of the low point of the fence. This prevents water from flowing around the check. Checks should not be placed in ditches where high flows are expected. Rock checks should be used instead. Silt fence should be placed in ditches with slopes of 6% or less. For slopes steeper than 6%, rock checks should be used.

The following table provides check spacing for a given ditch grade:

Ditch Check Ditch grade (%)	Spacing Check Spacing (feet)
0.5	200
1.0	200
2.0	100
3.0	65
4.0	50
5.0	40
6.0	30

**Proper installation method:**

Excavate a trench perpendicular to the ditch flowline that is at least 12" deep by 6" wide. Extend the trench in a straight line along the entire length of the proposed ditch check. Place the soil on the upstream side of the trench for later use. Roll out a continuous length of silt fence fabric on the downstream side of the trench. Place the edge of the fabric in the trench starting at the top upstream edge of the trench. Line two sides of the trench with the fabric as shown on detail. Backfill over the fabric in the trench with the excavated soil and compact. After filling the trench, approximately 24" to 36" of silt fence fabric should remain exposed. Lay the exposed silt fence on the upstream side of the trench to clear an area for driving in the posts. Just downstream of the trench, drive posts into the ground to a depth of at least 24". Place posts no more than 4' apart. Attach the silt fence to the anchored post with staples, wire, zip ties, or nails.

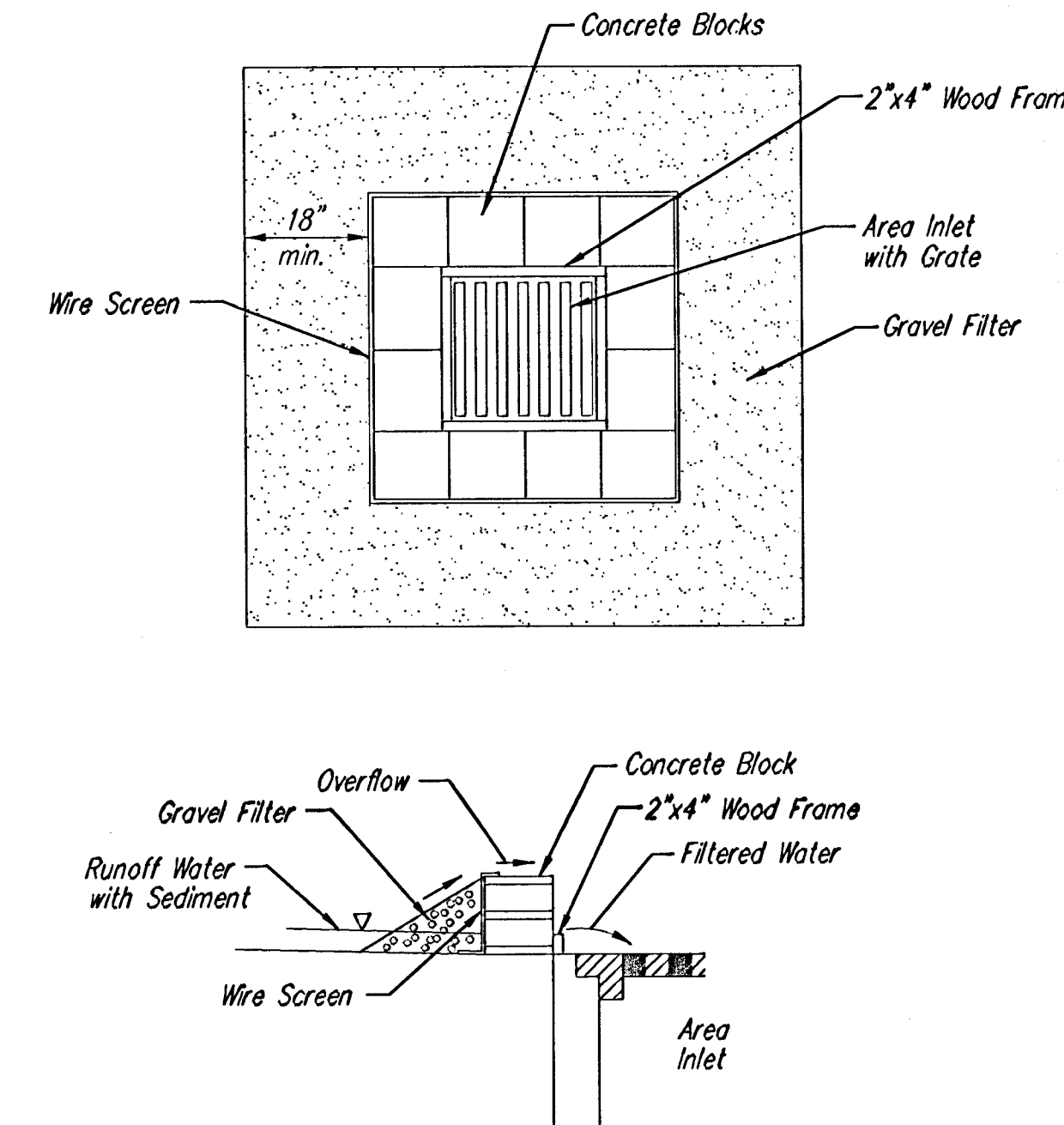
**List of common placement/installation mistakes to avoid:**

Water should flow through a silt fence ditch check—not over it. Place silt fence in ditches where it is unlikely that it will be overtopped. Silt fence installations quickly deteriorate when water overtops them. Do not place silt fence posts on the upstream side of the silt fence fabric. In this configuration, the force of the water is not restricted by the posts, but only by the staples (wire, zip ties, nails, etc.). The silt fence will rip and fail. Do not place a silt fence ditch check directly in front of a culvert outlet. It will not stand up to the concentrated flow. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in ditches that will likely experience high flows. They will not stand up to concentrated flow. Follow prescribed ditch check spacing guidelines. If spacing guidelines are exceeded, erosion will occur between the ditch checks. Do not allow water to flow around the ditch check. Make sure that the ditch check is long enough so that the ground level at the ends of the fence is higher than the low point on the top of the fence. Do not place silt fence ditch checks in channels with shallow soils underlain by rock. If the check is not anchored sufficiently, it will wash out.

**Inspection and Maintenance:**

Silt fence ditch checks should be inspected every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall of 1/2" or more. The following is a list of questions that should be addressed during each inspection:

- Does water flow around the ditch check?
- Does water flow under the ditch check?
- Does the silt fence sag excessively?
- Has the silt fence torn or become detached from the posts?
- Does sediment need to be removed from behind the ditch check?



**CONCRETE BLOCK FILTER FOR AREA DRAIN (INLET PROTECTION)**

Gravel barriers provide little filtering of large inflow waters. However, when installed correctly and maintained, they can effectively treat low runoff flows.

Placement of gravel filters around area drains must be completed in a manner that will not cause local flooding.

Gravel filters can be used if the immediate and adjacent area to the area drain consists of soil or pavement.

Only gravel filters are to be installed on top of the pavement.

**Instructions for Installing:**

- STEP 1: Place concrete blocks around the grate. The blocks can be stacked one or two high and should be supported by a 2"x4" board.
- STEP 2: Wrap 1/2" mesh wire screen around the concrete blocks.
- STEP 3: Place 1" to 1-1/2" diameter rock around the blocks and wire screen. Be sure the rock extends down from the top of the concrete block.
- STEP 4: To prevent damage to vehicles, signs warning drivers about the structures may be necessary.

An alternative method is use of gravel bags that are supported to prevent collapsing.

Use of rock having diameters smaller than 1" may result in clogging of pores and reduce the amount of water flowing into an inlet.

**Maintenance:**

All gravel filters installed around area drains should be inspected and repaired after each runoff event. Sediment should be removed when material is within 3" of the top of any block. Periodically, the gravel should be raked to increase infiltration and filtering of runoff waters. Accumulated sediment is to be removed immediately from roads and streets after every runoff event.

\* FOR INFORMATION ONLY  
 1 EA. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE  
 \* TO BE PAID FOR AS THE LUMP SUM BID ITEM "EROSION CONTROL BMP'S"

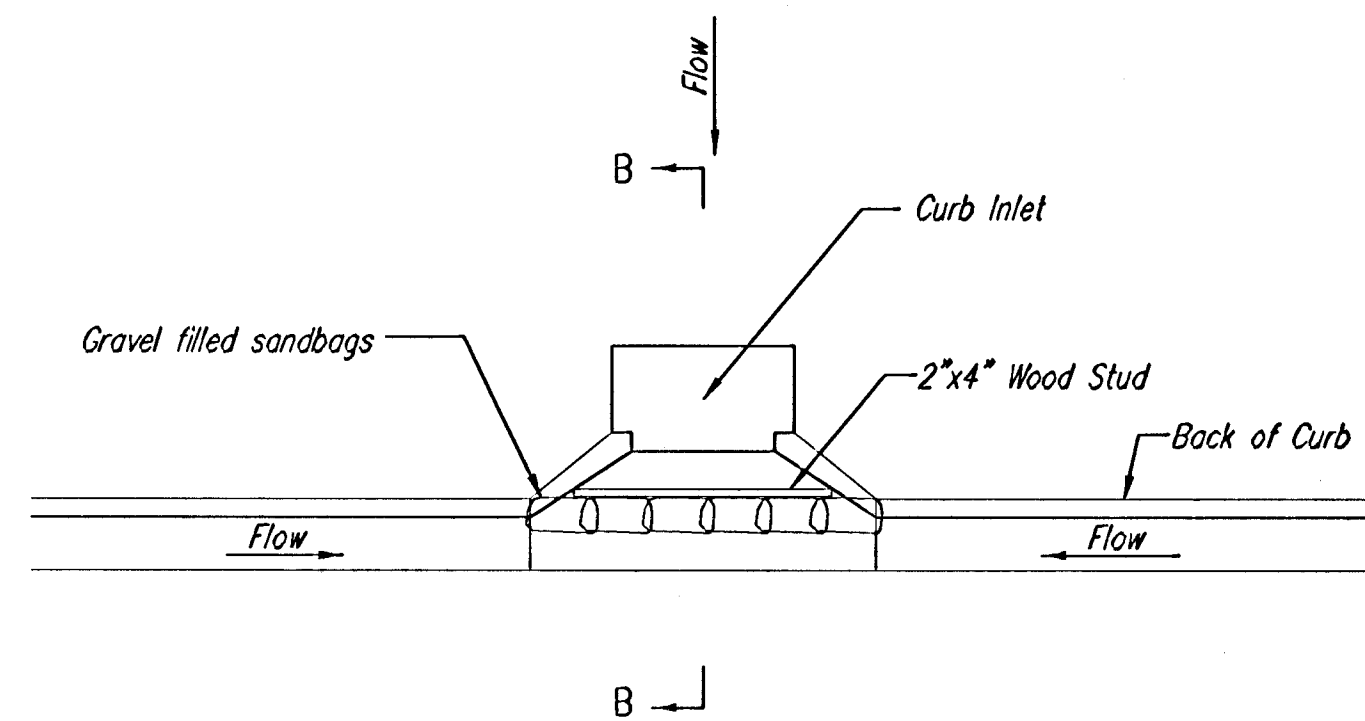
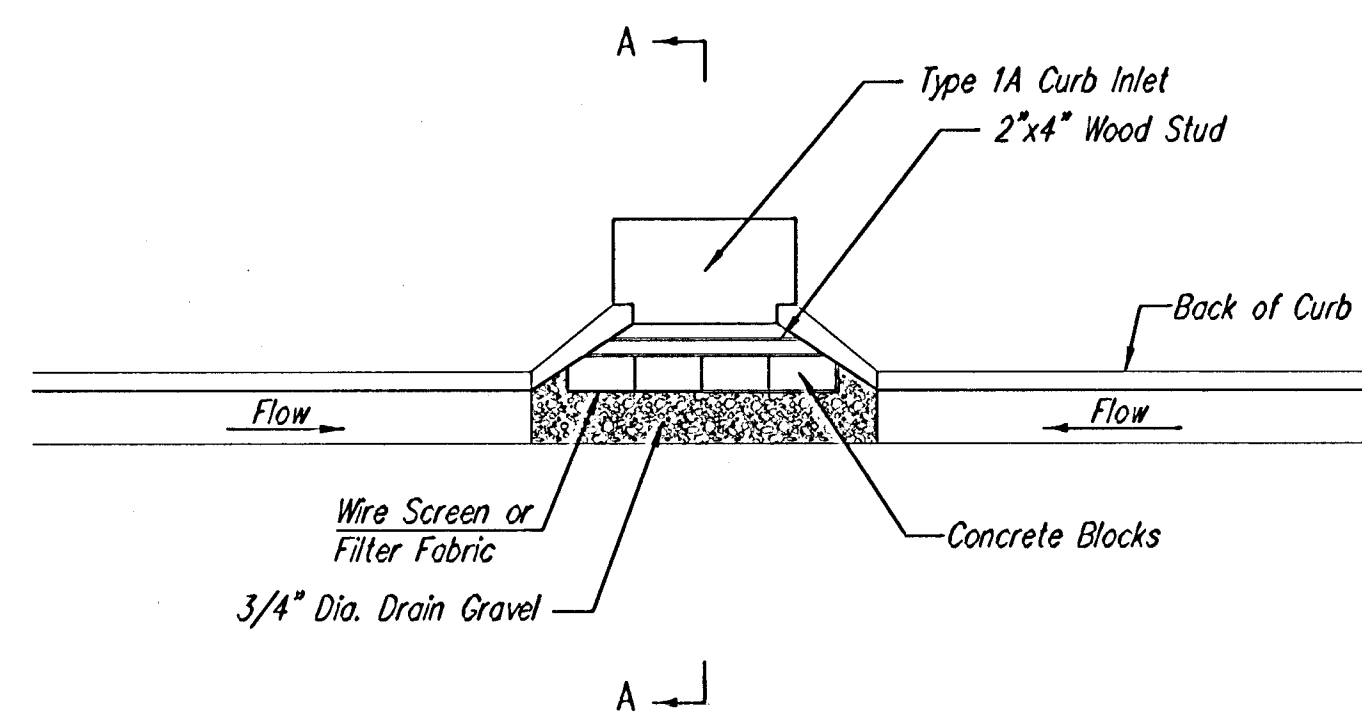
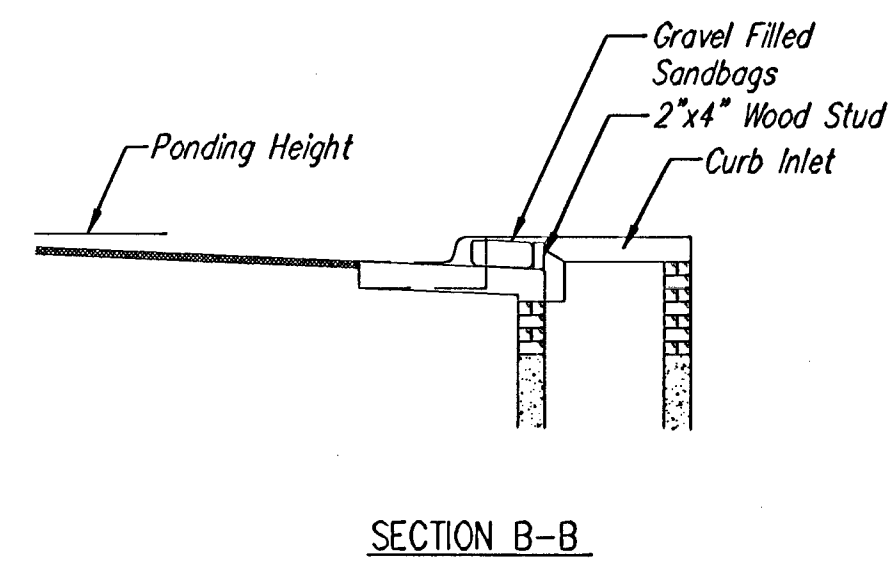
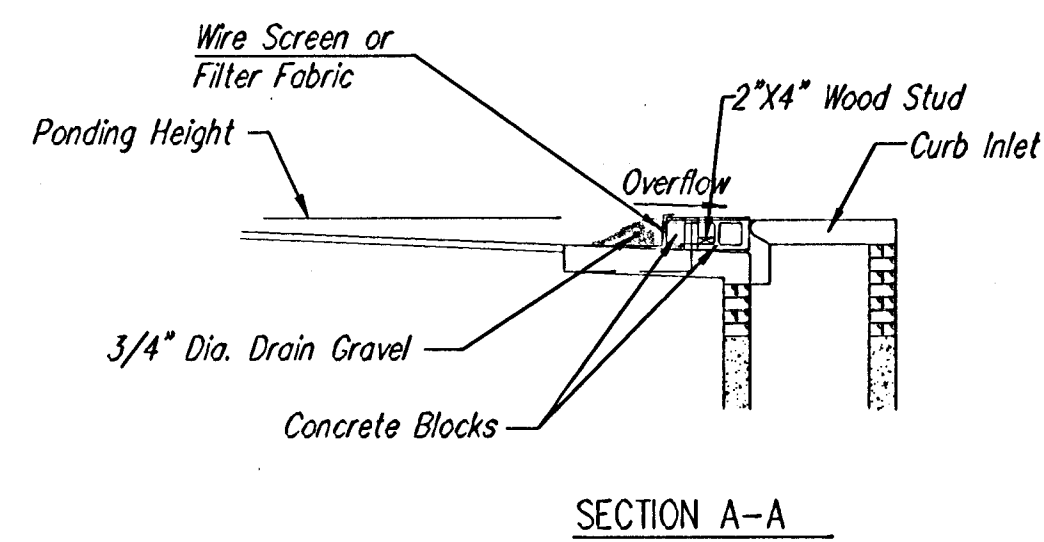
**SOIL EROSION  
BMP DETAILS**

CHRISTOPHER M. CARRIER, P.E.  
STORM WATER ENGINEER

PROJECT NUMBER: 468-83730  
OCA NO.: 744175

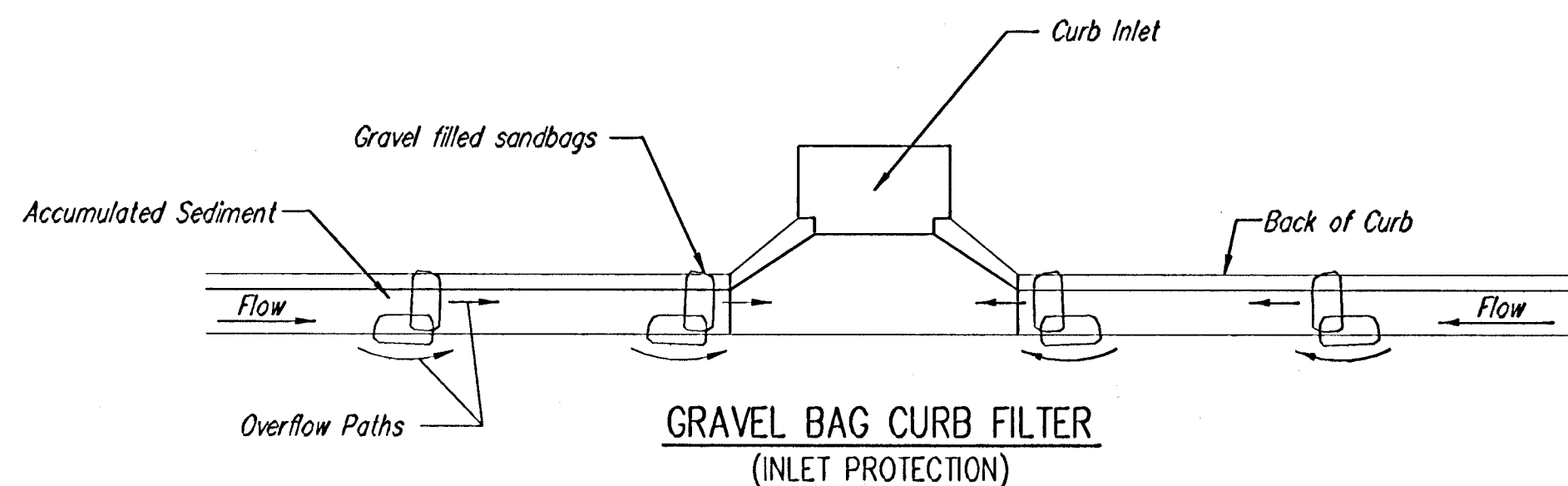
DATE: 3/01/06

SHEET 17 OF 21



**CURB INLET SANDBAG FILTERS**  
(INLET PROTECTION)

NOTE: Other types of curb inlet protection may be approved by the City so long as equal protection is provided.



**GRAVEL BAG CURB FILTER**  
(INLET PROTECTION)

NOTE: Place two or more sets of bags in a manner that results in maximum support. The flow line bag must be lower than top of curb.

**CURB SEDIMENT TRAPS**

When inlets are located on streets having a grade (i.e., sump conditions do not exist), installing gravel (or sand) bags in the gutter flow line to create small sediment traps can be considered. Gravel bags are recommended over sand bags to allow for drainage.

If the spacing between bags becomes too large, little sediment may be trapped. Spacing of bags should be completed using the table or graph that illustrates placement distances based upon street slope. When installed in the gutter, bag tops must be lower than the sidewalk.

**Spacing:**

Gravel bags are to be placed according to street grades using the following table or graph that appears below.

GRADE (%)	SPACING (FEET)
0.5	75
1.0	45
2.0	18
3.0	12
4.0	9
5.0	6

**Maintenance:**

Collected sediment shall be removed after every runoff event. Bags that are destroyed by vehicular traffic or through natural deterioration are to be immediately replaced.

**CURB INLET GRAVEL FILTERS**  
(INLET PROTECTION-RESIDENTIAL STREETS ONLY)

NOTE: Other types of curb inlet protection may be approved by the city so long as equal protection is provided.

A gravel inlet filter shall be installed at sump locations on residential streets. This type of protection is not to be used on arterial or collector streets at any time that it would pose an undue traffic hazard.

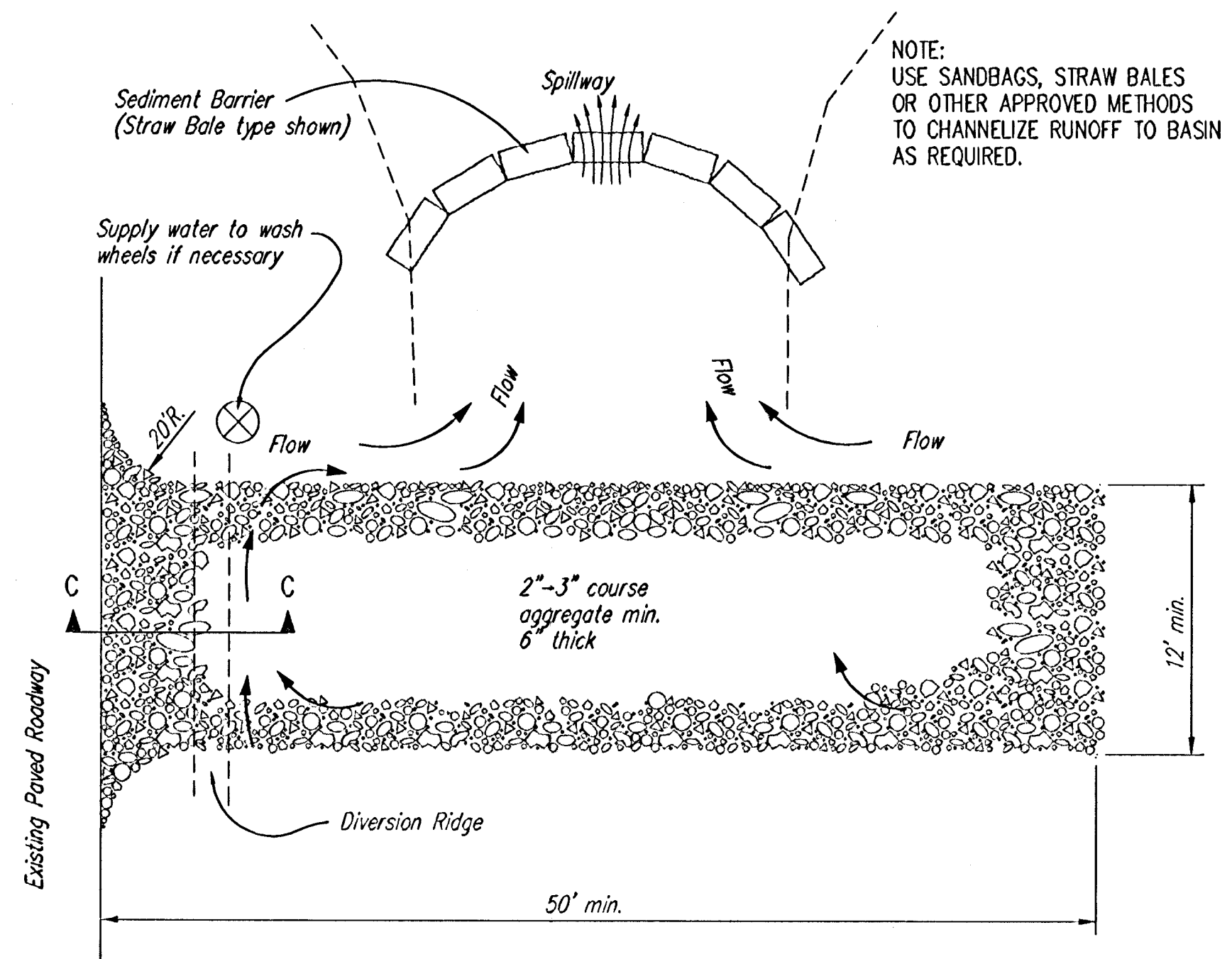
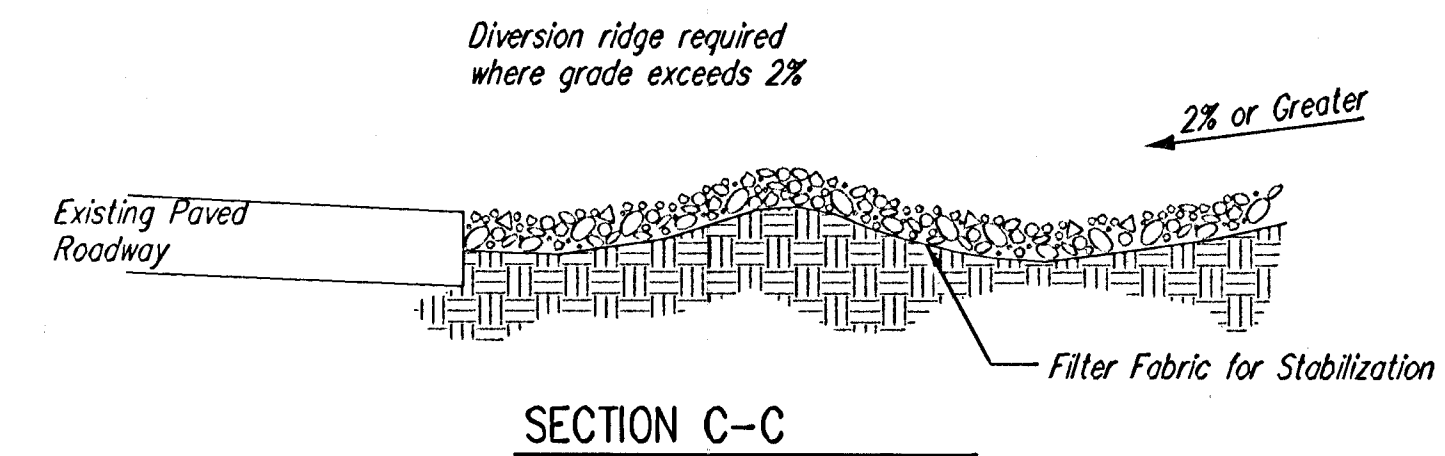
**Instructions for Installing:**

- STEP 1: Place concrete blocks around the inlet as shown on drawing. Insert 2x4 board as shown.
- STEP 2: Wrap 1/2" mesh wire screen around the concrete blocks.
- STEP 3: Place 1" to 1-1/2" diameter rock around the blocks and wire screen. Be sure the rock extends down from the top of the concrete block.
- STEP 4: To prevent damage to vehicles, signs warning drivers about the structures may be necessary. An alternative installation is the use of gravel bags supported by a 2"x4" board to prevent collapsing.

Use of rock with diameters smaller than 1" in the bag may result in clogging of pores and reduce the amount of water flowing into an inlet.

**Maintenance:**

All curb inlet gravel filters shall be inspected and repaired after each runoff event. Sediment deposits are to be removed once material is within 8 cm (3 inches) of the top of any block. Periodically, the gravel shall be raked to increase infiltration and filtering of runoff waters. Accumulated sediment is to be removed immediately from roads and streets.



**STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE**

**NOTES:**

1. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE TOP DRESSING, REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT.
2. WHEN NECESSARY, WHEELS SHALL BE CLEANED PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
3. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN, AS SHOWN ABOVE.
4. DRIVE ENTRANCES ONTO RESIDENTIAL LOTS WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO HAVE THE SEDIMENT BARRIER SHOWN, BUT WHEEL WASHING MAY BE REQUIRED IF STABILIZED ENTRANCE IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO KEEP MUD FROM BEING TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT STREET. ENTRANCE SHALL EXTEND FROM BACK OF CURB TO DWELLING.



**SOIL EROSION**  
**BMP DETAILS**

CHRISTOPHER M. CARRIER, P.E.  
STORM WATER ENGINEER

PROJECT NUMBER: 468-83730  
OCA NO.: 744175

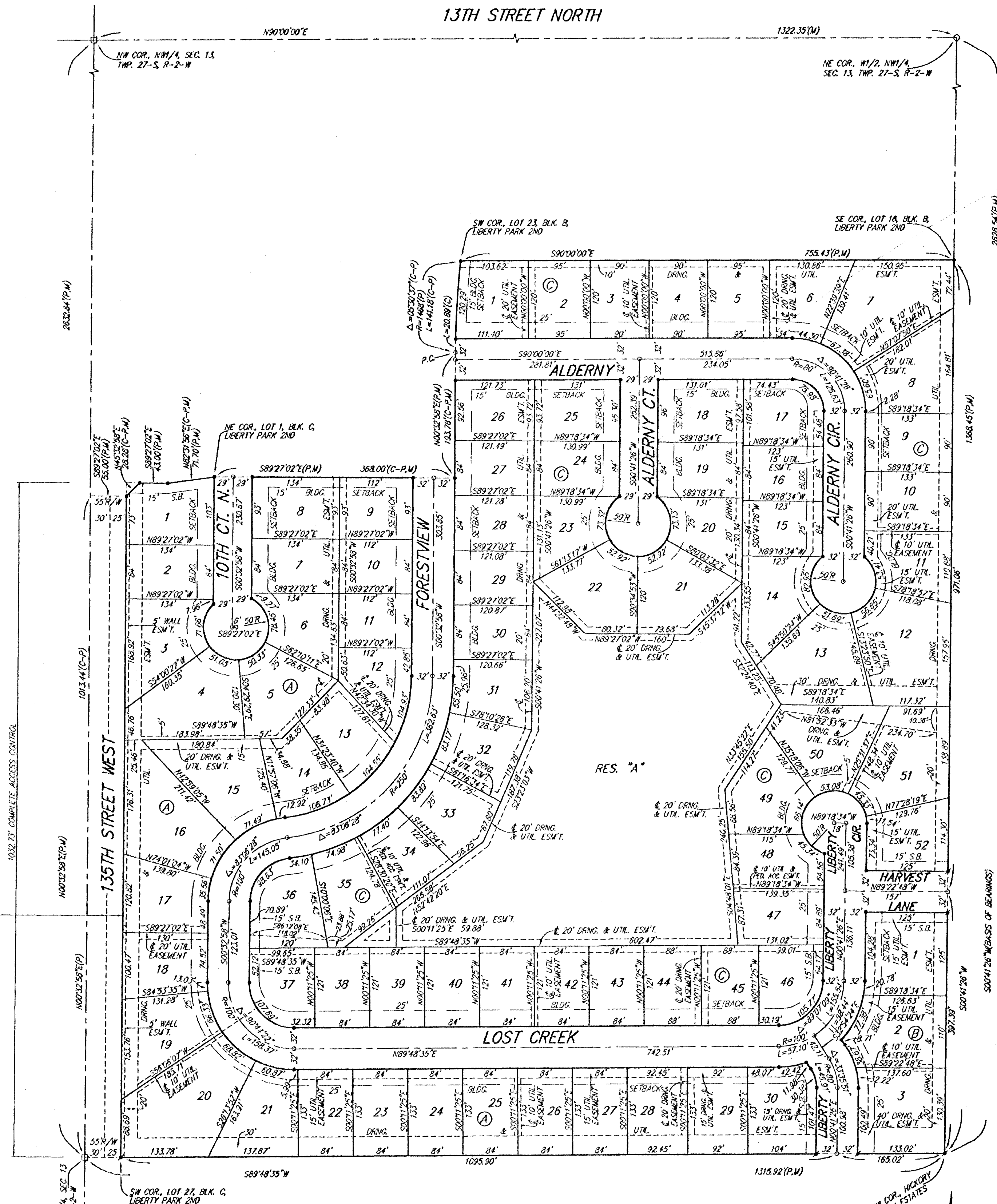
DATE: 3/01/06

SHEET 18 OF 21



# LIBERTY PARK 3RD

## AN ADDITION TO WICHITA, SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS



LOT	BLOCK	ELEVATION CITY DATUM
1-14	20-21	163.5
22-35	38-45	163.5
47-50	C	163.5

**BENCHMARKS:**  
 135TH ST. W. & 13TH ST. N. - CITY OF WICHITA DISC  
 AT SOUTHWEST CORNER OF INTERSECTION,  
 30.00' S. OF E. OF 13TH ST. N.  
 38.00' W. OF E. OF 135TH ST. W.  
 ELEV. = 168.25 CITY DATUM  
 (135565 NG1029)

SMALL RAILROAD SPIKE IN 2ND W.P. W. OF 135TH ST. W.  
 ON SOUTH SIDE OF 13TH ST. N. (N. FACE OF W.P.).  
 ELEV. = 122.10 CITY DATUM  
 (1359.50 NG1029)

600' NAIL IN HIGH LINE POLE, 800' W. &  
 31' N. OF THE NE COR., NW/4, SEC. 13,  
 TWP. 27-S, R-2-W  
 ELEV. = 162.68 CITY DATUM  
 (1350.08 NG1029)

- = #1 REBAR W/ "BAUGHMAN" CAP (SET)
- = #4 REBAR W/ "BAUGHMAN" CAP (FOUND)
- = 3/4" IRON W/ ALLEGORIC YELLOW CAP (FOUND)
- = 3/4" IRON W/ "SEDGWICK COUNTY" METAL CAP IN CONCRETE (FOUND)

(M) = MEASURED  
 (P) = PLATTED  
 (C-P) = CALCULATED PER PLATTED INFO

**NOTE:**  
 A master grading plan for drainage has been developed for this subdivision and is on file with the City of Wichita, Kansas. All drainage easements, rights-of-way, or reserves shall remain of established grades or as modified with the approval of the City Engineer of the City of Wichita, Kansas. No obstructions which impede the flow of this drainage system shall be allowed.

State of Kansas) SS We, Baughman Company, P.A., Surveyors in Sedgwick County) do hereby certify that we have surveyed and platted "LIBERTY PARK 3RD", an Addition to Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas and that the accompanying plat is a true and correct exhibit of the property surveyed, described as and being a replat of all of Lots 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39, Block B, Liberty Park 2nd, an Addition to Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas, together with all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37, Block C, in said Liberty Park 2nd, together with all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36, Block D, in said Liberty Park 2nd, together with all of Lots 1, 2, and 3, Block E, in said Liberty Park 2nd, together with all of Reserve "D", as platted in said Liberty Park 2nd, together with that part of Forestview lying south of the north line of Lot 9 in said Block C, as extended east to the west line of Lot 2 in said Block D, the most southerly Forestview Ct., 10th Ct. N. lying south of 10th St. N., Alderny, Alderny Ct., Liberty, Harvest Lane, Lost Creek, and Lost Creek Cr., all as dedicated in said Liberty Park 2nd.

Existing public easements and dedications being vacated by virtue of K.S.A. 12-512(b). All being situated in the NW/4 of Sec. 13, Twp. 27-S, R-2-W of the 6th P.M., Sedgwick County, Kansas.

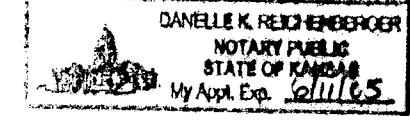
Michael G. Conrey, Surveyor  
 Michael G. Conrey

We, the undersigned holders of mortgages on the above described property, do hereby consent to this plat of "LIBERTY PARK 3RD", an Addition to Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas.

Legacy Bank  
 Brad E. Yaeger, s.v.p.  
 BRAD E. YAEGER

State of Kansas) SS The foregoing instrument acknowledged before me, this 7 day of July, 2004, by Brad E. Yaeger, s.v.p. of Legacy Bank, on behalf of the bank.

Danielle K. Reichenberger, Notary Public  
 My App't. Exp. 6/11/05



This plat of "LIBERTY PARK 3RD", an Addition to Wichita, Sedgwick County, Kansas has been submitted to and approved by the Wichita-Sedgwick County Metropolitan Area Planning Commission, Wichita, Kansas. Dated this 2nd day of April, 2004. Wichita-Sedgwick County Metropolitan Area Planning Commission

Ronald L. Marnell, Chair  
 John E. Schlegel, Secretary

This plat approved and all dedications shown herein accepted by the City Council of the City of Wichita, Kansas, this 2nd day of August, 2004.

Carlos Mirans, Mayor  
 Karen Sublett, City Clerk

Reviewed in accordance with K.S.A. 58-2005 on this 4th day of July, 2004.

Tricia L. Robello, L.S. #1246  
 Deputy County Surveyor  
 Sedgwick County, Kansas

Entered on transfer record this 25th day of August, 2004.  
 Don Broca, County Clerk

State of Kansas) SS This is to certify that this plat has been filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds, this 3rd day of August, 2004 at 3:01 o'clock P.M. and is duly recorded.

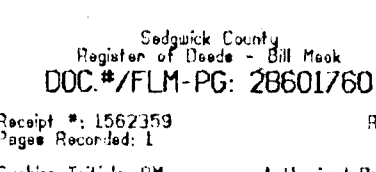
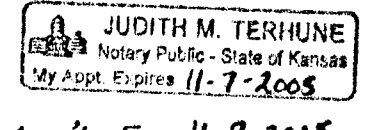
Bill Meek, Register of Deeds

Deputy

State of Kansas) SS The foregoing instrument acknowledged before me, this 17th day of July, 2004, by Paul E. Kelsey, President of Kelsey Investments, Inc., on behalf of the corporation.

Paul E. Kelsey, President  
 Paul E. Kelsey

Judith M. Terhune, Notary Public  
 My App't. Exp. 11-7-2005



BAUGHMAN COMPANY P.A.  
 ENGINEERING, SURVEYING, & PLANNING

